Statistics of Income for 1953

Part 2. Corporation income tax returns



U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Internal Revenue Service

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Statistics of Income for 1953

Prepared under the direction of the

Commissioner of Internal Revenue

by the Statistics Division



U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT
Internal Revenue Service
Publication No. 16

Part 2

Corporation

Income Tax

Returns

For taxable years ending July 1953 through June 1954

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, D. C., November 28, 1956.

Sir: In accordance with the provisions of section 6108 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 requiring the publication annually of statistics with respect to the operation of the Federal income and profits tax laws, I have the honor to transmit herewith a report entitled Statistics of Income for 1953, Part 2, presenting data relative to income, deductions, assets, liabilities, credits, tax liability, and dividends paid as reported on corporation income tax returns for 1953 filed during 1954. There are also included a historical presentation of the income and of the tax liability reported by corporations for the years 1944 through 1953 and a synopsis of corporation income and profits tax rates and other provisions of the Federal tax laws affecting comparability of the historical data.

Respectfully,

Russell C. Harrington, Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Hon. G. M. Humphrey, Secretary of the Treasury.

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INTRODUCTION

Annual returns filed in compliance with Federal income tax laws offer a unique source of financial information. The Statistics of Income, Part 2, contains tabulations prepared from returns of corporations. All domestic and resident foreign corporations, except certain nonprofit organizations, are required to file income tax returns which show income by source, deductions, credits, and Federal income and profits taxes. Other items of importance, particularly assets and liabilities, and dividends paid, are also reported.

The first section of this report presents current year data on income, deductions, assets, liabilities, tax, and dividends paid classified by type of industry, size of total assets, and other pertinent classifications. The balance sheet data are shown in separate tables with related items of income, deductions, and tax. An explanation of terms is provided to show specific meaning or methods of tabulating certain items. These corporate data are reported on Forms 1120, 1120L (filed by life insurance companies), and 1120M (filed by mutual insurance companies). Although computation of insurance company tax requires special forms, items of income and deductions reported are comparable to similar items for other corporations and data from the three forms are combined in preparing the tabulations. Amounts of special adjustments to life insurance company net income are stated in the text.

The second section contains historical data selected from the tabulations compiled for the years 1944-53. Comparability of historical data is discussed in the accompanying text.

The third section of the report contains a synopsis of Federal tax laws affecting corporations. The synopsis tables show tax bases, rates, and other provisions useful in studying the statistics.

Facsimiles of the 1953 return forms on which corporate data are reported are inserted at the end of the report.

Selected 1953 corporation data, classified by 65 major industry groups, were published in a *Preliminary Report*, *Statistics of Income*, *Part 2*, in June 1956. In preparing this more detailed complete report for 1953, revisions in the preliminary data have been found necessary for the major groups "Metal mining" and "Holding and other investment companies." These changes also affect industrial division and "All industrial groups" totals. The revised figures are contained in tables 2 and 3 of this report.

Corporation
Income Tax
Returns

MAJOR CHARACTERISTICS OF 1953

The 731,000 corporation income tax returns filed for the tax year 1953 exceed the record set in 1952. Net income less deficit reported by these corporations is \$39 billion or \$1 billion greater than the 1952 figure. Both receipts and deductible expenditures are up 5 percent over 1952, but the larger dollar increase in receipts over deductions accounts for the rise in net income. Total tax liability of corporations is \$20 billion, up 4 percent from 1952.

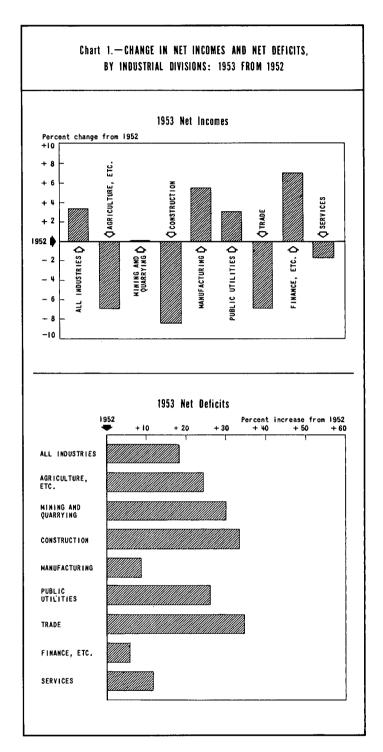
Although the volume of business activity, as measured by compiled receipts, is higher in 1953 than it was in 1952 for all industrial divisions except agriculture, and mining and quarrying, the overall rise in net income less deficit is brought about by the increased profits of manufacturing, public utility, and financial corporations, which together account for over three-fourths of the total income tax base for 1953. Other segments of the corporate economy, namely construction, trade, and services, suffer declines in net income despite increases in total compiled receipts. In the case of the construction industry, net income is 14 percent below the 1952 level even though total receipts of this industry are reported to be 6 percent above the preceding year.

The 442,000 corporations with net income report a total amount of \$41.8 billion, an increase of \$1.4 billion over 1952. Nevertheless, greater and more frequent deficits are reported in all corporate sectors for 1953. Net deficits reported by 256,000 corporations amount to \$2.3 billion, or \$359 million more than the losses reported in 1952.

Table A.-NUMBER OF RETURNS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, AND TAXES, CORPORATION RETURNS, 1953 AND 1952

Items	1953	1952	Increase or decrease (-)			
rtems	1933	1752	Number or amount	Percent		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
Total number of returns	730,974	705,497	25,477	4		
Active corporations: Number of returns	697,975	672,071	25,904	4		
Returns with net income: Number of returns Net incomethousand dollars	441,767 41,819,445	442,577 40,431,697	-810 1,387,748	(¹) 3		
Income tax: Number of returns Amountthousand dollars Excess profits tax: ²	399,264 18,255,625	403,544 17,596,969	-4,280 658,656	-1 4		
Number of returns	26,567 1,613,424	30,991 1,550,725	-4,424 62,699	-14 4		
Returns with no net income: Number of returns Deficitthousand dollars	256,208 2,334,758	229,494 1,975,518	26,714 359,240	12 18		
Number of returns of inactive corpora-	32,999	33,426	-427	-1		

¹Less than -0.5 percent.
²Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after Dec. 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.
NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."



Approximately 10 percent of the returns with net income are nontaxable. These net incomes are completely offset by net operating loss deductions and by special credits.

About one-half of all operating corporations report net incomes of less than \$5,000 in 1953. Corporations with net incomes of \$1,000,000 or more number 3,965; these include 512 with net income over \$10,000,000.

Corporation returns filed for 1953 include 33,000 returns of inactive (nonoperating) corporations which are in existence in 1953 and which are required to file. Approximately 33 to 37 thousand inactive corporations have filed annually during the past decade.

Of the \$19.9 billion corporate tax liability reported in 1953, income taxes account for \$18.3 billion as compared with \$17.6 billion in 1952. The remainder is excess profits tax which expires December 31, 1953.

Compiled receipts of all corporations in 1953 total \$558 billion of which a small portion, \$317 million, is tax-exempt interest income on corporate holdings of State and local government bonds. Also, included are both net short-term and long-term capital gains reduced respectively by net long-term and short-term capital losses, and corporate net gains from sale of property other than capital assets.

Compiled deductions totaling \$518 billion is a measure of deductible corporate expenditures during 1953. Corporations paid \$12 billion in taxes other than Federal income and profits taxes. Interest paid on corporate debt outstanding is \$5.7 billion. Depreciation and depletion charges total \$10.5 billion and \$2.3 billion, respectively. Advertising expenditures total \$5.5 billion during 1953.

Consolidated returns are filed by 2,408 parent corporations who combine net incomes with their 9,670 affiliates. Such returns, based on the principle of levying a tax on combined net incomes, are filed optionally, but an additional levy of 2 percent of surtax net income is imposed for the filing privilege.

Although affiliated corporations filing on a consolidated basis represent a small fraction of the corporate population—about 1.4 percent of all active corporations—parent and affiliates account for almost 10 percent of the total corporate taxes paid, and hold about 10 percent of the assets owned by all corporations.

CHANGES IN LAW AFFECTING 1953 DATA

Few changes occur in the tax law affecting 1953 statistics. The principal change is the termination of the excess profits tax on December 31, 1953. The tax rate on adjusted excess profits net income is 30 percent. This tax is fully effective for 1953 calendar year returns and for returns with fiscal years ending in the period July 1953 through November 1953; for fiscal years ending in the period January through June 1954, the excess profits tax is a prorated amount determined according to the number of days in the fiscal year before January 1, 1954. The amount of excess profits tax liability classified by month in which fiscal years end is presented on p. 12.

A special amortization deduction is provided by the Technical Changes Act of 1953 to alleviate a critical shortage of facilities for storing grain. The deduction

applies to costs incurred after December 31, 1952, for erection or reconstruction of either public- or produceruse grain storage facilities completed after that date. The deduction is similar to that provided for war-emergency facilities and permits complete amortization over a period of 60 months in lieu of depreciation over the life of the facility. Grain storage facility amortization claimed in 1953 will not represent a full 12-month deduction for most taxpayers since construction must be performed after December 31, 1952, and amortization may start either with the month following completion of the facility or with the following tax year, at the election of the taxpayer. In tabulating data for these statistics, amortization of grain storage facilities is combined with amortization of war-emergency facilities.

PRESENTATION OF DATA TABULATED

Sources of Data

Data shown in this report as relating to the year 1953 are taken from corporation income tax returns filed for the calendar year ending December 31, 1953, fiscal years ending within the period July 1953 through June 1954, and part years with the greater portion of the accounting period in 1953.

The data are from corporation income tax returns, Form 1120; life insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120L; and mutual insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120M. Returns filed by foreign corporations engaged in trade or business within the United States are included among the source documents. Facsimiles of the return forms may be found on pages 155-212.

The statistics are compiled from income tax returns as filed, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of audit by the Internal Revenue Service and prior to changes which may result from carrybacks after the returns are filed.

Tentative returns are excluded in preparing the tabulations and amended returns are used only if the original returns are excluded. Returns of inactive corporations are excluded in preparing data for all tables, except the first text table, page 5, and table H for fiscal year returns on page 12.

Returns of income taxable under section 101 (12) (B) and Supplement U, filed on Forms 990-C and 990-T, by organizations exempt from corporate taxation under section 101 of the 1939 Code, are not used in compiling data for this report.

Description of Tables

The general-purpose tables presented in Statistics of Income, Part 2, cover financial data reported annually on corporation income tax returns. The detailed tabulations of items and classifications are presented in 13 basic tables. Also, summary tables and graphs are pre-

sented throughout the text. Major trends, for the years 1944-53, can be obtained from the historical tables on pages 109 to 132.

Special-subject tables, based on selected returns, together with descriptive text, begin on page 12. For 1953, 8 tables present data for fiscal year returns, corporations claiming credit for taxes paid to a foreign country or United States possession, and Western Hemisphere trade corporations. Summary data for partyear returns are also given.

Data from these returns are included in the basic tables. Basic tables 1-9 include many items of assets, liabilities, income and deductions, as well as profits, statutory net income, tax liability, and dividends paid. The data are classified by 9 industrial divisions, 65 major industry groups, 205 minor industry groups, 10 size classes of total assets, 13 size classes of net income or deficit, and type of tax liability. Selected data classified by States and Territories are shown in table 10 and described on page 11.

Additional data from returns with excess profits net income in excess of \$25,000 are tabulated in basic table 1a. Number of returns, net income, selected excess profits data, and tax are shown by major and minor industrial groups.

Data from consolidated returns, filed for affiliated groups of corporations, are tabulated separately in table 3a, by industrial divisions, and in table 4a, by size of total assets.

In all tables, values in thousand dollars are rounded and, therefore, may not add to the totals.

The amounts tabulated for income tax and excess profits tax are before any deduction for credit claimed for income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries or United States possessions.

SUMMARY DATA FOR EACH CLASSIFICATION

Returns With Net Income and With No Net Income

An important classification of the data in this volume is the distinction between those from returns with net income and those from returns with no net income. The basis for this classification is the current year net income or deficit, i. e., the difference between the total income and total deductions as reported on the return, exclusive of the net operating loss deduction. Returns with total deductions (exclusive of the net operating loss deduction) equal to or exceeding total income are classified as returns with no net income.

Table B .-- NUMBER OF RETURNS, TOTAL COMPILED RECEIPTS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, AND TAXES, BY INDUSTRIAL DIVISIONS, 1953

		Returns with net income							Returns with no net income			
	Total				Net income (Thousand dollars)			Taxes				
Industrial divisions	number of returns	Number	Number Percent of division total	Total compiled receipts (Thousand dollars)		Total tax (Thousand dollars)	Income tax (Thousand dollars)	Excess profits tax ¹ (Thousand dollars)	Number	Percent of division total	Total compiled receipts (Thousand dollars)	Deficit (Thousand
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
All industrial divisions. Agriculture, forestry, and fishery. Mining and quarrying. Construction Manufacturing. Public utilities Trade. Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property Services.	697,975 9,405 9,147 34,866 121,086 29,937 228,360 195,207 63,517	441,767 4,963 4,271 21,406 78,380 18,688 143,602 133,891 35,477	63.3 52.8 46.7 61.4 64.7 62.4 62.9 68.6 55.9	1,911,644 7,685,868 13,869,087 263,970,665 37,791,542 147,516,638 23,654,257	180,926 1,101,205 626,313 22,251,202	19,869,049 72,839 513,351 273,421 12,160,679 2,550,139 2,068,465 1,902,205 323,832	18,255,625 71,522 491,215 252,821 10,771,452 2,520,974 1,984,308 1,857,697 302,002	1,613,424 1,317 22,136 20,600 1,389,227 29,165 84,157 44,508 21,830	256,208 4,442 4,876 13,460 42,706 11,249 84,758 61,316 28,040	47.2 53.3 38.6 35.3 37.6 37.1	17,151,197 3,018,588 22,482,505 2,520,657	2,334,758 68,904 156,072 113,255 829,856 154,220 591,929 263,039
Nature of business not allocable	6,450	1,089	16.9		9,862	4,118	3,634	484	5,361	83.1	2,117,724 31,853	141,331 16,152

¹Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after Dec. 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6. NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

The number and percent of returns with net income and with no net income in each of the nine industrial divisions are given in table B. For 1953, about 63 percent of all returns report net income. The finance division has the largest percentage of returns with net income, and the mining and quarrying division the lowest. The "Nature of business not allocable" group, which contains corporations which cannot be classified in any of the other eight specified groups, does not contain a representative distribution of the returns.

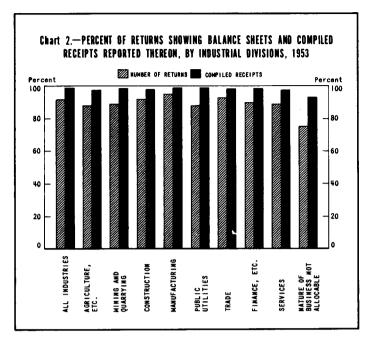
Returns With Balance Sheets

Returns with apparently complete balance sheet data number 640,073, or 92 percent of all returns filed by active corporations. Even though the number of returns filed in 1953 is 4 percent above 1952, the ratio of returns with balance sheets to total returns filed remains stable. The high ratio of the number of returns with balance sheets, for each industrial division, is portrayed in chart 2. Manufacturing corporations lead with 95 percent of manufacturing returns showing balance sheets. In three other industrial divisions, construction, trade, and finance, 90 percent or more of the returns have balance sheets.

A high portion of compiled receipts also occurs on returns with balance sheets. As chart 2 shows, over 97.5 percent of compiled receipts for each of the industrial divisions is reported on returns with balance sheets. In aggregate, returns with balance sheets account for 98.9 percent of all compiled receipts.

Summaries of data from returns with balance sheets appear in tables C and D. Table C shows selected items distributed by size of total assets. Table D gives amounts for each item of receipts and deductions, as well as tax

liability and dividends paid. As indicated in table D, over 99 percent of net income, total tax liability, and dividends paid are reported on balance sheet returns.



Total assets, reported as of December 31, 1953, or close of fiscal year nearest thereto, amount to almost \$762 billion. Assets of less than \$50,000 are reported by each of 261,920 corporations, while assets of \$100 million or more are reported by each of 915 corporations, 61 more than in 1952 for this assets class. These 915 large corporations account for over half of both total assets and of net income less deficit and for one-third of all 1953 corporate receipts.

The 57,902 returns for which the balance sheet data are entirely lacking or are fragmentary are classified as returns with no balance sheets.

Table C.—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS: NUMBER, TOTAL ASSETS, TOTAL COMPILED RECEIPTS, AND NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES, 1963

Total assets classes	Number of returns	Total assets (Thousand dollars)	Total compiled receipts (Thousand dollars)	Net income or deficit (Thousand dollars)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Under \$50,000	261,920 115,719 127,949 55,447 31,845	5,624,465 8,339,262 20,306,331 19,387,397 22,238,887	14,550,151 17,696,328 40,521,499 37,348,029 38,191,705	114,702 297,672 890,416 993,633 1,252,074
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000 \$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 or more	33,805 6,181 5,550 742 915	72,960,096 43,045,612 112,999,313 51,984,086 404,991,948	81,804,500 32,683,625 73,301,889 32,348,535 183,537,842	2,069,313 5,906,260 2,741,078 21,159,204
Total	640,073	761,877,397	551,984,103	39,266,787

¹Deficit. NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Industrial Classification

The industrial classification used in this volume consists of 9 divisions, 65 major groups, and 205 minor groups, based, in general, on the Standard Industrial Classification issued by the Office of Statistical Standards, Bureau of the Budget, Executive Office of the

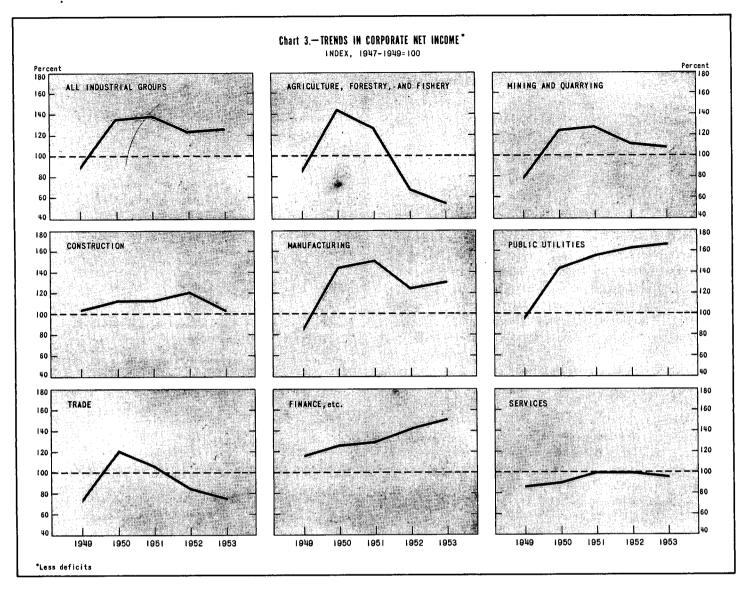
President. Since the Standard Industrial Classification is designed on an establishment basis, it has been necessary to reduce greatly the number of groups and to make changes in the contents of the groups in order to adapt the Standard Classification to the corporation income tax returns which are filed on an ownership basis. The industrial classification is based on the business activity reported on the return. When multiple businesses are reported by a single corporation or by an affiliated group filing a consolidated return, the classification is determined by the business activity which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, the industrial groups do not reflect pure industry classifications.

Chart 3 shows the 1949-53 net incomes less deficits of the 8 industrial divisions tabulated for *Statistics of Income* in relation to 1947-49 averages. Manufacturing, with 54 percent of the total net income, affects the all industrial group total sufficiently to reverse its 1952 slide. In 1953, finance and public utilities continue

Table D.—RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS, BY RETURNS WITH OR WITHOUT BALANCE SHEETS, 1953

Items	Aggregate	Returns with balance sheets	Returns with no balance sheets
	(1)	(2)	(3)
Number of returns	697,975	640,073	57,902
Post of the	(1	housand dollars)
Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium)	452,060,604	447,116,178	4,944,426
	82,506,914	81,522,359	984,555
Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	2,128,240	2,112,806	15,434
	108,347	108,063	284
	316,784	315,473	1,311
	8,247,990	8,195,421	52,569
RentsRoyaltiesNet short-term capital gain reduced by any net	4,389,703	4,268,932	120,771
	546,039	532,895	13,144
long-term capital loss Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net	29,925	28,059	1,866
short-term capital loss Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts.	1,235,135	1,196,019	39,116
	580,505	556,234	24,271
	2,388,770	2,371,051	17,719
	576,236	575,435	801
	3,127,070	3,085,178	41,892
Total compiled receipts	558,242,262	551,984,103	6,258,159
Deductions:			0,250,155
Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	346,149,436	342,234,802	3,914,634
	46,528,275	45,979,498	548,777
	8,776,696	8,621,491	155,205
	4,803,711	4,733,827	69,884
	5,572,547	5,505,351	67,196
	1,144,261	1,127,352	16,909
Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	5,680,872	5,621,534	59,338
	12,194,850	12,068,970	125,880
	494,517	491,504	3,013
	10,510,610	10,385,510	125,100
	2,301,799	2,284,332	17,467
	1,515,294	1,508,188	7,106
Advertising Amounts contributed under pension plans Amounts contributed under other employee	5,480,861	5,409,231	71,630
	2,936,324	2,922,255	14,069
benefit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions.	860,917	854,916	6,001
	483,547	437,103	46,444
	53,006,274	62,215,979	790,295
Total compiled deductions	518,440,791	512,401,843	6,038,948
Compiled net profit or net loss (16 less 34) Net income or deficit (35 less 6) Net operating loss deduction	39,801,471	39,582,260	219,211
	39,484,687	39,266,787	217,900
	413,391	396,705	16,686
Income tax	18,255,625	18,098,932	156,693
Excess profits tax ¹	1,613,424	1,594,314	19,110
Total tax	19,869,049	19,693,246	175,803
Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40). Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock	19,932,422	19,889,014	43,408
Corporation's own stock	11,600,757	11,533,361	67,396
	1,110,260	1,105,568	4,692

¹Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after Dec. 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6. NCTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."



their upward trend, although public utilities levels off somewhat.

Corporate agriculture and trade continue downward trends, which began in 1951, but the rate of decline has slackened appreciably, especially in agriculture. Construction drops most sharply after being one of the three industries to show a gain in 1952.

In the financial division data compiled from returns classified under the major group "Insurance carriers and agents" are affected by provisions of law with reference to life and mutual insurance companies. Life insurance companies report only their investment income, i. e., interest, dividends, and rent, and may deduct only expenses incident thereto and wholly tax-exempt interest in arriving at net income. The deductions reported are taxes and depreciation, tabulated under their respective titles, and investment and real estate expenses, tabulated as "Other deductions." Mutual insurance companies report these items and, in addition thereto, net gain from sale or exchange of capital assets, interest paid, and capital losses sustained in meeting dividend and insurance claim payments. Capital losses are tabulated with

"Other deductions." Mutual insurance companies are taxable under the special provisions of section 207 of the 1939 Code but are exempt from taxation if the gross income from interest, rents, dividends, and premiums is less than \$75,000.

Life insurance companies are taxed under the provisions of section 201 as amended by the Revenue Act of 1951. Companies deriving a portion of their income from contracts other than life insurance, annuities, or noncancelable health and accident insurance make an adjustment to the normal-tax net income for certain nonlife insurance reserves. Companies earning less than 105 percent of their required interest are allowed a reserve interest credit (computed under the provisions of section 203A (b) of the 1939 Code) against the normal-tax net income for income tax purposes. The two adjustments are not reflected in the net income as tabulated for this report but are shown in the following table. For excess profits tax, a deduction based on a reserve and other policy liability credit, adjusted for nonlife insurance reserves, is allowed.

SPECIAL ADJUSTMENTS OF LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES FOR INCOME TAX COMPUTATION, 1953

Item	All returns	Returns with balance sheets
Total number of returns	1,001	737
Adjustment for certain nonlife insurance reserves:		
Number of returns	409	353
Amount thousand dollars_	24, 933	24, 853
Reserve interest credit:		
Number of returns	259	184
Amount thousand dollars_	24, 030	23, 413

The 1953 data for mutual savings banks and savings and loan, building and loan associations represent full coverage of this area for the first time; 1952 data represent partial coverage for that year. Since taxation of these companies is effective only for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 1952, fiscal year returns for accounting periods ending July through November 1952, which would have completed the 1952 coverage, were not required to be filed. See "Changes in the Internal Revenue Code of 1939," Statistics of Income for 1952, Part 2.

Total Assets Classes

Data for returns for which balance sheets are available are segregated into 10 classes by size of total assets as of December 31, 1953, or close of fiscal year nearest thereto. The total assets classes are based on the net amount of total assets, after reserves for depreciation, depletion, amortization, and bad debts.

Of the returns with balance sheets for 1953, 506,000, or 79 percent, are in assets classes under \$250,000. The total assets for these corporations represent only 4 percent of the \$762 billion of total assets reported for all corporations. In contrast to this group of the smallest corporations, the companies with total assets of \$100 million or more number only 915, but they account for 53 percent of total assets (see basic table 4, pp. 67-68).

Net Income and Deficit Classes

The returns are segregated into 13 classes by size of net income or deficit. This classification is based on the net income or deficit for the current year before any net operating loss deduction.

About one-half of the profit corporations have a small current-year net income. As given in table E, 214,000, or 48 percent of all 1953 active corporations with net income have a net income of less than \$5,000. However, there are 26,000 returns with net income of \$100,000 or more, of which 512 returns show net income of \$10 million or more

Returns with a current year deficit number 256,000 for 1953. Most of these, 73 percent, have a deficit under \$5,000. Deficits of over \$100,000 occur on 2,900 returns, of which five returns have a deficit of \$10 million or more.

Table E also shows the relationship of returns with balance sheets to all returns by size of net income or deficit. On the whole, almost 95 percent of corporations with net income report balance sheet data; and the percentage rises to over 98 percent for returns showing net income of \$15,000 or more.

About 87 percent of returns with deficit have balance sheets. Coverage of deficit corporation is irregular by deficit size, with only 2 size classes showing over 95 percent coverage. The smallest deficit class, under \$5,000, containing almost three-fourths of the deficit returns, has only 84 percent balance sheet coverage.

Table E.—RELATION OF THE NUMBER OF RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS TO ALL RETURNS, BY NET INCOME AND DEFICIT CLASSES, 1953

	Returns	with ne	t income	Returns	with no n	et income
Net income and deficit classes	Number of returns	Number of balance sheets	Percent of returns with balance sheets	Number of returns	Number of balance sheets	Percent of returns with balance sheets
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Under \$5,000 \$5,000 under \$10,000. \$10,000 under \$15,000. \$15,000 under \$20,000. \$20,000 under \$25,000.	213,914 61,496 36,236 26,653 26,419	195,841 59,222 35,196 26,132 26,013	91.6 96.3 97.1 98.0 98.5	186,394 28,882 12,616 7,390 4,672	26,463 11,848	84.3 91.6 93.9 92.0 94.7
\$25,000 under \$50,000\$50,000 under \$100,000\$\$100,000 under \$250,000\$250,000 under \$500,000\$500,000 under \$1,000,000\$	32,019 18,820 13,789 5,397 3,059	31,414 18,527 13,564 5,316 3,012	98.1 98.4 98.4 98.5 98.5	9,392 3,999 2,026 518 195	8,804 3,835 1,833 488 178	93.7 95.9 90.5 94.2 91.3
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 or more	2,990 463 512	2,944 460 509	98.5 99.4 99.4	111 8 5	103 7 5	92.8 87.5 100.0
Total	441,767	418,150	94.7	256,208	221,923	86.6

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Consolidated Returns

Consolidation on a single return of financial data for a group of affiliated corporations is based on the principle of levying the tax on the combined net income of two or more integrated concerns.

Corporations included in an affiliated group for income and profits tax purposes must be connected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation which owns stock of at least one member of the group equal to (a) at least 95 percent of the voting power of all classes of stock, and (b) at least 95 percent of each class of nonvoting stock (except stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends). In addition, these same proportions of the stock of each other member of the group must be owned by one or more of the corporations within the group. An additional tax, equal to 2 percent of the surtax net income, is imposed on corporations electing to file consolidated returns.

A synopsis of the Federal tax laws regulating the filing of consolidated returns for the years 1944 through 1953 appears on page 148.

Consolidated returns were filed for 2,408 affiliated groups covering 9,670 subsidiary corporations in addition to the common parent corporations. As shown in basic table 3a these returns have compiled receipts of \$57 billion, net income less deficit of \$4 billion, and total assets of \$75 billion. Income and profits taxes on the 1953

consolidated returns, including the additional 2 percent surtax, amount to \$1.9 billion, a gain of more than 11 percent over 1952. About 74 percent of the 1953 consolidated returns have a predominant business activity classified as manufacturing, trade, or finance.

The number of affiliated groups filing consolidated returns for 1953 increased by 11 percent over 1952 (see table F). Likewise, the number of subsidiaries included therein increased by 7 percent between the 2 years. Similar data for manufacturing, the industrial group with the largest number of consolidated returns, show increases of 11 percent in number of consolidated returns and 9 percent in the number of subsidiaries included therein.

Table F.—NUMBER OF CONSOLIDATED RETURNS AND SUBSIDIARIES, BY INDUSTRIAL DIVISIONS, $1953~\mathrm{AND}~1952$

1	958 AND 1952				
	Number of co		Number of subsidiaries		
Industrial divisions	1953	1952	1953	1952	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
All industrial divisions Agriculture, forestry, and fishery Mining and quarrying Construction Manufacturing. Public utilities Trade.	112 741 187	2,169 17 91 98 665 189 479	9,670 55 339 264 2,621 1,180 1,969	9,019 69 346 272 2,402 1,076 1,807	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property	475 225	423 204 3	1,776 1,457 9	1,605 1,435 7	

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Term." Data not subject to sampling variability since all these returns were tabulated.

Type of Tax Liability

Taxable returns are classified in basic table 7, page 99, according to those with income tax liability and those with both income tax and excess profits tax liability. A corporation with net income is not subject to the excess profits tax if (1) the adjustments under section 433 result in excess profits net income of \$25,000 or less, (2) the credits allowed under section 431 are greater than the excess profits net income, or (3) it is exempt under section 454 of the 1939 Code. (For termination of the excess profits tax, see p. 6.)

A secondary classification is also used in basic table 7 to permit segregation of returns showing the alternative income tax. This tax is available to corporations with a net capital gain which results from the excess of "net long-term capital gain" over "net short-term capital loss." The alternative tax results in a somewhat lower income tax than would otherwise be imposed, since it consists of a tax at the regular income tax rates on the amount of income in excess of the net capital gain plus a tax of 26 percent on net capital gain.

Of the 399,000 taxable 1953 returns, 373,000 returns have income tax *only*, while a much smaller number, 27,000 have *both* income and excess profits tax. Since more of the latter group have higher incomes, \$8.4 billion, or 46 percent, of the total income tax liability of \$18.3 billion is reported on these 27,000 returns.

The total income tax of \$18.3 billion contains an alternative income tax of \$12.1 billion. If the alternative tax had not been in effect, the income tax liability

would have been increased by \$0.2 billion, or 1 percent, to \$18.5 billion.

States and Territories

A geographic distribution of summary data for the 48 States, the District of Columbia, and the Territory of Hawaii is given in table 10. The number of returns, net income or deficit, and taxes are shown. The Territory of Alaska, shown separately in previous tabulations of corporate data by States and Territories, is now combined with the State of Washington.

The data are tabulated by States and Territories in which the returns are filed and do not represent what may be called the geographic distribution of income. Returns filed in a State may not be a complete coverage of all corporations whose principal place of business is located therein. Conversely, a tabulation for a given State may include data from returns of corporations having their principal place of business in another State. A corporation, or a parent corporation filing a consolidated return for an affiliated group of corporations, may file its return either in the district in which it has its principal place of business or in the district in which it has its principal office or agency. There is no way of ascertaining from income tax returns the amount of income originating in a specific State or the amount of tax paid thereon.

Excess Profits Net Income and Tax

The excess profits net income is derived from the net income by making certain adjustments consisting principally of the exclusion of capital gains and losses, both long- and short-term, and dividends received from foreign and domestic corporations. (For specific adjustments in arriving at the excess profits net income, see facsimile of Schedule EP, Form 1120, p. 169.) An excess profits credit, based on net income of the base period or on invested capital, and an adjustment for unused excess profits credit from prior years are allowed in arriving at the adjusted excess profits net income on which the excess profits tax is imposed. A minimum credit of \$25,000 makes the excess profits net income is \$25,000 or less.

The excess profits tax terminated December 31, 1953, and is, therefore, not fully effective for fiscal years ending in the period January-June 1954. Such returns show a prorated tax based on the number of days in the fiscal year before January 1, 1954. Despite this factor, the 1953 excess profits tax of \$1.6 billion is an increase of \$63 million over 1952.

For those returns which have more than the minimum excess profits net income of \$25,000, 64 percent have credits exceeding excess profits net income and, therefore, have no excess profits tax liability. The remainder show \$5.8 billion subject to excess profits tax after credits.

Excess profits data are shown by minor industry groups in basic table 1a.

FISCAL YEAR RETURNS

The Internal Revenue Code defines a fiscal year as an accounting period of 12 months ending on the last day of any month other than December. In compiling this Statistics of Income, fiscal year returns ending in July through November of 1953 and January through June of 1954 are used. These fiscal year returns number 272,000 and account for about 40 percent of all active returns filed, 20 percent of corporate net income, and 40 percent of corporate deficit for 1953. Data for fiscal year returns are presented in two tables. The number of returns, net income or deficit, and tax are shown by

month in which fiscal year ended in table G and by size of net income or deficit in table H.

The number of fiscal year returns has grown by 15,000, or 6 percent, since 1952. New fiscal year returns tend to show an accounting period ending in the first half of the calendar year. Fiscals ending January through June increased almost 8 percent, while those ending July through November increased not quite 3 percent.

For taxable years ending after June 30, 1953, new regulations specify conditions under which taxpayers who have not changed their accounting period for the past 5 years may do so without prior approval of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. These revised regulations may accelerate changeovers from calendar to fiscal year reporting as well as some realignment in fiscal year endings.

Table G.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, AND TAXES—FISCAL YEAR RETURNS, BY MONTH IN WHICH FISCAL YEAR ENDED

	Total number of returns		Returns wit	h net income		Returns net i	with no
Fiscal year ending		Number of returns	Net income	Income tax	Excess profits tax1	Number of returns	Deficit
			(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	recurits	(Thousand dollars)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
July 1953. August 1953. September 1953. October 1953. January 1954. Pebruary 1954. March 1954. April 1954. May 1954. June 1954.	19,792 28,640 22,724 16,775 21,099 19,087 33,054	11,750 12,426 18,483 14,708 11,528 13,636 11,675 20,579 14,540 13,397 30,313	574,748 551,417 1,022,971 975,462 814,172 996,582 419,648 687,700 497,746 415,828 1,220,192	261,459 246,961 450,454 439,555 366,090 471,472 179,335 295,970 207,569 177,751 528,239	23,645 23,334 52,624 32,556 45,373 16,474 9,059 19,333 12,419 7,312 23,251	6,603 7,366 10,157 8,016 5,247 7,463 7,412 12,475 9,186 8,291 16,381	70,214 63,236 95,100 86,347 58,257 75,966 65,606 113,396 84,473 69,387
Total	271,632	173,035	8,176,466	3,624,855	265,380	98,597	956,456

¹Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after Dec. 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6. NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table H. - NUMBER OF RETURNS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, AND TAXES-FISCAL YEAR RETURNS, BY NET INCOME AND DEFICIT CLASSES

		Returns wit	Returns with no net income			
Net income and deficit classes		Net income (Thousand dollars)	Income tax (Thousand dollars)	Excess profits tax ¹ (Thousand dollars)	Number of returns	Deficit (Thousand
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Under \$5,000 under \$10,000 \$10,000 under \$15,000 \$15,000 under \$20,000 \$20,000 under \$25,000 \$25,000 under \$50,000 \$25,000 under \$50,000 \$25,000 under \$100,000	25,559 15,311 11,283 11,168 12,136	138,365 184,641 188,926 196,656 252,060 419,164	33,208 48,607 51,469 54,747 72,218 135,667	(2) (2) 208 7,579	67,050 12,627 5,803 3,644 2,073 4,264	87,17; 90,14; 71,20; 62,95; 46,24; 146,35;
\$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000.000	6,703 4,810 1,789	471,019 739,249 617,166	187,901 330,505 289,156	12,049 20,172 18,708	1,925 894 203	132,78 134,43
\$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000. \$10,000,000 or more.	963 816 100 64	664,311 1,736,197 680,920 1,887,792	310,591 829,961 336,833 943,992	21,540 60,995 30,740	80 33 1	67,730 54,200 57,743 5,460
Total	173,035	8,176,466	3,624,855	93,351	98,597	956,45
o income data (inactive corporations)	-	-	-	_	6,855	

Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after Dec. 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6. NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

PART-YEAR RETURNS

Part-year return data are summarized below. The data on 37,000 returns are reported for a period of less than 12 months as a result of reorganizations, newly organized businesses, liquidations, and changes from calendar year to fiscal year basis, or vice versa. The revi-

sion in regulations governing changes of accounting period, discussed above, may account in part for the almost 4,400 more part-year returns in 1953 than in 1952. Part-year returns with the greater part of the income period in 1953 are included in all tabulations in this volume except those for fiscal year returns, tables G and H, above.

PART-YEAR RETURNS OF CORPORATIONS, 1953

Total number of returns	37, 353
Returns with net income:	
Number of returns	16, 346
Net income	thousand dollars 349, 266
Income tax	thousand dollars 146, 036
Excess profits tax 1	thousand dollars 13, 203
Total tax	thousand dollars 159, 239
Returns with no net income:	
Number of returns	21, 007
Deficit	thousand dollars 145, 439

¹ Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after December 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes In Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.

CREDIT FOR INCOME AND PROFITS TAXES PAID TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES OR POSSESSIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

The Internal Revenue Code (1939) provides alternative methods for taking a deduction of income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries or United States possessions. Basically such taxes are allowable deductions against the gross income under section 23 (c). An elective treatment, available to most domestic corporations under section 131, permits a direct credit against the United States income and profits taxes. The credit is applicable first to the income tax and the remainder, if any, to the excess profits tax.

The amount of credit for taxes paid or accrued to any country is limited to the same proportion of the United States income tax which the corporation's normal-tax net income from sources within the foreign country bears to its entire normal-tax net income. The total credit cannot exceed the same proportion of the United States income tax which the corporation's normal-tax net income from sources outside the United

States bears to its entire normal-tax net income for the year. Credit against the excess profits tax for any remaining foreign tax paid is limited by a similar comparison with respect to excess profits net income.

This elective credit is claimed against the 1953 tax by 3,602 companies with \$8.3 billion taxes due before credit. Aggregate credit claimed is \$642 million.

Statements filed in support of the credit by 1,791 companies show that their income from foreign sources is \$1.8 billion or about 11 percent of their \$15.3 billion total net income. The companies paid \$666 million foreign taxes, 90 percent of which are claimed as credits.

Foreign income of the 1,791 corporations includes \$507 million from dividends. Credit is not permitted for taxes paid on any portion of such dividends derived from income considered to have been earned in the United States by corporations doing business here, since an 85 percent "dividends received" credit against net income is allowed.

In addition to taxes paid foreign countries on dividends, domestic corporations owning 10 percent or more of the foreign payor corporation's stock may claim credit for taxes paid on income from which the dividends were derived.

Tables I, J, and K present detailed data with respect to credit claimed for taxes paid or accrued to foreign countries or possessions of the United States. The tabulations show, for all returns claiming a foreign tax credit, the number of returns, net income, income and excess profits taxes before foreign tax credit, and the credits claimed for foreign taxes paid. For returns with statements filed (Form 1118) in support of credit claimed for foreign taxes paid there are shown the number of returns, net income, income from foreign sources other than dividends, dividends from foreign sources, income and excess profits taxes before foreign tax credit, foreign taxes paid and credits claimed for foreign taxes paid.

Table I. - RETURNS WITH FOREIGN TAX CREDIT, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES

			Table I RE	TURNS WII	n rokeidi	1 IAA OILE		TOTAL ASSET							
			All retu	ns ^l			F	leturns with	statements	filed (For	rm 1118) in gn taxes pa	support o	of credit	claimed	
			Taxes befor tax cr		Credit cla	axes paid		Net		m foreign rces	Taxes befor tax c		Foreign	Credit cla foreign to	
Total assets classes	Number of returns	Net income	Income tax	Excess profits tax2	Income tax	Excess profits tax	Number of returns	income	Other than dividends ³	Dividends	Income tax	Excess profits tax2	taxes paid	Income tax	Excess profits tax
	!	(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Under \$50,000 \$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 under \$250,000 \$250,000 under \$500,000	287	1,456 2,710 7,141 22,321 39,217	390 749 2,232 7,758 14,734	- 113 329 779	78 296 916 1,262 3,323	1111	52 60 80 100 146	774 1,244 2,719 5,721 12,986	536 853 1,406 3,161 7,573	137 837 37 92	220 354 911 1,640 4,200	- - 10 94	56 209 802 679 3,269	201 703 584	- - - -
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000 \$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 or more	322	273,982 294,590 1,451,479 1,248,877 13,238,821	116,741 138,113 685,616 588,480 5,844,789	9,628 11,040 69,028 59,287 728,325	15,487 11,400 52,235 52,946 502,791	81 3 - 60 213	200 272 493 134 230	87,344 256,163 1,274,849 1,150,419 12,501,484	29,012 30,508 86,389 61,368 1,025,277	2,639 4,826 46,998 61,165 389,182	36,850 120,485 608,183 552,157 5,487,637	3,212 9,445 60,603 57,580 682,743	9,984 11,461 52,162 53,393 533,749	10,700 48,089 45,857	3 - 60
Total	3,540	16,580,594	7,399,602	878,529	640,734	357	1,767	15,293,703	1,246,083	505,913	6,812,637	813,687	665,764	598,227	357
Balance sheets not available	62	39,360	18,406	1,765	543	-	24	33,178	673	607	16,536	1,741	551	. 521	
Grand total	3,602	16,619,954	7,418,008	880,294	641,277	357	1,791	15,326,881	1,246,756	506,520	6,829,173	815,428	666,315	598,748	357

¹ Includes returns with no statements filed (Form 1118) in support of credit claimed for foreign taxes paid.

2 Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after Dec. 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.

3 Amount shown for income from foreign sources other than dividends has been reduced by negative amounts.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table J. —RETURNS WITH FOREIGN TAX CREDIT, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS

			T	All r	eturns ¹			T
	Major industrial groups	Number of	Net income	Taxes before			laimed for taxes paid	
		returns		Income tax	Excess profits tax ²	Income tax	Excess profits ta	
			(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	\dashv
All industri	al groups forestry, and fishery	3,602	16,619,954	7,418,008	880,294	641,277		57 1
			78,410 78,349	35,162 35,159	23	9,439		- z
5 Fishery	······	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4) 23	9,439 (4)	(4)	- 3
6 Mining and o	uarrying.	81	842,091	370,345	10,200	292,638		- 5
			158,315 12,983	72,004 1,469	6,808	17,733		- 6 - 7
10 Crude petr	oleum and natural was production	7	1,247 668,653	488 295,939	2 202	196 27		- 8
Morane culli	mining and quarrying.	1	893	445	3,392 -	274,681 1		- 10 - 11
⊥ ≤ Manufacturin	T	71 1,428	92,991	41,150	3,737	6,518	8	31 12
15 Food and k	ndred products	13	11,121,283 121,796	5,436,351 62,486	834,900 557	236,426 1,357	27	6 13 - 14
17 Textile-mi	1 products	93	644,800 126,112	327,828 62,721	20,822	15,854 410		- 15 - 16
np, arer an	products made from fabrics	48 23	99,026 19,118	47,531 9,639	2,308 232	1,173		- 17
	wood products, except furniture. nd fixtures.	12 31	4,364	1,974	8	311		- 18 - 19
22 Printing,	ublishing, and allied industries	67	30,251 386,595	15,553 192,974	381 17,700	1,098 5,878		- 20 - 21
	nd allied products. nd coal products.	100 220	109,241 1,709,513	55,252 833,013	3,373 128,283	2,911. 39,007		- 22 3 23
25 Rubber proc	ucts	17 22	992,859 323,195	328,500	2,244	43,220	12	
27 Stone, clay	and class products	10 47	16,989	161,349 8,692	18,664 1,841	20,069 102		- 25 - 26
29 Fabricated	metal products, except ordnance machinery and to-	56	372,780 553,254	190,465 278,412	29,999 54,561	8,158 9,783	50	- 27
,	except transportation equipment and electrical	118 281	338,827 926,011	169,447 469,408	12,539 56,455	9,506 25,639	10	
	machinery and equipment	76 28	1,070,118 381,220	543,319	103,139	11,089	-	1
34 Ordnance an	d accessories	29	2,497,322	194,745 1,281,603	54,269 292,931	2,627 31,784	190	
	instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks	47 79	44,298 275,871	22,349 141,752	6,004 24,795	135 4,271	8	3 34
37 Public utilit	es	127	77,723 1,371, 7 70	37,339 655,237	2,552 610	1,781	-	- 36
	ion.	91 10	3 22 ,518 859,745	147,810 411,419	480	22,366 10,446	-	
41 Other publi	t gas utilities	25 1	189,505	96,008	117	1,181 10,739	-	40
42 Trade		647	787,141	387,386	19,710	41,809	-	41
	merchants.	549	330,495	152,609	7,371	33,311	-	42
other mio	coaters	55 494	15,038 315,457	6,574 146,035	59 7,312	580 32,731	-	44
	mband to	63	450,140 91,698	231,885	12,339	8,130	-	46
49 Apparel a	d accessories.	7	334,236	48,911 171,825	1,651 9,297	1,547	-	47 48
7 Turniture	and house furnishings dealers and filling stations.	1	3,107 156	1,253 69	5	7	-	49 50
52 Drug store		12	€,442 2,552	2,973 1,146	140	1,687	-	51
	drinking places. aterials and hardware.	2	759 161	222 36	1	16	-	52 53
ouner rete	il tradelocable.	17	11,029	5,450	1,245	534	-	54 55
57 Finance, insur	ance, real estate, and lessors of real property	35 949	6,506	2,892	-	368	-	56
58 Finance	trust companies	662	2,211,999 587,732	438,655	7,560 1,018	20,817 15,566	-	57
oreart age	icies other than banks	64 18	191,271 197,195	93,756 101,957	831	5,028	-	58 59
December 1	d other investment companies	561 19	194,022 5,244	24,630	185	3,984 6,479	-	60 61
Insurance ca Insurance	rriers and agents	171	1,600,103	209,067	6,233	75 4,922		62
2.1104141100	agents and brokers	151 20	1,590,360 9,743	205,533 3,534	6,233	4,634	-	64
Dessois of F	except lessors of real property other than buildings.	99 17	21,484	7,256	309	272	-	65 66
8 Services	her lodging places.	249	2,680	852 53,714	3,554	57	-	67
		6 4	5,391 3,247	2,100 1,642	- 1	11,264 322	-	68 69
2 Automotive r	pair services and garages	98	54,049	24,326	320 1,627	56 2,997	-	70 71
Miscellaneous Motion pictur	repair services, hand trades	1	103	190 49	-	128	-	72
	cept motion rictures s, including schools.	65 29	43,225 1,770	21,981 826	1,358	7,096	-	73 74
7 Nature of busin	ess not allocable.	(4)	5,872	2,600	187	27 636	-	75 76
	end of table. See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Descript:			(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	77

Table J. -RETURNS WITH FOREIGN TAX CREDIT, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS-Continued

=		R	eturns with s	tatements fil	ed (Form 1118) in support	of credit clai	imed for fore	ign taxes pai	d I
				Income from	n foreign	Taxes befo	re foreign	Foreign	Credit cl foreign t	aimed for
	Major industrial groups	Number of returns	Net income	Other than dividends ³ (Thousand	Dividends (Thousand	Income tax (Thousand dollars)	Excess profits tax ² (Thousand dollars)	taxes paid (Thousand dollars)	Income tax (Thousand dollars)	Excess profits tax (Thousand dollars)
ł		(7)	dollars) (8)	dollars)	dollars) (10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
	All industrial groups	1,791	15,326,881	1,246,756	506,520	6,829,173	815,428	666,315	598,748	357
2 3 4 5	Agriculture, forestry, and fishery. Farms and agricultural services. Forestry.	16 6 (4)	3,496 3,435 (⁴)	721 721 (4)	21 19 (4)	1,593 1,590 (4)	(⁴)	147 147 (4)	137 137 (4)	(4)
6 7 8	Mining and quarrying Metal mining Anthracite mining	52 19 1	710,962 48,266 12,983	627,742 42,728 385	3,443 1,077 2	309,582 19,533 1,469	3,161 149	334,758 22,736 196	286,432 17,702 196	-
9 10 11	Bituminous coal and lignite mining	4 27 1	847 647,973 893	145 584,480 4	30 2,334 -	374 287,761 445	3,012	26 311,799 1	26 268,507 1	-
12	Construction	47	88,800	16,797	1,908	39,316	3,637	6,469	6,123	81
13 14	ManufacturingBeverages	811 9	10,357,070	396,635 3,223	405,750 215	5,054,180 59,011	779,807	233,508 1,487	222,856 1,351	276
15	Food and kindred products	60	598,654	8,354	27,492	304,555 62,721	19,967 1,243	15,932 429	15,346 410	[]
16 17 18	Tobacco manufactures Textile-mill products Apparel and products made from fabrics	8 31 8	126,112 87,002 16,394	520 2,844 710	536 1,221 112	44,374 8,305	2,199 232	1,2% 219	1,055 218	
19	Lumber and wood products, except furniture	4 13	3,103	814 1,064	1 1,286	1,485 13,648	141	224 1,089	1,084	
20 21	Furniture and fixtures Paper and allied products	46	26,246 345,605	5,448	9,165	172,835	17,249	5,892	5,638	1 -1:
22 23 24	Printing, publishing, and allied industries	38 122 14	79,525 1,631,708 992,529	3,576 79,147 203,192	4,482 59,329 104,373	40,531 796,670 328,346	1,891 125,056 2,219	2,914 39,207 45,420	2,789 37,345 43,213	3 1 12 3
25	Rubber products	16	322,221	17,353	43,531 25	160,912 8,368	18,623 1,841	20,080 95	20,068 95	- :
26 27 28	Leather and products	5 30 29 59	16,260 270,893 349,618	371 2,046 11,498	14,978 8,921 15,689	138,801 173,150 154,290	22,072 27,611 11,571	7,200 11,152 10,291	6,937 9,720	5C 10
29 30	Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machin- ery, and transportation equipment. Machinery, except transportation equipment and elec-	147	308,391 778,785	5,571 13,305	22,580	394,073	46,131	17,806	16,689	3
31 32	trical. Electrical machinery and equipment Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles	53 23	1,037,405 380,247	20,025 4,509	18,613 3,840	526,576 194,277	101,952 54,269	11,363 2,718	10,898 2,611	- 1
33 34 35	Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical Ordnance and accessories Scientific instruments; photographic equipment;	24 2 31	2,496,563 43,214 268,668	7,978 8 4,297	58,642 277 7,378	1,281,236 21,769 138,215	292,884 6,004 24,574	32,438 135 4,428	31,781 134 4,207	190
36 37	watches, clocks. Other manufacturing Public utilities	39 73	62,990	782 42,076	3,064 24,780	30,032 633,871	2,078 469	1,785 23,156	1,659 21,206	-
38 39	Transportation	53 6	309,273 837,044	26,531 3,822	10,522 1,603	143,172 402,215	469	10,399 1,152	9,315 1,152	-
40 41	Electric and gas utilities Other public utilities	14	174,924	11,723	12,655	88,484	-	11,605	10,739	-
42	Trade	215	700,466	59,561	44,632	349,297	19,141	1	37,114	-
43 44 45	Wholesale Commission merchants. Other wholesalers.	171 20 151	251,009 13,029 237,980	52,068 693 51,375	33,673 285 33,388	117,493 5,750 111,743	6,943 - 6,943	363	29,074 346 28,728	-
46	Retail	30		7,454	10,823	229,648 48,904	12,198 1,651		7,972 1,547	
47 48 49	FoodGeneral merchandiseApparel and accessories	3 5 1	334,183 2,715	139 1,129 6	2,874 7,941	171,810	9,297		4,344	-
50 51	Furniture and house furnishings	9		4,793	- 1	2,625] -	1,712	1,564	_
52	Drug stores] -	-	-	-	-	-
53 54	Eating and drinking places	-	-]	-	-	-		-	
55		12		1,387	7 136	5,199 2,156	1,245	408	1	-
56 57		14 458	1 '	39 81,710	21,619	408,732	7,416	l .	1	-
58	Finance	322		22,691	19,617	212,294	949		13,583	-
59 60	Banks and trust companies			17,205 10,236	277 189	91,548 100,864	831	3,940	3,930	-
61 62	Holding and other investment companies	275	128,341	54,788 38	18,901 250	18,836 1,046	118	5,095 72		:
63 64	Insurance carriers and agents	121 118	1,546,509 1,540,929	59,042 58,784	1,458 1,301	191,996 189,701	6,203 6,203	4,578	4,238	
65 66	_	14	1	258 30	157 390	2,295 4,254	264	1	189	-
67	Lessors of real property, except buildings			553	154	188	-	47		-
68 69		119		21,514	4,367 714	32,602 1,627	1,797	7,466		-
70 71	Personal services	42	3,004 37,666	166 9,221 573	1,377	1,544 16,228 190	318 237	52	2,653	-
72 73	Miscellaneous repair services, hand trades			-	-	-]		-	
74 75 76	Motion pictures	33	676	9,985 34 1,535	2,267 - 9	11,083 330 1,600	1,144	. 13	. 11	-
77		1	-		_	_		-	-	-

Includes returns with no statements filed (Form 1118) in support of credit claimed for foreign taxes paid.

*Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after Dec. 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.

*Amount shown for income from foreign sources other than dividends has been reduced by negative amounts.

*Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in each total.

*Deficit.

*NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table K .- RETURNS WITH FOREIGN TAX CREDIT, BY NET INCOME CLASSES

			All ret	urns ¹			Returns with statements filed (Form 1118) in support of credit claimed for foreign taxes paid								
Net income classes	Number	Net	Taxes befor		Credit cl foreign t			Net	Income fro		Taxes befor tax cr		Foreign		laimed for taxes paid
	of returns	income	Income tax	Excess profits tax ²	Income tax	Excess profits tax	of returns	income	Other than dividends ³	Dividends	Income tax	Excess profits tax2	taxes paid	Income tax	Excess profits tax
		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Under \$5,000. \$5,000 under \$10,000. \$10,000 under \$15,000. \$15,000 under \$25,000. \$20,000 under \$25,000.	270 119 148 132 102	702 925 1,838 2,336 2,289	140 172 407 524 557	- - -	53 61 171 120 85	- - - -	(4) (4) 63 47 31	(4) (4) 770 851 686	(4) (4) 203 356 396	(4) (4) 144 28 58	(4) (4) 158 147 195	(4) (4) - -	(4) (4) 74 119 80	(4) (4) 68 67 61	(4) (4) -
\$25,000 under \$50,000 \$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 under \$250,000 \$250,000 under \$500,000 \$500,000 under \$1,000,000	334 348 493 377 31r	11,873 25,744 £1,105 134,225 227,761	2,783 8,789 31,241 52,467 101,326	109 202 966 2,116 5,135	509 1,479 4,453 7,332 12,725	- - - 3	134 111 141 145 189	4,836 7,901 23,426 52,695 13 9 ,814	1,393 2,243 7,614 14,758 25,567	75 1,200 2,231 1,951 6,586	924 2,151 7,826 20,174 60,366	1 9 65 369 1,252	317 1,196 2,747 6,228 9,647	229 986 2,484 4,765 8,840	- - - - 3
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 or more	572 148 243	1,301,858 1,043,675 i3,035,c23	581,532 484,553 6,153,517	35,882 41,849 794,035	51,206 29,192 533,891	81 47 226	497 134 222	1,117,686 939,949 13,037,952	98,556 53,052 1,042,460	47,536 27,759 418,901	509,366 441,357 5,786,452	30,352 35,525 747,855	49,868 31,166 564,823	45,537 29,037 506,646	81 47 226
Total	3,602	16,619,954	7,418,008	860,294	641,277	357	1,791	15,326,881	1,246,756	506,520	6,829,173	815,428	666,315	598,748	357

Table L.-WESTERN HEMISPHERE TRADE CORPORATION RETURNS, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES

	All returns ¹					Returns with statements filed (Form 1118) in support of credit claimed for foreign taxes paid								
Total assets classes	Number	Net	Credit for Western	Income tax	Credit	Number	Net	Credit for Western		om foreign rces	Income tax	Foreign	Credit	
	of returns	income	Hemisphere trade corporations	foreign tax credit		of returns	income	Hemisphere trade corporations	Other than dividends2		foreign tax credit	taxes paid	foreign taxes paid	
		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
Under \$50,000. \$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$50,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000.	26 20 32 42 97	285 749 1,349 4,400 9,832	77 202 366 1,169 2,617	71 228 357 1,452 3,380	12 154 313 780 2,445	16 20 29 38 52	256 749 1,246 3,701 8,822	69 202 338 980 2,345	256 740 1,133 3,008 7,277	10	65 228 329 1,209 3,020	13 159 377 639 3,133	12 154 295 562 2,123	
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000? \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000? \$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000? \$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000? \$100,000,000 or more?	€4 18 17 7 10	32,054 23,173 32,163 59,016 425,930	8,622 5,493 8,698 13,412 85,988	11,716 8,984 11,987 23,841 175,682	7,065 3,989 8,777 19,468 123,748	56 18 13 5 8	28,965 23,173 23,213 41,051 342,914	7,788 5,493 6,310 9,773 75,312	23,290 14,696 21,916 31,632 263,997	73 140 20 1,387 15,948	10,590 8,984 8,625 16,320 137,259	7,394 4,059 6,706 18,672 136,693	6,353 3,989 5,502 13,678 111,789	
Total ³	293	5 88,9 51	126,644	237,698	166,751	25 5	474,090	108,610	367,945	17,578	186,629	177,845	144,457	
Balance sheets not available	1	127	34	43	43	1	127	34	127		43	53	43	
Grand total?	234	589,078	126,678	237,741	166,794	256	474,217	108,644	368,072	17,578	186,672	177,898	144,500	

PART II. - RETURNS WITH NO CREDIT CLAIMED FOR FOREIGN TAXES PAID

		Returns wit	h net income		Returns with r	no net income
Total assets classes	Number of returns	Net income (Thousand dollars)	Credit for Western Hemisphere trade corporations (Thousand dollars)	Income tax (Thousand dollars)	Number of returns	Deficit (Thousand dollars)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Under \$56,000 under \$100,000. \$50,000 under \$100,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000 ² . \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 ² . \$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000 ² . \$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000 ² . \$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000 ² . \$100,000,000 under \$100,000,000 ² .	45 31 22 17 2	543 888 1,573 4,509 5,562 6,500 7,060 176 15,621 96,502	145 236 467 1,196 1,384 1,722 1,906 48 292	117 211 453 1,535 1,834 2,341 2,669 61 8,232 41,683	(4) 3 6 (4) 4 3 1	(4) 200 66 (4) 907 6,126 1,115
Total ³	257	138,934	7,396	59,136	97	13,454
Balance sheets not available	9	1,750	471	637	6	116
Grand total ³	26 6	140,684	7,867	59,773	103	13,570

Includes returns with no statements filed (Form 1118) in support of credit claimed for foreign taxes paid.

Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after Dec. 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.

Amount shown for income from foreign sources other than dividends has been reduced by negative amounts.

Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in each total.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Includes returns with no statements filed (Form 1118) in support of credit claimed for foreign taxes paid.

Amount shown for income from foreign sources other than dividends has been reduced by negative amounts.

Includes returns of consolidated corporations where one or more of the corporations within the affiliated group is a Western Hemisphere trade corporation.

Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in each total.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table M.—WESTERN HEMISPHERE TRADE CORPORATION RETURNS, BY INDUSTRIAL DIVISIONS

PART I .- RETURNS WITH CREDIT CLAIMED FOR FOREIGN TAXES PAID

		11	ati i.—tei	011110											=
Ī			A	ll returns²			Return	with sta	tements fill	ed (Form l foreign t		pport of	credit cl	aimed	
		1		Credit for Western	Income tax	Credit	1		Credit for Western		om foreign urces	Income		Credit claimed	l
	Industrial divisions ¹	Number of returns	Net income	Western Hemisphere trade corpora- tions		for foreign taxes paid	Number of returns	Net income	Hemisphere trade		Dividends	tax before foreign tax credit	Foreign taxes paid	for foreign taxes paid	
		\ 	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	
Ì		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1	All industrial divisions4	294	589,078			166,794	256	474,217 169	108,644	368,072 123	17,578	186,672 59	177,898 69	144,500	1 2
2	Agriculture, forestry, and fishery4 Mining and quarrying4	3 30	71,861 83,770	10,485 22,577	32,545 31,257	9,336 29,225	27	67,585	18,207	55,327	9	25,133	31,833	23,126	
5	Construction	22 65	8,448 304,389	2,267 70,297	3,080 120,237	1,757 95,037	21 60	7,534 302,781	2,020 69,893	8,004 250,467	2,538	2,739 119,662	115,563	1,552 94,695	
6	Public utilities ⁴	15 120	42,781 50,014	6,340 13,496	18,405 18,432	13,635	13 98	40,142 44,087	5,628 11,894	14,821 30,434	13,598 74	16,254	13,771 11,911	12,671 9,771	7
8	Wholesale	111	47,576	12,838	17,532	11,094	89	41,649 2,438	11,236 658	28,588 1,846	74	15,354	11,063 848	9,076 695	8
9 10	Retail Trade not allocable	-	2,438	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	10
11	Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property.	1	398	107	145	58	1	398	107	398	-	145	63	58	}
12 13	Services ⁴	38 -	27,417 -	1,109	13,640	5,957	35 -	11,521	849	8,498 -	1,359	5,265	2,994	2,568	12 13

PART II .- RETURNS WITH NO CREDIT CLAIMED FOR FOREIGN TAXES PAID

\exists			Returns with	net income		Returns with	no net income	
	Industrial divisions ¹	Number of returns	Net income (Thousand dollars)	Credit for Western Hemisphere trade corpo- rations (Thousand dollars)	Income tax (Thousand dollars)	Number of returns	Deficit (Thousand dollars)	
	And the state of t	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
1 2 3 4 5	All industrial divisions ⁴ Agriculture, forestry, and fishery Mining and quarrying. Construction Manufacturing ⁴	1 !	140,684 386 274 142 96,650	7,867 104 51 37 8	59,773 141 66 46 41,696	103 - 2 12 10	13,570 705 636 7,956	1 2 3 4 5
6 7 8 9	Public utilities. Trade' Wholesale'. Retail. Trade not allocable.	1 230 224 - 6	990 41,104 40,924 -	267 7,092 7,044 - 48	370 17,069 17,009 - 60	1 62 62 -	1,115 3,111 3,111 - -	6 7 8 9 10
11 12 13	Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property	6	776 324 38	210 88 10	286 91 8	16	- 47 -	11 12 13

A more detailed industrial classification is not presented for this small number of returns for two reasons: (a) the identification of Western Hemisphere trade corporations is somewhat difficult on the source document, Form 1120, and (b) the sample variability of the data would be too large.

Includes returns with no statements filed (Form 1118) in support of credit claimed for foreign taxes paid.

Amount shown for income from foreign sources other than dividends has been reduced by negative amounts.

Another than its consolidated corporations where one or more of the corporations within the affilated group is a Western Hemisphere trade corporation.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

The data are distributed in table I by total assets classes; in table J by major industrial groups; and in table K by net income classes. Foreign tax credit is claimed only when United States tax liability exists; these tabulations cover only corporations claiming such credit.

Election of the foreign tax credit against United States taxes is denied foreign corporations, corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, and domestic corporations entitled to the benefits of section 251 by reason of receiving a large percent of gross income from sources within possessions of the United States.

Similar data were published in the 1950 and 1951 Statistics of Income, Part 2.

WESTERN HEMISPHERE TRADE **CORPORATIONS**

In tables L, M, and N selected data for Western Hemisphere trade corporations are distributed by size of total assets, by type of industry, and by size of net income.

A domestic corporation, all of whose business is done in North, Central, or South America, the West Indies, or Newfoundland is classified as a Western Hemisphere trade corporation if (1) 95 percent or more of its gross income for the 3-year period ending with the close of the taxable year (or for such part of that period as the corporation was in existence) was derived from sources outside the United States; and (2) 90 percent or more of its gross income for such period was derived from active conduct of a trade or business. Such companies are allowed a credit of 27 percent of the normal-tax net income (before this credit) against the net income for income tax purposes and are exempt from excess profits tax. When reported in a consolidated return, surtax net income attributable to a Western Hemisphere trade corporation is also exempt from the 2 percent addition to surtax imposed on an affiliated group of corporations.

Corporation returns identified as having Western Hemisphere trade corporation income or loss in 1953

Table N.--WESTERN HEMISPHERE TRADE CORPORATION RETURNS, BY NET INCOME AND DEFICIT CLASSES

PART I .- RETURNS WITH CREDIT CLAIMED FOR FOREIGN TAXES PAID

	All returns ¹					Returns with statements filed (Form 1118) in support of credit claimed for foreign taxes paid							
Net income classes		Net	Credit for Western	Income tax	Credit claimed for		Net	Credit for Western		om foreign rces	Income tax before	Foreign	Credit
	Number of returns	income	Hemisphere trade corporations	foreign foreign		Number of returns	income	Hemisphere trade corporations	Other than dividends2	Dividends	foreign tax credit	taxes paid	
		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	·	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Under \$5,000	(3) 2 15 6	(³) 17 175 101	(3) 4 47 27	(³) 4 39 21	(3) 3 26 20	(³) 1 15 6	(³) 8 175 101	(³) 2 47 27	(3) 8 165 94	(³) - 10	(3) 2 39 21	(3) 1 31 72	(³) 1 26 20
\$20,000 under \$25,000	2	43	12	10	20	2	43	12	28	_	10	12	20
\$25,000 under \$50,000. \$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000.	36 28 66 43 25	1,302 1,882 10,333 14,883 18,673	354 480 2,744 4,050 4,752	291 524 3,502 5,318 7,089	193 451 2,103 3,717 3,911	35 27 56 40 21	1,258 1,824 8,738 13,765 15,809	342 464 2,314 3,748 4,007	1,189 1,500 6,906 12,288 14,280	161 60	279 508 2,954 4,910 6,037	279 584 1,995 4,810 3,454	191 435 1,733 3,412 3,142
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000 ⁴ \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 ⁴ \$10,000,000 or more ⁴	33 1 10	81,702 7,365 452,520	17,873 3 96,310	33,025 3,671 184,229	18,050 1,618 136,690	29 1 7	69,035 7,365 356,044	15,664 3 82,000	46,732 5,304 279,526	1,395 1,359 14,593	27,524 3,671 140,705	15,514 1,943 149,203	14,280 1,618 119,630
Total	294	589,078	126,678	237 ,7 41	166,794	256	474,217	108,644	368,072	17,578	186,672	177,898	144,500

PART II. - RETURNS WITH NO CREDIT CLAIMED FOR FOREIGN TAXES PAID

		Returns with	h net income		Returns with	no net income
Net income and deficit classes	Number of returns	Net income (Thousand dollars)	Credit for Western Hemisphere trade corporations (Thousand dollars)	Income tax (Thousand dollars)	Number of returns	Deficit (Thousand dollars)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Under \$5,000. \$5,000 under \$10,000. \$10,000 under \$15,000. \$15,000 under \$20,000. \$20,000 under \$25,000.	13	255 219 53 228 588	64 97 12 62 162	51 48 9 49 127	(3) 1 1 - 5	(3) 6 13 - 115
\$25,000 under \$50,000 ¹ . \$50,000 under \$100,000 ¹ . \$100,000 under \$250,000 ¹ . \$250,000 under \$500,000 ¹ . \$500,000 under \$1,000,000.	20 25 23	865 1,550 4,513 7,948 3,699	220 346 1,216 2,145 917	192 400 1,572 2,891 1,255	(3) 14 4 2	28 (³) 1,902 1,380 1,364
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000. \$10,000,000 or more ⁴ .	4 - 3	9,633 111,133	2,601 - 25	3,634 - 49,545	2 1 -	2,160 5,886 -
Total ⁴	266	140,684	7,867	59,773	103	13,570

total 663. Of this number, 560 show net income of \$730 million and Western Hemisphere trade corporation credit of \$135 million. In addition, foreign tax credit of \$167 million is claimed on 294 of these returns. Many trading and finance concerns, and a few in other industries, claim no credit for foreign taxes.

The remaining 103 (16 percent) of the identified returns show net deficits amounting to \$14 million. However, data for returns with deficits are probably understated, since identification of Western Hemisphere trade corporations is not always possible on returns with no net income.

Statements in support of claims for foreign tax credit provide additional data on sources of income and taxes paid. The 256 statements available for tabulation show that of a total net income of \$474 million on these returns, foreign sources other than dividends account for \$368 million and foreign dividends \$18 million. Foreign income taxes paid are \$178 million, 81 percent of which is claimed as credit against the domestic tax.

Western Hemisphere trade credit is claimed on a little more than \$402 million net income.

Twenty-two of the 663 Western Hemisphere trade corporation returns are consolidated returns with one or more members of the affiliated group meeting the Western Hemisphere trade corporation qualifications. Aggregate data for affiliated groups are compiled in preparing tables L, M, and N since it is impossible to segregate data for the individual companies engaged in Western Hemisphere trade.

Data for Western Hemisphere trade corporations were published in the 1950 and 1951 reports, Statistics of Income, Part 2.

1952 ERRATA

Misclassification of one corporate income tax return affected the data in the complete report Statistics of Income for 1952, Part 2. The data for the return are de-

Includes returns with no statements filed (Form 1118) in support of credit claimed for foreign taxes paid.

Amount shown for income from foreign sources other than dividends has been reduced by negative amounts.

Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in each total.

Thouldes returns of consolidated corporations where one or more of the corporations within the affiliated group is a Western Hemisphere trade corporation.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

leted from the deficit class "\$10,000,000 or more" and are added to the deficit class "\$10,000 under \$15,000." The return is classified industrially in the "Trade" division.

The principal tables affected by this change in classification are tables 7 and 8. In table 7, in "All industrial divisions" and in the "Trade" division, returns with no net income in deficit class "\$10,000 under \$15,000" are increased by one return and the amount of deficit is increased by \$11,000. In the same divisions, the deficit class "\$10,000,000 or more" is decreased by the above amounts. In table 8, the same adjustments are made for the classification "Returns with no net income." Also, the adjustment in number of returns should be made in the text tables, pp. 9 and 22, and in basic tables 9 and 10.

A transposition of digits occurred on table 5, p. 72, in the contributions reported by corporations with assets of \$50,000 under \$100,000. The amount on line 46, column 3, which reads "5,407" is now changed to "5,704."

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

The following definitions apply particularly to current year data but in most instances are also applicable to items shown in the historical tables 11–16. When used with historical data, the "Comparability of Historical Data," pages 105–108 and "Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws," pages 145–151, should also be consulted.

Accounts and notes payable, shown in table 5, consists of bonds, notes, and mortgages payable with original maturity of less than 1 year and accounts payable.

Adjusted excess profits net income.—See "Excess profits income and credits," below.

Alternative tax consists of a tax of 26 percent of net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss, plus normal tax and surtax at the usual rates on the balance of normal-tax and surtax net incomes, and is reported only if it is less than the regular normal tax and surtax. Alternative tax is tabulated in "Income tax." (See Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws, 1944-53, Table A, for maximum tax rate on long-term gain prior to 1953.)

Amortization is the annual amount claimed under sections 124A and B of the Internal Revenue Code (1939) which provides for writeoff over a 60-month period (in lieu of depreciation) of costs of certain emergency and grain storage facilities. Emergency facilities are those constructed or acquired after December 31, 1949, and certified as necessary in the national defense. Grain storage facilities are included for the first time in 1953 and are discussed under Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data, page 6.

Assets and liabilities are tabulated as of December 31, of the tax year or close of fiscal year nearest thereto. Adjustments are made in tabulating the data as follows: (1) reserves for depreciation, depletion, bad debts, etc., reported under liabilities, are transferred to

the appropriate asset reserve accounts, and (2) deficits in surplus, reported under assets, are transferred to liabilities as negative amounts. Beginning 1952, the liability items "Accounts payable" and "Capital stock, common," are overstated in the Finance Division, major industry group "Credit agencies other than banks," due to taxpayer reporting of some savings and loan association savings accounts as such liability items rather than as "Other liabilities" where they are normally reported.

Bonds and mortgages payable shown in table 5 are those with original maturity of 1 year or more.

Capital assets, reported on the balance sheet and tabulated as "Gross capital assets," consists of (1) depreciable tangible assets such as buildings, manufacturing and transportation facilities, furniture and fixtures, (2) depletable tangible assets—natural resources, and (3) intangible assets such as patents, franchises, formulas, leaseholds, goodwill, and trademarks. In table 5 the amounts tabulated as "Capital assets less reserves" also include land.

Treatment of gain or loss from the sale or exchange of these properties is shown under "Capital gain or loss" and "Net gain or loss from sales other than capital assets."

Capital gain or loss is the gain or loss from sale or exchange of "Capital assets" as defined by section 117 of the 1939 Code, and the aggregate net gain from sale or exchange of certain "property used in the trade or business" and from involuntary conversion of such property and of "Capital assets" held for more than 6 months.

An alternative tax may be computed for returns with a net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss.

Losses from sale or exchange of capital assets are allowed only to the extent of capital gains, but a net capital loss, reduced by capital gains in intervening years, may be carried over to the five succeeding taxable years. An aggregate net loss from sale or exchange of "property used in the trade or business" and from involuntary conversion of such property and of "capital assets" is treated as an ordinary loss.

In computing capital gains and losses—

"Capital assets" (as defined by section 117) consists of all property held by taxpayer except: (1) property properly includible in inventory, or property held primarily for sale in the ordinary course of trade or business; (2) depreciable property and real property used in trade or business; (3) Government obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding 1 year from date of issue; and (4) certain copyrights, literary, musical, or artistic compositions or similar properties.

"Property used in the trade or business" means real property and depreciable property, used in the business and held for more than 6 months (but not certain copyrights, etc.), and certain timber, coal, unharvested crops, and livestock.

"Short-term" pertains to gains or losses from property held 6 months or less; "long-term" to property held over 6 months.

Capital gains and losses are treated historically in table B, of the Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws.

Capital stock shown in table 5 consists of both preferred and common stock.

Compiled receipts.—See "Total compiled receipts."

Consolidated returns are defined in text, page 10. See also Synopsis of Federal Laws 1944-53, table C, page 148.

Contributions or gifts.—This deduction is limited by law to 5 percent of net income as computed without the benefit of this deduction.

Cost of goods sold and cost of operations.—Identifiable amounts of taxes, depreciation, depletion, amortization, advertising, pension and other benefit plan contributions reported in these costs are transferred to their specific headings. For years prior to 1951 only amortization and pension plan contributions were so treated.

"Cost of goods sold" is reported for transactions in which inventories are an income-determining factor; "Cost of operations" is reported for all other transactions.

Credit claimed for foreign taxes paid and statement filed in support thereof.—See text, p. 13.

Deficit.—See "Net income or deficit," below.

Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock exclude liquidating dividends.

Dividends received.—"Dividends, domestic corporations" consists of dividends received from domestic corporations subject to income taxation under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code (1939) reported in columns 2 and 3, schedule C, page 2, Form 1120 for 1953. "Dividends, foreign corporations" is the amount reported in column 4 of schedule C.

Credits against the net income are allowed with respect to dividends from these domestic corporations and certain dividends from foreign corporations doing a substantial volume of business within the United States. (No credit was allowed for dividends from foreign corporations prior to 1951.)

Dividends from other corporations, reported in column 5 of schedule C, are included in "Other receipts." Such dividends include those from China Trade Act corporations, and corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, and dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued after March 28, 1942.

Employee benefit plans other than those within the purview of section 23 (p) of the 1939 Code include insurance plans, noninsured death benefits, health, acci-

dent and other welfare benefits deductible under section 23 (a). Prior to 1952 such amounts were tabulated in "Other deductions."

Excess profits income and credits.—The excess profits tax terminated December 31, 1953. For fiscal years ending after that date the excess profits income and credits are reported for the full year, and only the excess profits tax is prorated.

The adjusted excess profits net income is the excess profits net income less the sum of the excess profits credit and the unused excess profits credit adjustment. Where the provisions of section 430 (e) (maximum tax for new corporations) are applicable, the excess profits tax is computed directly from the excess profits net income and the amounts of excess profits credit and adjusted excess profits net income are not always reported. For part-year returns, the amount of adjusted excess profits net income has been placed on an annual basis.

The excess profits credit is the current year credit against the excess profits net income. Methods of computing the credit are shown in *Statistics of Income for 1952*, Part 2, pages 12-13.

The excess profits net income is obtained from the net income by eliminating or adjusting certain items of income and deductions, consisting principally of the exclusion of capital gains and losses, both longand short-term, and dividends received from foreign and domestic corporations. For part-year returns, the amount of excess profits net income has been placed on an annual basis.

The unused excess profits credit adjustment is the carryover of unused excess profits credit from preceding taxable years as reported on the return and does not take into account revisions that may subsequently be made as a result of a carryback from the succeeding year. Unused excess profits credit accrues when the allowable credit for a tax year exceeds the excess profits net income for such year computed without regard to the net operating loss deduction. Unused credit is first carried back as an offset to the excess profits net income of the first preceding year and the remainder is carried forward to succeeding taxable years. The carry-forward period is 5 years.

Excess profits tax for 1953 is the tax imposed by section 430 of the Internal Revenue Code (1939) upon the adjusted excess profits net income. The excess profits tax tabulated for 1953 is after the limitations provided by sections 430 (a) (1) (C) and 430 (e), and after adjustments provided by sections 430 (d), 450, 456, and 457, but before adjustments under section 452 and before credit for taxes paid to a foreign country. The provisions of section 430 terminate December 31, 1953, and the excess profits tax reported for fiscal years ending after that date is the prorated portion of the tax applicable to the period before January 1, 1954. For excess profits tax imposed in prior years, see Historical Section.

Gross receipts from operations consists of amounts received from transactions in which inventories are not an income-determining factor. Cost of operations is shown as a deduction.

Gross sales consists of amounts received for goods, less returns and allowances, in transactions where inventories are an income-determining factor. Cost of goods sold is shown as a deduction.

Inactive corporations are those reporting no item of income or deduction. Such returns are filed in accordance with the regulation that a corporation having an existence during any portion of a taxable year is required to file a return. Returns of inactive corporations are not included in the various tabulations, but the number filed is shown in the summary data, page 5, and in historical table 11.

Income tax consists of normal tax, surtax, and alternative tax. Tabulated with the income tax for returns with net income is a small amount of tax reported on returns with no net income under the special provisions applicable to certain mutual insurance companies, other than life or marine.

The income tax tabulated is *before* credit for foreign taxes paid.

Industrial divisions and groups.—See description of this classification, pages 8-10.

Interest on Government obligations.—Interest on obligations of the United States issued after September 1, 1917 (other than postal savings certificates for deposits made before March 1, 1941), and on obligations of corporations organized under act of Congress is exempt from taxation only to the extent provided by the act authorizing issuance of the obligation.

Interest reported on obligations described on lines (a) and (b), schedule C-1, page 2, Form 1120 for 1953, is subject to surtax only. That reported on obligations described on line (c) is wholly taxable.

Wholly tax-exempt interest, received on obligations of States, Territories, or political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, or United States possessions, and from certain obligations of the United States or its instrumentalities is reported as item 19, schedule M, page 4, Form 1120 for 1953. The amounts tabulated are less amortizable bond premium.

Investments.—"Investments, Government obligations" consists of obligations of all governmental units within the United States, its possessions and Territories. Where investments are not segregated as between "Government" and "Other" the entire amount is included in "Other investments." In table 5, "Investments" is the total amount of investments, both Government and non-Government.

Liabilities.—See "Assets and liabilities."

Net gain or loss, sales other than capital assets is the net gain or loss from the sale or exchange of (1) depreciable and real property used in trade or business, (2) short-term noninterest-bearing Government obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis, (3) certain copyrights, literary, musical, or artistic compositions, or similar properties, and (4) securities by dealers. (See "Capital gain or loss" for treatment of certain depreciable and real property used in trade or business and held over 6 months.)

Net income or deficit is the difference between the total income and the total deductions reported, exclusive of the net operating loss deduction.

Net operating loss deduction consists of the net operating loss carryover reported on the return and does not take into account a carryback of net operating loss from a succeeding tax year which may subsequently be made.

The net operating loss is the excess of the deductions allowed by chapter 1 of the 1939 Code over the gross income after certain adjustments. This loss, through carryback and carryover provisions, may be used as an offset against taxable income for a specified period.

Beginning 1950, a net operating loss may be carried back 1 year and forward 5 years. The amount reported for 1953 may include a small prorated loss carry-over from taxable years beginning in 1949 and ending in 1950. Prior to 1950 the maximum carryover period was 3 years. (See Comparability of Historical Data.)

Normal-tax net income is the amount of the corporation's net income subject to normal income tax. The United States normal-tax net income is derived from the current-year net income (tabulated for the Statistics of Income) by subtracting (1) the net operating loss deduction, (2) partially tax-exempt interest, (3) the credit allowed for domestic and foreign dividends received, (4) in the case of a public utility, the credit allowed for dividends paid, and (5) in the case of a Western Hemisphere trade corporation, the special credit allowed.

Number of returns excludes returns of inactive corporations, except in the text table, page 5, and historical table 11 where "Total number of returns" includes returns of inactive corporations.

Number of subsidiaries consists of the number of affiliated corporations other than the common parent corporations which are included in consolidated income tax returns.

Other assets are those not reported separately on the return and include sinking funds; other funds; deferred charges; organization expenses; prepaid and suspense items; interest, discount, coupons, and dividends receivable; and guaranty deposits. "Other assets" of life insurance companies include market value of real estate and bonds and stocks in excess of book value; interest, rents, and premiums due; and agents' balances.

Other deductions include (1) negative amounts reported under income, (2) losses by abandonment, fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty (including war losses), and theft, (3) salaries and wages not deducted elsewhere on the return, and (4) amounts not otherwise reported, such as: Administrative, general, and office expenses; bonuses and commissions; delivery charges; freight and shipping expenses; payments in connection with lawsuits; research expenses; sales discount; selling

costs; travel expenses; unrealized profits on installment sales; and Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation assessments reported by banks.

Other liabilities include deferred and suspense items; accrued expenses; dividends payable; funds held in trust; borrowed securities; outstanding coupons and certificates; and overdrafts. "Other liabilities" of life insurance companies include the net value of outstanding policies and annuities, and borrowed money. "Other liabilities" of banks include deposits (time, savings, demand, etc.) and bank notes in circulation.

Other receipts include amounts not elsewhere reported on the return such as: Profits from sales of commodities other than the principal commodity in which the corporation deals; income from minor operations; bad debts recovered; cash discounts; income from claims, license rights, judgments, and joint ventures; net amount under operating agreements; net profit from commissaries; profit on dealing in futures; profit on prior years' collections (installment basis); profit on purchase of corporation's own bonds; recoveries of bonds, stocks, and other securities; refunds for cancellation of contracts, for insurance, management expenses, and processing taxes; and income from sales of scrap, salvage, or waste.

Pension plans include pension, annuity, stock bonus, profit-sharing, or other deferred compensation plans, contributions to which are deductible by the employer under section 23 (p) of the 1939 Code.

Rents received consist of gross amounts. Depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses, which are deductible from gross rents, are included in the respective deduction items.

Repairs are the costs of incidental repairs, including labor and supplies, which do not add materially to the value of the property or appreciably prolong its life.

Returns with balance sheets.—About 92 percent of the returns filed provide balance sheet data. Only these returns are included in statistics shown for "returns with balance sheets." (See also text discussion, p. 7-8.)

Returns with no net income are those returns with total deductions (exclusive of the net operating loss deduction) equal to or exceeding total income.

Royalties consists of gross amounts received. Depletion based on royalties is reported in deductions.

States and Territories.—For limitation of such data, see discussion, p. 11.

Surplus and undivided profits consists of paid-in or capital surplus and earned surplus and undivided profits. In table 5 the amounts tabulated for this item also include surplus reserves. **Deficit** consists of negative amounts of earned surplus and undivided profits.

Taxes paid excludes (1) Federal income and excess profits taxes, (2) estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes, (3) income and profits taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States if any portion is claimed as a tax credit, (4) taxes assessed against local benefits, (5) Federal taxes paid on tax-free covenant bonds, and (6) unidentifiable amounts of taxes

reported in "Cost of goods sold" and "Cost of operations."

Total compiled receipts excludes nontaxable income other than tax-exempt interest on certain Government obligations. For items included, see table 2 or historical table 13.

Unused excess profits credit adjustment.—See "Excess profits income and credits," above.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SAMPLE AND LIMITATIONS OF DATA

A probability sample was used as the basis of the data tabulated from 1953 corporation income tax returns. About 186,000 returns were selected in 64 district directors' offices. These represented slightly more than one-fourth of the 731,000 corporation returns in the population, and about a 10 percent increase in the sample size used for the previous year.

Returns were selected at three sampling rates: 100 percent, 20 percent, and 10 percent. The 100 percent area, which accounts for about 107,000 returns, contains the following groups of returns:

- 1. Taxable nonconsolidated returns with gross sales, gross receipts, or total income of \$500,000 and over.
- 2. Nontaxable nonconsolidated returns with gross sales, gross receipts, or total income of \$500,000 and over.
- 3. Taxable and nontaxable consolidated returns.
- 4. Returns of life insurance companies (Form 1120L).
- 5. Returns of mutual insurance companies (Form 1120M).

The 20 percent sample was selected from a population of about 160,000 returns, and consisted of returns with gross sales, gross receipts, or total income between \$100,000 and \$500,000. These returns were stratified by taxable and nontaxable status.

The 10 percent sample was selected from a population of about 463,000 returns. These returns were those which had gross sales, gross receipts, or total income each less than \$100,000 and were stratified by taxable and non-taxable status.

Additional stratification was obtained by means of the 64 district directors' offices since the foregoing design was applied to the returns in each office.

In the 1952 sample design the population was stratified by asset size and total income size. In the 1953 sample design the use of asset size was abandoned and the concept of volume of business was introduced as a basis of size stratification. This was done in order to have a sample plan which was technically sound as well as one which could be put into effect more easily in the 64 district directors' offices. As a result of this new type of stratification the number of returns in the 20 percent area was substantially increased. Furthermore, the sample was allocated on an optimum basis so as to minimize the sampling errors in the grand totals of most

major characteristics. Since volume of business, the principal basis of stratification, correlates highly with many of the deduction items, a gain over 1952 has been made relative to the precision of the data for these items.

Since there was no stratification by industry group or by asset size the number of returns in each industry group and in each asset size is subject to sampling error. However, the area of 100 percent coverage is large and therefore the sampling error on an overall basis for amount of total assets is only a fraction of 1 percent.

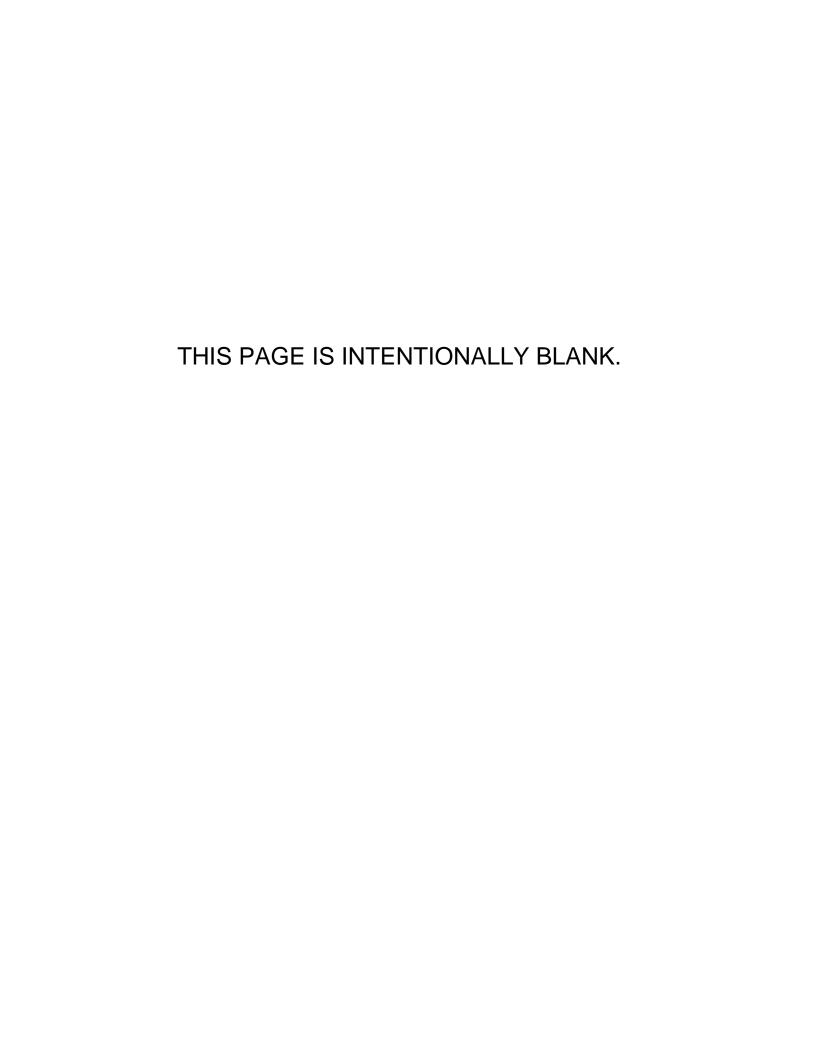
The maximum sample variability in the basic totals for all industry groups and asset sizes combined are as follows:

		Percent
Total numb	er of returns	 ± 0.25
Total net i:	come	 ±0.10
Total deficit	income	 ± 0.70
Total assets		 ± 0, 25

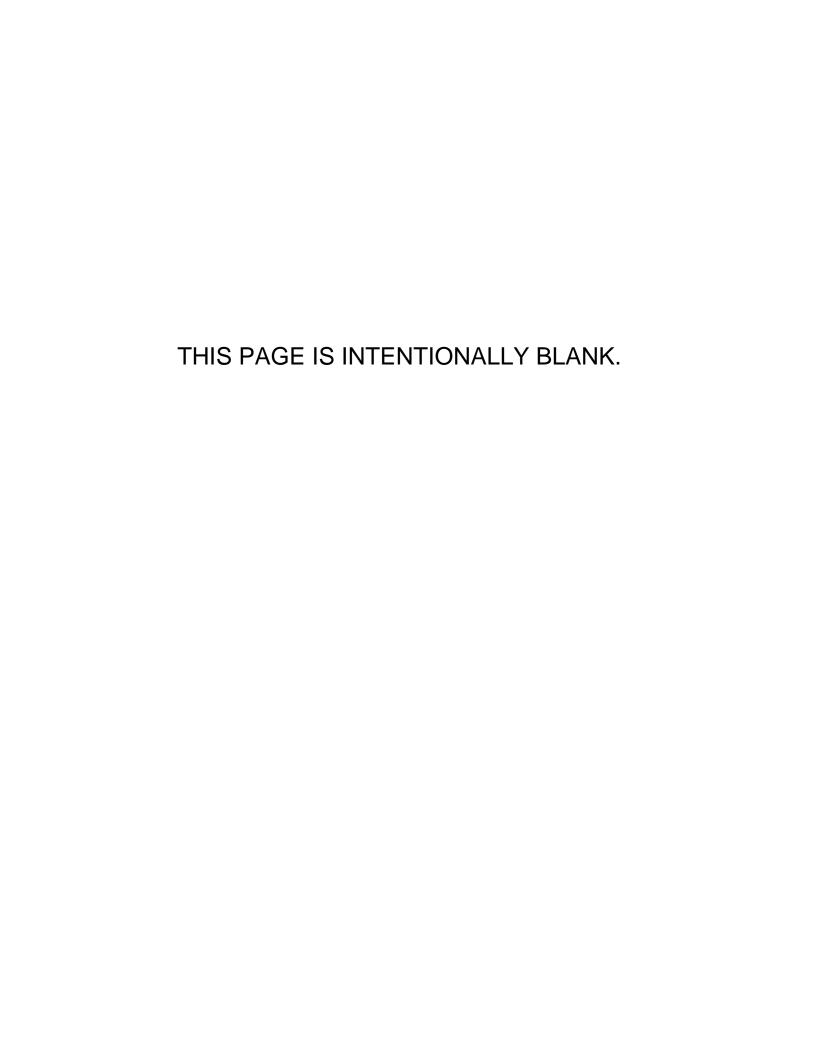
These limits will be exceeded in the long run in about 5 out of 100 similar samples of the 1953 corporation returns.

The sampling error for the various characteristics for the industry groups with the smallest frequencies—forestry, anthracite mining, tobacco manufacturing, and ordnance and accessories—are extremely small because the large corporations included 100 percent account for most of the very small money values as well as for 75 percent or more of gross sales.

In addition to sampling variability the data are subject to certain biases such as coverage and taxpayer errors since the data are derived from unaudited returns. Control over coverage was exerted through an extensive system of sample management. On an overall basis, the amount of bias in income or deficit as estimated from audited returns is probably in excess of the sampling variabilities given above.



TA	BLES FOR CORPORATION INCOME TAX RETURNS,	
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=			Returns with net income								Returns with no net income				
							Taxes		Dividends				Dividends	ı	
	Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups	Total number of returns	Number of returns	Total compiled receipts	Net income	Total tax	Income tax	Excess profits tax ¹	paid in cash and assets other than own stock	Number of returns	Total compiled receipts	Deficit	paid in cash and assets other than own stock		
				(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	l	
1	All industrial groups	697,975	441,767	506,450,081	41,819,445	19,869,049	18,255,625	1,613,424	11,422,624	256,208	51,792,181	2,334,758	178,133	1	
2	Agriculture, forestry, and fishery	9,405 8,693	4,963 4,671	1,911,644 1,843,398	180,926 169.591	72,839 68,910	71,522 67,602	1,317 1,308	46,836 45,542	4,442 4,022	480,999 455,709	68,904 64,785	2,492 2,181	2	
3 4	Farms and agricultural services	277	170	43,177	9,687	3,423 506	3,423 497	9	1,133 161	107 313	3,922 21,368	1,052 3,067	(²) 310	4 5	
5	Fishery	435 9,147	122 4,271	25,069 7,685,868	1,101,205	513,351	491,215	22,136	635,836	4,876	1,667,228	156,072	13,551	6	
6	Motol mining	730	205	1,257,904	231.090	113,154	104,228	8,926	132,706	525	135,026	16,499	1,423	7	
8	Tron	108	66	517,243	54,537	23,241 81,432	21,950 73,816	1,291 7,616	26,844 98,018	42 324	67,611 58,954	5,319 8,366	1,318	8 9	
9 10	Copper, lead, zinc, gold, silver	418 204	94 45	638,314	159,195 17,358	8,481	8,462	19	7,844	159	8,461	2,814	105	10	
11 12	Anthracite mining	230 1,572	80 632	101,867 1,530,402	15,178 72,593	2,133 28,825	2,117 28,620	16 205	7,053 39,159	150 940	305,112 519,420	13,553 31,230	2,788 2,485	11 12	
13	Crude petroleum and natural gas production	4,455	2,090	3,765,560 2,950,926	672,469 579,869	313,946 263,330	304,338 261,039	9,608 2,291	414,800 402,918	2,365 1,686	605,253 420,509	84,344 70,206	6,600 6,487	13 14	
14 15	Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gasoline Oil- and gas-field contract services	3,079 1,376	1,393 697	814,634	92,600	50,616	43,299	7,317	11,882	679	184,744	14,138	113	15	
16	Nonmetallic mining and quarrying	2,160	1,264	1,030,135	109,875 58,609	55,293 27,446	51,912 26,033	3,381 1,413	42,118 14,548	896 595	102,417 84,223	10,446 7,738	255 255	16 17	
17 18	Stone, sand, and gravel	1,659 501	1,064	717,743 312,392	51,266	27,847	25,879	1,968	27,570	301	18,194	2,708	-	18	
19	Construction	34,866	21,406	13,869,087	626,313	273,421 72,467	252,821 67,194	20,600 5,273	73,393 19,857	13,460 4,013	2,321,430 796,267	113,255 29,664	2,028 318	19 20	
20 21	General building contractors	10,560	6,547 3,160	5,013,750 4,217,640	170,322 252,844	116,466	107,759	8,707	34,824	1,646	548,849	33,000	621	21 22	
22	General contractors not allocable	495 17,923	246 10,996	90,966	3,982 192,753	1,523 80,454	1,440 74,110	6,344	353 17,847	249 6,927	18,027 914,047	1,272 45,994	1,089	23	
24	Other construction	1,082	457	138,060	6,412	2,511	2,318	193	512	625	44,240	3,325	-	24 25	
25	Manufecturing		78,380	263,970,665	22,251,202	12,160,679	10,771,452	1,389,227	5,831,655 120,227	42,706 1.026	17,151,197 351,751	829,856 19,351	44,952 504	26	
26 27	Beverages	2,716 2,186	1,690 1,376	6,993,509 877,313	420,430 79,311	220,053 37,426	208,803 35,404	11,250 2,022	21,427	810	94,429	6,680	280	27	
28	Malt liquors and malt	288 123	194 60	2,667,822 78,022	212,003	116,448 1,884	107,538 1,876	8,910	43,540 3,852	94 63	182,850 27,859	9,776 1,028	187 37	28 29 30	
29 30	Wines Distilled, rectified, and blended liquors	119	60	3,370,352	124,889	64,295	63,985	310	51,408	59	46,613	1,867			
31	Food and kindred products	10,978	6,969 1,049	32,891,749 11,669,928	1,329,467 168,676	683,322 82,761	650,725 80,800	32,597 1,961	405,913 90,360	4,009 338	2,942,411	67,251 10,483	2,036 614	31 32 33	
32 33	Meat products	1,604	1,083	4,022,349	177,717	95,746	87,754	7,992	42,865	521 755	154,222 376,570	7,869 17,012	107 248	33 34	
33 34 35	Canning fruits, vegetables, and seafood	1,752 1,229	997 806	3,058,791 4,257,953	164,653 142,550	86,170 71,637	79,884	6,286 2,148	34,412 28,523	423	245,850	5,935	202	35	
36	Bakery products	1,955	1,200	2,937,957	168,645	86,708	82,617	4,091	45,529	755 21	254,294 59,862	10,162	344 185	36 37	
37 38	Confectionery	795	96 409	1,448,249	76,062 102,543	38,296 53,438	37,432 50,498	864 2,940	29,319 32,460	386	152,182	6,614	46	38	
39	Cereal preparations	34 1,895	18 1,198	413,841 2,462,094	41,342 202,672	21,945 99,958	21,300 97,610	645 2,348	14,538 64,805	16 697	9,937 184,637	167 5,896	27 259	39 40	
40 41	Food and kindred products not allocable	210	113	1,346,289	84,607	46,663	43,341	3,322	23,102	97	38,552	1,442	4	41	
42	Tobacco manufactures	196 113	136 58	4,158,688 310,619	341,142 17,229	196,203 8,658	173,478 8,549	22,725	103,441 4,067	60 55	17,344 7,241	717 258	78	42 43	
43 44	Cigars Other tobacco manufactures	83	78	3,848,069	323,913	187,545	164,929	22,616	99,374	5	10,103	459	78	44	
45	Textile-mill products	5,842	3,529 368	10,568,204	644,382 86,055	317,928 42,538	310,027 41,963	7,901 575	166,821 27,538	2,313	2,099,677	129,740 9,380	6,817 568	45 46	
47	Broadwoven fabrics (woolen and worsted)	303	145	599,426	30,252	15,838	14,490	1,348	7,099	158 78	376,142 222,878	33,135 9,062	2,211 256	47 48	
48		298 484	220 301	2,599,291 256,841	197,005 16,178	99,193 7,391	98,994 6,884	507	47,379 3,542	183	57,154	2,245	254	49	
.,	thetic fiber).	2,030		1,771,349	82,470	39.055	37,730	1,325	14,028	855	347,060	17,606	681	50	
50 51	Tweing and finishing textiles, except knit goods	785	411	552,855	40,478	20,025	19,357	668 1,878	6,575	374 52	147,275 108,723	9,310 19,107	134 336	51 52	
52 53	Carpets and other 1100r coverings	129	77 99	759,331 105,501	63,052 3,685	31,598 1,616	29,720 1,607	9	1,309	46	22,238	1,047	95 1,087	53 54	
54 55	Other textile-mill products	925 166	638 95	1,676,071 984,055	82,140 43,067	38,675 21,999	37,656 21,626	1,019 373	21,208 24,158	287 71	322,753 233,674	14,863 13,985	1,195	55	
56	Apparel and products made from fabrics	14,608	8,369	7,198,030	220,442	96,275	93,538	2,737	32,960	6,239	1,745,571	68,733	1,370	56 57	
57	Men's clothing	2,953 6,852	1,951 3,964	2,635,726 3,085,329		41,895 33,404	41,507 31,910	388 1,494	15,149 7,978	2,888	432,876 878,321	15,079 33,067	288 874	58	
59	Millinery	603	296	102,924	1,645	491	490	1	112 15	307 656	53,437 66,145	3,237 4,325	15 137	59 60	
60	Fur goods	1,012	356 454	76,078 310,581	11,119	224 4,619	4,559	60	1,867	281	65,496	2,346 8,387	33 15	61 62	
62	Other fabricated textile products	1 2.102		824,693 162,699		12,229 3,413					201,590 47,706	2,292		63	
0.	Appeted and produced made from labited not allocaster	, ,,,,,	1 207	, 102,000	,	,		•							

Table 1.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, TOTAL COMPILED RECEIPTS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID—ALL RETURNS, BY MAJOR AND MINOR INDIBERIAL GROUPS—CONTINUE	

				Returns with net income							Roturns with no net income					
							Taxes		Dividends				Dividendo	1		
	Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups	Total number of returns	Number of returns	Total compiled receipts	Net income	Total tax	Income tax	Excess profits tax1	paid in cash and assets other than own stock	Number of returns	Total compiled receipts	Deficit	paid in cash and assets other than own stock	1		
				(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)			
	Manufacturing—Continued	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)]		
64	Lumber and wood products, except furniture. Logging camps, logging contractors, sawmills, and planing mills Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated structural wood products Wooden containers Other wood products.	5,789	3,591	4,708,185	342,853	133,558	130,830	2,728	75,675	2,198	758,371	39,562	1,850	64		
65		2,749	1,613	2,560,797	232,692	85,533	84,896	637	53,800	1,136	443,415	22,402	966	65		
66		1,365	937	1,340,310	69,226	30,378	28,902	1,476	14,087	428	168,306	9,135	243	60		
67		596	387	422,199	21,551	9,208	8,839	369	4,155	209	60,546	3,020	22	67		
68		1,079	654	384,879	19,384	8,439	8,193	246	3,633	425	86,104	5,005	619	68		
69 70 71 72 73	Furniture and fixtures Furniture—household, office, public building, and professional Pertitions, shelving, lockers; and office and store fixtures Window and door screens, shades, and venetian blinds Other furniture and fixtures	4,560 3,409 593 481 77	2,764 2,068 349 291 56	2,938,024 2,495,925 201,740 201,469 38,890	186,794 161,425 11,277 12,030 2,062	93,588 81,663 5,445 5,430 1,050	87,116 76,019 4,972 5,124 1,001	6,472 5,644 473 306 49	31,626 27,982 1,734 1,641 269	1,796 1,341 244 190 (²)	439,418 338,571 44,932 50,903	24,814 19,734 2,356 2,639 (²)	916 881 12 23 (²)	69 70 71 72 73		
74	Paper and allied products. Pulp, paper, and paperboard. Paper bags and paperboard containers and boxes. Pulp goods and other converted paper products.	2,695	2,074	8,125,461	957,030	515,832	474,179	41,653	221,653	621	259,426	18,749	147	74		
75		349	299	4,649,941	642,737	344,857	320,792	24,065	151,544	50	60,776	6,646	7	75		
76		1,375	1,031	2,016,939	187,972	102,342	91,612	10,730	51,636	344	100,194	4,199	24	76		
77		971	744	1,458,581	126,321	68,633	61,775	6,858	18,473	227	98,456	7,904	116	77		
78 79 80 81 82 83 84	Printing, publishing, and allied industries. Newspapers. Periodicals. Books. Commercial printing, including lithographing. Other printing and publishing. Printing, publishing, and allied industries not allocable.	13,602 3,039 1,243 799 5,532 2,588 401	9,427 2,274 680 476 3,976 1,795 226	7,841,005 2,899,711 1,101,361 692,590 2,308,799 603,928 234,616	663,023 311,626 81,916 56,068 148,949 42,335 22,129	337,296 164,332 42,691 28,403 71,032 18,664 12,174	309,767 150,074 38,239 26,462 66,667 17,510 10,815	27,529 14,258 4,452 1,941 4,365 1,154 1,359	134,816 66,048 21,067 11,560 24,875 9,217 2,049	4,175 765 563 323 1,556 793 175	716,987 187,980 167,827 87,598 203,663 56,844 13,075	37,301 9,466 12,132 4,603 7,988 2,344 768	761 105 60 211 242 134	78 79 80 81 82 83 84		
85	Chemicals and allied products	7,703	4,669	17,917,808	2,386,653	1,329,111	1,163,050	166,061	692,842	3,034	927,664	56,896	5,575	85		
86		313	222	1,408,246	165,819	87,216	81,566	5,650	49,740	91	35,116	5,715	12	86		
87		700	438	3,618,547	839,920	502,331	396,498	105,833	224,208	262	54,154	16,313	51	87		
88	Drugs and medicines	1,323	750	1,796,480	253,238	132,617	123,821	8,796	82,021	573	80,782	5,685	190	88		
89		1,092	632	1,653,681	142,228	75, 89 2	71,683	4,209	41,277	460	291,671	7,322	201	89		
90		1,190	795	2,087,925	151,259	80,557	74,421	6,136	47,063	395	63,861	2,951	123	90		
91	Perfumes, cosmetics, and other toilet preparations	584	288	516,203	58,973	31,895	29,238	2,657	11,030	296	75,258	3,035	636	91		
92		412	266	706,851	50,013	26,190	24,108	2,082	11,759	146	127,732	3,836	4,124	92		
93		535	345	1,526,290	60,654	29,649	29,430	219	14,287	190	96,645	4,625	96	93		
94		1,223	779	1,542,076	187,487	104,962	90,883	14,079	46,785	444	67,355	5,982	138	94		
95		331	154	3,061,509	477,062	257,802	241,402	16,400	164,672	177	35,090	1,432	4	95		
96	Petroleum and coal products Petroleum refining Other petroleum and coal products	620	447	26,318,954	1,914,038	742,995	735,127	7,868	1,213,732	173	407,701	7,600	2,056	96		
97		230	174	25,347,568	1,831,449	698,414	693,848	4,566	1,195,832	56	371,078	6,348	1,655	97		
98		390	273	971,386	82,589	44,581	41,279	3,3 0 2	17,900	117	36,623	1,252	401	98		
99	Rubber products Tires and inner tubes Other rubber products, including rubberized fabrics and clothing	824	568	4,922,761	411,784	227,744	204,945	22,799	81,814	256	133,994	5,291	205	99		
100		28	26	3,878,740	328,992	183,777	164,470	19,307	69,574	2	42,133	1,029	13	100		
101		796	542	1,044,021	82,792	43,967	40,475	3,492	12,240	254	91,861	4,262	192	101		
102	Leather and products Leather, tanned, curried, and finished Footwear, except rubber. Other leather products.	2,898	1,671	2,754,279	126,241	62,994	58,753	4,241	28,605	1,227	494,547	18,261	738	102		
103		384	242	438,110	16,015	6,659	6,563	96	3,421	142	141,518	4,798	391	103		
104		1,042	671	1,799,150	85,481	43,365	41,245	2,120	22,117	371	210,832	6,769	265	104		
105		1,472	758	517,019	24,745	12,970	10,945	2,025	3,067	714	142,197	6,694	82	105		
106	Stone, clay, and glass products	4,268	2,944	6,249,443	785,182	443,773	392,077	51,696	194 ,8 66	1,324	276,354	17,475	850	106		
107		640	384	1,755,505	227,021	130,132	114,646	15,486	62,574	256	58,906	4,570	52	107		
108		74	62	689,920	153,858	89,119	79,008	10,111	37,437	(²)	(²)	(-)	(²)	108		
109		692	475	622,646	57,766	28,662	27,319	1,343	15,705	217	53,499	2,450	208	109		
110	Pottery and related products. Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products. Cut-stone and stone products. Abrasives, sabestos, and other nonmetallic mineral products.	390	217	228,456	13,529	6,588	6,297	291	2,292	173	46,499	3,232	32	110		
111		1,444	1,072	1,229,805	136,434	73,693	66,354	7,339	26,083	372	56,467	3,285	257	111		
112		337	225	100,473	3,975	1,604	1,559	45	1,065	112	10,483	785	16	112		
113		691	509	1,622,638	192,599	113,975	96,894	17,081	49,710	182	46,272	2,956	58	113		
114	Primary metal industries. Blast furnaces, steelworks, and rolling mills. Iron and steel foundries. Smelting, refining, rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals.	3,076	2,282	23,038,541	2,253,275	1,287,133	1,151,509	135,624	480,693	794	428,094	23,400	2,187	114		
115		147	126	13,928,034	1,405,466	794,994	729,711	65,283	274,758	21	26,568	2,628	74	115		
116		945	729	1,833,174	177,833	103,054	88,775	14,279	30,609	216	125,948	9,319	241	116		
117		400	301	4,830,506	442,644	254,701	219,973	34,728	145,512	99	102,041	4,021	1,059	117		
118	Nonferrous foundries. Other primary metal industries. Primary metal industries not allocable.	872	591	545,293	36,264	18,876	16,703	2,173	4,237	281	58,452	3,821	36	118		
119		612	482	1,759,829	179,649	108,686	90,669	18,017	23,477	130	87,494	3,215	625	119		
120		100	53	141,705	11,419	6,822	5,678	1,144	2,100	47	27,591	396	152	120		

Table 1.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, TOTAL COMPILED RECEIPTS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID—ALL RETURNS, BY MAJOR AND MINOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

	Table 1.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, TOTAL COMPIL			Returns with net income							Returns with no net income						
							Taxes		Dividends				Dividends	ı			
	Mejor industrial groups and minor industrial groups	Total number of returns	Number of returns	Total compiled receipts	Net income	Total tex	Income tax	Excess profits tax1	paid in cash and assets other than own stock	Number of returns	Total compiled receipts	Deficit	paid in cash and assets other than own stock				
1				(Thousand	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousend doilers)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)				
ŀ		(1)	(2)_	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	l			
- 1	Manufacturing—Continued																
121	Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transpor-	10,716	7,775	13,129,081	1,086,467	578,990	525,635	53,355	210,821	2,941	1,113,360	50,838	1,785	121			
122 123 124 125	tation equipment. Tin cams and other tinware	69 1,066 994 2,964 2,518	45 681 671 2,340	1,367,657 1,165,881 2,337,100 3,013,164 2,257,387	94,637 136,120 172,191 241,123 173,181	47,123 72,020 89,095 127,073 93,821	46,261 65,756 84,730 115,362 83,294	862 6,264 4,365 11,711 10,527	28,036 37,615 40,393 31,531 28,265	24 385 323 624 688	4,339 130,654 248,702 233,465 156,363	178 7,434 7,447 11,204 8,645	530 707 172 156	124 125			
126 127	Metal stamping, coating, and engraving Lighting fixtures	582	1,830 367	320,499	14,127	7,002	6,355	647	1,811	215	72,624	3,894	47	127			
128 129 130	Fabricated wire products Other fabricated metal products. Fabricated metal products not allocable.	643 1,561 319	465 1,165 211	738,662 1,399,893 528,838	67,180 142,880 45,028	37,722 80,325 24,809	32,689 69,452 21,736	5,033 10,873 3,073	12,507 21,038 9,625	178 396 108	107,586 133,454 26,173	4,977 5,604 1,455	I	129 130			
131 132 133 134 135	Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical	11,610 89 577 566 2,953 1,634	8,157 50 362 406 2,298 1,088	22,339,320 873,379 3,637,125 2,127,261 3,500,307 1,862,230	2,214,132 68,545 254,106 247,694 498,118 173,557	1,268,526 41,147 136,934 137,631 312,117 88,627	1,100,809 34,758 129,249 121,732 248,113 83,158	167,717 6,389 7,685 15,899 64,004 5,469	425,479 12,370 80,941 44,088 59,763 37,040	3,453 39 215 160 655 546	1,259,297 4,477 95,811 60,264 115,272 180,324	70,330 810 6,094 5,972 6,747 11,855	299 264	132 133 134 135			
136 137	General industry machinery	1,387	1,035	3,164,812	302,317	170,062	150,545	19,517	58,170	352	138,609	6,954	8,954 6				
138 139 140 141	Office and store machines. Service-industry and household machines. Other machinery parts, and machine shops. Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical, not allocable.	308 676 3,026 394	180 386 2,051 301	1,743,667 2,517,191 1,760,953 1,152,395	213,817 164,726 191,092 100,160	124,123 93,521 108,703 55,661	108,865 83,421 91,079 49,889	15,258 10,100 17,624 5,772	45,023 41,055 27,113 19,916	128 290 975 93	20,296 467,034 139,307 37,903	2,821 14,431 11,877 2,769	1,015 141	139 140			
142 143	Electrical machinery and equipment Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus.	3,467 1,079	2,398 823	16,442,377 5,537,728	1,607,139 691,992	957,503 437,924	808,238 347,997	149,265 89,927	347,400 156,671	1,069 256	464,532 109,246	32,849 8,907	457 167	143			
144 145 146	Electrical appliances	281 115 127	163 75 72	541,280 801,747 428,007	48,263 83,935 43,187	25,809 52,803 25,840	24,527 43,188 21,775	1,282 9,615 4,065	9,109 11,267 13,885	118 40 55	48,605 16,483 15,657	4,579 1,169 1,299	-	145 146			
147 148	Electric lamps Radio, radar, and television equipment (except radio tubes), and phonographs.	50 1,059	34 754	32,933 4,090,107	1,693 326,120	766 183,482	687 163,879	79 19,603	360 · 55,719	16 305	3,027 209,086	12,600	1	l.			
149 150 151	Other communication equipment and related products Other electrical products, including batteries Electrical machinery and equipment not allocable	312 316 128	199 173 105	2,524,062 501,741 1,984,772	211,469 27,844 172,636	125,288 14,442 91,149	107,731 13,578 84,876	17,557 864 6,273	51,867 7,096 41,426	113 143 23	33,315 24,768 4,345	2,531 1,195 486	4	150 151			
152 153 154 155 156 157	Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles	1,198 470 589 82 17 40	733 334 311 63 15	11,611,552 8,813,902 886,102 1,810,330 90,518 10,700	805,416 601,666 61,931 137,699 3,380 740	507,312 394,453 31,702 79,167 1,626 364	490,434 301,665 28,649 68,163 1,624 333	106,878 92,788 3,053 11,004 2	127,968 77,658 9,224 40,138 747 201	465 136 278 19 2 30	403,653 226,683 160,418 10,163 3,038 3,351	23,249 11,098 11,808 197 40	720 951 114	153 154			
158 159 160	Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical	1,181 446 735	783 322 461	23,942,472 20,923,049 3,019,423	2,727,315 2,414,843 312,472	1,702,718 1,519,903 182,815	1,393,963 1,236,942 157,021	- 308,755 282,961 25,794	576,704 505,309 71,395	398 124 274	1,047,725 886,931 160,794	50,673 44,225 6,448	1,302	159			
161 162	Ordnance and accessories	126 30	65 17	644,553 96,406	71,683 10,598	45,015 6,054	35,973 5,419	9,042 635	12,760 1,431	61 13	19,033 11,478	1,755 498					
163 164	arms. Small arms ammunition Other ordnance and accessories	18 78	17 31	292,426 255,721	51,082 10,003	33,021 5,940	25,665 4,889	7,356 1,051	10,958 371	1 47	769 6,786	1,077	5	1			
165 166	Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments, including photographic and optical goods.	1,965 1,876	1,295 1,221	3,944,134 3,467,386	417,931 383,885	246,337 227,978	210,453 193,221	35,884 34,757	87,633 80,759	670 655	133,822 125,160	9,618 8,88	286	166			
167	photographic and optical goods. Watches, clocks and clockwork-operated devices	89	74	476,748	- 34,046	18,359	17,232	1,127	6,874	15	8,662	731	1	167			
168 169 170 171 172	Other manufacturing. Jewelry (precious metal), silverware, plated ware. Costume Jewelry, except precious metal Fabricated plastic products, except plastic materials. Manufacturing not elsewhere classified.	10,448 769 543 1,440 7,696	6,044 458 273 916 4,397	5,292,535 443,696 134,006 647,689 4,067,144	338,383 23,380 5,339 36,372 273,292	166,473 11,101 2,421 17,518 135,433	2,206 15,271	14,450 139 215 2,247 11,849	5,756 284 2,229	4,404 311 270 524 3,299	710,465 68,465 44,322 112,609 485,069	55,40 3,11 1,96 9,37 40,95	131 3 2 1 17	169 170 7 171			

Table 1.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, TO	TAL COMPILED RECEIPTS, NET INCOM	Æ OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PA	AID—ALL RETURNS, BY MAJOR AND MINOR INDUSTRIAL GI	tOUPS—Continued

			Returns with net income							Returns with no net income					
							Taxes		Dividends				Dividends	7	
	Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups	Total number of returns	Number of returns	Total compiled receipts	Not income	Total tax	Income tax	Excess profits tax1	paid in cash and assets other than own stock	Number of returns	Total compiled receipts	Deficit	paid in cash and assets other than own stock	h	
			<u> </u>	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Tho _{usand} dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(2)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)		
73	Public utilities	29,937	18,688	37,791,542	5,191,336	2,550,139	2,520,974	29,165	2,001,147	11,249	3,018,588	154,220	13,722	2 1	
.74 .75 .76 .77 .78	Transportation. Railroads, railway express. Urban, suburban, and interurban railway (with or without buses). Trucking and warchousing. Other motor vehicle transportation, including taxicabs and buses Pipe line transportation.	21,577 547 85 11,438 4,801 130	13,392 409 45 7,718 2,559 85	21,026,021 11,293,226 205,127 4,008,154 1,056,990 451,942	1,870,291 1,082,723 16,034 215,954 90,675 113,296	889,402 523,795 6,867 95,312 37,396 60,709	872,246 521,130 6,828 89,507 36,434 56,982	17,156 2,665 39 5,805 962 3,727	525,159 335,613 7,610 29,172 31,728 36,495	8,185 138 40 3,720 2,242 45	2,787,773 896,885 293,879 712,671 262,468 67,649	129,631 30,251 14,346 23,499 13,356 4,536	12,660 9,146 2,071 716 269	6 1 1 1 6 1 9 1	
80 81 82 83	Water transportation. Air transportation and allied services. Services incidental to transportation. Other transportation.	1,615 651 2,218 92	962 307 1,271 36	1,932,262 1,361,875 694,206 22,239	166,676 121,794 60,000 3,139	78,420 56,836 28,564 1,503	76,123 56,677 27,135 1,430	2,297 159 1,429 73	51,590 18,133 14,196 622	653 344 947 56	323,993 93,156 134,752 2,320	27,408 7,551 8,114 57.	241 64 134	4 :	
84 85 86 87 88	Communication. Telephone (wire or radio). Telegraph (wire and radio). Radio broadcasting and television. Other communication.	4,800 2,775 6 1,957 (²)	2,964 1,729 4 1,221 (²)	6,256,352 5,192,170 278,201 782,963 (²)	1,203,838 1,078,697 24,882 100,046 (²)	586,996 524,018 10,385 52,517 (²)	581,132 523,371 10,385 47,300 (²)	5,864 647 - 5,217 (²)	507,196 491,856 5,135 10,205 (²)	1,836 1,046 2 736 (²)	97,661 19,572 2,458 73,700 (²)	14,713 1,258 23 13,009 (²)	281 194 - 87 (²)	4 1 - 1	
.89 .90 .91	Electric and gas utilities Electric light and power Gas production and distribution, except natural gas production	1,266 604 662	1,000 496 504	10,274,173 7,239,153 3,035,020	2,069,716 1,650,330 419,386	1,052,634 839,471 213,163	1,046,639 834,707 211,932	5,995 4,764 1,231	950,648 741,825 208,823	266 108 158	91,025 34,113 56,912	7,154 1,017 6,137	269 - 269	9 :	
.92 .93 .94	Other public utilities Water supply Public utilities not elsewhere classified	2,294 1,741 553	1,332 1,082 250	234,996 181,014 53,982	47,491 41,097 6,394	21,107 18,460 2,647	20,957 18,389 2,568	150 71 79	18,144 14,719 3,425	962 659 303	42,129 7,793 34,336	2,722 995 1,727	512 512		
95 96 97	Trade. Wholesale Commission merchants.	228,360 74,101 9,940	143,602 49,591 5,978	70,856,614 3,234,380	4,524,569 1,898,780 125,666	2,068,465 855,033 50,255	1,984,308 816,863 47,913	84,157 38,170 2,342	912,476 338,867 17,723	84,758 24,510 3,962	22,482,505 10,643,400 804,417	591,929 230,924 24,940	26,461 15,880 2,305	0	
98 99 00 01 02 03	Other wholesalers Food Alcoholic beverages. Apparel and dry goods. Chemicals, paints, and drugs. Hardware, electrical goods, plumbing and heating equipment	64,161 8,598 2,158 5,690 2,845 7,009	43,613 5,777 1,467 3,345 1,962 5,170	67,622,234 13,001,827 4,062,442 3,323,877 3,421,903 8,021,644	1,773,114 201,228 64,056 79,401 146,392 240,432	804,778 88,941 28,821 34,387 68,173 114,042	768,950 85,166 27,926 33,374 64,124 107,770	35,828 3,775 895 1,013 4,049 6,272	321,144 38,075 14,141 15,058 32,333 43,331	20,548 2,821 691 2,345 883 1,839	9,838,983 2,176,629 277,144 876,563 179,434 841,396	205,984 28,740 7,328 23,594 6,542 23,224	13,575 1,515 5,232 680 74 1,074	5 5 2 0 4	
04 05 06 07 08	Lumber, millwork, and construction materials	4,661 6,530 3,323 21,090 2,257	3,444 4,707 2,329 13,988 1,424	3,845,996 5,115,080 5,934,985 18,866,283 2,028,197	105,559 219,824 92,319 581,314 42,589	44,535 101,179 40,507 266,046 18,147	42,914 95,258 39,870 255,166 17,382	1,621 5,921 637 10,880 765	13,749 32,524 18,040 105,119 8,774	1,217 1,823 994 7,102 833	488,414 394,984 1,258,374 2,994,221 351,824	9,880 13,482 13,720 67,864 11,610	366 278 464 3,539 353	8 :	
09 10	Retail. Food	134,631 9,975	82,160 6,166	69,025,683 18,056,998	2,389,283 394,009	1,116,920 202,521	1,074,417	42,503 11,668	522,268 75,842	52,471 3,809	10,743,524 778,675	316,330 17,309	9,503 425	- 1	
11 12 13 14 15	General merchandise. Department stores. Mail-order houses. Variety stores. Other general merchandise.	7,946 2,646 795 891 3,614	5,208 2,080 290 543 2,295	16,716,888 13,046,419 475,016 2,437,674 757,779	991,815 777,770 15,199 172,918 25,928	517,356 410,345 7,276 89,839 9,896	497,203 392,022 7,078 88,324 9,779	20,153 18,323 198 1,515	296,409 222,736 2,242 66,098 5,333	2,738 566 505 348 1,319	579,888 348,074 45,239 43,101 143,474	23,963 13,483 2,517 1,271 6,692	843 504 24 5 310	4 3	
16 17	Apparel and accessories. Furniture and house furnishings.	17,269 12,776	11,010 7,713	4,844,426 2,585,886	167,478 95,015	67,984 35,004	66,802 34,545	1,1 8 2 459	30,659 12,350	6,259 5,063	952,077 837,434	32,993 41,521	1,784 1,618		
18 19 20 21	Automotive dealers and filling stations. Automobiles and trucks. Parts, accessories, tires, batteries. Filling stations.	24,667 18,765 2,560 3,342	14,593 10,952 1,591 2,050	15,044,637 13,323,838 740,413 980,386	332,560 279,176 26,413 26,971	137,085 114,853 10,967 11,265	134,689 112,884 10,813 10,992	2,396 1,969 154 273	41,025 33,696 4,945 2,384	10,074 7,813 969 1,292	4,712,096 4,430,287 146,069 135,740	98,912 88,481 6,536 3,895	2,⊶20 1,818 584 18	8 :	
22	Drug stores Eating and drinking places	5,930 18,202	3,989 8,602	1,492,9 8 7 1,935,117	50,3 8 5 71, 0 33	21,850 27,595	20,599 25,900	1,251 1,695	10,461 10,604	1,941 9,600	235,810 806,563	6,530 29,558	274 143	4	
24 25 26	Building materials and hardware. Lumber and building materials. Hardware and farm equipment.	15,334 9,106 6,228	10,446 6,730 3,716	3,952,872 2,965,158 987,714	142,520 112,720 29,800	52,858 42,038 10,820	51,638 41,058 10,580	1,220 980 240	24,091 19,263 4,828	4,888 2,376 2,512	745,147 400,291 344,856	29,664 14,317 15,347	1,106 749 357	∍	
27 28 29 30	Other retail trade. Liquor atores. Jewelry stores. Other retail stores. Retail trade not allocable.	22,532 2,566 2,768 14,067 3,131	14,433 1,642 1,626 9,296 1,869	4,395,872 295,667 404,930 2,920,621 774,654	144,468 6,158 17,705 97,495 23,110	54,667 1,772 6,276 38,269 8,350	52,188 1,765 6,179 36,023 8,221	2,479 7 97 2,246 129	20,827 474 2,168 14,793 3,392	8,099 924 1,142 4,771 1,262	1,095,834 112,292 133,819 622,966 226,757	35,880 2,102 7,934 19,287 6,557	890 60 64 356 410	5	
32	Trade not allocable	19,628	11,851	7,634,341	236,506	96,512	93,028	3,484	51,341	7,777	1,095,581	44,675	1,078	3	

Table 1.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, TOTAL COMPILED RECEIPTS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID—ALL RETURNS, BY MAJOR AND MINOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

			Returns with net income							Returns with no net income				
							Taxes		Dividends				Dividends	İ
	Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups	Total number of returns	Number of returns	Total compiled receipts	Net income	Total tax	Income tax	Excess profits tax1	paid in cash and assets other than own stock	Number of returns	Total compiled receipts	Deficit	paid in cash and assets other than own stock	
				(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	1
233 F	Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property	195,207	133,891	23,654,257	7,184,350	1,902,205	1,857,697	44,508	1,764,221	61,316	2,520,657	263,039	,	233
234	Finance	44,166	31,583	9,643,447	3,010,685	1,099,377	1,074,718	24,659	1,263,458	12,583	1,356,733	61,717		234
235 236 237	Banks and trust companies Banks and trust companies other than mutual savings banks Mutual savings banks	14,486 14,013 473	13,771 13,451 320	6,167,813 5,519, 8 66 647,947	1,604,400 1,583,620 20,780	750,431 1 748,467 31,964	728,110 726,146 ³ 1,964	22,321 22,321 -	478,497 478,161 336	715 562 153	254,389 40,297 214,092	12,089 5,464 6,625 31,579	583 -	236 237
238 239 240 241 242 243	Credit agencies other than banks. Savings and loan, building and loan associations. Personal credit agencies. Business credit agencies. Other credit agencies. Credit agencies and finance not allocable.	21,391 5,520 4,938 2,721 1,480 6,732	12,135 1,393 3,832 1,903 1,169 3,838	2,156,514 209,450 899,473 832,303 128,914 86,374	539,728 23,644 257,813 206,852 23,642 27,777	249,749 7,528 118,785 105,414 9,395 8,627	248,152 7,528 117,591 105,343 9,194 8,496	1,597 1,194 71 201 131	132,539 4,111 71,669 48,994 3,387 4,378	9,256 4,127 1,106 818 311 2,894	1,048,779 965,150 39,127 11,341 13,419 19,742	3,647 6,110 5,003 2,192 14,627	33,888 305 430 34 21,269	239 240 241 242 243
244 245 246	Holding and other investment companies. Operating-holding companies Other investment and holding companies.	6,671 1,066 5,605	4,713 805 3,908	1,097,342 242,657 854,685	826,034 138,208 687,826	85,504 35,068 50,436	85,128 35,045 50,083	376 23 353	643,678 95,418 548,260	1,958 261 1,697	18,665 1,368 17,297	14,160 2,840 11,320	,	245 246
247	Security and commodity-exchange brokers and dealers	1,618	964	221,778	40,523	13,693	13,328	365	8,744	654 3,102	34,900 268,340	3,889 38,357	128 2,841	247
248	Insurance carriers and agents	12,293 2,868	9,191	9,875,839	3,124,609 3,047,946	431,151 402,189	420,199 393,061	10,952 9,128	266,783 247,229	3,102	179,837	29,682	2,045	249
249 250 251	Insurance carriers. Life insurance companies. Mutual insurance, except life or marine or fire insurance companies issuing perpetual policies.	1,001 736	964 696	2,754,161 82,953	2,432,144 61,925	160,926 25,378	160,862 25,378	64	81,817 20,027	37 40	489 325	156 99	340	251
252	Other insurance carriers	1,131	848	6,435,813	553,877	215,885	206,821	9,064	145,385	283	179,023	29,427 8,675	1,705 796	252
253	Insurance agents and brokers	9,425	6,683	602,912	76,663	28,962	27,138	1,824	19,554	2,742	88,503		5,362	1
254 255 256 257 258 259	Real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings Real estate operators, including lessors of buildings Developers of real property, including traders on own account Real estate agents, brokers, and managers Title abstract companies Other real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings.	132,960 100,833 17,152 4,315 1,265 9,395	89,493 70,873 10,640 2,720 750 4,510	3,810,579 2,994,170 429,277 157,929 59,792 169,411	896,199 669,379 143,835 19,934 11,563 51,488	299,681 226,029 47,538 6,304 4,746 15,064	293,448 222,054 45,916 6,200 4,443 14,835	6,233 3,975 1,622 104 303 229	152,906 126,028 7,950 1,620 3,787 13,521	43,467 29,960 6,512 1,595 515 4,885	849,449 729,993 56,245 33,731 5,564 23,916	155,160 108,096 34,233 2,831 747 9,253	3,037 918 - 5 1,402	255 256 257 258 259
260 261 262 263 264 265	Lessors of real property, except buildings. Agricultural, forest, and similar properties. Mining, oil, and similar properties. Railroad property. Public-utility property. Other real property, except buildings.	5,788 1,090 2,580 301 67 1,750	3,624 573 1,774 172 56 1,049	324,392 20,832 163,411 93,515 31,711 14,923	152,857 9,110 76,152 43,846 15,749 8,000	71,996 3,305 35,913 22,071 7,950 2,757	69,332 3,286 33,612 21,794 7,950 2,690	2,664 19 2,301 277 - 67	81,074 3,721 58,957 13,488 2,302 2,606	2,164 517 806 129 (²) 701	46,135 2,756 10,528 30,626 (²) 2,144	7,805 1,316 3,510 1,557 (2) 1,363	797 - 797 - (²)	260 261 262 263 264 265
266	Services	63,517	35,477	9,982,826	749,682	323,832	302,002	21,830	156,252	28,040	2,117,724	141,331	6,689	266
267	Hotels and other lodging places	6,954	3,678	1,365,023	108,170	45,984	44,508	1,476	20,225	3,276	375,774	24,720	424	267
268 269 270 271	Personal services. Laundries, cleaners, and dyers. Photographic studios, including commercial photography Other personal services.	12,730 7,069 1,038 4,623	7,576 3,944 700 2,932	1,467,957 1,085,379 88,082 294,496	80,917 56,395 3,556 20,966	30,718 22,764 1,096 6,858	29,099 21,349 1,063 6,687	1,619 1,415 33 171	11,237 7,063 291 3,883	5,154 3,125 338 1,691	398,043 318,603 17,889 61,551	17,808 13,311 778 3,719	1,215 1,135 1 79	269 270 271
272 273 274	Business services	14,446 3,095 11,351	8,748 2,055 6,693	3,108,944 1,694,917 1,414,027	227,053 90,499 136,554	101,016 45,199 55,817	92,863 40,650 52,213	8,153 4,549 3,604	48,422 17,576 30,846	5,698 1,040 4,658	341,377 110,765 230,612	24,521 4,780 19,741	2,422 48 2,374	273 274
275 276	Automotive repair services and garages	6,169 4,000	3,769 2,078	533,963 401,493	40,870 20,928	14,042 8,514	13,567 7,765	475 749	6,980 756	2,400 1,922	160,187 89,083	7,644 7,610	1,121 50	
277 278 279	Motion pictures. Motion picture production. Motion picture theaters.	6,118 1,630 4,488	3,215 675 2,540	1,550,103 835,719 714,384	120,092 60,433 59,659	52,407 30,770 21,637	49,864 28,559 21,305	2,543 2,211 332	44,405 16,634 27,771	2,903 955 1,948	426,612 166,440 260,172	26,077 12,233 13,844	988 50 938	278 279
280 281	Amusement, except motion pictures	6,423 6,677	2,987 3,426	660,685 894,658	78,991 72,661	36,505 34,646	34,249 30,087	2,256 4,559	14,640 9,587	3,436 3,251	151,106 175,542	14,651 18,300	406 63	
282	Nature of business not allocable	6,450	1,089	67,554	9,862	4,118	3;634	484	808	5,361	31,853	16,152	173	282

Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after December 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.

Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in each total.

Income tax of mutual savings banks includes tax of separate life insurance departments computed at the special rates provided for life insurance companies by the Internal Revenue Code (1939).

For treatment of life insurance companies, see text, pp. 9-10.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

		1		Reti	ırns with ex	ess prof	ts tax liab	oility			Ret	urns with no	excess prof	its tax liab	ility
	l			_		Unused			Taxes						Unused
	Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups	Number of returns	Net income	Excess profits net income	Excess profits credit	excess profits credit adjust- ment	Adjusted excess profits net income	Total tax	Income tax	Excess profits tax1	Number of returns	Net income	Excess profits net income	Excess profits credit	excess profit credit adjust ment
	l		(Thousand dollers)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand doilers)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	1	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousar dollars
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
	All industrial groups	26,567	16,793,021	16,437,271	10,406,782	78,518	5,834,803	10,043,926	8,430,502	1,613,424	46,786	20,367,253	19,582,965	32,154,102	318,54
	Agriculture, forestry, and fishery	234	19,589	19,759	11,671	398	7,488	10,069	8,752	1,317	348	117,689	106,579	135,589	1,35
	Farms and agricultural services	233	19,516	19,686	11,646	398	7,440	10,028	8,720	1,308	332	114,335	104,888	132,648	87
	ForestryFishery	ī	73	73	25]	48	41	32	9	9 7	2,710 644	1,107 584	1,698 1,243	44
	Mining and quarrying	392	287,502	253,617	161,682	2,133	85,581	162,801	140,665	22,136	751	325,967	233,155	477,942	4,21
	Metal mining		141,414	110,529	72,161	-	37,594	76,792	67,866	8,926	40	43,403	26,355	51,963	1,23
	Iron		13,907	10,007 91,425	5,139 63,590]	4,194 27,835	7,938 64,111	6,647 56,495	1,291 7,616	20 14	30,281	17,722 7,108	28,042 22,597	84
	Other metal mining	3	9,148	9,097	3,432	-	5,565	4,743	4,724	19	6	1,551	1,525	1,324	39
	Anthracite mining. Bituminous coal and lignite mining	8 15	247 3,717	262 3,577	202 2,346	61	60 1,033	101 2,020	85 1,815	16 205	11 167	14,259 61,997	2,208 44,564	6,412	604
	Crude petroleum and natural gas production	208	89,575	87,246	48,049	1,421	34,462	54,083	44,475	9,608	317	159,012	117,393	211,158	1,72
	Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gasoline Oil- and gas-field contract services	69 139	26,150 63,425	26,042 61,204	16,708 31,341	1,293	8,041 26,421	15,308 38,775	13,017 31,458	2,291 7,317	229 88	141,719 17,293	102,128 15,265	188,974 22,184	1,25
	Nonmetallic mining and quarrying		52,549	52,003	38,924	651	12,432	29,805	26,424	3,381	216	47,296	42,635	63,849	50
	Stone, sand, and gravel	124 14	17,117	16,778	10,463	614 37	5,701	9,503	8,090 18,334	1,413 1,968	181 35	33,952 13,344	31,470 11,165	47,483 16,366	33. 16
	Construction	1	35,432 230,141	35,225 227,926	28,461 133,080	4,599	6,731 86,201	20,302	109,732	20,600	1,724	232,886	216,404	308,242	19,64
	General building contractors	440	57,324	58,237	33,800	688	23,030	32,216	26,943	5,273	455	62,996	60,257	92,655	4,81
	General contractors not allocable	416	101,334	97,504 943	57,601 601	2,607	35,372 343	58,331 519	49,624 436	8,707 83	568 9	113,500	99,891	134,409	12,09
	Special trade contractorsOther construction	651 25	68,081	68,770 2,472	39,982 1,096	1,287	26 ,709 747	37,949 1,317	31,605 1,124	6,344 193	683 9	53,921 1,285	53,774 1,282	77,011 2,292	2,71
	Manufacturing		13,313,405	13,006,257	7,915,306	46,849	4,969,663	8,134,281	6,745,054	1,389,227	13,994	8,014,935	7,836,539	12,513,446	152,36
	Beverages	153	125,161	125,463	86,092	437	39,266	75,019	63,769	11,250	429	279,516	276,985	450,895	6,25
	Nonalcoholic beverages	113 34	24,456 96,083	24,354 96,432	16,636 66,483	382 45	7,333	14,047 58,290	12,025 49,380	2,022 8,910	257 116	41,093	39,867 114,419	45,923	1,63
	Wines Distilled, rectified, and blended liquors	2 4	264 4,358	264 4,413	227 2,746	10	27 1,668	134 2,548	126 2,238	8 310	22 34	3,530 120,265	4,651 118,048	7,068	156
	Food and kindred products	653	626,947	606,586	474,382	7,415	122,444	350,942	318,345	32,597	1,634	645,297	642,703	875,576	41,40
	Meat products	149 81	31,559 141,023	31,348 138,342	22,710 108,823	761 2,121	7,451 27,356	17,452 80,488	15,491 72,496	1,961 7,992	300 166	129,762 27,878	128,961 27,312	169,277 37,396	20,39
	Canning fruits, vegetables, and seafoods	68	71,521	71,677	48,704	313	22,496	42,996	36,710	6,286	266	85,047	85,430	135,081	3,52
l	Grain mill products, except cereal preparations Bakery products	99 136	50,017 92,692	51,017 91,134	38,395 76,139	1,155 156	10,786 14,769	27,598 51,048	25,450 46,957	2,148 4,091	245 253	87,663 68,984	91,356 70,035	126,874 90,576	2,81
	Sugar	12	24,212	24,034	20,786	55	3,194	13,281	12,417	864	47	43,254	42,597	59,095	91
	Confectionery	18	38,503 40,246	35,068 36,538	25,040 33,192	16 529	10,009	22,377 21,428	19,437	2,940 645	101	59,599 1,096	60,027	80,941 2,269	1,900
	Other food, including manufactured ice and flavoring sirups Food and kindred products not allocable	70 12	78,414 58,760	68,306 59,122	57,759 42,834	616 1,693	8,973 14,592	40,470 33,804	38,122 30,482	2,348 3,322	210 36	116,637 25,377	110,967 24,854	141,660 32,407	7,11
	Tobacco manufactures	20	227,667	229,503	145,690	- 1,075	83,813	140,528	117,803	22,725	58	112,421	107,708	115,594	1,12
	Cigars	3	1,175 226,492	1,202 228,301	752 144,938	-	450 83,363	703 139,825	594 117,209	109 22,616	32 26	15,610 96,811	16,247 91,461	22,647 92,947	1,12
	Textile-mill products	276	112,946	115,372	82,639	1,292	28,539	64,720	56,819	7,901	1.048	497.846	489,572	1,029,249	7,23
	Yarn and thread (cotton, wool, silk, and synthetic fiber) Broadwoven fabrics (woolen and worsted)	30 18	19,520 9,894	19,893 9,708	16,770 4,815	433 131	2,415 4,761	10,538 6,309	9,963 4,961	575 1,348	181 55	63,563 19,160	63,868 19,991	139,558 45,412	1,128
	Broadwoven fabrics (cotton)	8	3,255	3,171	3,810	8	714	1,798	1,599	199	154	191,230	188,305	363,780	1,10
	Narrow fabrics and other smallwares (cotton, wool, silk, and synthetic fiber).	28	5,363	5,348	3,356	165	1,828	3,141	2,634	507	49	8,378	7,092	11,626	140
	Knit goods Dyeing and finishing textiles, except knit goods	76 51	17,206 11,541	17,294 14,210	11,382 8,449	187 115	5,327 2,087	9,816 6,404	8,491 5,736	1,325 668	275 92	54,376 26,765	53,409 28,995	101,205 45,661	2,24
	Carpets and other floor coverings	14	31,539	31,333	24,757	27	6,550	18,074	16,196	1,878	27	30,896	27,306	47,427	424
	Hats, except cloth and millinery Other textile-mill products	43	357 10,645	356 10,408	318 6,761	43	38 3,573	176 6,237	167 5,218	1,019	16 180	2,740 61,926	2,675 59,082	5,870 150,662	974
	Textile-mill products not allocable	6	3,626	3,651	2,221	183	1,246	2,227	1,854	373	19	38,812	38,849	118,048	7
	Apparel and products made from fabrics	296 73	44,666 14,342	45,225 14,276	32,302 12,252	338 194	11,211 1,527	24,286 7,382	21,549 6,994	2,737 388	806 337	126,619 66,336	129,174 67,750	215,903 110,428	2,813 660
	Women's clothing	138	18,920	19,127	11,876	122	6,167	10,534	9,040	1,494	312	36,551	37,285	61,453	1,681
	Millinery Fur goods	1 -	29	29 -	25	_	4 -	11 -	10	1 -	3	230 60	230 113	461 186	
	Other apparel and accessories	18 47	1,235 5,478	1,243 5,775	912 3,543	111	264 2,219	604 3,131	544 2,642	60 4 89	40 94	6,750 15,307	6,769 15,518	11,802 28,476	193 279
	Apparel and products made from fabrics not allocable			4,775	3,694		1,030	2,624	2,319	305	16	1,385	1,509	3,097] ~ '

Table 1a.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, NET INCOME, SELECTED EXCESS PROFITS DATA, AND TAXES—RETURNS WITH EXCESS PROFITS NET INCOME OVER \$25,000, BY MAJOR AND MINOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

\neg				Retu	rns with exc	ess profi	ts tax lieb	ility			Retu	irns with no	excess profi	ts tax liabi	lity	
	Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups	Númber	Net income	Excess profits net	Excess profits	Unused excess profits	Adjusted excess profits		Taxes	Excess	Number	Net income	Excess profits net	Excess profits	Unused excess profits credit	İ
	Major industrial groups and annot industrial accept	of returns		income	credit	credit adjust- ment	net income	Total tax	Income tax	profits tax1	of returns	(Thousand	income	credit	adjust- ment (Thousand	İ
			(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(20)	dollara)	(Thousand dollers)	dollars)	dollars)	l
	Manufacturing—Continued	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	, <i>,</i>		İ
64 65 66 67 68	Lumber and wood products, except furniture. Logging camps, logging contractors, sawmills, and planing mills. Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated structural wood products. Wooden containers. Other wood products.	274 109 85 44 36	38,335 10,776 19,413 5,003 3,143	37,150 9,391 19,523 5,022 3,214	23,483 5,839 12,094 3,251 2,299	199 112 23 63 1	12,327 3,327 6,543 1,595 862	20,631 5,169 11,059 2,718 1,685	17,903 4,532 9,583 2,349 1,439	2,728 637 1,476 369 246	724 339 238 70 77	250,677 184,021 41,239 13,456 11,961	148,754 94,248 32,674 10,330 11,502	313,223 196,375 80,941 17,489 18,418	1,143 706 173 51 213	64 65 66 67 68
69 70 71 72 73	Furniture and fixtures	276 223 20 30 3	65,016 4,015	75,094 64,947 4,033 4,295 1,819	50,364 43,624 2,264 2,872 1,604	2	24,121 20,927 1,701 1,278 215	43,847 38,105 2,448 2,314 980	37,375 32,461 1,975 2,008 931	6,472 5,644 473 306 49	456 382 38 35	92,372 81,514 5,049 5,783 26	90,995 80,095 5,134 5,738 28	127,645 111,149 8,782 7,685 29	1,708 1,465 151 92	69 70 71 72 73
74 75 76 77	Paper and allied products. Pulp, paper, and paperboard. Paper bags and paperboard containers and boxes. Pulp goods and other converted paper products.	371 108 174 89	402,725 130,935	596,737 381,979 128,575 86,183	446,243 295,028 88,797 62,418	94	149,398 86,961 39,175 23,262	354,867 226,844 76,284 51,739	313,214 202,779 65,554 44,881	41,653 24,065 10,730 6,858	589 163 239 187	321,031 239,197 48,841 32,993	301,994 221,066 48,118 32,810	408,025 290,989 68,847 48,189	2,210 1,065 253 892	74 75 76 77
78 79 80 81 82 83	Printing, publishing, and allied industries. Newspapers. Periodicals. Books. Commercial printing, including lithographing. Other printing and publishing. Printing, publishing, and allied industries not allocable.	876 354 104 48 230 123	166,742 59,555 20,464 55,971 15,458	326,925 162,081 56,841 20,748 55,679 15,304 16,272	227,753 114,336 38,501 12,997 39,665 10,578 11,676	875 1,347 549 233 187	95,429 46,586 16,917 7,132 15,663 4,542 4,589	192,318 96,374 33,417 12,286 32,077 8,375 9,789	164,789 82,116 28,965 10,345 27,712 7,221 8,430	27,529 14,258 4,452 1,941 4,365 1,154 1,359	1,236 392 72 105 490 149 28	262,842 123,169 17,531 32,137 69,265 16,260 4,480	248,104 113,411 16,339 30,359 67,548 16,059 4,388	353,316 155,212 28,132 47,952 93,842 22,787 5,391	6,194 2,069 589 753 1,835 854 94	78 79 80 81 82 83 84
85 86 87	Chemicals and allied products	570 46 86	71,746	1,416,859 71,406 672,049	835,541 49,484 317,371	206	576,176 21,712 354,434	925,942 42,403 464,265	759,881 36,753 358,432	166,061 5,650 105,833	952 40 69		737,177 92,363 73,260	1,025,108 118,382 111,820	711	85 86 87
88 89 90	thetic rubber, and synthetic fibers. Drugs and medicines. Soap and glycerin, cleaning and polishing preparations, etc	83 51 78	106,882	102,280	61,232 77,092 64,573	467	32,443 24,725 21,082	58,377 59,328 51,643	49,581 55,119 45,507	8,796 4,209 6,136	62	124,503 9,278 57,109	8,325	168,269 14,400 76,984	1,207 77 282	88 89 90
91 92 93 94 95	Oils and fats, animal and vegetable, except edible cooking cils. Other chemical products	127	23,885 3,486 108,924	23,019 3,618 108,995	26,472 15,347 2,542 60,043 161,385	12 57 1,149		21,389 13,862 1,932 69,308 143,435	18,732 11,780 1,713 55,229 127,035	2,082 219 14,079	105 143 144	24,744 53,377 73,084	55,120	23,804 40,963 108,421 84,196 277,869	279 2,332 648 240	91 92 93 94 95
96 97 98		83 23 60	66,723	66,036	79,557 48,245 31,312	i 23	29,631 17,147 12,484	64,629 38,775 25,854			85	1,525,154	912,642	1,411,460 1,364,196 47,264	447 552	96 97 98
99 100 101	Rubber products Tires and inner tubes	125	315,295	250,274	204,117 185,664 18,453	-	77,495 64,609 12,886	177,212	157,905	19,307	6	13,668	12,913 46,258	83,714 21,673 62,041	1,092	100
102 103 104 105	Leather, tanned, curried, and finished. Footwear, except rubber. Other leather products.	109 64 41	693	745	280	907	419 7,951	_19,002	321 16,882	2,120	71	12,609 47,325	12,604 48,885	101,350 24,050 68,170 9,130	314 1,544 73	104 105
106 107 108 109	Stone, clay, and glass products	434 51 45	3 202,745 5 142,403	199,504	146,070	107	53,056 35, 80 2	118,785 83,294	103,299	15,486	. 70	22,155	21,452 11,838	212,297 30,545 17,154 51,549	634 353 711	107 108 109
110 111 112	Pottery and related products. Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products. Cut-stone and stone products.	114	94,531	93,560	67,754 288	117	25,516 152	55,510 223	48,171	7,339	209	34,227	33,001 2,457	47,638	1,018	111 112
114	Primary metal industries Blast furnaces, steelworks, and rolling mills Iron and steel foundries	656 66	6 755,918 6 123,95	763,897	531,455	5 4,202 6 851	224,784	453,253 77,321	387,970	65,283	216	648,177	610,373	659,933 66,732	20,023	115
118	metals. Nonferrous foundries. Other primary metal industries	11	3 19,538	20,046	10,340	8 132	70,584	88,759	70,742	18,017	7 84	39,47	40,122	54,219	346	118 119 120

				Ret	urns with ex	cess prof	ts tax lia	bility			Reti	erns with no	excess profi	ts tax liab	ility
	Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups	Number of returns	Net income	Excess profits net income	Excess profits credit	Unused excess profits credit adjust- ment	Adjusted excess profits net income	Total tax	Taxes Income tax	Excess profits tax1	Number of returns	Net income	Excess profits net income	Excess profits credit	Unused excess profit credit adjust ment
			(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand		(Thousand	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousan
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
!	Manufacturing—Continued													_	
	Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.	1,529		598,698	389,705	4,016	198,807	358,890	305,535	53,355	1,365	420 ,79 8	412,555	579,938	9,3
	Tin cans and other tinware Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware	17 120	86,357	61,057 74,672	57,575 51,852	360 147	3,121 22,905	33,275 49,008	32,413 42,744	862 6,264	16 150	27,739 43,076	26,333 42,652	31,027 62,452	1,3
	Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' supplies Fabricated structural metal products	96 442	125,841	50,935 125,795	33,795 77,465	235 1,709	16,481 43,524	29,932 73,784	25,567 62,073	4,365 11,711	207 458	117,813 101,263	111,278 102,456	157,313 136,265	1,7
	Metal stamping, coating, and engraving	325 23	93,263 6,179	93,548 6,483	51,437 4,006	1,120	3 8,78 3 2,433	57,164 3,727	46,637 3,080	10,527 647	208 49	65,897	66,142	97,833	2,1
	Fabricated wire products Other fabricated metal products. Fabricated metal products not allocable.	128 318 60		48,825 105,596 31,787	30,547 62,402 20,626	63 338	18,029 42,847 10,684	29,874 63,198 18,928	24,841 52,325 15,855	5,033 10,873 3,073	73 153 51	5,785 14,637 32,666 11,922	6,058 13,866 32,446 11,324	8,625 24,328 46,650 15,445	
	Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical Engines and turbines, except automotive, aircraft, and railway.	1,983 15	1,490,972 56,828	1,487,495 57,255	833,677 35,601	4,896 271	633,096 21,382	926,970 35,521	759,253 29,132	167,717 6,389	1,369	626,537	637,923	1,878,134	13,0
	Agricultural machinery and tractors	47 126	107,535 168,437	110,045 165,980	82,384 109,975	98 298	26,394 55,592	63,320	55,635	7,685	100	11,561 144,057	11,771 138,943	22,834 238,614	
	Metalworking machinery, including machine tools	726 171	442,002 69,171	443,148 66,467	176,202 42,222	643 955	262,712 20,084	288,493 39,778	86,143 224,489 34,309	15,899 64,004 5,469	137 173 326	62,183 41,815 97,007	65,635 41,017	89,589 56,785	1,
	General industry machinery	325	217,853	213,936	137,817	537	75,376	130,375	110,858	19,517	225	79,251	94,500 77,076	146,794 103,440	2,0 1,5
	Service-industry and household machines	46 78 370	134,618 101,109	135,688 101,114	83,904 64,410		50 ,9 78 35 , 518	84,521 61,862	69,263 51,762	15,258 10,100	56 112	73,085 41,147	65,576 67,104	103,780	2,1
	Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical, not allocable.	79	139,033 54,386	139,818 54,044	71,690 29,472	193 306	66,907 18,153	87,696 33,362	70,072 27,590	17,624 5,772	146 72	32,881 43,550	33,004 43,297	50,587 51,899	3,0
	Electrical machinery and equipment Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus.	655 2 8 2	1,203,433 637,129	1,185,309 617,415	648,936 308,773	2,067 315	531,609 307,764	763,390 412,484	614,125 322,557	149,265 89,927	384 134	385,940 49,264	367,716 49,232	452,583 71,408	3,2
	Electrical appliances	17 42	39,263	39,572	34,548	-	5,037	21,584	20,302	1,282	35	8,221	8,776	16,607	1
	Electrical equipment for motor vehicles, aircraft, and railway locomotives and cars.	38	77,514 41,091	77,507 39,153	40,098 23,822	-	36,445 15,330	49,632 25,023	40,017 20,958	9,615 4,065	13 12	6,064 1,566	6,214 1,574	10,376 2,711	
	Electric lamps Radio, radm, and television equipment (except radio tubes), and phonographs.	1 169	437 173,483	437 177,343	175 101,486	- 634	262 74,806	301 108,752	222 89,149	79 19,603	5 97	748 146,512	686 142,831	975 164,506	1,6
	Other communication equipment and related products Other electrical products, including batteries	42 29	175,209 8,601	175,045 8,334	110,040 4,401	183 27	64,600 3,479	108,355 5,097	90,798 4,233	17,557 864	31 43	34,019 18,463	24,635 18,259	34,692 29,476	4
	Electrical machinery and equipment not allocable	35	50,706	50,503	25,593	908	23,886	32,162	25,889	6,273	14	121,083	115,509	121,832	7
	Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles	226 136	703,863 561,414	750,087 611,240	319,712 235,717	5,190 989	416,325 366,220	468,479 382,714	361,601 289,926	106,878 92,788	136 38	81,484 25,767	75,720 24,610	105,421 40,787	4,7 1,9
	Ship and boat building and repairing. Railroad equipment, including locomotives and streetcars Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	63 20 1	35,229 106,915	33,379 105,163	17,689 66,131	3,833 368	11,311 38,664	20,690 64,922	17,637 53,918	3,053 11,004	64 21	22,287	21,433 25,980	25,753 30,825	1,5
	Other transportation equipment, except motor vehicles	6	32 273	32 273	25 150	-	123	13 140	11 109	31	11 2	3,281 434	3,270 427	7,520 536	
	Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical Motor vehicles, including bodies and truck trailers Motor vehicle parts and accessories, and passenger trailers	142 29 113	2,547,250 2,295,171 252,079	2,496,964 2,201,133 295,831	1,448,446 1,256,662 191,784	943 133 810	1,046,863 944,309 102,554	1,617,011 1,461,289 155,722	1,308,256 1,178,328 129,928	308,755 282,961 25,794	207 92 115	174,225 116,025 58,200	169,732 116,388 53,344	248,823 174,591 74,232	3,5 1,4 2,0
	Ordnance and accessories	32 7	63,213 5,329	61,280 5,460	24,281 2,315	437 405	36,561 2,739	40,979 3,364	31,937 2,729	9,042 635	11	7,878 5,217	8,064 5,271	8,787 5,487	3
	arms. Small arms ammunition. Other ordnance and accessories.	6 19	50,859 7,025	48,712 7,108	20,697 1,269	32	28,015 5,807	33,021 4,594	25,665 3,543	7,356 1,051	-	-	-	-	_
	Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks	273	299,950	294,430	161,147	1,111	129,542	189,410	153,526	35,884	198	2,661	2,793	3,300	3 5 , 2
	Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments, including photographic and optical goods. Watches, clocks and clockwork-operated devices	264 9	288,790	282,946	155,5 8 7 5,560	722 389	124,007 5,535	182,537 6,873	147,780 5,746	34,757	181	88,689	87,323 22,513	99,717 27,491	4,4
	Other manufacturing	632	149,169	149,498	87,492	1,407	58,551	87,820	73,370	14,450	658	143,403	818,269	1,357,293	78
	Jewelry (precious metal), silverware, plated ware	12 17	2,846 2,656	2,785 2,642	1,952 1,405	43	832	1,510	1,371	139	69	18,452 1,220	18,775 1,226	33,786 2,687	4,27 10 10
	Fabricated plastic products, except plastic materials Manufacturing not elsewhere classified	170 433	20,692 122,975	21,078 122,993	10,833 73,302	454 910	9,430 47,093	12,018	9,771	2,247 11,849	74 497	9,211	8,643	14,688	2, 3,8

	AND TAYES PRITIENS WITH EYERS PROFITS NET INCOME OVER \$25,000, BY MAJOR AND MINOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS-Continued	

-				Retu	rns with exc	ess profi	ts tax liab	oility			Reti	rns with no	excess profi	ts tax liab	ility	
				Excess	Excess	Unused excess	Adjusted		Taxes				Excess	Excess	Unused excess profits	
	Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups	Number of returns	Net income	profits net income	profits credit	profits credit adjust- ment	excess profits net income	Total tax	Income tax	Excess profits tax1	Number of returns	Net income	profits net income	profits credit	credit adjust- ment	Ì
			(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	
 		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	-
173	Public utilities	1,306	587,832	580,126	465,441	4,917	104,674	322,572	293,407	29,165	2,290	4,438,389	4,296,640	5,926,885	22,837	173
174 175	Transportation.	933 66	273,235 46,659	271,212 46,308	203,106 37,412	4,128 7	62,761 8,889	152,019 26,428	134,863 23,763	17,156 2,665	1,503 177	1,460,537 1,031,663	1,440,959 1,069,250	2,391,427 1,838,278 25,512	13,187 943 199	174 175 176
176	Railroads, railway express	1 552	817 74,223	737 73,986	602 50,331	1,154	135 21,552	425 40,761	386 34,956	39 5,805	23 729	13,468 89,414	13,327 87,446	117,666	4,246	177
177 178	Trucking and warehousing. Other motor vehicle transporation, including taxicabs and buses.	62	14,794	14,499	10,833	161 130	3,443 12,506	8,209 39,088	7,247 35,361	962 3,727	202 51	65,077 40,916	52,694 43,969	85,366 52,404	1,776 633	178 179
179	Pipe line transportation	20 136	69,026	67,557 35,081	54,923 24,486	729	9,658	18,901	16,604	2,297	235	118,124	101,119	170,065	1,510	
180 181	Water transportation	15	2,399	2,326	1,556	-	771	1,305	1,146 14,465	159 1,429	9 68	78,512 22,363	49,152 23,006	60,395 40,513	3,107 691	
182 183	Services incidental to transportation. Other transportation.	72 9	29,379 2,052	28,603 2,115	21,150 1,813	1,915 32	5,537 270	15,894 1,008	935	73	9	1,000	996	1,228	82	
184	Communication	233	57,621	57,718	32,204	625	21,010	34,347	28,483 9,468	5,864 647	290 181	1,126,093	1,010,684 941,525	1,227,298	1,129 516	
185 186	Telephone (wire or radio) Telegraph (wire and radio)	67	19,003	19,055	16,879	7	2,163	10,115		-	4	24,882	17,217	26,279	613	186
187	Radio broadcasting and television. Other communication.	166	38,618	38,663	15,325	618	18,847	24,232	19,015	5,217	100 5	51,124 187	51,762 180	68,207 216	-	188
189	Flactric and gas utilities	100		246,540	226,006	164 144	20,373 15,926	133,978 121,683	127,983 116,919	5,995 4,764	344 183	1,812,430	1,802,625 1,455,316	2,244,514 1,710,393	8,417 7,729	190
190 191	Electric light and power		230,656	225,696 20,844	209,629 16,377	20		12,295	11,064	1,231	161	393,895	347,309	534,121	688	1
192	Other public utilities	40		4,656	4,125	-	530 252	2,228	2,078	150 71	153 123	39,329 37,481	42,372 40,652	63,646 60,120	104 56	
193 194	Water supply Public utilities not elsewhere classified	17 23		1,459 3,197	1,207 2,918	-	278	1,608	1,529	79	30	1,848	1,720	3,526	48	1
195	Trade	6,037	1	1	1,036,665	8,399	332,424	767,110	1 '	84,157		2,120,146	2,187,023	4,763,678	33,985	1
196	Wholesale	3,163		482,003	316,357 20,996	4,287 476	152,687 11,023	267,337 17,405	229,167 15,063	38,170 2,342	6,163 368	911,539 54,479	882,575 51,768	1,542,856 102,626	15,209 979	
197	Commission merchants	2,746	34,720 445,266	1	295,361	3,811	141,664	249,932	1	35,828	5,795	857,060	830,807	1,440,230	14,230	
198 199	The sale	339	60,095	61,594	43,885 8,244	778 140	15,691	33,014 6,513	29,239 5,618	3,775	808 317	92,623 42,066	90,325 44,225	140,310 117,829	3,255 1,341	
200 ¹	Alcoholic beverages. Apparel and dry goods.	135 74	12,265	11,153	6,250	52	4,853	5,779	4,766	1,013			50,874 53,624	112,295 63,554	385 4,330	
202	Chamicale naints and drugs	165 381			31,283 31,866	138 82	16,526 22,818	28,191 32,746		4,049 6,272			146,583	259,460	786	20:
203 204	Hardware, electrical goods, plumbing and heating equipment Lumber, millwork, and construction materials	262	1		18,857	697	6,674	13,616		1,621	499 628		51,280 104,036	86,454 148,088	901 592	
205	Machinery and equipment. Farm products (raw materials)	459			45,924	170 941				5,921 637	293	68,902	75,120	123,045	818	20
206 207	Wholesalers not elsewhere classified	799	144,867	143,958	97,990	727	41,447	80,660				215,881 20,739	193,491 21,249	351,615 37,580		20
208	Wholesalers not allocable	2,441	1 '	1	6,102	1	1	1	1			1	1,208,513	3,066,138	16,740	20
209 210	RetailFood		1 '	1	171,234	1	1	1	1	1	458	137,694	136,556	147,738	1	
210	O	163	1 1	-	391,997	140							597,600 462,726	2,101,123		21
212	Department stores	86	,,		341,714	122	65,361 1,064		1,418	198	29	10,265	10,784	19,771	. 480) 21
213 214	Variety stores	26	51,257	52,022	46,626		5,376			1,515		118,957 13,030	111,571 12,519	136,324		
215	Other general merchandise	212	~,=	1	19,391		1		11,099	1,182	639	87,771	85,976	145,546		
216 217	Apparel and accessories	145	7,604	9,370	6,212	120	2,984	3,585	!			l i	47,942 195,854	79,002	1	- 1
218	Automotive dealers and filling stations	513			27,603 22,773				15,881	1,969	2,176	169,291	167,395	328,082	2 736	5 21
219 220	Parts, accessories, tires, batteries	40	2,648	2,991	1,700		550	1,29					15,804 12,655		-	
221	Filling stations	1 00	1	1	ŧ	ı	1	1	8,011	1,251	. 126	17,821	17,168			
222 223	Eating and drinking places	229	20,535	20,261	12,840	69	6,587	10,88	9,190		1		19,554	1	1	
224	Building materials and hardware	304							1 6,451	. 980	738	50,397	49,911	85,762	39	6 22
225 226	Lumber and building materials Hardware and farm equipment	45	7 3,096			5 -	. 809	1,58	1,349	240	1		11,054	1		
227	Other meted 1 trade	31					1			5 7	1 10	613	633	852	2	5 22
228 229	Liquor stores	2	7 1,55	1,538	1,01	7 -	406	5 75	4 657						1 28	8 23
230 231	Other retail stores. Retail trade not allocable	2.34			14,35						120	10,497	10,196	14,72	5 51:	2 23
231	1	1	1 .	1	1	1	14,029	34,48	9 31,00	3,484	; 91:	98,15	95,935	154,68	2,03	6 23
222	Trade not allocate.	•	,	ntion of the	•	imitation	s of Date	1								

52,419 25,869 26,550

36,39

15.986

1,520

126,77

37,350

89.429

45.726

22,675

1,974

342 159 278

1.837 280

521

69 282

279

Table 1a. -NUMBER OF RETURNS, NET INCOME, SELECTED EXCESS PROFITS DATA, AND TAXES-RETURNS WITH EXCESS PROFITS NET INCOME OVER \$25,000, BY MAJOR AND MINOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS-Continued Returns with excess profits tax liability Returns with no excess profits tax liability Taxes Unused excess Ad.fusted Excess Excess profits Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups Excess Net income profits credit Number profits ne Excess Number profits Net incom income rofits ne profits credit Total tax Income credit ad just net incom income ment tax returns ment Thousand Thousan Thousand dollars) (Thousand dollars) Thousand dollars) dollars) dollers) dollara) dollars) dollers; dollars dollars (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) 233 Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property..... 4,897 713,138 697,417 526.571 7,271 158,912 374,395 329.887 44.508 12.242 4,831,938 4,446,396 7,606,53 76,294 234 Finance..... 2,411 455,661 448.634 360.440 3,424 83,103 241,039 216,380 24,659 5,92 1,536,21 2.041.317 2.584.09 42,074 234 Banks and trust companies..... 402,482 1.882 414,412 414,412 73,634 221.131 198.810 1,056,346 1,420,141 1,420,141 22,321 4.02 1,714,221 35,906 35,906 236 237 Banks and trust companies other than mutual savings banks.... 1,882 402,482 324,544 3.174 73,634 221,131 198,810 22,321 4,02 Mutual savings banks.... 237 238 239 240 Credit agencies other than banks..... 474 31,179 38,067 31,205 178 6,427 15,170 13,573 1,597 1.705 363,198 513,032 700,428 3,461 238 Savings and loan, building and loan associations..... Personal credit agencies.

Business credit agencies. 412 32,218 4,483 264 1,243 25,969 27.551 178 12,404 387 11,210 1,194 141,845 198,150 201.57 427 241 242 243 283,020 240 277 269.33 332.67 2,849 Other credit agencies..... 28 29 3,319 2,076 1,303 1,328 719 1,529 14,795 27,135 14,981 57,274 27,461 201 29 156 Credit agencies and finance not allocable..... 242 243 1,675 1.740 437 850 131 244 Holding and other investment companies..... 27 12 15 6.701 4,683 707 3,063 72 1,550 2,810 2,434 103 244 245 246 376 245 246 86.839 77.511 114.10 1,012 Operating-holding companies....
Other investment and holding companies.... 63,349 50,165 27,346 3,976 72 4.676 2,446 1,459 2,393 2,040 353 46,409 899 247 Security and commodity-exchange brokers and dealers..... 28 3,369 3,402 1,628 1,492 1,928 1.563 365 91 29.831 30.633 55,343 1,695 247 Insurance carriers² and agents..... 248 335 109,208 99,877 57,795 2,266 39.021 61,595 50,643 10,952 1,022 2,911,775 1,919,463 4,143,727 28,498 248 Insurance carriers²......Life insurance companies²..... 249 68 10 88.788 79,357 46,002 685 2,093 31,137 50,745 41,617 9,128 878 2.889.75 1,902,356 250 251 4,122,937 27.808 249 1,456 124 1,578,882 585,658 154,433 224 210 146 303 76 322 250 251 Mutual insurance, except life or marine or fire insurance companies issuing perpetual policies.

Other insurance carriers...... 18 55,12 252 58 87.332 78,324 45,317 1,969 30,913 50,535 41,471 386 9,064 429,400 280,562 382,846 27,410 252 253 Insurance agents and brokers..... 267 20,420 20,520 11.793 173 7,884 10.850 9,026 1,824 144 22,022 17,107 20,790 690 253 254 Real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings. 2,031 117,310 1,183 6,233 3,975 1,622 27,190 48.065 5.033 299,529 Real estate operators, including lessors of buildings.

Developers of real property, including traders on own account.

Real estate agents, brokers, and managers.

Title abstract companies. 405,521 5,645 35,864 12,384 1,060 705 76,322 28,158 78.607 63.121 15,030 31,889 2,716 256 355,575 643,769 255 525 58 31,780 19,399 9,840 10,762 256 257 258 259 33 2,044 477 28.64 41 26 55 5,796 1,705 11,425 25**8** 259 456 956 104 5.09 8.792 2,738 1,78 6,473 5.180 4.107 1.072 3.041 303 31 159 Other real estate, except lessors of real property other than 2,334 405 3.941 3.01 132 229 Lessors of real property, except buildings..... 120 30,959 27,031 17,031 9,598 17,463 14,799 2,664 262 84.42 80,095 155,337 77 260 Agricultural, forest, and similar properties.

Mining, oil, and similar properties.

Railroad property. 261 26 72 1 1,679 25,386 2,301 2,301 277 1.084 262 4,228 7,502 261 13,608 8,371 923 14,746 22,377 394 12,445 21,796 263 34,513 262 2,997 2,822 1,476 87.081 39.576 37,082 59 263 Public-utility property...
Other real property, except buildings..... 15,60 2,60 15,747 265 21 897 264 265 748 525 223 380 313 67 4,378 266 Services..... 1,482 248,424 251,585 155,698 3,952 89,029 140,137 118,307 21,830 1.818 283,34 258,709 419,811 7,789 266 267 Hotels and other lodging places..... 114 24.145 24.956 19.585 212 4,822 13,251 11,775 1,476 529 65,333 63,690 99,655 1.244 267 Personal services..... 157 96 23,223 16,793 160 6.139 12.792 11.173 1.619 293 18,208 13,943 519 315 269 Laundries, cleaners, and dyers....
Photographic studios, including commercial photography..... 5,191 149 799 11,191 150 1,451 1,415 33 171 20,065 9,776 117 19.876 14.515 104 224 13,769 19,616 269 3 58 Other personal services..... 3,122 3,089 56 2,169 1,280 4,415 3,921 4,965 204 272 Business services..... 97,315 93,905 45,984 24,985 20,999 2.271 8,153 4,549 338 124 214 58.792 32,001 54.132 66,601 25,010 57,106 22,957 2,814 Advertising.
Other business services. 75,591 272 273 150 681 17,061 14,940 29,534 24,603 50,699 30.816 28.716 892 273 394 46,616 44,578 27,976 3,604 41,593 34,149 46,875 1,922 275 129 7,732 8.604 5,690 241 2.676 3,664 3,715 3,189 2,966 131 35 10,288 475 749 351 15,246 276 65 6.735 3, 101 4,93 9.014 276 277

Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after December 31, 1953 as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6. Other data in this table are for the full taxable year. For treatment of life insurance companies, see text, pp. 9-10.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data.

15.001

3,539

15.558

668

53 111

93

216

21,933

25,603

36,542

3,682

5,265

24.691

25.322

36,313

3.709

7,836

13,632

209

315

9,482 4,150

8.800

17,386

831

15,610

13,088

22,196

2,229

13,067

10,877

17.63

2,543 2,211

4.559

332

222

33 189

107

163

63,456

27,944

37,370

16,707

1,959

Motion pictures....

Nature of business not allocable.....

278

280

281

282

Motion picture production.
Motion picture theaters.

PART I. - ALL RETURNS

RETURNS, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

=						Мајо	r industrial gr	oups					
ļ	Ì		Agr	iculture, forest	ry, and fisher	у			Mining and	quarrying			
	Item	All industrial groups	Total agriculture, forestry, and fishery	Farms and agricultural services	Forestry	Fishery	Total mining and quarrying	Metal mining	Anthrecite mining	Bituminous coal and lignite mining	Crude petroleum and natural gas production	Nonmetallic mining and quarrying	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	1
1	Number of returns	697,975	9,405	8,693	_277	435	9,147 Thousand dollars)	730	230	1,572	4,455	2,160	1
2 3	Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable	452,060,604 82,506,914	1,899,288 400,696	1,846,361 371,018	35,282 1,728	17,645 27,950	7,486,089 1,513,663	1,289,805 49,094	323,781 58,295	1,811,154 178,531	3,020,538 1,154,394	1,040,811 73,349	2 3
4 5 6 7	bond premium): Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	2,128,240 108,347 316,784 8,247,990	1,993 70 241 4,998	1,636 70 217 4,583	275 21 303	82 - (²) 112	16,581 136 1,531 15,476	6,554 2 109 3,274	474 13 1 441	3,061 55 192 3,953	5,441 62 1,203 6,937	1,051 4 26 871	4 5 6 7
8 9 10	Rents	4,389,703 546,039 29,925	17,505 6,043 592	17,087 6,012 518	343 31 8	75 - 66	29,415 50,133 3,180	2,708 5,341 20	5,589 2,578	9,337 2,621 138	8,916 36,893 2,977	2,865 2,700 45	9 10
11	term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-	1,235,135	27,193	19,736	7,357	100	65,175	6,276	2,616	20,668	32,506	3,109	11
12 13 14 15	term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets. Dividends, domestic corporations. Dividends, foreign corporations. Other receipts.	580,505 2,388,770 576,236 3,127,070	3,620 3,824 4,569 22,011	2,636 3,420 4,567 21,246	959 390 2 400	(2) (2) - 365	6,859 99,116 3,736 62,006	272 22,194 1,124 6,157	191 11,949 2 1,049	440 7,950 72 11,650	5,692 56,054 2,537 36,663	264 969 1 6,487	12 13 14 15
16	Total compiled receipts	558,242,262	2,392,643	2,299,107	47,099	46,437	9,353,096	1,392,930	406,979	2,049,822	4,370,813	1,132,552	16
17 18 19 20 21 22	Deductions: Cost of goods sold Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	346,149,436 46,528,275 8,776,696 4,803,711 5,572,547 1,144,261	1,360,580 193,890 57,959 45,132 45,660 4,547	1,318,515 174,698 55,643 44,791 43,386 4,009	29,360 463 637 43 186 421	12,705 18,729 1,679 298 2,088 117	4,606,812 936,701 108,919 53,625 134,751 14,677	786,887 35,206 5,870 4,367 22,729 2,120	279,795 37,459 3,509 3,027 7,749 429	1,385,975 126,379 22,156 8,978 42,601 4,004	1,512,672 692,230 46,456 30,158 27,691 6,718	641,483 45,427 30,928 7,095 33,981 1,406	18 19 20 21
23 24 25 26 27 28	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	5,680,872 12,194,850 494,517 10,510,610 2,301,799 1,515,294	22,583 42,491 922 88,823 2,541 141	21,678 40,008 854 84,885 1,578	387 1,613 54 918 963 22	518 870 (²) 3,020	71,169 246,904 5,953 443,161 754,454 18,586	7,272 55,993 1,306 36,846 118,634 10,455	1,993 9,684 160 9,943 4,982 413	10,273 44,590 634 82,714 52,544 2,186	46,377 110,767 2,491 256,734 520,721 3,461	5,254 25,870 1,362 56,924 57,573 2,071	24 25 26 27
29 30 31 32 33	Advertising. Amounts contributed under pension plans. Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets. Other deductions.	5,480,861 2,936,324 860,917 483,547 63,006,274	13,550 4,229 702 10,702 385,928	13,390 4,196 622 10,658 375,054	3 23 7 3 3,340	157 (²) 73 41 7,534	13,154 122,141 19,230 9,989 846,206	555 9,402 788 104 79,696	1,859 9,235 895 109 34,112	2,104 78,580 13,337 3,420 127,792	5,318 21,632 2,935 5,773 489,351	3,318 3,292 1,275 583 115,255	30 31 32
رر 34	Total compiled deductions	518,440,791	2,280,380	2,194,084	38,443	47,853	8,406,432	1,178,230	405,353	2,008,267	3,781,485	1,033,097	34
35 36 37	Net income or deficit (35 less 6)	39,801,471 39,484,687 413,391	112,263 112,022 9,009	105,023 104,806 8,520	8,656 8,635 200	³ 1,416 ³ 1,419 289	946,664 945,133 10,397	214,700 214,591 496	1,626 1,625 567	41,555 41,363 1,319	589,328 588,125 6,357	99,455 99,429 1,658	36
38 39	Income tax	18,255,625 1,613,424	71,522 1,317	67,602 1,308	3,423	(²)	491,215 22,136	104,228 8,926	2,117 16	28,620 205	304,338 9,608	51,912 3,381	. 39
40		19,869,049	72,839	68,910	3,423	506	513,351	113,154	2,133	28,825	313,946	55,293	4
41	Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40) Dividends paid:	19,932,422	1	36,113	5,233	51,922	433,313	101,546	³ 507	12,730 41,644	275,382 421,400	44,162 42,373	-
42 43	Cash and assets other than own stock	11,600,757 1,110,260	49,328 3,002	47,723 3,002	1,443	162	649,387 31,075	134,129 21	9,841	745	22,251	8,058	

PART I.—ALL RETURNS—Continued

RETURNS, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR GEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

=		I.C. OAIG	.,	COMPILED	ALI PROFIL OR NE			XES, AND DIVIDEND					
		-				Me j		groups—Continu	ued				
					-		Manufa	cturing		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		
	1tem	Construction	Total manufacturing	Beverages	Food and kindred products	Tobacco manufactures	Textile-mill products	Apparel and products made from fabrics	Lumber and wood products, except furniture	Furniture and fixtures	Paper and allied products	Printing, publishing, and allied industries	Chemicals and allied products
		(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
1	Number of returns	34,866	121,086	2.716	10,978	196	5,842	14,608	5,789	4,560	2,695	13,602	7,703
							,	dollars)	-,,		2,075	15,002	1,105
2	Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium):	1,814,388 14,144,977	273,143,383 4,081,837	7,269,190 22,351	35,498,787 124,592	4,156,859 4,512	12,352,704 187,263	8,601,776 292,174	5,171,322 80,025	3,331,060 17,434	8,238,867 11,014	7,986,447 431,495	18,364,774 74,747
4 5 6 7	Wholly taxable Subject to surtax only Wholly tax-exempt Other interest	3,198 17 589 7,271	245,304 1,423 6,693 186,872	2,980 39 199 6,383	9,630 39 703 13,764	217 - 41 976	6,032 81 899 8,938	1,204 9 60 2,308	3,569 15 100 3,805	1,444 2 53 1,436	13,686 80 361 7,820	6,620 88 271 4,478	34,281 41 1,048 16,705
8 9 10	Rents Royalties. Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long- term capital loss.	40,871 3,769 1,085	397,056 221,298 5,999	6,513 2,495 61	23,652 8,210 509	3,363 119 -	18,421 6,076 145	6,046 6,306 76	10,323 2,873 611	2,901 771 12	8,394 3,768 197	21,554 11,705 71	16,842 43,074 171
11	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short- term capital loss.	31,108	516,001	5,179	21,218	1,215	17,336	3,791	151,200	3,158	40,324	10,368	31,874
12 13 14 15	Net gain, sales other than capital assets	4,587 15,555 1,930 121,172	12,455 877,028 421,340 1,005,173	589 6,167 234 22,880	1,742 18,594 28,110 84,610	7 6,620 625 1,478	680 11,009 1,467 56,830	755 2,100 142 26,854	1,593 5,604 401 35,115	572 909 1,291 16,399	340 10,602 9,600 39,834	1,142 17,767 4,660 61,326	337 117,970 61,052 82,556
16	Total compiled receipts	16,190,517	281,121,862	7,345,260	35,834,160	4,176,032	12,667,881	8,943,601	5,466,556	3,377,442	8,384,887	8,557,992	18,845,472
17 18 19 20 21 22	Deductions: Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	1,457,661 11,939,237 521,489 59,883 82,607 18,711	203,507,646 2,269,619 3,104,293 1,189,286 4,475,895 229,911	4,668,804 8,189 52,123 16,525 50,321 3,305	29,267,710 34,360 235,558 100,777 307,216 22,887	2,516,950 1,162 10,174 2,498 6,587 385	10,154,359 123,930 173,179 45,707 133,418 6,937	6,945,432 224,974 255,690 85,946 16,901 9,962	4,056,208 50,533 98,556 17,535 47,212 9,213	2,512,179 4,190 95,610 25,895 23,694 5,698	5,797,524 2,667 109,903 34,070 209,155 6,018	5,544,721 247,421 275,400 86,466 44,590 26,690	11,753,091 21,543 192,847 66,663 367,826 19,456
23 24 25 26 27 28	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	45,884 170,321 10,831 255,866 4,084 1,227	1,089,376 6,519,067 327,575 4,647,794 1,404,643 981,636	28,005 1,035,695 6,717 107,915 334 1,353	99,427 351,174 18,372 390,743 1,862 1,276	31,331 964,110 1,505 15,332	54,460 188,815 12,396 235,665 383 2,579	26,873 103,907 6,055 52,248 101 144	22,086 86,265 3,221 123,414 150,080 6,602	9,891 48,033 3,709 39,833 204 515	35,796 131,543 18,634 185,443 10,080 32,684	27,554 115,150 14,191 133,752 212 360	104,224 259,769 23,312 504,993 47,934 149,217
29 30 31 32 33	Advertising. Amounts contributed under pension plans. Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets. Other deductions.	38,546 27,715 18,599 2,955 1,021,254	3,174,776 1,939,450 588,878 129,648 24,114,330	265,374 18,842 9,185 3,103 668,192	598,133 95,791 29,822 8,110 3,008,023	147,027 8,939 2,594 100 126,872	74,823 43,232 23,200 22,765 856,492	80,991 23,322 15,836 1,411 942,039	18,554 9,045 5,653 2,441 456,547	41,172 11,696 7,356 782 384,952	45,308 56,849 14,118 2,400 754,053	49,160 52,687 13,447 2,073 1,298,125	546,652 159,472 34,751 6,161 2,256,756
34	Total compiled deductions	15,676,870	259,693,823	6,943,982	34,571,241	3,835,566	12,152,340	8,791,832	5,163,165	3,215,409	7,446,245	7,931,999	16,514,667
35 36 37	Compiled net profit or net loss (16 less 34) Net income or deficit (35 less 6) Net operating loss deduction	513,647 513,058 33,206	21,428,039 21,421,346 155,740	401,278 401,079 5,134	1,262,919 1,262,216 19,899	340,466 340,425 113	515,541 514,642 13,385	151,769 151,709 10,317	303,391 303,291 5,702	162,033 161,980 4,538	938,642 938,281 2,353	625,993 625,722 7,737	2,330,805 2,329,757 8,750
38 39	Income tax	252,821 20,600	10,771,452 1,389,227	208,803 11,250	650,725 32,597	173,478 22,725	310,027 7,901	93,538 2,737	130,830 2,728	87,116 6,472	474,179 41,653	309,767 27,529	1,163,050 166,061
0	Total tax	273,421	12,160,679	220,053	683,322	196,203	317,928	96,275	133,558	93,588	515,832	337,296	1,329,111
41	Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40) Dividends paid:	240,226	9,267,360	181,225	579,597	144,263	197,613	55,494	169,833	68,445	422,810	288,697	1,001,694
42 43	Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	75,421 26,096	5,876,607 665,403	120,731 11,921	407,949 24,624	103,519 7,790	173,638 12,952	34,330 14,596	77,525 3,381	32,542 0,063	221,800 63,357	135,577 15,346	698,417 44,515

PART I.—ALL RETURNS—Continued

RETURNS, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

_							Major indust	rial groups-	Conditional						=
		<u> </u>						cturing—Con							1
	Item	Petroleum and coal products	Rubber products	Leather and products	Stone, clay, and glass products	Primary metal industries	Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment	Machinery,	Electrical machinery and equipment	Transpor- tation equipment, except motor vehicles	Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical	Ordnance and accessories	Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks	Other manufac- turing	
		(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	\dashv
1	Number of returns	620	824	2,898	4,268	3,076	10,716	11,610	3,467	1,198	1,181	126	1,965	10,448	1
	Receipts:						(1	Thousand dollars	")						┪¯
2 3	Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium):	24,938,097 711,958	4,953,821 17,648	3,217,361 9,021	6,417,072 26,852	22,769,827 512,115	14,017,180 80,518	22,862,473 421,841	16,673,686 50,320	11,049,260 902,869	24,736,146 17,137	639,809 14,783	4,014,301 16,988	5,882,564 54,180	
4 5 6 7	Subject to surtax only	37,367 8 451 31,239	3,903 4 6 2,838	981 17 18 1,196	9,724 48 314 2,536	25,175 340 436	5,920 154 307	17,095 110 964	17,754 56 115	1,848 5 119	40,394 235 107	429 - 49	3,220 11 19	1,831 41 53	. 5
8 9 10	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long-	136,158 40,806 1,040	4,395 1,809	2,403 461	5,691 5,798	11,596 31,959 7,684	6,043 12,616 4,720	19,272 49,198 31,948	11,904 11,557 21,824	4,291 4,262 8,487	23,608 6,555 3,902	288 2,161 423	2,444 3,515 5,172	3,004 8,577 2,867	8
11	term capital loss.	66,264	2,816	1,201	6,363	169	17,344	1,812 37,798	405 28,183	4,305	32,084	2,077	2,044	15,545	10
12 13 14 15	Net gain, sales other than capital assets	160 500,837 106,475 155,795	10 13,648 43,537 12,318	383 1,168 29 14,565	276 10,176 17,256 23,628	626 39,545 9,210 43,639	929 14,618 15,748 65,902	1,447 20,716 28,499 105,444	210 21,968 18,987 49,940	35 9,577 3,934 26,162	136 38,869 58,712 32,268	9 631 277 2,649	78 3,909 7,388	399 4,024 3,706	12 13 14
16	Total compiled receipts	26,726,655	5,056,755	3,248,826	6,525,797	23,466,635	14,242,441	23,598,617	16,906,909	12,015,205	24,990,197	663,586	18,812	26,169	┪
17 18 19 20 21 22	Deductions: Cost of goods sold Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	18,469,915 336,736 39,990 201,624 391,822 23,513	3,629,147 801 29,331 21,770 86,553 5,785	2,605,228 5,274 67,547 22,919 19,578 3,362	4,218,778 12,565 107,482 23,947 180,712 7,224	16,469,483 309,286 145,130 82,298 1,207,914 8,170	10,422,652 45,212 321,749 64,730 217,850 16,319	16,261,255 50,331 382,879 98,533 358,591 19,717	12,276,262 28,066 135,741 58,676 192,952 13,494	9,322,624 718,222 52,316 36,822 166,872 2,131	19,151,374 4,875 59,526 22,069 320,087 5,303	500,448 439 5,646 1,161 15,393 318	2,706,214 7,748 63,966 22,368 54,995 3,089	4,257,288 31,095 193,950 50,287 55,656 10,935	17 18 19 20 21
23 24 25 26 27 28	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	113,905 591,780 11,720 711,007 1,010,671 89,661	22,731 139,810 6,308 79,320 245 7,546	11,627 44,573 2,705 25,465 191 332	21,203 107,727 15,166 168,397 44,955 35,311	161,915 391,342 47,252 494,591 121,104 407,142	45,952 197,927 15,759 216,448 295 21,761	101,185 370,055 36,063 402,022 5,339 59,944	55,824 354,242 31,602 220,826 180 40,701	35,084 152,951 12,166 80,573 35 41,807	35,214 692,048 25,728 300,159 3,655 66,260	3,685 9,444 1,545 9,207 2,145 837	17,837 86,203 8,153 62,531 139 10,993	23,567 96,504 5,296 87,910 4,499 4,611	23 24 25 26 27
30 31 32 33	Advertising. Amounts contributed under pension plans. Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets. Other deductions.	114,180 251,958 45,996 2,721 2,412,567	59,966 36,964 2,979 315 520,685	36,323 9,327 4,625 1,374 280,378	55,947 47,284 11,984 6,305 692,789	64,193 276,321 69,717 14,435 966,031	140,434 83,931 38,326 4,738 1,352,422	240,417 200,378 63,228 13,850 2,790,064	268,033 187,650 58,418 2,459 1,407,378	22,343 71,529 27,164 866 489,414	128,352 224,442 76,315 27,365 1,170,676	3,648 6,850 789 64 31,990	80,762 42,566 21,038 275 480,747	92,984 20,375 12,337 5,535 767,138	29 30 31 32
34	Total compiled deductions	24,819,766	4,650,256	3,140,828	5,757,776	21,236,324	13,206,505	21,453,851	15,332,504	11,232,919	22,313,448	593,609	3,669,624	5,719,967	1
36 37	Compiled net profit or net loss (16 less 34)	1,906,889 1,906,438 1,328	406,499 406,493 982	107,998 107,980 4,503	768,021 767,707 3,048	2,230,311 2,229,875 3,809	1,035,936 1,035,629 8,179	2,144,766 2,143,802 12,057	1,574,405 1,574,290 7,473	782,286 782,167 21,654	2,676,749 2,676,642 2,566	69,977 69,928 549	408,332 408,313 2,264	283,033	35 36
38 39	Income tax. Excess profits tax ⁴ .	735,127 7,868	204,945 22,799	58,753 4,241	392,077 51,696	1,151,509 135,624	525,635 53,355	1,100,809 167,717	808,238 149,265	400,434 106,878	1,393,963 308,755	35,973 9,042	210,453		38
40	Total tax	742,995	227,744	62,994	443,773	1,287,133	578,990	1,268,526	957,503	507,312	1,702,718	45,015	246,337		1
41 42	Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40) Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock	1,163,894	178,755	45,004	324,248	943,178	456,946	876,240	616,902	274,974	974,031	24,962	161,995	116,560	
43	Corporation's own stock.	1,215,788 190,921	82,019 10,164	29,343 4,102	195,716 9,115	482,880 40,526	212,606 36,844	437,480 85,957	347,857 38,126	129,758 18,604	578,731 5,711	12,769 417	87,919 7,049	57,713 13,322	42 43

PART I. -ALL RETURNS-Continued

		AETURNS	, RECEIPTS, DED	CTIONS, COLF II	EDITE								-	
						— т	Major indust	trial groups-	-Continued					
			Publ:	ic utilities						Trade	<u> </u>	Reta		
							Į.		Wholesale			Reta	111	
	Item ·	Total public utilities	Transpor- tation	Communi- cation	Electric and gas utilities	Other public utilities	Total trade	Total wholesale	Commission merchants	Other wholesalers	Total retail	Food	General merchandise	Apperel an accessorie
		(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)
		(37)				 	228,360	74,101	9,940	64,161	134,631	9,975	7,946	17,2
	umber of returns	29,937	21,577	4,800	1,266	2,294		(Thousand dollar						
	ceipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations(less amortizable	471,670 39,117,146	337,014 22,610,170	37,366 6,124,388	93,731 10,119,388	3,559 263,200	165,467,372 2,496,466	79,090,667 1,613,509	3,197,302 778,130	75,893,365 835,379	77,970,190 674,802	18,717,635 49,561	16,901,391 73,084	5,634,7 38,3
	Gross receipts from operations: Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): Wholly taxable Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest	54,301 367 876	33,772 261 618	9,056 103 48	11,175 2 128	298 1 82 728	26,432 455 977 153,288	11,320 123 450 63,339	1,950 4 19 9,483	9,370 119 431 53,856	14,199 291 476 82,348	940 1 168 4,666	8,855 26 111 28,978	2,8
	Rents	106,015 467,933 13,394	66,252 405,760 8,006 475	9,787 37,496 1,882 204	29,248 23,381 2,570 321	1,296 936 52	285,133 33,008 2,939	78,542 28,612 1,065	7,267 2,598 107	71,275 26,014 958	184,122 2,282 1,692	13,195 360 65	73,666 213 113	27,
	Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long-	1,052	81,779	12,277	6,935	2,047	103,754	44,966	3,650	41,316	49,419	5,760	6,618	2,
	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short- term capital loss.	7,287	3,939	2,552	748 37,800	48 2,361	10,817 94,148	3,859 56,330	344 8,593	3,515 47,737	5,999 29,201	533 1,709	181 11,836	4,
	Net gain, sales other than depited absorbed bividends, domestic corporations	259,862 25,083 182,106	110,029 10,736 144,983	109,672 1,690 7,492	12,657 27,114	2,517	78,436 1,245,918	67,120 440,112	453 28,897	66,667 411,215	11,090 743,096	2,874 38,206	8,062 183,642	84,
	Total compiled receipts	├ ──	23,813,794	6,354,013	10,365,198	277,125	169,999,143	81,500,014	4,038,797	77,461,217	79,769,207	18,835,673	17,296,776	5,796,
E	Deductions: Cost of goods sold Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	376,117 24,359,456 346,265 960,985	285,621 15,793,099 259,979 821,240 24,131 13,410	30,317 3,365,255 33,125 88,374 2,065 18,045	57,655 5,078,922 46,185 48,401 1,338 12,535	6,976 2,970 570	133,766,347 1,015,462 2,805,443 1,754,009 416,610 314,979	68,634,196 636,727 1,198,068 327,714 136,887 116,555	4,478	65,691,097 445,969 1,054,339 301,413 132,409 107,358	58,447,380 301,477 1,417,514 1,344,256 253,904 177,235	15,234,083 27,609 110,009 163,951 60,397 8,797	11,107,070 17,330 121,718 342,138 64,132 41,847	7, 160, 293, 15, 17,
	Interest paid Taxes paid Contributions or gifts Depreciation	1,199,108 2,335,252 28,729 2,576,673	498,107 1,144,548 13,898 1,120,126 17,023	512,235	526,443 778,297 9,646 919,448 34,080 94,257	25,068 257 24,864 604	416,094 1,451,939 65,947 1,136,236 14,229 9,284	191,724 563,636 23,454 370,385 10,031 6,726	19,011 1,833 17,991 474	352,394 9,557	202,039 795,948 39,618 687,028 3,058 2,161	22,198 128,366 7,765 135,201 229 95	46,503 246,995 13,879 156,734 118 324	63, 4, 58,
	Depletion. Amortization. Advertising. Amounts contributed under pension plans. Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets. Other deductions.	133,614 391,867 104,843	396,476 82,181 81,083 36,779 20,945 1,463,870	27,983 185,043 40,227 1,598	23,112 124,329 27,29 3,879	337 1,412 542 82	1,694,042 231,729 66,577 37,222	433,004 86,646 24,836 13,836	23,785 8,659 2,035 1,108	409,219 77,987 22,801 12,728	1,171,409 135,816 38,835 21,067 12,657,033	114,628 37,553 15,108 2,667 2,390,149	71,868 5,274 9,291 3,654,128	1,190
	Other deductions Total compiled deductions	i .	22,072,516			3 232,274	166,065,526	79,831,708	3,938,052	75,893,656	77,695,778	18,458,805	16,328,81	5,661
	Compiled net profit or net loss (16 less 34) Net income or deficit (35 less 6) Net operating loss deduction	5,037,992	+	1,189,173 1,189,125	2,062,69 2,062,56	2 44,769	3,932,640	1,667,856	100,726	1,567,130	2,073,429 2,072,953 35,344	376,868 376,700 5,327	967,857 2,920	134
	Income tax	2 520 974	872,246	581,132		9 20,957 5 150		816,863	3 47,913 2,342		42,503	190,853 11,668	20,15	1
	Total tax		 -		1,052,63	4 21,107	2,068,465	855,032	50,255	804,778	1,116,920	202,521	517,35	6 67
	Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40)		+	602,177	1,010,05	6 23,744		ļ	1					1
	Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	. 2,014,869											,	

PART I.—ALL RETURNS—Continued

RETURNS, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					·		Major ind	lustrial grou	ps-Continued					
				Tr	ade—Continu	ied			Finan	ce, insurance	e, real estate	, and lessors	of real prop	erty
	Item			Retail-	Continued				Total finance.	T		Finance		
		Furniture and house furnishings	Automotive dealers and filling stations	stores	Eating and drinking places	Building materials and hardware	Other retail trade	Trade not allocable	insurance, 1 real estate, and lessors of real property	Total finance	Banks and trust companies	Credit agencies other than banks	Holding and other investment companies	Security and commodity-exchange brokers and dealers
		(50)	(51)	(52)	(53)	(54)	(55)	(56)	(57)	(58)	(59)	(60)	(61)	(62)
1	Number of returns	12,776	24,667	5,930	18,202	15,334	22,532	19,628	195,207	44,166	14,486	21,391	6,671	1,618
	Receipts:					,		(Thousand do.	llers)					
3	Gross sales	3,196,355 48,824	19,282,235 273,374	1,696,318 11,245	2,660,099 51,242	4,587,809 30,002	5,293,607 99,157	8,406,515 208,155	210,693 10,639,133	127,641 2,262,689	821,037	120,511 1,251,715	7,130 67,835	122,102
4 5 6 7	Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	466 148 13 7,195	961 75 61 25,347	180 - 2 342	254 3 7 484	428 20 1 6,476	839 11 46 6,033	913 41 51 7,601	1,775,767 105,795 305,469 7,759,464	1,377,228 100,787 217,429 5,478,753	1,302,524 98,878 211,842 3,714,169	49,276 543 1,035 1,659,854	16,143 109 1,526	9,285 1,257 3,026
8 9 10	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long- term capital loss.	5,588 92 50	27,237 267 906	4,989 72 4	8,169 415 77	8,609 415 128	15,194 129 255	22,469 2,114 182	2,926,886 203,164 13,642	173,090 66,042 9,736	137,475 2,016 4,486	19,213 649 1,230	97,601 14,752 63,109 3,440	7,129 1,650 268 580
12	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short- term capital loss.	2,120	15,224	755	4,474	6,595	5,500	9,369	336,849	200,919	23,543	19,011	153,060	5,305
13 14 15	Net gain, sales other than capital assets	798 1,580 1 160,090	1,875 2,121 3 127,047	55 1,284 - 13,551	430 1,121 1 14,904	881 2,647 14 53,994	790 2,514 8 67,623	959 8,617 226 62,710	530,629 1,009,567 33,038 324,818	106,686 664,925 30,005	2,463 36,326 461	4,024 14,516 201	14,489 602,644 29,060	85,710 11,439 283
16	Total compiled receipts	3,423,320	19,756,733	1,728,797	2,741,680	4,698,019	5,491,706	8,729,922	26,174,914	184,250	66,982	63,515	45,109	8,644
17 18 19 20 21	Deductions: Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	2,076,102 14,830 137,300 83,875 9,392 28,881	16,443,416 141,958 361,182 146,475 34,998 33,674	1,161,037 2,900 52,296 56,016 6,216 909	1,411,474 23,676 107,673 125,814 30,153 1,412	3,558,094 16,303 162,822 32,228 14,170 20,105	3,781,344 49,015 203,574 100,702 18,457 24,173	6,684,771 77,258 189,861 82,039 25,819 21,189	153,187 10,488 1,256,029 350,636 228,791 492,545	102,505 645 766,963 124,061 46,268 477,273	544,417 71,804 36,212 148,181	97,238 8 150,928 40,572 7,617 322,690	5,267 637 23,789 3,447 1,590 5,421	256,678 - 47,829 8,238 849 981
23 24 25 26 27 28	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	18,041 40,661 1,942 26,701 65 247	54,148 117,776 5,131 112,084 596 494	3,206 21,984 929 17,559 28 64	8,190 59,479 1,460 63,200 621 44	18,200 50,824 2,103 46,045 674 84	18,405 65,933 2,339 70,863 324 689	22,331 92,355 2,875 78,823 1,140 397	2,729,912 1,124,282 44,023 849,293 69,328 10,796	2,111,384 291,332 30,185 157,242 27,746 334	1,063,477 212,443 24,703 116,551 3,779	994,260 59,193 3,250 30,908 290 332	39,466 12,904 1,850 6,956 23,612	14,181 6,792 382 2,827 65
9 10 11 12 13	Advertising. Amounts contributed under pension plans. Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans. Not loss, sales other than capital assets. Cther deductions.	109,869 1,538 1,228 1,588 817,553	212,094 6,668 6,347 2,953 1,843,030	20,766 2,490 752 257 337,531	21,265 2,838 3,197 1,842 837,860	35,599 2,331 1,772 813 622,995	76,229 4,808 2,288 796 963,133	89,629 9,267 2,906 2,319 1,155,061	210,325 165,619 43,778 254,538 10,954,564	145,873 135,003 22,236 221,370 3,173,363	81,253 111,794 18,763 211,831 1,972,841	59,402 17,709 2,541 8,478 900,693	1,136 2,156 538 710 173,126	4,082 3,344 394 351 126,703
4	Total compiled deductions	3,369,813	19,523,024	1,684,940	2,700,198	4,585,162	5,383,072	8,538,040	18,948,134	7,833,783	4,618,049	2,696,109	302,607	217,018
7	Compiled net profit or net loss (16 less 34)	53,507 53,494 4,451	233,709 233,648 2,848	43,857 43,855 1,306	41,482 41,475 5,464	112,857 112,856 2,725	108,634 108,588 4,983	191,882 191,831 7,415	7,226,780 6,921,311 74,156	3,166,397 2,948,968 22,835	1,804,153 1,592,311 4,256	509,184 508,149 10,734	813,400 811,874 5,139	39,660 36,634 2,706
9	Income tax	34,545 459	134,689 2,396	20,599 1,251	25,900 1,695	51,638 1,220	52,188 2,479	93,028 3,484	1,857,697 44,508	1,074,718	728,110 22,321	248,152 1,597	85,128 376	13,328
٥	Total tax	35,004	137,085	21,850	27,595	52,858	54,667	96,512	1,902,205	1,099,377	750,431	249,749	85,504	13,693
2 1	Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40) Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock	18,503	96,624	22,007	13,887	59,999	53,967	95,370	5,324,575	2,067,020	1,053,722	259,435	727,896	25,967
3	Corporation's own stock	13,968 4,616	43,445 11,043	10,735 1,655	10,747	25,197 11,028	21,717	52,419 4,517	1,832,286	1,322,523	479,080 60,707	188,465 18,760	646,106 22,037	8,872 2,249

RETURNS, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

							Ma jor		groups—Con	ntinued							
	<u> </u>	Fin	ance, insure	ance, real e	state, and					Se	ervices					i l	
	Item	le	ssors of recent and carriers and Insurance carriers 1	al property-	-Continued Real estate, except lessors of real property	Lessors of real property, except buildings	Total services	Hotels and other lodging places	Personal services	Business services	Auto- motive repair services and garages	Miscel- laneous repair services, hand trades	Motion pictures	Amusement, except motion pictures	Other services, including schools	Nature of business not allocable	
L		(63)	(64)	(65)	(66)	(67)	(68)	(69)	(70)	(71)	(72)	(73)	(74)	(75)	(76)	(77)	i
		(63)					(2.515)	6.954	12,730	14,446	6.169	4,000	6,118	6,423	6,677	6,450	ı
1 N	umber of returns	12,293	2,868	9,425	132,960	5,788	63,517		nd dollars)	14,440	0,107	, 1	·	<u> </u>			
2 3	deceipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable	37,975 6,852,600	37,865 6,180,342	110 672,258	43,941 1,523,064	1,136	1,520,304 10,067,452	560.706	276,056 1,569,723	192,471 3,126,661	134,385 512,925	122,256 363,667	102,284 1,747,929	79,264 704,256	52,882 993,864	47,417 45,544	3
4 5 6 7	bond premium): Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	386,083 4,929 86,594 2,210,365	385,425 4,921 86,549 2,208,621	658 8 45	10,413 55 1,241 67,792	2,043 24 205 2,554	4,625 84 397 14,275	695 - 32 2,349	267 2 13 641	1,092 61 154 3,766	223 11 24 741	26 6 - 336	972 1 10 4,089	666 2 25 845	684 1 139 1,508	39 - 11 331	4 5
8 9 10	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long-	223,165 642 551	220,139 640 529	3,026 2 22	2,344,787 3,895 3,131	185,844 132,585 224	223,262 14,678 1,420	99,386 391 146	4,543 720 248 3,650	28,315 4,622 120 10,193	30,653 98 301 8,569	922 179 9	44,270 5,918 481 10,957	10,883 794 38 2,904	4,290 1,956 77 1,800	1,642 552 16 927	10
11 12 13	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short- term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets	9,190 1,235 307,754	8,040 1,115 301,984 1,646	1,150 120 5,770 404	112,339 421,477 32,827 813	1,231 4,061 170	51,090 4,140 29,164 8,104	336 3,155 718	334 1,278 19	1,115 15,189 1,834	736 763 43	23 15 5	963 6,952 5,474	443 890	190 922 11 11,876	111 506 - 2,311	1
14 15	Dividends, domestic corporations. Other receipts	2,050 21,046	14,948	6,098	94,253	25,269	161,555	12,984	8,506	64,728	4,678	1,587	1,976,715	10,781 811,791	1,070,200	99,407	7
16	Total compiled receipts	10,144,179	9,452,764	691,415	4,660,028	370,527	12,100,550	1,740,797	1,866,000	3,450,321	694,150	490,576	1,9/0,/12	511,791	1,010,200	27,10	1
17 18 19 20 21	Deductions: Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	29,721 50 167,206 71,833 4,006 6,910	29,696 50 30,565 49,482 2,465 2,696	25 136,641 22,351 1,541 4,214	20,242 9,793 313,852 145,005 175,051 8,224	719 - 8,008 9,737 3,466 138	884,787 5,784,592 570,195 388,636 159,119 24,272	64,879	142,465 913,359 120,016 56,796 24,585 4,292	132,532 1,916,031 194,406 58,890 16,124 5,663	90,232 252,377 35,965 45,090 10,166 1,655	77,559 249,570 31,721 9,173 3,321 1,076	61,859 1,213,631 42,815 80,725 18,370 1,784	355,852 34,740 34,438 15,208	34,666 497,291 71,373 27,894 6,466 3,740	18,830 6,104 1,519 1,010	1 1 2 2
22 23 24 25 26 27	Bad debts Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	31,928 208,586 4,448 82,227	29,466 197,571 3,135 72,278 228 128	2,462 11,015 1,313 9,949 39	539,661 589,472 9,042 587,851 1,665 1,959	46,939 34,892 348 21,973 39,650 8,371	105,638 302,481 10,465 508,272 676 1,058	80,884 1,623 103,076 203	1,701 69,838 1	14,969 44,471 2,633 108,813 70 114	10,732 19,451 333 84,196 26 25	1,517 8,381 105 9,029 36 107	21,166 48,701 746 79,062 91 300	41,698 2,028 35,047 124	3,674 18,229 1,296 19,211 125 210	2,113 72 4,492 83	2222
28 29 30 31 32	Amounts contributed under pension plans. Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets. Other deductions.	24,822 25,411 17,900 1,667	15,073 20,457 16,152 1,503 5,877,006	164	39,505 4,690 3,433 30,851 1,437,452	125 515 209 650	201,436 53,501 18,261 8,497 2,469,916	2,526 4,598 765	4,311 1,218	31,542 4,454 1,851	396 562 723	5,116 711 1,452 98 78,286	1,111 2,870	1,155 495 583		73 49 3,496 28,592	3 2
33 34	Total compiled deductions	1	6,347,951	623,382	3,917,748	225,270	11,491,802	1,657,315	1,802,878	3,247,635	660,900	477,258	1,882,690	747,426	1,015,700	105,686	=
35 36	Compiled net profit or net loss (16 less 34)	3,172,846	3,104,813 3,018,264 11,401	68,033 67,988	741,039	145,052	608,748 608,351 28,407	83,450	63,109	202,532	33,226			5 64,340	54,500 54,361 2,664	36,290 521	
37 38 39	Income tax	420 199	393,061 9,128			69,332 2,664	302,002 21,830			8,153	475	749	2,54	3 2,256	4,559	484	4
40	Total tax	E.	402,189	28,962	299,681	71,996	323,832	45,984	30,718	101,016	14,042	8,514	52,40	7 36,505	34,646		7
	Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40)	2,741,695	2,702,624	39,071		1	284,916						1				
42 43	Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock. Corporation's own stock	269,624 12,240	249,274 11,903		158,268 15,108					50,844 7 3,556							

PART II. -- RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

T						Ma jor	industrial gro	ups				
			Agr	riculture, fores	try, and fisher	ry			Mining and	quarrying		
	Item	All industrial groups	Total agriculture, forestry, and fishery	Farms and agricultural services	Forestry	Fishery	Total mining and quarrying	Metal mining	Anthracite mining	Bituminous coal and lignite mining	Crude petroleum and natural gas production	Nonmetallic mining and quarrying
-		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1.		441,767	4,963	4,671	170	122	4,271	205	80	632	2,090	1,26
. 1	Number of returns	441,707	4,703	4,072			Thousand dollars)	l	l			<u> </u>
3	Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable	411,211,684 74,151,033	1,541,633 299,599	1,497,757 285,344	32,325 1,126	11,551 13,129	6,222,828 1,169,393	1,169,686 35,989	67,691 21,141	1,374,598 109,577	2,649,162 950,261	961,69 52,42
	bond premium): Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	2,007,230 107,368 311,473 7,141,923	1,572 70 241 4,130	1,415 70 217 3,828	108 - 21 293	(2) (2) (2)	15,562 120 1,478 12,697	6,417 2 104 3,122	299 11 - 117	2,714 44 154 3,367	5,093 59 1,195 5,263	1,0
	Rents Royalties. Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long-	3,683,531 500,392 24,957	11,718 5,362 518	11,387 5,331 444	328 31 8	(²) - 66	18,368 38,026 2,477	2,524 5,217 9	41 81 -	6,095 1,470 33	7,059 28,656 2,402	2,6 2,6
	term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-	1,150,017	22,089	14,649	7,357	83	56,489	6,232	322	17,849	29,385	2,7
	term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts	507,279 2,364,608 573,428 2,715,158	2,954 3,241 4,465 14,052	1,995 2,851 4,463 13,647	959 390 2 229	- - 176	1,845 96,987 3,619 45,979	91 22,035 1,077 5,399	29 11,900 2 233	164 6,789 36 7,512	1,400 55,340 2,503 27,782	1, 9, 5,0
,	Total compiled receipts	506,450,081	1,911,644	1,843,398	43,177	25,069	7,685,868	1,257,904	101,867	1,530,402	3,765,560	1,030,1
7 8 9 0 1 2	Deductions: Cost of goods sold Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	312,440,287 40,969,747 7,305,245 4,015,417 5,216,132 776,623	1,054,990 126,479 41,683 33,316 33,716 2,859	1,018,645 118,372 40,532 33,190 33,218 2,703	27,962 64 437 23 143 42	8,383 8,043 714 103 355 114	3,680,384 693,370 79,007 34,419 112,440 7,350	712,961 23,428 4,655 3,644 17,721 2,087	55,259 13,247 1,381 505 2,011	1,015,109 70,663 14,434 6,867 38,028 1,385	1,312,556 555,075 32,209 17,683 24,477 2,677	584,44 30,9; 26,3; 5,7; 30,2(
5 5 7 3	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	4,434,164 11,220,740 490,637 9,297,382 2,152,466 1,465,313	9,849 32,274 887 59,380 2,040	9,403 30,431 822 57,360 1,483	288 1,438 52 710 557	158 405 (²) 1,310	44,804 190,145 5,493 339,348 645,552 16,511	4,859 42,070 962 31,320 107,563 8,841	296 1,134 157 2,419 934	7,549 33,101 616 59,783 47,890 2,179	28,102 90,243 2,401 197,348 432,948 3,427	3,9 23,5 1,3 48,4 56,2 2,0
D L 2	Advertising	4,916,546 2,853,292 807,775 312,235 55,645,162	10,773 3,999 634 402 317,089	10,740 3,974 576 399 311,635	3 23 7 3 1,717	(2) (2) 51 - 3,737	9,678 96,267 14,928 4,116 609,373	192 8,857 625 102 56,823	80 1,637 757 73 6,767	1,719 62,472 9,989 1,260 84,611	4,695 20,048 2,418 2,135 363,454	2,9 3,2 1,1 5 97,7
4	Total compiled deductions	464,319,163	1,730,477	1,673,590	33,469	23,418	6,583,185	1,026,710	86,689	1,457,655	3,091,896	920,2
۶I	Compiled net profit (16 less 34)	42,130,918 41,819,445 413,391	181,167 180,926 9,009	169,808 169,591 8,520	9,708 9,687 200	1,651 1,648 289	1,102,683 1,101,205 10,397	231,194 231,090 496	15,178 15,178 567	72,747 72,593 1,319	673,664 672,469 6,357	109,9 109,8 1,6
8 9	Income tax	18,255,625 1,613,424	71,522 1,317	67,602 1,308	3,423	(²) 497	491,215 22,136	104,228 8,926	2,117 16	28,620 205	304,338 9,608	51,9 3,3
٥	Total tax	19,869,049	72,839	68,910	3,423	506	513,351	113,154	2,133	28,825	313,946	55,2
1	Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40) Dividends paid:	22,261,869	108,328	100,898	6,285	1,145	589,332	1	13,045	43,922	359,718	54,6
2	Cash and assets other than own stock	11,422,624 1,089,355	46,836 3,002	45,542 3,002	1,133	161	635,836 29,476		7,053	39,159 471	414,800 20,947	42,1 8,0

PART II. - RETURNS WITH NET INCOME - Continued

RETURNS, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

						Ma jo	r industrial g	roups—Continu	ed					T
								Manufacturing						7
	Item	Construction	Total manufacturing	Beverages	Food and kindred products	Tobacco manufactures	Textile-mill products	Apparel and products made from fabrics	Lumber and wood products, except furniture	Furniture and fixtures	Paper and allied products	Printing, publishing, and allied industries	Chemicals and allied products	
		(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	-
1	Number of returns	21,406	78,380	1,690	6,969	136	3,529	8,369	3,591	2,764	2,074	9,427	4,669] :
	Receipts:		r				(Thousand	dollers)						1
3	Gross sales	1,325,821 12,343,748	256,622,307 3,634,009	6,925,037 20,661	32,589,647 105,144	4,139,799 4,499	10,326,343 135,854	6,960,840 197,210	4,447,924 61,909	2,899,247 14,534	7,984,057 9,666	7,362,771 355,496	17,453,312 70,486	
4	Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only	3,107 17	240,860 1,342	2,931 39	9,469 37	217	5,545 63	1,035	3,442	1,407	13,644	6,365	32,834	1.
6 7	Wholly tax-exempt Other interest	568 5,965	6,542 178,762	199 6,102	699 13,076		849 7,812	39 2,050	96 3,299	52 1,224	79 357 7,704	87 229 4,374	1,048 16,034	
8 9 10	Rents	31,361 3,530 868	370,032 213,001 4,984	5,205 2,494 58	21,082 7,763 493	3,262 119 -	14,213 5,586 107	4,724 5,829 23	7,597 2,485 523	2,033 754 11	7,997 3,749 93	20,293 10,937 60	14,296 41,659 114	9
11	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short- term capital loss.	27,626	483,001	4,608	19,631	1,143	14,613	2,476	144,456	2,447	40,093	9,412	30,723	1
12 13 14 15	Net gain, sales other than capital assets	3,498 15,112 1,926 105,940	8,340 872,825 419,870 914,790	256 5,956 232 19,731	1,535 18,276 27,946 76,951	7 6,595 625 1,420	288 10,647 1,461 44,823	329 1,930 142 21,396	1,451 5,027 7 29,967	540 832 1,291 13,650	94 10,578 9,523 37,827	967 17,606 4,658 47,750	221 117,692 60,731 78,617	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
16	Total compiled receipts	13,869,087	263,970,665	6,993,509	32,891,749	4,158,688	10,568,204	7,198,030	4,708,185	2,938,024	8,125,461	7,841,005	17,917,808	1.0
17 18 19 20 21 22	Deductions: Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Hent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	1,054,568 10,357,550 425,081 46,792 68,923 14,150	189,843,390 1,927,581 2,684,108 1,037,034 4,312,233 197,816	4,486,154 7,866 44,837 14,538 46,539 2,744	26,757,651 26,238 206,065 89,162 286,516 19,727	2,502,967 1,157 9,772 2,419 6,524 377	8,328,324 83,785 135,447 31,867 111,562 4,683	5,584,698 147,744 191,643 56,881 13,409 7,355	3,427,088 38,547 80,727 13,805 41,012 6,653	2,160,022 2,923 78,833 19,016 21,249 4,602	5,587,666 2,314 101,912 31,075 207,038 5,453	5,101,087 194,949 242,530 74,969 41,884 22,349	11,128,630 20,037 170,722 58,806 349,084 17,710	17 18 19
23 24 25 26 27 28	Interest paid Taxes paid Contributions or gifts Depreciation Depletion Amortization	33,049 141,463 10,612 199,765 3,806 1,146	972,564 6,198,284 326,647 4,325,753 1,378,282 967,845	24,642 954,570 6,365 95,692 334 1,332	84,762 321,376 18,318 353,005 1,698 1,209	31,234 963,118 1,505 15,138	39,892 154,903 12,382 193,349 300 2,393	18,892 81,680 5,990 40,717 87 120	16,329 74,885 3,184 102,633 139,312 6,468	6,844 41,325 3,698 32,932 87 483	33,350 127,625 18,622 178,606 9,967 32,473	24,215 106,216 14,142 123,143 206 359	92,200 247,142 23,296 480,662 42,154 146,310	2: 2: 2: 2: 2: 2:
29 30 31 32 33	Advertising. Amounts contributed under pension plans. Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions.	30,693 26,556 16,167 1,888 809,997	2,974,212 1,909,891 559,948 61,903 22,035,430	249,636 18,358 8,774 2,045 608,454	580,139 94,229 27,702 4,318 2,689,468	146,633 8,918 2,568 91 125,084	66,332 40,035 18,996 3,234 695,489	68,625 19,955 13,447 621 725,685	16,909 8,822 5,056 856 382,950	36,771 11,330 6,663 306 324,094	43,688 56,618 13,882 1,330 716,455	44,776 51,295 12,892 1,767 1,120,974	499,426 155,629 33,566 4,077 2,060,656	29 30 31 32 33
34	Total compiled deductions	13,242,206	241,712,921	6,572,880	31,561,583	3,817,505	9,922,973	6,977,549	4,365,236	2,751,178	7,168,074	7,177,753	15,530,107] 34
35 36 37	Compiled net profit (16 less 34)	626,881 626,313 33,206	22,257,744 22,251,202 155,740	420,629 420,430 5,134	1,330,166 1,329,467 19,899	341,183 341,142 113	645,231 644,382 13,385	220,481 220,442 10,317	342,949 342,853 5,702	186,846 186,794 4,538	957,387 957,030 2,353	663,252 663,023 7,737	2,387,701 2,386,653 8,750	35 36 37
38 39	Income tax	252,821 20,600	10,771,452 1,389,227	208,803 11,250	650,725 32,597	173,478 22,725	310,027 7,901	93,538 2,737	130,830 2,728	87,116 6,472	474,179 41,653	309,767 27,529	1,163,050 166,061	38 39
40	Total tax	273,421	12,160,679	220,053	683,322	196,203	317,928	96,275	133,558	93,588	515,832	337,296	1,329,111	40
41 42	Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40) Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock	353,460 73,393	10,097,065	200,576	646,844 405,913	144,980	327,303	124,206	209,391	93,258	441,555	325,956	1,058,590	41
43	Corporation's own stock	25,652	654,492	11,921	24,061	103,441 7 ,79 0	166,821 12,220	32,960 14,049	75,675 3,289	31,626 5,471	221,653 63,337	134,816 14,731	692,842 44,431	42 43

PART II.—RETURNS WITH NET INCOME—Continued

RETURNS, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

_						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Major industr	lal groups—Co	ontinued						
	}						Manufact	uring—Contin	ied			r			
	Item	Petroleum and coal products	Rubber products	Leather and products	Stone, clay, and glass products		Fabricated metal prod- icts, except ordnance, machinery, and trans- portation equipment	Machinery, except transpor- tation equipment and electrical	Electrical machinery and equipment	Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles	Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical	Ordnance and accessories	watches, clocks	Other manufac- turing	
L		(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	
					2,944	2,282	7,775	8,157	2,398	733	783	65	1,295	6,044	1
1	Number of returns	447	568	1,671	2,944	2,202		ousand dollars)							
2 3	Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable	24,555,726 692,452	4,821,472 16,771	2,730,173 6,029	6,146,702 23,351	22,350,030 507,046	12,923,854 69,785	21,637,666 404,783	16,218,249 46,674	10,748,690 802,944	23,703,864 17,100	621,067 14,712	3,882,748 16,210	5,193,089 40,693	2
4 5	bond premium): Wholly taxable	37,245 8	3,892 4 4	809 17 17	9,657 48 313	24,946 334 433	5,816 154 304	16,517 105 956	17,721 30 115	1,839 5 119	40,151 235 104	429	3,219 11 19 2,354	1,730 34 49 2,650	5 6 7
6	Subject to survax only	451 31,021	2,808	1,001	2,409	11,467	5,752	18,047	11,792	4,162	22,375	Į.		6,933	8
8 9	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long-	135,510 40,020 1,032	4,328 1,651	1,518 386 22	5,223 5,700 61	31,394 7,477 163	11,585 4,603 436	46,730 30,179 1,209	11,092 21,613 402	3,955 8,451 50	5,903 3,762 38	423	5,122 48	2,239 40	9 10
10	term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-	65,555	2,782	996	6,171	13,772	15,878	36,065	27,447	3,739	22,449	2,073	1,937	14,535	ı
11 12 13	term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations	95 500,440 106,475	8 13,646 43,537	329 1,070 29	163 10,160 17,254	432 39,432 9,144	680 14,440 15,744	592 20,385 28,255 97,831	131 21,783 18,912 46,416	25 9,099 3,887 24,587	70 38,852 58,650 28,919	631 277		111 3,848 3,702 22,882	13 14
14	Other receipts	152,924	11,858	11,883	22,231	42,471	60,050		16,442,377	11,611,552	23,942,472		3,944,134	5,292,535	1
16	Total compiled receipts	26,318,954	4,922,761	2,754,279	6,249,443	23,038,541	13,129,081	22,339,320	10,442,377	11,011,552	25,742,412		 		1
17 18 19 20 21 22	Deductions: Cost of goods sold Cost of operations Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs Bad debts	18,134,822 319,420 37,587 200,145 387,822 23,372	3,525,530 8 25,852 20,480 85,065 5,603	2,188,243 3,356 52,604 17,237 17,096 2,698	4,012,538 9,735 95,707 20,944 176,557 6,553	16,117,675 305,732 133,416 79,654 1,198,966 7,786	9,538,887 37,595 286,483 54,273 201,586 13,834	15,272,199 39,343 342,459 87,980 343,668 15,910	11,896,293 26,833 124,400 53,963 189,874 12,094	9,053,269 625,313 46,157 31,689 162,776 1,572	18,238,260 4,868 53,747 18,050 303,792 5,032	382 4,913 982 15,178	7,361 58,116 19,849 54,277 2,809	3,709,727 22,075 160,179 39,250 50,759 8,596	18 19 20 21 22
23 24 25 26 27 28	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	111,040 589,151 11,707 697,370 1,004,846 89,295	21,907 134,839 6,306 76,157 232 7,359	8,867 37,822 2,691 21,083 189 332	18,944 101,792 15,050 159,955 43,927 34,530	119,177	37,738 181,019 15,713 193,018 271 17,886	92,077 350,102 36,007 377,811 5,332 58,614	52,346 345,012 31,600 214,067 60 40,470	32,475 146,207 12,158 76,658 35 41,138	25,723	8,961 3 1,545 3 8,753 3 2,145	83,727 8,151 60,318 139	17,902 84,358 5,269 73,750 4,156 4,199	2 2 2 2 2
29 30 31 32	Advertising Amounts contributed under pension plans Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans.	112,905 251,570 45,864	58,285 36,628 2,662 2,662 254 503,806	32,841 8,714 3,834 246 230,168	52,788 47,058 11,568 5,528 650,774		129,698 82,122 35,567 2,990 1,213,630	60,714 4,355	257,185 187,152 57,730 1,938 1,344,106	20,999 70,790 26,637 447 457,697	218,847 70,330 13,923	6,850 777 3 64	42,369 7 20,808 4 264	83,097 19,840 11,264 1,143 658,539	3 3
33	Other deductions		4,510,973	2,628,021	5,463,948	20,784,833	12,042,310	20,124,232	14,835,123	10,806,017	21,215,05	3 572,82	3,526,184	4,954,103	월 3
34 35 36	Compiled net profit (16 less 34)		411,788 411,784 982	126,258 126,241	785,495 785,182 3,048	2,253,708 2,253,275	1,086,771 1,086,467 8,179	2,215,088 2,214,132 12,057	1,607,139	805,535 805,416 21,654	2,727,31	5 71,68	3 417,931	338,432 338,383 9,400	3 3
37 38 39	Net operating loss deduction. Income tax	735, 127	204,945 22,799	58,753 4,241	392,077 51,696	1,151,509	525,635 53,355			400,434 106,878		5 9,04	2 35,884	152,023 14,450	의 3
40	Total tax		227,744	62,994	443,773	1,287,133	578,990	1,268,526	957,503	507,312	1,702,71	8 45,01	5 246,337	166,47	3 4
41	Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40)	1,171,494	184,044		341,722		i	1							
42 43	Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock. Corporation's own stock.	1,213,732 190,921	81,814 10,119							127,968 18,604					7

PART II. - RETURNS WITH NET INCOME - Continued

RETURNS, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

							Mejor indu	strial groups	-Continued					
			Pu	blic utilitie	es					Tr	ade			
	Item								Wholesale			Ret	eil	
		Total public utilities	Transpor- tation	Communi- cation	Electric and gas utilities	Other public utilities	Total trade	Total wholesale	Commission merchants	Other wholesalers	Total retail	Food	General merchandise	Apparel an
		(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)
1	Number of returns	18,688	13,392	2,964	1,000	1,332	143,602	49,591	5,978	43,613	82,160	6,166	5,208	11,010
	Receipts:							(Thousand dolla	rs)				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
2 3	Gross sales	374,668 36,269,415	246,441 19,982,361	37,364 6,029,340	88,502 10,034,498	2,361 223,216	143,765,859 1,993,281		2,565,576 617,300	66,297,355 671,743	67,562,481 512,699	17,951,071 42,558	16,344,272 66,980	4,712,457 27,929
4 5 6 7		52,708 351 856 99,487	32,363 245 601 60,224	9,049 103 48 9,641	11,113 2 128 28, 9 55	183 1 79 667	24,799 330 942 136,557	10,509 89 435 57,439	1,890 3 17 8,770	8,619 86 418	13,532 216 456	921 1 167	8,818 26 110	1,158 2 67
8 9 10	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long- term capital loss.	428,081 13,069 753	367,486 7,712 303	36,438 1,864 204	23,263 2,570 194	894 923 52	240,962 30,804 2,115	65,734 27,040 833	5,310 2,233 45	48,669 60,424 24,807 788	72,084 155,858 1,786 1,141	11,486 353 46	27,912 68,783 101 106	2,371 22,693 314 93
11	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short- term capital loss.	95,730	74,798	12,116	6,913	1,903	90,248	40,270	3,075	37,195	42,061	5,136	6,213	2,012
12 13 14 15	Net gain, sales other than capital assets	6,131 258,362 24,992 166,939	2,874 108,530 10,731 131,352	2,496 109,671 1,604 6,414	717 37,800 12,657 26,861	2,361 2,312	7,847 91,193 77,843 1,053,858	2,982 54,396 66,665 378,248	273 8,304 426 21,158	2,709 46,092 66,239 357,090	4,265 28,311 10,952 619,841	391 1,658 2,874 35,765	61 11,743 8,062 173,701	248 4,233 2 70,847
16	Total compiled receipts	37,791,542	21,026,021	6,256,352	10,274,173	234,996	147,516,638	70,856,614	3,234,380	67,622,234	69,025,683	18,056,998	16,716,888	4,844,426
17 18 19 20 21	Deductions: Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts	289,520 22,249,828 289,575 864,131 17,296 38,429	203,576 13,818,982 210,825 730,525 14,489 8,342	30,316 3,315,051 27,765 84,833 1,162 17,425	53,754 5,017,381 45,107 48,079 1,221 12,457	1,874 98,414 5,878 694 424 205	115,693,855 727,403 2,242,014 1,424,493 363,944 245,336	59,479,102 446,658 993,628 265,520 122,288 88,322	2,357,088 118,625 111,724 19,322 3,465 5,364	57,122,014 328,033 881,904 246,198 118,823 82,958	50,380,319 213,070 1,092,837 1,095,432 218,768 139,192	14,632,180 23,244 92,292 151,428 56,365 7,793	10,717,202 14,716 108,087 325,366 62,147 38,414	3,060,890 5,859 124,635 234,157 13,246 12,993
23 24 25 26 27 28	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation Depletion. Amortization	1,114,406 2,194,511 28,624 2,380,493 48,907 468,721	424,362 1,015,322 13,817 945,458 16,173 372,771	152,025 383,847 4,919 504,431 54 1,646	519,704 774,077 9,640 910,591 32,079 94,209	18,315 21,265 248 20,013 601 95	319,745 1,272,555 64,596 951,675 12,845 7,770	153,214 507,833 23,258 312,679 9,168 5,437	8,981 15,527 1,803 12,146 350 107	144,233 492,306 21,455 300,533 8,818 5,330	148,945 682,625 38,512 572,414 2,615 1,942	17,808 121,278 7,742 123,809 196 86	43,549 237,296 13,834 150,598 118 301	9,620 53,347 3,854 46,691 403 114
29 30 31 32 33	Advertising. Amounts contributed under pension plans. Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets. Other deductions.	123,278 384,499 98,538 17,423 1,991,171	73,291 74,487 30,842 12,691 1,189,176	26,816 184,762 40,143 839 276,432	22,912 124,043 27,144 3,872 508,059	259 1,207 409 21 17,504	1,453,001 225,008 59,959 19,052 17,907,876	382,295 82,141 22,348 5,743 6,057,765	18,424 7,655 1,352 306 426,458	363,871 74,486 20,996 5,437 5,631,307	994,966 133,875 35,027 12,176 10,873,229	108,583 37,202 14,744 1,376 2,266,696	404,523 71,661 5,032 8,556 3,523,563	123,977 5,394 2,503 185 979,013
34	Total compiled deductions	32,599,350	19,155,129	5,052,466	8,204,329	187,426	142,991,127	68,957,399	3,108,697	65,848,702	66,635,944	17,662,822	15,724,963	4,676,881
36	Compiled net profit (16 less 34)	5,192,192 5,191,336 23,221	1,870,892 1,870,291 19,241	1,203,886 1,203,838 1,395	2,069,844 2,069,716 2,271	47,570 47,491 314	4,525,511 4,524,569 78,734	1,899,215 1,898,780 35,975	125,683 125,666 4,582	1,773,532 1,773,114 31,393	2,389,739 2,389,283 35,344	394,176 394,009 5,327	991,925 991,815 2,928	167,545 167,478 5,312
38 39	Income tax	2,520,974 29,165	872,246 17,156	581,132 5,864	1,046,639 5,995	20 ,95 7 150	1,984,308 84,157	816,863 38,170	47,913 2,342	768,950 35,828	1,074,417 42,503	190,853 11,668	497,203 20,153	66,802 1,182
40	Total tax	2,550,139	889,402	586,996	1,052,634	21,107	2,068,465	855,033	50,255	804,778	1,116,920	202,521	517,356	67,984
	Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40) Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock	2,642,053	981,490	616,890	1,017,210	26,463	2,457,046	1,044,182	75,428	968,754	1,272,819	191,655	474,569	99,561
3	Corporation's own stock	2,001,147 81,279	525,159 41,652	507,196 7,551	950,648 30,389	18,144 1,687	912,476 153,376	338,867 89,122	17,723 10,066	321,144 79,056	522,268 59,843	75,842 13,251	296,409 10,824	30,659 4,918

PART II. - RETURNS WITH NET INCOME -- Continued

RETURNS, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

							Major ind	ustrial grou	ıps—Continued						
				Tī	ade—Continu	ied			Fine	nce, insuranc	e, real estate	e, and lessor	s of real pro	perty	
				Retail—(Continued				Total finance,	/		Finance			
	Item	Furniture and house furnishings	Automotive dealers and filling stations	Drug stores	Eating and drinking places	Building materials and hardware	Other retail trade	Trade not allocable	insurance, 1 real estate, and lessors of real property	Total finance	Banks and trust companies	Credit agencies other than banks	Holding and other investment companies	Security and commodity- exchange brokers and dealers	
		(50)	(51)	(52)	(53)	(54)	(55)	(56)	(57)	(58)	(59)	(60)	(61)	(62)	1
1	Number of returns	7,713	14,593	-3,989	8,602	10,446	14,433	11,851	133,891	31,583	13,771	12,135	4,713	964	1
								(Thousand do	llars)					r	
2	Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable	2,407,406 35,953	14,702,115 193,633	1,464,442 9,583	1,877,693 33,131	3,859,923 25,979	4,243,102 76,953	7,340,447 191,539	204,437 9,958,676	127,631 2,148,175	812,505	120,511 1,171,208	7,120 67,683	96,779	2 3
4 5 6 7	bond premium): Wholly taxable Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt Other interest.	416 148 13 5,287	745 6 43 21,017	171 2 335	215 3 7 402	364 20 1 5,435	724 10 46 4,754	758 25 51 7,034		1,271,719 100,128 213,358 4,420,376	1,233,100 98,697 208,326 3,551,254	15,049 72 649 766,693	14,484 102 1,515 95,744	9,086 1,257 2,868 6,685	4 5 6 7
8 9 10	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long-	4,004 66 47	21,180 124 655	4,566 72 1	5,339 355 28	6,120 319 113	11,687 82 52	19,370 1,978 141		156,818 57,208 8,823	134,514 2,013 4,341	6,819 212 522	14,171 54,733 3,405	1,314 250 555	8 9 10
11	term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-	1,060	12,540	722	4,008	5,808	4,562	7,917	328,255	197,610	23,270	16,344	152,842	5,154	11
12 13 14	term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets. Dividends, domestic corporations. Dividends, foreign corporations. Other receipts.	735 1,440 1 129,310	1,170 1,935 3 89,471	19 1,252 - 11,822	319 1,103 1 12,513	668 2,542 2 45,578	654 2,405 7 50,834	600 8,486 226 55,769	998,004 32,947	98,793 656,381 29,939 156,488	2,445 32,439 458 64,451	1,981 14,035 201 42,218	14,477 599,071 29,014 42,981	79,890 10,836 266 6,838	12 13 14 15
15 16	Total compiled receipts	2,585,886	15,044,637	1,492,987	1,935,117	3,952,872	4,395,872	7,634,341	23,654,257	9,643,447	6,167,813	2,156,514	1,097,342	221,778	16
17 18 19 20 21 22	Deductions: Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	1,547,348 11,558 100,893 58,597 7,268 19,052	12,432,448 89,358 272,982 99,154 26,715 24,048	999,608 1,809 40,817 46,522 5,312 620	992,193 14,097 69,014 84,985 21,720 668	2,975,872 14,137 132,416 22,430 11,696 16,866	3,022,578 38,292 151,793 14,299 18,738	5,834,434 67,675 155,549 63,541 22,888 17,822	1,090,359 291,870 182,288	102,499 637 678,043 111,736 42,107 241,928	530,703 70,334 35,329 125,203	97,238 86,694 32,092 4,411 114,642	5,261 637 20,599 3,218 1,566 1,189	40,047 6,092 801 894	17 18 19 20 21 22
23 24 25 26 27 28	Interest paid Taxes paid Contributions or gifts Depreciation Depletion	11,647 30,745 1,874 19,094 58 247	32,495 91,123 4,979 83,947 567 390	2,393 18,819 917 14,649 28 62	4,610 38,592 1,002 41,237 282 24	13,499 41,878 2,056 36,978 639 48	13,324 49,547 2,254 55,411 324 670	17,586 82,097 2,826 66,582 1,062	953,127 43,487 652,121	1,457,916 264,378 30,002 139,519 21,678 318	921,088 206,167 24,641 113,445 3,779	489,565 39,921 3,134 18,795 105 318	33,765 12,388 1,849 4,989 17,729	13,498 5,902 378 2,290 65	24 25
29 30 31 32 33	Advertising	80,139 1,435 1,049 148 599,706	159,050 6,436 5,302 767 1,382,273	18,581 2,423 613 134 289,293	14,676 2,682 2,280 339 575,676	27,600 2,252 1,554 191 510,239	57,837 4,390 1,950 480 746,770	75,740 8,992 2,584 1,133 976,882	157,542 41,464	113,624 127,559 20,788 198,683 2,867,989	78,103 109,733 18,150 197,204 1,921,208	31,031 12,829 1,757 897 682,708	1,054 1,927 535 573 162,514	3,436 3,070 346 9 101,559	30 31 32
34	Total compiled deductions	2,490,858	14,712,034	1,442,600	1,864,077	3,810,351	4,251,358	7,397,784	16,169,365	6,419,404	4,355,087	1,616,137	269,793	178,387	34
35 36 37	Compiled net profit (16 less 34)	95,028 95,015 4,451	332,603 332,560 2,848	50,387 50,385 1,306	71,040 71,033 5,464	142,521 142,520 2,725	144,514 144,468 4,983	236,557 236,506 7,415		3,224,043 3,010,685 22,835	1,812,726 1,604,400 4,256	540,377 539,728 10,734	827,549 826,034 5,139	43,391 40,523 2,706	36
38 39	Income tax	34,545 459	134,689 2,396	20,599 1,251	25,900 1,695	51,638 1,220	52,188 2,479	93,028 3,484		1,074,718 24,659	728,110 22,321	248,152 1,597	85,128 376	13,328 365	38 39
40	Total tax	35,004	137,085	21,850	27,595	52,858	54,667	96,512	1,902,205	1,099,377	750,431	249,749	85,504	13,693	40
41	Commpiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40)	60,024	195,518	28,537	43,445	89,663	89,847	140,045	5,582,687	2,124,666	1,062,295	290,628	742,045	29,698	41
42 43	Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	12,350 4,250	41,025 10,000	10,461 1,655	10,604 1,542	24,091 10,838	20,827 2,565	51,341 4,411		1,263,458 102,936	478,497 60,679	132,539 18,411	643,678 22,037	8,744 1,809	

PART II. -- RETURNS WITH NET INCOME-Continued

RETURNS, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

Ī							Ma jor	industrial	groups—Cor	tinued							Γ
	<u> </u>				estate, and y-Continued					٤	ervices						
	Item		Insurance carriers		Real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings	Lessors of real property, except buildings	Total services	Hotels and other lodging places	Personal services	Business services	Auto- motive repair services and garages	Miscel- laneous repair services, hand trades	Motion pictures	Amusement, except motion pictures	Other services, including schools	Nature of business not allocable	
		(63)	(64)	(65)	(66)	(67)	(68)	(69)	(70)	(71)	(72)	(73)	(74)	(75)	(76)	(77)	1
1	Number of returns	9,191	2,508	6,683	89,493	3,624	35,477	3,678	7,576	8,748	3,769	2,078	3,215	2,987	3,426	1,089	
	Part 1		1			1		(Thousa	nd dollers)	1						,	1
2	Receipts: Gross sales	37,975 6,595,462	37,865 6,009,946	110 585,516	37,747 1,214,2 59	1,084 780	1,127,169 8,447,205		211,813 1,239,199	147,444 2,844,532	92,782 406,461	82,163 315,371	58,753 1,387,835	54,313 584,099	38,521 837,415	26,962 35,707	
4 5 6 7	Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	383,308 4,851 85,830 2,209,181	382,836 4,843 85,785 2,207,521	472 8 45 1,660	7,720 52 1,151 60,162	1,854 24 203 2,389	3,998 83 293 11,917	31 2,013	226 2 13 553	1,054 61 149 3,068	121 11 5 686	16 6 - 285	703 - 8 3,090	643 2 24 746	628 1 63 1,476	23 11 300	
8 9 0	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long- term capital loss.	222,172 642 467	219,489 640 450	2,683 2 17	1,893,778 2,640 2,608	150,499 124,393 180	158,906 11,170 1,150	63,767 108 69	3,353 717 238	22,775 1,651 103	22,207 50 232	639 179 9	32,821 5,841 392	9,853 684 31	3,491 1,940 76	836 547 14	1
11	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short- term capital loss.	8,405	7,337	1,068	108,313	13,927	45,673	10,832	3,266	9,285	6,978	1,440	10,403	2,274	1,195	906	:
12 13 14 15	Net gain, sales other than capital assets	1,207 305,826 2,038 18,475	1,097 300,091 1,634 13,393	110 5,735 404 5,082	372,896 31,854 800 76,599	837 3,943 170 24,109	2,901 28,382 7,766 136,213	165 3,124 718 9,916	236 1,252 7,089	856 15,170 1,685 61,111	468 761 43 3,158	20 15 5 1,345	642 6,334 5,304 37,977	393 842 - 6,781	121 884 11 8,836	30 502 1,716	
16	Total compiled receipts	9,875,839	9,272,927	602,912	3,810,579	324,392	9,982,826	1,365,023	1,467,957	3,108,944	533,963	401,493	1,550,103	660,685	894,658	67,554] :
17 18 19 20 21 22	Deductions: Cost of goods sold Cost of operations Compensation of officers Rent paid on business property. Repairs Bad debts	29,721 50 147,350 66,323 3,759 6,124	29,696 50 29,283 47,638 2,417 2,558	25 - 118,067 18,685 1,342 3,566	16,234 9,349 258,633 106,801 134,159 5,392	682 - 6,333 7,010 2,263 59	654,220 4,863,519 449,712 282,552 124,805 17,130	237,780 299,645 27,520 52,611 51,414 3,308	111,062 710,325 91,813 40,613 19,006 3,460	102,550 1,757,863 165,741 47,706 13,998 4,168	61,621 191,754 26,179 35,103 8,166 1,127	51,681 216,278 22,851 6,399 2,752 701	34,838 984,158 32,530 55,618 12,082 1,120	29,019 289,483 27,158 24,816 12,460 1,179	25,669 414,013 55,920 19,686 4,927 2,067	20,224 13,981 3,706 810 487 50	1 1 2 2 2 2
23 24 25 26 27 28	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion.	13,408 203,132 4,403 80,101 237 130	11,385 193,628 3,131 71,701 228 128	2,023 9,504 1,272 8,400 9	363,532 457,429 8,735 415,029 1,599 1,580	32,068 28,188 347 17,472 36,962 474	72,388 237,204 10,219 386,703 478 711	25,250 61,800 1,595 74,619 145 169	6,163 31,321 1,647 53,236 1 56	11,512 39,076 2,621 93,389 39 85	7,952 15,126 329 65,045 9	1,007 6,679 102 6,389 36 105	14,051 34,643 737 54,801 1 27	4,123 34,005 2,012 25,420 122 34	2,330 14,554 1,176 13,804 125 210	435 1,177 72 2,144 80	10.00.00.00
29 30 31 32 33	Advertising	22,111 25,006 17,564 922 6,045,059	14,505 20,212 15,975 809 5,695,852	7,606 4,794 1,589 113 349,207	29,783 4,462 2,908 4,621 1,092,983	53 515 204 227 38,475	148,806 49,465 16,105 2,985 1,915,849	21,835 2,225 4,023 131 392,752	23,401 2,198 3,675 835 288,215	23,682 29,214 4,228 857 585,013	4,275 330 478 369 75,200	3,580 690 1,389 88 59,838	46,171 5,625 743 241 152,617	15,447 753 463 299 114,877	10,415 8,430 1,106 165 247,337	534 65 32 13 13,871	Ca to to to by
34	Total compiled deductions	6,665,400	6,139,196	526,204	2,913,229	171,332	9,232,851	1,256,822	1,387,027	2,881,742	493,088	380,565	1,430,003	581,670	821,934	57,681] 3
35 36 37	Compiled net profit (16 less 34)	3,210,439 3,124,609 13,310	3,133,731 3,047,946 11,401	76,708 76,663 1,909	897,350 896,199 37,169	150,060 152,857 842	749,975 749,682 28,407	108,201 108,170 3,547	80,930 80,917 4,330	227,202 227,053 5,549	40,875 40,870 1,654	20,928 20,928 1,092	120,100 120,092 4,532	79,015 78,991 5,039	72,724 72,661 2,664	9,873 9,862 521	3 3
- 1	Income tax	420,199 10,952	393,061 9,128	27,138 1,824	293,448 6,233	69,332 2,664	302,002 21,830	44,508 1,476	29,099 1,619	92,863 8,153	13,567 475	7,765 749	49,864 2,543	34,249 2,256	30,087 4,559	3,634 484	3
40	Total tax	431,151	402,189	28,962	299,681	71,996	323,832	45,984	30,718	101,016	14,042	8,514	52,407	36,505	34,646	4,118	4
41	Compiled net profit less total tax (35 less 40)	2,779,288	2,731,542	47,746	597,669	81,064	426,143	62,217	50,212	126,186	26,833	12,414	67,693	42,510	38,078	5,755	4
42 43	Cash and assets other than own stock	266,783 12,188	247,229 11,851	19,554 337	152,906 14,155	81,074 158	156,252 11,766	20,225 371	11,237 1,287	48,422 3,556	6,980 1,783	756 449	44,405 1,230	14,640 1,495	9,587 1,595	808 875	4

For treatment of life insurance companies, see text, pp. 9-10.

Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in each total.

Loss or deficit.

Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after December 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.

Loss after total tax payment.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table 3. -ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS-RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS

PART I.—ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

	RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILI			-	-		industrial					 	Т
			Agricult	ure, forest	ry, and fi			Бтофр	Mining a	nd quarryin	g		1
	Item	All industrial groups	Total agriculture, forestry, and fishery	Farms and agricul- tural services	Forestry		Total mining and quarrying	Metal mining	Anthra- cite mining	Bituminous coal and lignite mining	Crude petro- leum and natural gas production	Nonmetallic mining and quarrying	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	1
1	Number of returns with balance sheets	640,073	8,259	7,628	246	385	8,164	598	210	1,396	4,036	1,924	-
2 3 4 5	Assets: Cash. Notes and accounts receivable. Less: Reserve for bad debts. Inventories. Investments, Government obligations.	80,170,599 150,435,478 2,152,930 65,518,980 123,599,072	190,396 259,619 3,320 299,392 99,505	177,499 234,205 3,212 292,308 80,800	10,038 17,128 18 4,047 14,387	2,859 8,286 90 3,037 4,318	917,330 1,439,783 13,514 761,248 1,047,215	145,662 253,742 1,529 206,069 342,032	24,902 52,756 1,886 39,316 25,123	173,071 289,231 3,145 116,172 162,567	438,588 691,604 4,112 312,696 467,687	135,107 152,450 2,842 86,995 49,806	
7 8 9 10 11	Less: Reserves. Land. Other assets.	147,188,108 260,459,601 90,402,820 10,555,009 16,506,300	204,469 1,462,057 582,419 384,630 77,969	183,205 1,364,069 551,080 373,477 70,903	20,088 59,649 17,827 8,614 5,556	1,176 38,339 13,512 2,539 1,510	1,673,820 10,764,189 5,043,604 144,921 275,149	395,606 1,721,821 880,774 37,563 52,076	124,868 413,312 228,834 6,900 17,059	230,935 1,918,957 903,665 19,625 54,529	837,310 5,792,223 2,601,850 56,291 121,908	85,101 917,876 428,481 24,542 29,577	1
12	Liabilities:	761,877,397 35,554,400	2,392,298	159,568	10,267	48,462 7,548	923,177	2,272,268 195,755	473,516 45,970	2,058,277 138,290	6,112,345 463,672	79,490	1
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year. Maturity 1 year or more. Other liabilities. Capital stock, preferred. Capital stock, common ² . Surplus reserves.	21,393,503 86,606,554 353,141,372 15,814,802 88,120,921 13,294,226 155,606,338 7,654,719	176,939 356,309 137,997 59,035 795,705 99,258 735,135 145,465	169,767 333,125 119,571 56,934 727,866 98,029 683,318 126,004	2,636 15,383 16,573 1,741 50,233 985 38,797 14,953	4,536 7,801 1,853 360 17,608 244 13,020 4,508	353,428 1,667,397 962,834 258,179 2,256,910 347,268 5,798,215 600,871	22,892 263,425 245,036 53,810 361,651 66,483 1,116,353 53,137	7,735 59,947 21,774 18,503 129,347 13,705 190,156 13,621	57,752 259,256 122,424 48,009 380,693 62,865 1,032,331 43,343	233,056 989,882 500,200 107,710 1,136,469 148,115 2,993,530 460,289	31,993 94,887 73,400 30,147 248,750 56,100 465,845 30,481	1 1 1 1 2 2 2
22 23	Receipts: Gross sales	761,877,397 447,116,178	2,392,298	2,222,174	121,662	48,462 17,645	11,966,537	2,272,268 1,261,813	473,516	2,058,277 1,799,041	6,112,345 2,985,947	1,050,131	2
24 25 26 27 28	Gross receipts from operations. Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	81,522,359 2,112,806 108,063 315,473 8,195,421	1,979 70 241 4,952	1,622 70 217 4,542	275 21 298	26,813 82 (³) 112	1,490,377 16,265 136 1,525 15,367	6,495 2 104 3,271	57,597 474 13 1 441	3,042 55 192 3,948	1,140,618 5,217 62 1,203 6,846	1,037 4 25 861	2 2 2 2 2 2
29 30 31	Rents	4,268,932 532,895 28,059	17,264 6,041 578	16,874 6,011 504	31.5 30 8	75 - 66	29,177 46,337 3,179	2,695 5,136 19	5,589 2,578	9,303 2,619 138	8,774 33,313 2,977	2,816 2,691 45	2 3 3
32 33 34 35 36	long-term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations	1,196,019 556,234 2,371,051 575,435 3,085,178	24,407 3,564 3,736 4,569 20,793	17,318 2,580 3,332 4,567 20,067	7,035 959 390 2 361	(3) (3) (3) - 365	64,288 6,683 98,719 3,736 60,946	6,270 262 22,172 1,124 5,888	2,616 191 11,949 2 1,049	20,657 440 7,950 72 11,578	32,041 5,526 55,686 2,537 36,117	2,704 264 962 1 6,314	3 3 3 3 3 3
37	Total compiled receipts	551,984,103	2,332,845	2,243,529	44,062	45,254	9,230,265	1,364,005	406,281	2,033,771	4,316,864	1,109,344] 3
38 39 40 41 42 43	Deductions: Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	342,234,802 45,979,498 8,621,491 4,733,827 5,505,351 1,127,352	1,333,898 179,938 55,856 44,479 44,491 4,170	1,294,081 161,625 53,759 44,142 42,462 3,632	27,112 463 525 39 153 421	12,705 17,850 1,572 298 1,876	4,552,152 920,246 106,124 53,303 131,756 12,488	768,420 34,738 5,808 4,358 22,221 2,120	279,795 37,220 3,444 3,027 7,741 429	1,377,718 123,489 21,549 8,974 42,125 1,879	1,496,015 682,790 45,743 29,966 27,036 6,676	630,204 42,009 29,580 6,978 32,633 1,384	3 3 4 4 4 4 4
44 45 46 47 48	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	5,621,534 12,068,970 491,504 10,385,510 2,284,332 1,508,188	21,848 40,923 905 86,106 2,470 141	20,965 38,662 837 82,292 1,577 119	385 1,406 54 874 893 22	498 855 (³) 2,940 -	70,157 239,563 5,923 434,135 743,126 18,173	7,271 51,938 1,304 35,714 115,107 10,042	1,989 9,663 160 9,879 4,982 413	10,194 44,098 633 81,668 52,052 2,186	45,511 108,419 2,478 251,421 514,214 3,461	5,192 25,445 1,348 55,453 56,771 2,071	4
50 51 52	Advertising	5,409,231 2,922,255 854,916	13,368 4,125 702	13,209 4,095 622	2 20 7	157 (³) 73	13,098 121,096 18,966	555 9,267 750	1,859 9,235 895	2,103 77,763 13,194	5,296 21,603 2,861	3,285 3,228 1,266	5 5
53 54 55	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	437,103 62,215,979 512,401,843	1,822 378,264 2,213,506	1,778 367,557 2,131,414	3 3,196 35,575	41 7,511 46,517	6,946 831,734 8,278,986	63 77,196 1,146,872	109 33,511 404,351	2,435 126,092 1,988,152	3,760 482,093 3,729,343	579 112,842 1,010,268	5 5
56 57 58	Compiled net profit or net loss (37 less 55) Net income or deficit (56 less 27) Net operating loss deduction	39,582,260 39,266,787 396,705	119,339 119,098 7,957	112,115 111,898 7,516	8,487 8,466 152	41,263 41,266 289	951,279 949,754 9,794	217,133 217,029 496	1,930 1,929 567	45,619 45,427 1,159	587,521 586,318 6,076	99,076 99,051 1,496	5
59 50 51	Income tax Excess profits tax ⁵ Total tax	18,098,932 1,594,314	70,448 1,315	66,586 1,306	3,379	483 (³)	486,760 22,077	104,067 8,926	2,117 16	28,414 205	301,004 9,594	51,158 3,336	5
i2	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid:	19,693,246	71,763 47,576	67,892 44,223	3,379 5,108	492 61,755	508,837	112,993	2,133 6203	28,619 17,000	310,598 276,923	54,494 44,582	6
53 54	Cash and assets other than own stock	11,533,361 1,105,568	49,123 3,002	47,619 3,002	1,443 -	61. -	648,312 31,075	133,857 21	9,841 -	41,644 745	420,931 22,251	42,039 8,058	6

Table 3.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

PART I.—ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

\exists	RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABIL					Industrial gro						$\overline{}$
							nufacturing				_	
	Item	Construction	Total manufacturing	Beverages	Food and kindred products	Tobacco manufactures	Textile-mill products	Apparel and products made from fabrics	Lumber and wood products, except furniture	Furniture and fixtures	Paper and allied products	
		(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	İ
	Number of returns with balance sheets	32,158	115,254	2,604	10,326	170	5,661	13,753	5,430	4,364	2,630	1
1	Number of fetalis with balance sheets	32,130	1 227,254	2,007	20,520	(Thousand of		,		L	1	
2	Assets:	973,921	14,846,627	334,963	1,157,599	119,050	735,602	384,791	292,064	166,694	562,881	2
3	Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts	3,493,168	27,013,178	483,723 8,736	1,876,564	536,994 2,798	1,244,124 22,751	874,965 19,113	490,349 10,706	354,764 10,206	670,854 18,316	3
5	Inventories	19,381 664,215	645,061 42,992,240	1,143,862	3,425,738	1,877,600	2,352,633 399,012	1,245,519	822,682 213,283	489,851 84,950	975,270 645,160	5
- 1	Investments, Government obligations	168,979	12,975,131	154,379	546,4 8 7 8 6 8 ,779	11,001	559,623	175,451	233,815	66,570	737,262	7
8	Other investments	510,965 2,297,065	14,292,147	243,266 2,074,506	7,163,555 3,100,072	333,047 150,929	5,145,291 2,159,531	694,134 308,266	2,188,397 842,551	691,349 298,932	4,678,743 1,828,035	8 9
9 10	Less: Reserves Land	1,066,288 114,820	46,884,675 2,291,727	753,344 73,976	290,258	10,526	77,420	22,135	76,747	25,807	77,688	10 11
11 12	Other assets	276,492 7,413,956	3,674,042 176,805,456	116,152 3,862,747	338,405 12,529,202	28,796	155,885	87,483 3,218,774	105,951 3,570,031	42,063	6,669,051	12
12		7,413,750	170,000,400	3,002,147	12,525,202	2,023,330	3,10.,5	-,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			1
13	Liabilities: Accounts payable	1,500,054	15,783,881	368,712	1,025,690	60,929	562,596	586,087	261,423	176,184	332,841	13
14	Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year	476,137	6,474,015	121,777	854,326	371,305	490,122	283,375	170,719	78,778 113,350	108,154 862,035	14 15
15 16	Maturity 1 year or more	628,271	20,392,180 20,341,692	572,820 321,551	1,415,798 994,050	637, 8 91 242,705	669,666 523,355	219,377 290,364	306,823 253,682	177,732	656,589	16
17 18	Capital stock, preferred	122,613 991,973	6,750,962	187,248 459,707	740,206 2,534,442	232,402	460,930 1,646,402	153,814 684,627	70,547 896,196	58,020 348,372	338,664 1,180,722	18
19 20	Surplus reserves	114,023 2,013,468	5,948,413 70,017,741	71,431	505,609 4,581,304	48,901 737,158	249,111 3,963,759	46,215 1,054,288	64,416	28,352 671,520	211,507	
21	Less: Deficit	168,911	1,417,047	42,305	122,223	2,309	78,633	99,373	115,858	39,398	25,559 6,669,051	21
22	Total liabilities	7,413,956	176,805,456	3,862,747	12,529,202	2,829,956	8,487,308	3,218,774	3,570,031	1,612,910	6,669,051	22
23 24	Receipts: Gross sales	1,766,596 13,919,599	270,592,653 4,037,487	7,233,398 22,347	35,301,068 120,382	3,729,256 3,816	12,215,190 179,195	8,492,641 284,640	5,074,431 76,776	3,302,077 17,434	8,160,380 11,003	23 24
25	tizable bond premium): Wholly taxable	3,166	244,188	2,977	9,602	217	5,867	1,201	3,548 15	1,444	13,671 80	25 26
26 27	Subject to surtax only Wholly tax-exempt	17 589	1,412 6,666	39 199	39 703	41	71 899	60	100	53	361	27 28
28	Other interest	7,151	185,045	6,259	13,699	409	8,418	2,303	3,786	1,434	7,798	1
29 30	Rents Royalties	40,618 3,768	393,310 218,217	6,439 2,495	23,377 8,210	1,310 119	18,224 4,526	5,840 6,306	10,177 2,871	2,901 771	8,344 3,765	29 30
31	Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long-term capital loss.	460	5,998	61	509	-	145	76	611	12	197	31
32	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss.	30,395	506,477	3,684	21,094	1,215	15,995	3,680	147,058	3,158	40,145	
33 · 34	Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations	4,540 15,548	11,841 874,851	569 6,161	1,728 18,581	6,506	6 8 0 10,920	708	1,578 5,559	572 854	340 10,600	
35 36	Dividends, foreign corporations	1,930 119,599	420,943 995,982	233 22,765	28,110 83,886	536 1,239	1,467 56,407	142 26,518	401 34,607	1,291 16,310	9,600 39,469	
37	Total compiled receipts	15,913,976	278,495,070	7,307,626	35,630,988	3,744,671	12,518,004	8,826,218	5,361,518	3,348,313	8,305,753	4
38	Deductions: Cost of goods sold	1,420,230	201,511,424	4,650,329	29,109,910	2,142,031	10,041,831	6,854,301	3,980,323	2,489,133	5,738,540	
39 40	Cost of operations	11,751,225	2,242,646 3,069,740	8,189 51,718	31,279 232,949	1,157 9,941	117,995 171,497	219,935 250,890	48,705 96,684	4,190 94,475	2,660 109,343	40
41 42	Rent paid on business property	58,754 81,375	1,177,465 4,437,604	16,478 49,551	99,890 305,185	2,450 6,183	45,247 130,227	84,123 16,729	17,118 46,073	25,464 23,555	33,893 207,911	42
43	Bad debts	18,359	226,586	3,213	22,522	313	6,826	9,730	9,105	5,651	5,965	43
44 45	Interest paid	45,225 166,944	1,080,422 6,475,901	27,775 1,028,584	98,643 349,258	31,147 959,597	54,020 186,307	26,524 102,722	21,614 84,284	9,811 47,623	35,380 130,392	44 45
46	Contributions or gifts	10,699	326,003	6,698	18,316	1,505	12,176 233,596	6,025 51,472	3,197	3,707 39,505	18,502 183,697	46
48	Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	251,310 4,084	4,613,600 1,400,488	107,179	387,574 1,862	14,866	383	101	148,031	204	10,080	48
49		1,227	977,303	1,353	1,267	100 305	2,547		6,545	İ	44,288	1
50 51	Advertising Amounts contributed under pension plans	37,850 27,631	3,139,507 1,930,501	263,821 18,842	593,779 95,656	139,135 8,935	74,624 42,851	80,352 23,189	18,487 8,957	40,876 11,654	56,626	51
52	Amounts contributed under other employee bene- fit plans.	18,424	584,976	9,085	29,659	2,594	22,970	15,754	5,592	7,293	14,068	1
53 54	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	2,802 996,504	109,632 23,901,322	2, 8 32 662,538	7,828 2,985,678	84 119,773	22,293 847,776	1,250 927,295	2,246 446,871	746 381,599	1,924 749,970	53 54
55	Total compiled deductions	15,402,457	257,205,120	6,908,519	34,371,255	3,439,711	12,013,166	8,670,536	5,064,402	3,186,001	7,375,801	55
56 57 58	Compiled net profit or net loss (37 less 55) Net income or deficit (56 less 27) Net operating loss deduction	511,519 510,930 31,375	21,289,950 21,283,284 152,359	399,107 398,908 4,022	1,259,733 1,259,030 19,727	304,960 304,919 113	504,838 503,939 13,198	155,682 155,622 10,122	297,116 297,016 5,651	162,312 162,259 4,538	929,952 929,591 2,306	57
59 60	Income tax Excess profits tax ⁵	250,378	10,682,071 1,372,253	208,158	647,878 32,526	155,047 17,026	303,849 7,808	93,122 2,729	127,761 2,630	86,876 6,460	469,415 40,676	59 60
61	Total tax	20,465	1,372,253	11,239 219,397	680,404	172,073		95,851	130,391	1	1	
62	Commiled net neofit less total tow (54 less (1)			<u> </u>	500 200	132,887	193,181	59,831	166,725	68,976	419,861	62
62	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid:	240,676	9,235,626	179,710	579,329	,			ı	31,700	213,903	Į
63 64	Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	74,445 26,096	5,847,958 662,546	120,651 11,921	406,859 24,624			33,557 13,672		6,043	63,357	64
		<u> </u>	1	1		. L				1	<u> </u>	Ц_

Table 3.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

PART I.—ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

Ħ					Major	industrial	groups—Cont	inued				=
			-			Manufacturin	g-Continued		Υ			}
	Item	Printing, publishing, and allied industries	Chemicals and allied products	Petroleum and coal products	Rubber products	Leather and products	Stone, clay, and glass products	Primary metal industries	Fabricated metal prod- ucts, except ordnance, machinery, and trans- portation equipment	Machinery, except transpor- tation equipment and electrical	Electrical machinery and equipment	
1		(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	l
1	Number of returns with balance sheets	12,757	7,358	600	801	2,736	4,082	2,959	10,357	11,156	3,272	1
	Assets:											
2 3 4 5 6	Cash. Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts Inventories Investments, Government obligations	687,509 1,057,295 39,150 687,614 349,662	1,320,984 1,804,232 49,337 2,909,384 1,682,589	1,435,404 2,934,951 176,703 2,701,623 1,855,758	221,091 699,809 14,632 838,137 206,781	137,389 351,181 7,452 549,642 42,820	492,623 693,805 18,675 885,205 521,007	1,405,769 1,670,409 38,002 3,446,493 1,395,964	851,561 1,343,914 32,046 2,498,291 329,979	1,664,120 2,955,027 62,351 5,276,804 927,984	744,244 2,091,010 26,760 3,267,126 959,112	5
7 8 9	Other investments Gross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves	640,452 2,887,238 1,068,646 132,260	1,732,876 10,617,116 4,357,076 166,588	3,589,423 23,113,042 11,208,503 413,836	161,799 1,529,390 792,821 24,216	146,256 428,940 211,099 14,270	365,016 3,538,582 1,552,785 77,565	-1,046,996 16,195,497 7,723,459 202,793	397,951 3,920,663 1,627,525 135,213	947,347 6,872,140 2,925,866 187,084	920,302 3,414,493 1,272,770 82,037	8 9 10
11	Other assets	218,613	297,483	242,643	84,102	32,844	88,109	331,725	195,235	257,154	212,594	1
12	Total assets	5,552,847	16,124,839	24,901,474	2,957,872	1,484,791	5,090,452	17,934,185	8,013,236	16,099,443	10,391,388	12
13 14	Liabilities: Accounts payable	543,864 157,294	1,012,350	2,022,859 417,156	235,343 56,359	172,182 106,939	354,102 126,035	1,321,490	397,319	1,479,905	371,124	14
15 16	Maturity 1 year or more. Other liabilities.	469,355 763,007	2,581,634 1,768,532	3,359,823 978,005	591,757 333,677	131,368 117,867	426,743 542,448	3,091,983 2,068,707	637,354 893,105	1,736,114 1,985,357	1,019,748 1,919,199	16
17 18	Capital stock, preferred	269,079 914,908	894,636 2,605,941	300,442 7,057,819	164,236 292,120	70,492 301,866	124,305	908,464 3,158,362	275,251 1,486,290	541,879 3,058,538	216,848 1,515,944	18
19 20	Capital stock, common ²	194,228 2,349,658	427,749 6,607,961	1,004,194 9,798,195	136,759 1,154,760	50,842 558,876	207,254	482,052 6,630,483	221,029 3,463,782	627,286 6,150,637	361,388 3,639,295	19 20
21	Less: Deficit	108,546	114,850	37,019	7,139	25,641	28,490	27,541	58,180	131,955	62,123	21
22	Total liabilities	5,552,847	16,124,839	24,901,474	2,957,872	1,484,791	5,090,452	17,934,185	8,013,236	16,099,443	10,391,388	22
23 24	Receipts: Gross sales	7,934,154 421,891	18,135,060 73,176	24,922,583 711,617	4,943,605 17,648	3,183,627 8,738	6,393,105 26,601	22,620,242 511,724	13,892,148 78,509	22,742,341 417,821	16,591,844 50,318	23 24
25 26 27 28	tizable bond premium): Wholly taxable Subject to surtax only Wholly tax-exempt Other interest.	6,609 88 271 4,439	34,136 41 1,030 16,510	37,367 8 451 31,230	3,900 4 6 2,838	981 17 18 1,196	9,700 48 310 2,531	25,154 340 436 11,587	5,850 154 304 6,000	17,062 110 964 19,153	17,725 55 115 11,888	26 27
29 30 31	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net	21,422 11,690 71	16,712 42,000 171	136,157 40,806 1,040	4,395 1,808 2	2,402 397 22	5,664 5,793 63	31,919 7,684 169	12;520 4,678 442	49,029 31,814 1,812	21,806	30
32	long-term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss.	10,060	31,728	66,210	2,815	1,185	6,135	14,283	17,246	37,547	28,176	32
33 34 35	Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations	1,139 17,735 4,660	337 116,536 60,784	160 500,827 106,475	10 13,648 43,537	383 1,168 29	276 10,176 17,256	559 39,543 9,210		1,120 20,710 28,460	21,965 18,987	34 35
36 37	Other receipts Total compiled receipts	61,143 8,495,372	81,236 18,609,457	155,770 26,710,701	12,307 5,046,523	3,214,626	23,492 6,501,150	43,437	65,119	104,892		7
	Deductions:	0,477,572	20,007,477	20,120,102	2,010,323	3,221,020	0,702,270	25,520,251	,,	,,	,,	1
38 39 40 41 42 43	Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	5,509,539 241,822 271,414 85,612 44,281 26,475	11,605,522 21,541 191,367 65,774 362,416 19,335	18,455,520 336,624 39,932 201,599 391,793 23,501	3,621,463 801 29,135 21,727 86,452 5,772	2,577,639 5,146 66,701 22,432 19,435 3,330	4,203,651 12,299 106,576 23,824 179,103 7,153	16,362,875 309,076 144,152 81,846 1,203,029 7,702	44,208 318,061 63,752 216,192	16,174,320 48,283 380,031 97,769 357,234 18,919	28,066 134,244 58,109 192,220	39 40 41 42
44 45 46 47 48 49	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	27,207 114,296 14,111 132,942 206 358	102,421 254,220 23,194 499,626 46,073 146,951	113,831 591,736 11,720 710,735 1,010,589 89,617	22,722 139,649 6,282 79,239 245 7,546	11,513 44,153 2,700 25,153 191 332	21,014 106,822 15,156 167,422 44,798 35,281	161,357 388,827 47,078 492,435 121,104 406,814	214,489	100,668 367,869 35,992 400,124 5,339 59,537	352,950 31,578 220,088	46
50 51 52	Advertising Amounts contributed under pension plans Amounts contributed under other employee bene-	48,906 51,734 13,423	538,843 158,504 34,373	114,175 251,958 45,995	59,835 36,892 2,979	35,794 9,238 4,615	55,805 47,218 11,910	63,315 275,033 69,373	139,360 83,499	239,242 200,052	265,962 187,372	50 51
53 54 55	fit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions Total compiled deductions	2,017 1,286,760 7,871,103	6,150 2,222,652 16,298,962	2,718 2,412,066 24,804,109	315 519,442 4,640,496	1,263 275,939 3,105,574	6,293 689,260 5,733,585	13,868 954,295 21,102,179	4,516 1,337,203	12,442 2,771,277	2,332 1,396,838	53 54
56 57 58	Compiled net profit or net loss (37 less 55) Net income or deficit (56 less 27) Net operating loss deduction	624,269 623,998 7,658	2,310,495 2,309,465 8,566	1,906,592 1,906,141 1,271	406,027 406,021 982	109,052 109,034 4,466	767,565 767,255 3,036	2,214,108 2,213,672 3,799	1,027,062 1,026,758	2,140,882	1,573,999 1,573,884	56 57
59 60 61	Income tax Excess profits tax ⁵ Total tax	308,473 27,295 335,768	1,152,465 165,249 1,317,714	734,859 7,837 742,696	204,618 22,698 227,316	58,637 4,232 62,869	391,682 51,681 443,363	1,141,835 133,415 1,275,250	520,809 52,373	1,096,058 167,241	805,746 148,736	59 60
												1
62 63 64	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	288,501 134,549 14,755	992,781 696,428 44,515	1,163,896 1,215,788 190,921	178,711 81,932 10,164	46,183 29,343 4,002	324,202 195,443 9,115	938,858 482,244 40,234	211,701		347,582	63

Table 3.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECRIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

PART I.—ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

				OMPILED NET PI			groups—Conti			-		T
		<u> </u>	Marufa	cturing—Con		Industrial	groups—cont.		lic utiliti			1
	Item	Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles	Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical	Ordnance and accessories	Scientific instruments; photographic	Other manufac- turing	Total public utilities		Communi- cation	Electric and gas utilities	Other public utilities	-
,	Number of returns with balance sheets	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	1
Ī		1,100	1,129	126	1,897	9,948 (Thousand	26,314 dollars)	19,588	3,701	1,163	1,862	1
2	Assets: Cash	590,651	945,957	40,691	215,274	339,716	3,280,951	2,006,518	273,173	957,033	44,227	, 2
3	Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts	1,796,310	1,732,981	46,240 1,169	5 89 ,936 10,750	713,741	3,771,383 39,196	2,013,659	694,436		46,732 809	3
5 6	Inventories	2,464,236 187,751	3,066,541 2,043,167	120,489 31,906	925,630 219,792	1,021,870 104,912	2,381,375 3,150,563	1,087,008 1,709,269	224,478 991,864	1,050,258 419,849	19,631 29,581	. 5
7 8	Other investments	179,625 1,825,643	840,328 6,290,362	55,926 1 88 ,143	131,908 1,112,092	184,507 1,347,737	7,278,219 94,862,023	4,031,5 69 40,070,967	1,639,632 15,783,468		70,693 1,285,278	
9 10	Less: Reserves	901,029 42,545	2,643,307 83,052	90,640 5,461	504,336 26,117	563,153 44,133	22,692,106 692,570	10,977,049	4,214,992	7,256,242	243,829 29,963	10
11 12	Other assets	264,373	266,388	9,537	42,194	88,769	2,534,583	1,625,150	236,319	646,207	26,907	111
12	Liabilities:	6,444,460	12,611,528	406,584	2,747,857	3,264,521	95,220,365	41,894,085	15,652,093	36,365,807	1,308,380	12
ย	Accounts payable	1,031,440	1,490,089	33,333	229,748	375,463	3,139,450	2,151,362	250,120	704,865	33,103	13
15	Maturity less than 1 year	432,049 451,556	207,768 507,190	16,740 64,939	194,466 236,306	219,457 2 88, 550	1,073,342 35,053,104	367,640 12,9 6 1,715	146,124 5,043,194	485,598 16,486,328	73,9 6 0 541,867	14
16 17	Other liabilities	2,088,373 116,673	2,514,989 416,467	85,511 12,883	464,095 79,511	358,792 117,965	7,134,933 4,913,916	3,414,346 1,297,984	1,465,483 267,793	2,153,993 3,246,857	101,111	16
18	Capital stock, common ²	494,230 173,124	1,056,271	29,801 21,154	477,505 77,472	651,208 69,332	23,603,075 1,293,133	9,040,827 616,167	6,127,291	8,165,971	268,986	18
20 21	Sumplus and undivided profits	1,716,014	5,838,566	147,868	1,006,729	1,302,220	19,844,122	12,735,567	34,631 2,348,555	627,438 4,579,971	14,897 180,029	20
22	Total liabilities	6,444,460	88,820 12,611,528	5,645 406,584	17,975 2,747,857	118,466 3,264,521	834,710 95,220,365	711,523	31,098	85,214 36,365,807	6,875 1,308,380	-1
23 24	Receipts: Gross sales	10,958,811	24,329,935 17,134	639,809 14,783	3,998,979 16,975	5,797,969 53,504	465,256 38,890,471	330,700 22,466,069	37,284 6,099,773	93,713 10,063,128	3,559 261,501	23
25 26	tisable bond premium); Wholly taxable	1,759	39,942	429	3,220	1,827	54,070	33,564	9,054	11,154	298	
27 28	Wholly tax-exempt.	119 4,262	235 105 23,593	49 288	11 19 2,442	41 53 2,9 8 2	360 874 105,154	254 618 65,410	103 46 9,770	128 29,246	1 82 728	27
29 30 31	Rents Royalties. Meyalties apital gain reduced by any net long-term capital loss.	4,241 8,485 51	6,529 3,782 44	2,161 423 1	3,515 5,170 55	8,544 2,818 39	466,060 13,356 985	404,240 8,006 408	37,383 1,844 204	23,147 2,570 321	1,290 936 52	
32	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss.	4,001	32,077	2,077	2,044	14,864	100,679	80,306	11,438	6,907	2,028	32
33 34 35 36	Met gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts	35 9,577 3,934	136 38,869 58,712	9 631 277	77 3,909 7,388	304 3,985 3,706	7,116 259,288 25,082	3,796 109,489 10,735	2,524 109,670 1,690	748 37,768 12,657	48 2,361 -	35
37		25,886 11,922,621	30,768 24,581,861	2,649 663,5 8 6	18,800	25,292 5,915,928	180,854 40,569,605	23,658,163	7,264 6,328,047	26,545	2,477 275,361	36 37
38 39 40	Deductions: Cost of goods sold	9,240,884 716,922 51,865	18,823,354 4,875 57,896	500,448 439 5,646	2,694,224 7,748 63,541	4,190,629 30,686 191,682	370,396 24,228,849 339,788	279,986 15,705,288 254,664	30,241 3,352,076 32,482	57,645 5,050,100 45,886	2,524 121,385 6,756	38 39
41 42 43	Rent paid on business property	36,581 166,808 2,131	20,898 308,825 5,273	1,161 15,393 318	22,194 54,741 3,088	49,524 54,268 10,620	953,733 26,448 43,846	804,942 22,673 13,176	88,052 1,921 17,965	47,778 1,326 12,485	2,961 528 220	41 42 43
44 45 46 47 48 49	Interest paid. Tares paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	34,565 152,153 12,146 80,056 35 41,590	34,558 688,061 25,380 294,712 3,655 65,627	3,685 9,444 1,545 9,207 2,145 837	17,775 85,938 8,151 62,334 139 10,989	23,222 95,020 5,210 86,579 4,499 4,610	1,195,431 2,325,010 28,613 2,560,089 51,758 490,356	495,356 1,138,857 13,832 1,109,018 17,023 394,293	153,613 385,817 4,918 510,895 53 1,646	525,837 775,422 9,613 915,503 34,078 94,257	20,625 24,914 250 24,673 604 160	45
50 51 52	Advertising	22,287 71,238 27,153	124,926 221,330 74,855	3,648 6,850 789	80,651 42,566 21,015	91,396 20,307 12,256	132,419 390,697 104,547	81,210 80,802 36,666	27,961 185,040 40,196	22,911 123,443 27,143	337 1,412 542	50 51 52
53 54 55	Met loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	852 487,150 11,144,416	13,984 1,157,681 21,925,890	593,609	272 478,977	3,343 758,292	26,344 2,283,628	20,799 1,442,386	1,595 306,461	3,868 512,330	82 22,451	53 54
56 57	Compiled net profit or net loss (37 less 55) Met income or deficit (56 less 27) Met operating loss deduction	778,205 778,086	2,655,971 2,655, 8 66	69,977 69,928	3,654,343 408,261 408,242	283,785 283,732	35,551,952 5,017,653 5,016,779	21,920,971 1,737,192 1,736,574	5,140,932 1,187,115 1,187,069	8,259,625 2,048,409 2,048,281	230,424 44,937 44,855	55 56 57
59	Income tax	21,288 398,257 106,361	2,566 1,379,990 304,782	35,973 9,042	2,076 210,225 35,856	8,893 150,338 14,361	22,439 2,508,068 28,880	18,519 868,070 17,031	1,366 579,686 5,723	2,266 1,039,383 5,976	288 20,929 150	58 59 60
61	Total tax	504,618	1,684,772	45,015	246,081	164,699	2,536,948	885,101	585,409	1,045,359	21,079	<u>ετ</u>
63	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock	273,587 129,477	971,199	24,962	162,180	119,086	2,480,705	852,091	601,706	1,003,050	23,858	62
64	Corporation's own stock	18,604	574,356 5,711	12,769 417	87,918 7,049	57,630 13,322	2,012,395 81,788	536,081 41,702	507,362 8,010	950,317 30,389	18,635 1,687	63 64

Table 3.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

PART I.—ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Major i	ndustrial gro	rups—Contin	ned				
						Trade						
				Wholesale				Reta	11			
	Item .	Total trade	Total wholesale	Commission merchants	Other wholesalers	Total retail	Food	General merchandise	Apparel and accessories	Furniture and house furnishings	Automotive dealers and filling stations	
_		(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)	
	Number of returns with balance sheets	212,931	70,655	9,318	61,337	123,971 (Thousand d	8,876	7,354	16,344	12,065	23,430	
	Assets: Cash Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts Inventories Investments, Government obligations	6,185,250 15,682,821 489,764 17,828,268 1,510,525	2,604,235 8,162,836 183,132 8,013,477 665,657	371,815 679,597 11,664 152,615 94,321	2,232,420 7,483,239 171,468 7,860,862 571,336	3,254,675 6,541,239 276,935 8,788,002 805,660	556,766 370,791 7,659 1,022,713 56,123	1,094,429 2,095,728 149,205 2,495,480 530,166	297,457 584,879 16,291 957,395 62,495	138,574 939,326 32,851 571,189 22,418	559,644 1,007,740 27,594 1,680,637 50,948	
	Other investments Gross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves Land Other assets	3,934,007 15,060,364 6,096,610 1,298,758 1,456,466	2,194,374 4,663,829 1,851,367 327,114 549,763	242,621 234,981 80,057 16,888 64,024	1,951,753 4,428,848 1,771,310 310,226 485,739	1,553,846 9,341,099 3,787,189 872,609 822,067 27,915,073	175,587 1,655,295 646,801 93,001 121,532 3,397,348	604,019 2,908,857 1,174,564 318,760 196,377 8,920,047	157,112 718,825 321,659 35,079 66,815 2,542,107	93,334 292,370 121,319 30,844 56,599 1,990,484	222,495 1,375,358 490,617 217,616 176,997	
	Total assets	56,370,085	25,146,786	1,765,141	23,381,645 4,900,201	3,599,954	654,993	908,251	424,584	251,476	434,601	
	Accounts payable. Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year. Maturity 1 year or more. Other liabilities. Capital stock, preferred. Capital stock, common ² . Surplus reserves. Surplus and undivided profits. Less: Deficit.	9,598,499 4,303,005 4,968,368 4,695,945 1,714,453 10,893,221 1,006,850 20,246,846 1,057,102	5,421,087 2,393,758 2,119,800 1,820,588 665,684 4,565,385 404,692 8,226,216 470,424	520,886 154,769 114,583 131,291 44,245 323,194 24,553 512,907 61,287	2,238,989 2,005,217 1,689,297 621,439 4,242,191 380,139 7,713,309 409,137	1,669,165 2,571,368 2,606,160 955,177 5,583,014 554,536 10,871,252 495,553	89,890 363,488 339,892 193,883 518,999 53,316 1,218,448 35,561	216,477 731,328 854,177 402,578 1,637,788 297,889 3,941,605 70,046	112,163 225,447 203,660 104,296 500,382 22,303 1,009,059 59,787	190,319 189,994 274,257 52,172 427,480 53,945 610,911 60,070	603,870 435,214 374,276 56,841 917,883 54,026 1,961,305 64,792	
	Total liabilities	56,370,085 163,293,507 2,408,608	78,102,854 1,567,556	1,765,141 3,125,275 751,114	23,381,645 74,977,579 816,442	27,915,073 76,960,074 650,165	3,397,348 18,544,678 45,272	16,851,169 72,703	5,578,627 37,510	3,134,038 48,725		
	Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	26,198 454 976 151,889	11,144 123 450 62,551	1,919 4 19	9,225 119 431 53,487	14,153 291 475 81,889	933 1 168 4,655	8,854 26 110	1,270 7 67 2,773	148	75 61	
	Rents	280,309 32,472	77,564 28,218 1,020	7,118 2,437	70,446 25,781 914	180,628 2,262 1,402	12,748 360 65	213	26,994 319 94	5,509 92 50	267	
	long-term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets	99,081 9,593	43,725 3,699	344	40,082 3,355	46,272 4,961	5,570 465	181	431	100	1,816	
	Dividends, domestic corporations	93,535 78,052 1,228,226	55,916 66,737 435,328 80,456,885	335 28,118	66,402 407,210	29,018 11,089 731,207 78,713,886	1,704 2,874 37,788 18,657,281	8,062 182,787	127 83,582	155,904	124,184	
	Deductions: Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	131,993,830 968,173 2,751,486 1,721,984 408,790	67,772,804 619,429 1,180,814 322,353 134,160 114,474	2,876,228 186,626 140,040 25,457 4,287	64,896,576 432,803 1,040,774 296,896 129,873	287,188 1,384,183 1,319,446 249,202	15,100,161 24,289 105,739 160,057 59,213 8,564	17,219 120,272 340,981 64,011	7,776 158,317 290,134 15,866	14,830 135,180 81,932 9,249	139,413 356,691 143,936 34,472	
	Interest paid	1,431,177 65,356 1,117,180 13,978	189,340 557,066 23,266 364,542 9,834 6,717	18,067 1,812 17,500 420	538,999 21,454 347,042 9,414	782,987 39,270 675,430 3,050	133,534	246,331 13,806 156,284 118	63,278 4,036 58,123 403	40,006 1,933 26,191	115,954 5,094 109,931 596	
-	Amounts contributed under pension plans Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans.	230,737 65,886	421,320 85,827 24,660	7 8,405	77,422	135,645	37,431 15,088	71,865 5,274	5,721 2,867	1,534	6,656 6,074	
	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	20,586,235		516,488	6,446,171	12,487,663	2,365,130	3,644,68	1,180,626	800,37	7 1,816,552	
	Compiled net profit or net loss (37 less 55) Net income or deficit (56 less 27) Net operating loss deduction	3,921,190	1,655,269	95,488	1,559,781	2,073,312	375,89	968,274	134,595	54,64	5 233,200	
	Income tax	1,966,179 83,530	807,093 37,870	2,302	35,568	42,206	11,63	20,150	1,16	5 44	6 2,321	-
	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid:	1,872,457	810,75	7 48,72	7 762,030	964,199	174,26	451,44	67,18	2 19,88	2 98,275	
3	Cash and assets other than own stock	926,065 158,292										

Table 3.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

PART I .- ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS-Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Major i	ndustrial gro	ups—Continued				T
			T	rade—Continu	ed		Finance, i	nsurance, real		lessors	7
	Item		Retail-	Continued				of real pr	Finance		\dashv
		Drug stores	Eating and drinking places	Building materials and hardware	Other retail trade	Trade not allocable	Total finance, insurance, 1 real estate, and lessors of real property	Total finance	Banks and	Credit agencies other than banks	
		(52)	(53)	(54)	(55)	(56)	(57)	(58)	(59)	(60)]
1	Number of returns with balance sheets	5,297	15,143	14,616	20,846	18,305	175,653	41,358	14,270	19,470	
_	Assets:					(Thousand do.	(lara)	T	1	ı	4
3	Notes and accounts receivable	71,225	123,169 64,323	188,937 693,558	224,474 735,480	326,340 978,746	52,637,413 97,372,531	48,437,045 94,514,051	45,308,637 79,606,194	2,552,226 13,839,422	
5	Inventories	507 256,450	394 81,026	18,893 947,137	23,541 775,975	29,697 1,026,789	916,590 31,474	894,817 18,250	627,495	239,038	3
7		8,935	13,931	23,417	37,227	39,208	104,413,861	84,594,362	80,786,786	2,195,878	:
9	Gross capital assets (event land)	28,537 218,545	52,129 766,014	97,565 575,072	123,068 830,763	185,787 1,055,436	118,004,273 22,903,483	43,401,781 3,200,962	10,082,755	22,682,730 531,438	
10	Land	95,578 7,557	313,173 42,799	256,7 8 9 71,063	366,689 55,890	458,054 99,035	5,148,056 4,853,843	520,752 248,722	249,462 129,857	92,953 53,298	1
12		20,101	57,326 887,150	46,750 2,367,817	79,570	84,636 3,308,226	7,823,342 401,975,574	2,300,736 275,300,340	1,781,468	293,523	Ц
, .	Liabilities:		,	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	~9.7.6.96.1	2,200,220	+0+,970,074	217,500,540	218,928,192	41,831,911	4
13	Bonds, notes, mortgages payable:	100,974	136,617	282,908	405,550	577,458	3,393,619	1,652,291	16	948,636	, [
15	Maturity 1 year or more	18,079 54,795	57,702 166,798	203,006 159,845	177,659 244,459	240,082 277,200	7,970,096 21,377,648	6,480,826 7,157,914	526 4,644	5,596,911	
16 17	Capital stock, preferred	46,299 15,112	100,661 22,078	131,768 43,447	281,170 64,770	269,197 93,592	317,169,738 1,668,472	227,678,787	202,005,641	5,520,289 24,597,618	
18 19	Surplus reserves	124,350 8,387	232,059 6,371	655,446	568,627 37,265	744,822	15,242,583	1,146,110 8,980,339	65,024 3,999,043	353,125 1,668,783	- :
20 21		209,209 12,526	248,505 83,641	900,968	771,242	47,622 1,149,378	4,203,187 33,796,443	3,886,921 19,398,802	1,625,914 11,241,784	1,460,613 1,924,133	1 :
22		564,679	887,150	30,605 2,367,817	78, 525 2,472,217	91,125	2,846,212	1,081,650 275,300,340	14,400 218,928,192	238,197 41,831,911	-
23 24	Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations	1,641,314 11,123	2,523,680 42,138	4,530,555 29,826	5,143,306 93,957	8,230,579 190,887	207,992 10,523,582	127,639 2,240,602	810,426	120,511 1,241,039	2
25 26	Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): Wholly taxable	179	245	428	818	901	1,762,339	1,365,775	1,291,744	48,942	
27 28	Wholly tax-exempt	2 338	3 7 474	20 1 6,452	11 46 5 ,85 9	40 51 7,449	105,532 304,194 7,711, 633	100,562 216,603 5,435,884	98,667 211,029 3,691,215	543 1,035 1,640,776	
29 30 31	Rents Royalties. Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long-term capital loss.	4,838 72 3	7,754 395 34	7,712 415 128	15,008 129 52	22,117 1,992 174	2,824,880 197,502 12,899	170,997 64,807 9,531	135,952 2,016 4,303	19,113 649 1,223	3 3
32	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss.	746	3,136	6,279	5,043	9,084	322,074	194,376	21,194	16,398	
33 34	Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations	42 1,281	316 1,121	826 2,647	784 2,512	933 8,601	509,156 995,774	103,913	2,462	3,991	
35 36	Dividends, foreign corporations	13,371	13,743	14 53,246	66,602	226 61,691	33,019	653,556 29,995	35,709 4 61	13,749	3
37	Total compiled receipts	1,673,309	2,593,047	4,638,549	5,334,134	8,534,725	318,220 25,828,796	182,435	66,534	62,514	3
38	Deductions: Cost of goods sold	1 101 100									1
39 40	Cost of operations	1,121,192 2,900	1,333,048 17,924	3,511,806 16,207	3,667,549 46,630	6,534,828 61,556	151,738 10,365	102,503 522	-	97,238 8	3
41	Rent paid on business property	49,665 54,382	99,602 119,235	160,846 31,353	197,871 97,436	186,489 80,185	1,229,218	759,106 122,368	539,943 70,776	148,582 40,106	
43	Bad debts	6,062 894	28,634 1,401	13,853 19,828	17,842 23,814	25,428 20,949	218,814 488,192	45,936 473,403	35,950 147,894	7,559 319,143	4
44 45	Interest paid	3,112	7,766	17,787	18,069	21,823	2,694,183	2,095,854	1,057,869	985,974	4
46 47	Contributions or gifts	21,242	55,528 1,391	50,014 2,092	63,974 2,297	91,124 2,820	1,092,751 43,642	287,565 29,983	210,606 24,603	58,078 3,158	4
48 49	Depletion. Amortization.	17,030 28	60,131 621	45,221 674	68,985 324	77,208 1,094	824,040 67,689	156,095 27,338	115,844 3,779	30,540 290	4
50	Advertising	20,244	43	35.053	689	397	10,650	333	-	331	4
1 2	Amounts contributed under pension plans Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans.	2,490 725	20,276 2,822 3,086	35,081 2,329 1,769	75,110 4,797 2,260	88,102 9,265 2,897	207,684 164,388 43,346	145,064 133,885 22,004	80,827 110,858 18,553	59,075 17,610 2,519	5 5 5
3	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	257 328,642	1,628 798,898	363 614,321	708 938,428	1,987 1,135,913	247,210 10,824,366	219,830	210,598	8,221	5.
55	Total compiled deductions	1,629,832	2,552,034	4,523,628	5,226,783	8,342,065	18,662,044	3,139,878 7,761,667	1,954,832	888,596 2,667,028	5:
6 7 8	Commpiled net profit or net loss (37 less 55) Net income or deficit (56 less 27) Net operating loss deduction	43,477 43,475 1,166	41,013 41,006 5,191	114,921 114,920 2,536	107,351 107,305 4,722	192,660 192,609 7,184	7,166,752 6,862,558 70,385	3,135,008 2,918,405 22,124	1,788,780 1,577,751	503,656 502,621	56 5'
9	Income tax	20,211	24,929	51,260	50,731	91,705	1,834,634	1,064,424	721,400	10,344	5
1	Excess profits tax ⁵	21,462	1,654 26,583	1,208	2,372 53,103	3,454	43,952	24,482	22,207	1,542	61
2	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61).					95,159	1,878,586	1,088,906	743,607	247,360	6
3	Dividends paid:	22,015	14,430	62,453	54,248	97,501	5,288,166	2,046,102	1,045,173	256,296	62
- 1	Cash and assets other than own stock	10,728	10,632	25,171 11,028	21,500	49,148 4,517	1,816,938	1,314,597	476,245	185,867	62

 $\textbf{Table 3.-ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS-RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY \texttt{MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS-Continued} \\$

PART I.—ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

ı				Major ind	ustrial groups—Co	ntinued		
١			Finance	insurance, real est	ate, and lessors o	f real property-	-Continued	
		Finance	-Continued		ace carriers and ag		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	Item	Holding and other investment companies	Security and commodity- exchange brokers and dealers	Total insurance carriers and agents	Insurance carriers 1	Insurance agents and brokers	Real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings	Lessors of real property, except buildings
l		(61)	(62)	(63)	(64)	(65)	(66)	(67)
	Number of returns with balance sheets	6,059	1,559	10,732	2,261 (Thousand dollars)	8,471	118,858	4,70
	Assets: Cash	462,331	113,851	2 014 045	2 (84 (08	222 245	1 150 005	307.00
	Notes and accounts receivable	644,489	423,946	2,918,045 7 86,281	2,684,698 330,594	233,347 455,687	1,178,027 1,969,172	104,296 103,021
	Less: Reserve for bad debts	27,881 2,711	403 152	8,201 11,224	3,743 11,219	4,458 5	13,498 1,565	74 435
	Investments, Government obligations	719,572	892,126	19,399,384	19,378,600	20,784	311,502	108,61
	Other investments	10,060,352	575,944	69,731,707	69,588,293	143,414	4,592,165	278,620
	Gross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves	508,273 150,211	51,799 28,126	916,287 61,669	785,621 32,208	130,666 29,461	15,296,599 4,096,694	3,489,63 468,94
	Land	53,337 129,999	12,230 95,746	21,117 4,638,967	13,471 4,588,780	7,646 50,187	4,120,638 780,003	463,366 103,636
	Total assets	12,402,972	2,137,265	98,353,142	97,345,325	1,007,817	24,139,479	. 4,182,612
	Liabilities:							
	Accounts payable	348,328	355,311	503,026	18,664	484,362	1,120,437	117,86
	Maturity less than 1 year	206,216	677,173	84,968	39,954	45,014	1,378,454	25,84
	Maturity 1 year or more	1,343,453 584,950	289,528 490,578	52,228 87,836,160	14,998 87,730,251	37,230 105,909	12,500,843 1,478,840	1,666,66 175,95
	Capital stock, preferred	697,576	30,385	38,757	18,576	20,181	393,474	90,13 1,304,49
	Surplus reserves	3,217,209 785,828	95,304 14,566	1,368,518 39,199	1,240,637 18,979	127,881 20,220	3,589,233 244,356	32,71
	Surplus and undivided profitsLess: Deficit	6,003,774 784,362	229,111 44,691	8,798,831 3 68, 545	8,591,877 32 8,611	206,954 39,934	4,521,958 1,088,116	1,076,85 307,90
	Total liabilities	12,402,972	2,137,265	98,353,142	97,345,325	1,007,817	24,139,479	4,182,61
	Receipts: Gross sales	7 100		37,975	37,865	110	/1 2/2	1 12
	Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium):	7,128 67,156	121,981	6,811,060	6,154,745	656,315	41,242 1,471,140	1,13 78
	Wholly taxable	15,804 95	9,285 1,257	384,242 4,896	383,587 4,888	655 8	10,285 52	2,03
	Wholly tax-exempt	1,526	3,013	86,145	86,100	45	1,241	20
	Other interest	96,795	7,098	2,207,534	2,205,826	1,708	65,834	2,38
	RentsRoyalties	14,289 61,874	1,643 268	222,300 642	219,381 640	2,919	2,250,849 3,675	180,73 128,37
	Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long-term capital loss.	3,425	580	534	512	22	2,697	13
	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net	151,512	5,272	8,789	7,654	1,135	104,669	14,24
	short-term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets	14,478	82,982	1,223	1,103	120	402,820	1,20
	Dividends, domestic corporations	592,736	11,362	305,721	299,955	5,766	32,514	3,98
	Other receipts	29,050 44,747	283 8,640	2,041 20,234	1,637 14,371	404 5,863	813 90,608	17 24,94
	Total compiled receipts	1,100,615	253,664	10,093,336	9,418,264	675,072	4,478,439	360,34
	Deductions:	5.005		20 7727	20.404	05	14 mr	-
	Cost of goods sold	5,265 514	_	29,721 50	29,696 50	25	18,795 9,793	71
	Compensation of officers	23,422 3,347	47,159 8,139	162,095 70,716	30,551 48,882	131,544 21,834	300,533 141,017	7,48 9,66
	Rent paid on business property Repairs Bad debts	1,578	849	3,931	2,434	1,497	165,597	3,35
	·	5,385	981	6,742	2,675	4,067	7,921	12
	Interest paid	37,846 12,180	14,165 6,701	31,789 207,210	29,418 196,496	2,371 10,714	521,156 563,835	45,38 34,14
	Contributions or gifts Depreciation	1,846 6,889	376 2,822	4,408 81,823	3,131 72,063	1,277 9,760	8,910 564,855	34 21,26
	DepletionAmortization	23,204	65	266	228	38	1,498	38,58
		2	-	130	128	2	1,819	8,36
	Advertising Amounts contributed under pension plans	1,129 2,106	4,033 3,311	24,509 25,315	15,039 20,396	9,470 4,919	37,986 4,673	12 51
	Amounts contributed under other employee bene- fit plans.	538	394	17,794	16,125	1,669	3,339	20
	Net loss, sales other than capital assets	660	351	1,655	1,495	160	25,213	51.
	Other deductions Total compiled deductions	• 171,237 297,148	125,213	6,260,736	5,852,613	408,123	1,375,590	48,16
	· ·		214,559	6,928,890	6,321,420	607,470	3,752,530	218,95
	Compiled net profit or net loss (37 less 55) Net income or deficit (56 less 27)	803,467 801,941	39,105 36,092	3,164,446 3,078,301	3,096,844 3,010,744	67,602 67,557	725,909 724,668	141,38 141,18
	Net operating loss deduction	5,066	2,638	12,477	10,617	1,860	34,996	78
	Income tax	84,014	13,192	418,490	391,712	26,778	284,237	67,48
	Total tax	376	357	10,919	9,128	1,791	6,048	2,50
	·	84,390	13,549	429,409	400,840	28,569	290,285	69,98
	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid:	719,077	25,556	2,735,037	2,696,004	39,033	435,624	71,40
	Cash and assets other than own stock	643,716	8,769	267,809	248,206	19,603	152,738	81,794
	Corporation's own stock	22,037	2,249	12,240	11,903	337	13,943	15

Table 8.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECRIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

PART I. -ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS-Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

							roups—Contin					1
						Services						
1	Item	Total services	Hotels and other lodging places	Personal services	Business services	Automotive repair services and garages	Miscel- laneous repair services, hand trades	Motion pictures	Amusement, except motion pictures	Other services, including schools	Mature of business not allocable	
ļ		(68)	(69)	(70)	(71)	(72)	(73)	(74)	(75)	(76)	(77)	1
1	Number of returns with balance sheets	56, 473	6,263	11,631	12,951	5,690 (Thousand	3,493	5,656	5,164	5,625	4,867	1
2 3 4 5 6	Assets: Cash. Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts Inventories	1,110,022 1,334,641 25,186 551,487 228,490	150,359 106,878 5,223 38,953 34,404	108,702 146,089 2,922 70,576 16,283	335,104 540,424 7,215 64,842 61,116	48,219 68,563 1,014 28,474 4,382	27,385 66,890 618 48,607	228,075 219,995 2,948 262,729 42,329	105,292 41,872 571 9,697 33,446	106,886 143,930 4,675 27,609 35,759	28,689 68,354 918 9,281 4,803	
7 8 9 10	Other investments	1,240,171 6,747,988 2,856,590 761,085 378,705	166,041 2,128,586 851,040 309,868 69,695	59,597 908,947 420,700 46,169 61,066	400,920 1,056,094 423,183 41,849 92,795	36,119 528,287 193,291 46,717 29,263	4,551 82,546 32,855 2,442 5,961	487,780 1,257,775 631,023 223,625 70,838	35,595 492,954 192,944 63,284 27,635	49,568 292,799 111,554 27,131 21,452	50,037 112,332 32,472 12,655 9,552	9
12	Total assets	9,470,813	2,148,521	993,807	2,162,746	595,719	205,680	2,159,175	616,260	588,905	262,313	12
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Liabilities: Accounts payable Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Baturity less than 1 year Baturity 1 year or more. Other liabilities Capital stock, preferred Capital stock, common ² Surplus reserves. Surplus and undivided profits Less: Deficit	993,211 549,861 2,132,674 936,992 299,801 1,661,701 274,498 3,077,875 455,800	131,256 128,571 837,682 149,391 76,565 362,927 25,595 556,306 119,772	104,536 62,674 144,291 90,253 33,794 243,625 9,185 354,032 48,583	361,359 102,119 301,214 277,965 70,624 348,836 112,647 665,658 77,676	54,564 77,741 184,682 37,604 14,643 85,503 6,911 151,279 17,208	37,574 12,712 21,088 36,334 5,813 44,227 1,443 61,775 15,286	187,663 101,843 474,583 165,675 68,814 300,949 83,447 865,676 89,475	52,130 35,198 107,715 71,990 15,832 169,897 6,392 206,199 48,193	64,129 29,003 61,419 108,680 13,716 105,737 28,878 216,950 39,607	45,126 16,680 30,603 24,913 27,371 162,132 7,596 76,493 128,601	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22	Total liabilities	9,470,813	2,148,521	993,807	2,162,746	595,719	205,680	2,159,175	616,260	588,905	262,313	22
23 24	Receipts: Gross sales	1,485,541 9,831,858	551,365 1,028,354	268,370 1,537,764	189,841 3,094,194	130,116 485,055	118,066 336,460	101,065 1,724,271	74,474 678,488	52,244 947,272	46,287 40,542	23 24
25 26 27 28	tisable bond premium); Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	4,562 82 397 13,909	690 32 2,275	267 1 13 637	1,091 60 154 3,657	212 11 24 717	16 6 - 327	970 1 10 3,989	635 2 25 817	681 1 139 1,490	39 - 11 321	26 27
29 30 31	Rents	215,701 14,652 1,348	95,4 8 5 391 146	4,404 720 248	26,682 4,611 119	30,145 98 240	859 179 6	43,405 5,903 481	10,613 794 31	4,108 1,956 77	1,613 550 16	30
32	long-term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net	47,729	10,994	3,422	8,867	8,214	1,045	10,864	2,592	1,731	889	32
33 34 35 36	short-term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts	3,673 29,094 8,104 158,357	121 3,099 718 12,803	315 1,278 19 8,410	1,060 15,189 1,834 64,361	695 763 43 4,429	12 9 5 1,543	882 6,944 5,474 45,951	9,351	145 922 11 11,509	68 506 - 2,201 93,043	
37	Total compiled receipts Deductions:	11,815,007	1,706,473	1,825,868	3,411,720	660,762	458,533	1,950,210	779,155	1,022,286	93,043	1
38 39 40 41 42 43	Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Bepairs. Bad debts.	865,589 5,661,801 553,769 378,996 155,189 23,750	298,490 376,730 38,032 73,552 63,720 4,325	138,548 894,917 116,351 55,310 24,058 4,216	131,202 1,900,206 190,194 57,761 15,879 5,575	87,274 235,111 34,832 43,480 9,873 1,505	75,325 232,932 30,126 8,572 2,841 1,013	61,134 1,199,572 41,564 80,115 18,078 1,750	39,277 342,578 33,110 33,065 14,666 1,669	34,339 479,755 69,560 27,141 6,074 3,697	35,545 16,255 5,696 1,345 884 300	39 40 41 42
44 45 46 47 48 49	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortisation.	103,131 294,747 10,293 495,097 656 1,042	38,086 79,242 1,595 100,820 203 196	8,743 39,676 1,666 68,083 1 46	14,749 43,798 2,628 106,477 70 114	10,320 18,890 330 82,461 26 25	1,323 7,604 88 8,110 16 105	20,940 47,636 732 77,587 91 300	5,448 40,166 1,982 33,226 124 46	3,522 17,735 1,272 18,333 125 210	1,037 1,954 70 3,953 83 27	45 46 47 48
50 51 52	Advertising	197,022 53,017 18,020	28,972 2,493 4,563	28,952 2,259 4,268	34,135 31,505 4,448	5,163 250 509	4,929 711 1,372	61,210 6,145 1,091	18,304 922 495	15,357 8,732 1,274	1,395 63 49	51
53 54	fit plans. Met loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	7,737 2,3 88,5 93	571 511,195	1,1 8 2 374,794	1,771 668,300	644 99,429	98 70,304	2,753 236,575	391 149,376	327 278,620	2,010 25,333	
55	Total compiled deductions	11,208,449	1,622,785	1,763,070	3,206,812	630,122	445,469	1,857,273	714,845	966,073	95,999	55
56 57 58	Compiled net profit or net loss (37 less 55) Net income or deficit (56 less 27) Het operating loss deduction	606,558 606,161 27,318	83,688 83,656 3,439	62,798 62,785 4,105	202,908 202,754 5,131	30,640 30,616 1,611	13,064 13,064 1,089	92,937 92,927 4,480	64,310 64,285 4,888	56,213 56,074 2,575	42,956 42,967 420	57
59 60	Income tax	296,819 21,358	44,123 1,456	28,790 1,606	92,386 8,134	12,253 306	7,373 734	48,691 2,336	33,458 2,256	29,745 4,530	3,575 484	60
61	Total tax	318,177	45,579	30,396	100,520	12,559	8,107	51,027	35,714	34,275	4,059	61
62 63 64	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	288,381 157,325 12,100	38,109 20,600 691	32,402 12,323 1,287	102,388 50,231 3,556	18,081 3,631 1,818	4,957 757 449	41,910 45,360 1,230	28,596 14,809 1,474	21,938 9,614 1,595	67,015 800 875	63

Table 3.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

PART II.—RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

=	RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABIL	A 1 428, HECEIPTS, D	EDUCTIONS, COM	OPILED NET PR	OFIT OR NET				ND DIVIDENT	S PAID			_
			Agricult	ure, forest	ry, and f		industrial	groups	16 nd :				4
	Item	All industrial groups	Total agriculture forestry, and fishery	Forms and	Forestry		Total mining and quarrying	Metal mining	Anthra- cite mining	Bituminous cosl and lignite mining	Crude petro- leum and natural gas production	Nonmetallic mining and quarrying	l I
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	1
1	Number of returns with balance sheets	418,150	4,466	4,205	149	112	4,012	200	80		1,956	1,187	1
	Assets:			1		(1	Thousand dollar	1	1	Υ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	4
2 3 4 5 6	Less: Reserve for bad debts	76,172,739 139,728,168 1,952,586 59,573,842 118,266,318	159,762 204,131 2,004 205,699 77,278	149,909 184,211 1,960 199,744 70,565	8,250 16,637 18 3,915 3,644	1,603 3,283 (3) 2,040 3,069	746,504 1,165,409 7,675 622,440 959,708	126,723 233,548 537 184,344 325,246	11,746 13,215 406 7,172 19,204	231,603 2,274 88,315	548,223 1,835 265,284	128,487 138,820 2,623 77,325 49,027	3 4 5
7 8 9 10	Gross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves	124,123,022 236,393,611 82,533,452 8,420,310	154,264 1,057,621 455,372 217,335	144,692 1,001,811 436,054 209,742	9,066 40,807 13,970 7,086	506 15,003 5,348 507	1,294,837 7,984,980 3,880,808 91,755	255,692 1,412,674 758,443 11,621	68,650 38,730 23,862 3,482	1,441,455 658,489	708,932 4,289,458 2,059,635 44,804	79,764 802,663 380,379 20,055	8 9
11 12	Other assets	14,662,735	49,255	43,095	5,263	897	178,229	34,899	540	36,207	80,319	26,264	<u> վ</u> 11
12	Total assets	692,854,707	1,667,969	1,565,755	80,680	21,534	9,155,379	1,825,767	138,471	1,615,951	4,635,787	939,403	12
13 14 15	Accounts payable. Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year. Maturity 1 year or more.	30,397,976 17,764,267 73,238,978	104,841 75,153 138,038	93,197 73,798 126,835	8,888 29 8,822	2,756 1,326 2,381	591,407 172,162 958,779	162,541 17,778 77,516	19,087 751 3,440	91,547 36,261 200,072	257,334 95,433 608,624	60,898 21,939 69,127	14
16 17 18 19 20	Capital stock, preferred	322,702,724 14,467,185 78,962,398 11,759,041	108,877 43,233 561,177 96,274	95,188 41,736 519,935 95,045	12,686 1,497 33,699 985	1,003 - 7,543 244	759,137 177,023 1,616,661 291,253	202,159 52,931 267,705 57,664	5,097 8,333 34,292 4,793	92,038 44,009 267,523 51,661	393,547 45,257 837,988 121,374	66,296 26,493 209,153 55,761	16 17 18 19
21	Less: Deficit	146,451,556 2,889,418	575,592 35,216	543,612 23,591	25,308 11,234	6,672 391	4,917,199 328,242	1,006,439 18,966	64,254 1,576	839,110 6,270	2,567,560 291,330	439,836 10,100	20 21
22		692,854,707	1,667,969	1,565,755	80,680	21,534	9,155,379	1,825,767	138,471	1,615,951	4,635,787	939,403	22
23 24		407,535,028 73,488,371	1,521,313 294,475	1,479,962 280,647	29,800 1,035	11,551 12,793	6,171,272 1,151,796	1,159,009 35,894	67,691 21,141	1,368,367 106,668	2,627,788 939,452	948,417 48,641	
25 26 27 28	Wholly tarable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	1,992,361 107,111 310,193 7,101,027	1,560 70 241 4,117	1,403 70 217 3,815	108 - 21 293	(3) (3) (3)	15,258 120 1,473 12,631	6,363 2 99 3,119	299 11 - 117	2,697 44 154 3,363	4,870 59 1,195 5,205	1,029 4 25 827	26 27
29 30 31	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long-term capital loss.	3,606,886 488,058 23,638	11,588 5,361 508	11,285 5,331 434	300 30 8	(³) (³)	18,198 34,278 2,477	2,511 5,016 9	41 81 -	6,084 1,470 33	6,932 25,118 2,402	2,630 2,593 33	29 30 31
32	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss.	1,114,192	19,613	12,541	7,035	(3)	55,725	6,228	322	17,842	29,021	2,312	32
33 34 35 36	Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts	486,083 2,349,094 572,713 2,688,622	2,921 3,204 4,465 13,353	1,962 2,814 4,463 12,987	959 390 2 190	(³)	1,837 96,848 3,619 45,393	91 22,013 1,077 5,248	29 11,900 2 233	164 6,789 36 7,497	1,392 55,224 2,503 27,413	161 922 1 5,002	33 34 35 36
37	Total compiled receipts	501,863,377	1,882,789	1,817,931	40,171	24,687	7,610,925	1,246,679	101,867	1,521,208	3,728,574	1,012,597	37
38 39 40 41 42 43	Deductions: Cost of goods sold Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	309,570,100 40,619,249 7,208,159 3,977,212 5,168,676 770,433	1,040,390 123,957 40,153 33,077 33,263 2,793	1,006,292 116,012 39,171 32,955 32,812 2,637	25,715 64 372 19 110 42	8,383 7,881 610 103 341 114	3,651,935 681,081 77,269 34,343 111,175 7,337	704,566 23,428 4,603 3,642 17,683 2,087	55,259 13,247 1,381 505 2,011 32	1,012,238 68,389 14,205 6,864 37,568 1,385	1,303,429 548,023 31,773 17,648 24,073 2,674	576,443 27,994 25,307 5,684 29,840 1,159	40 41 42
44 45 46 47 48 49	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	4,399,201 11,136,689 487,881 9,223,149 2,140,315 1,458,964	9,545 31,304 875 57,963 1,973 107	9,103 29,655 810 56,007 1,482 107	286 1,247 52 667 491	156 402 (³) 1,289	44,028 187,414 5,463 334,635 639,135 16,454	4,858 41,769 960 31,055 106,685 8,784	296 1,134 157 2,419 934	7,508 32,898 615 59,131 47,404 2,179	27,395 88,292 2,388 194,369 428,685 3,427	3,971 23,321 1,343 47,661 55,427 2,064	45 46 47 48
50 51 52	Advertising	4,863,861 2,842,332 804,120	10,746 3,996 634	10,714 3,974 576	2 20 7	(3) (3) (3)	9,643 95,476 14,818	192 8,770 587	80 1,637 757	1,718 61,856 9,988	4,684 20,019 2,354	2,969 3,194 1,132	
53 54 55	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	309,655 55,132,476 460,112,472	396 315,062 1,706,234	393 309,773	3 1,574	3,715	3,970 604,297	61 56,135	73 6,767	1,260 83,877	2,034 360,943	542 96,575	53 54
56 57 58	Compiled net profit (37 less 55). Net income (56 less 27). Net operating loss deduction.	41,750,905 41,440,712 396,705	176,555 176,314 7,957	1,652,473 165,458 165,241 7,516	9,500 9,479 152	23,090 1,597 1,594 289	1,092,452 1,090,979 9,794	230,814 230,715 496	86,689 15,178 15,178 567	72,125 71,971 1,159	3,062,210 666,364 665,169 6,076	904,626 107,971 107,946 1,496	56 57
59 60 61	Income tax Excess profits tax 5 Total tax	18,098,932 1,594,314	70,448 1,315	66,586 1,306	3,379 -	483 (³)	486,760 22,077	104,067 8,926	2,117 16	28,414 205	301,004 9,594	51,158 3,336	59 60
62	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61).	19,693,246	71,763	67,892	3,379	492	508,837	112,993	2,133	28,619	310,598	54,494	61
63	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock	22,057,659 11,370,816 1,085,462	104,792 46,718 3,002	97,566 45,525 3,002	6,121 1,133	1,105	583,615 635,336 29,476	117,821 132,434 -	7,053	43,506 39,159 471	355,766 414,800 20,947	53,477 41,890 8,058	
	ee footnotes at end of table. See n. 19 for "Kynle				L		,			71.	,	0,020	_

Table 3.-ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS-RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS-Continued

PART II.—RETURNS WITH NET INCOME—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

т	RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILI	, micele 13, l				industrial gr					1	=
							Manufacturing			***		
	Item	Construction	Total manufacturing	Beverages	Food and kindred products	Tobacco manufactures	Textile-mill	Apparel and products made from fabrics	Lumber and wood products, except furniture	Furniture and fixtures	Paper and allied products	
ŀ		(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	ļ
						123	3,476	8,134	3,464	2,695	2,033	1
1	Number of returns with balance sheets	20,463	76,248	1,662	6,755	(Thousand		بحدوه	3,404	2,090	2,000	1
2	Assets: Cash	880,884	14,242,831	322,636	1,098,925	118,126	646,626	327,786	271,267	156,234	550,497	2
3	Notes and accounts receivable	2,983,382 15,833	25,260,384 601,593	452,278 7,997	1,735,283 35,205	536,160 2,778	1,029,358 17,033	700,904 15,607	421,325 9,596	312,066 9,146	641,251 17,333	3
5	Inventories	518,735 163,730	40,317,552 12,820,920	1,094,127 151,961	3,146,376 539,103	1,874,024 10,996	1,917,339 372,580	1,004,721 53,976	710,033 207,472	419,258 82,385	931,413 643,474	5
7	Other investments	427,457	13,784,027	228,559	835,029	65,313	498,594	147,493	197,711	57,539	725,582	7
8	Gross capital assets (except land)	1,823,555 847,758	100,624,935 44,601,524	1,856,610 653,444	6,504,178 2,793,618		4,237,881 1,772,393	551,545 242,179	1,909,944 726,424	574,092 247,805	4,465,473 1,764,323	9
10	LandOther assets	91,466 221,587	2,112,582 3,225,013	63,066 102,720	263,319 304,600	10,257 27,685	60,338 113,987	16,568 63,830	62,412 89,640	21,820 34,852	72,261 160,055	10 11
12	Total assets	6,247,205	167,185,127	3,610,516	11,597,990	2,819,786	7,087,277	2,609,037	3,133,784	1,401,295	6,408,350	12
13	Liabilities: Accounts payable	1,208,080	14,423,705	344,585	893,143	60,394	417,157	448,124	198,028	131,876	292,279	13
14	Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year	337,261	5,389,214	88,601	697,447	369,761	355,487	200,584	120,280	56,647	89,959	
15 16	Maturity 1 year or more	403,007 1,498,233	18,675,512 19,569,711	524,871 297,461	1,271,559 940,138		521,534 466,026	152,420 238,867	232,093 221,494	79,806 160,062	808,919 602,848	
17	Capital stock, preferred	102,409	6,267,242	182,104	702,557	229,523	338,364 1,306,081	123,825 500,122	53,090 788,707	49,043 281,117	333,154 1,119,442	17
19	Surplus reserves	785,195 108,054	30,106,242 5,801,196	384,172 69,388	498,497	48,815	226,408	43,503 922,559	61,256	27,409 625,148	209,814 2,959,623	19
21	Less: Deficit	1,846,543	67,314,892 362,587	1,724,563 5,229	4,333,139 36,290	ľ	3,470,993 14,773	20,967	75,806	9,813	7,688	21
22	Total liabilities	6,247,205	167,185,127	3,610,516	11,597,990	2,819,786	7,087,277	2,609,037	3,133,784	1,401,295	6,408,350	22
23 24	Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amor-	1,303,961 12,188,289	254,587,204 3,607,338	6, 899 ,320 20,657	32,442,789 104,325		10,198,317 130,742	6,899,584 193,019	4,374,232 59,705	2,881,120 14,534	7,908,794 9,655	
25	tizable bond premium): Wholly taxable	3,075	239,983	2,928	9,443		5,380	1,032	3,421 2	1,407	13,629 79	
26 27	Subject to surtax only	17 568 5,871	1,341 6,517	39 199 5,989	37 699 13,062	41	63 849 7,319	39 2,046	96 3,280	52 1,223	357 7,682	27
28	Other interest	31,262	177,107 366,858	5,189	21,043		14,025	4,583	7,531	2,033	7,953	1
29 30 31	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net	3,529	210,083 4,983	2,494	7,763	119	4,036 107	5,829 23	2,4 8 3 523	754	3,746 93	30
32	long-term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net	26,938	474,246	3,113	19,548	1	13,563	2,467	140,462	2,447	39,915	1
33	short-term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets	3,495	7,886	256	1,535		288	301	1,445	540	94	33
34	Dividends, domestic corporations	15,112 1,926	870,782 419,473	5,950 231	18,263 27,946	6,502	10,558 1,461	1,924	5,024	832 1,291	10,576 9,523	
36	Other receipts	105,131	908,082	19,635	76,388	1,184	44,604	21,181	29,583	13,577	37,469	36
37	Total compiled receipts	13,689,429	261,881,883	6,966,058	32,743,334	3,729,811	10,431,312	7,132,177	4,627,794	2,919,823	8,049,565	37
38 39 40 41 42 43	Deductions: Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	1,037,402 10,227,646 418,688 46,195 68,401 14,046	188,286,268 1,913,023 2,661,272 1,030,779 4,280,756 196,261	4,473,001 7,866 44,634 14,538 45,798 2,726	26,642,718 25,646 204,257 88,817 285,248 19,629	1,157 9,582 2,371 6,123		5,535,493 145,318 189,385 56,233 13,313 7,252	3,370,878 36,868 79,542 13,557 40,179 6,596	2,145,835 2,923 78,241 18,802 21,180 4,564	5,531,490 2,307 101,399 30,925 205,811 5,445	39 40 41 42
44 45 46 47 48	Interest paid	32,712 139,371 10,501 197,380 3,806	966,284 6,164,051 325,093 4,300,959 1,374,368	24,454 949,456 6,346 95,163 334	84,440 320,137 18,262 351,135 1,698	959,118 1,505 14,683	152,752 12,163	18,763 81,057 5,962 40,293 87	16,150 73,290 3,162 100,662 137,413	6,790 41,058 3,696 32,732 87	32,971 126,539 18,490 176,947 9,967	45 46 47 48
50 51 52	Amortization	1,146 30,381 26,495 16,052	963,745 2,946,895 1,903,328 557,591	1,332 248,593 18,358 8,701	1,200 575,987 94,182 27,600	138,822 8,918	39,658	68,242 19,846 13,385	16,873 8,737 5,008	36,630 11,298 6,636	32,351 42,673 56,395 13,832	50 51
53	fit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets	1,868	61,280	1,858	4,184	75	3,229	618 717,765	855 377,114	306 322,304	1,304 712,792	53
54 55	Other deductions	798,795 13,070,885	21,877,576	6,547,829	2,674,195 31,419,335		1	6,913,132	4,293,304	2,733,565	7,101,638	_
56 57 58	Compiled net profit (37 less 55)	618,544 617,976 31,375	22,072,354 22,065,837 152,359	418,229 418,030 4,022	1,323,999 1,323,300 19,727	305,404	631,526	219,045 219,006 10,122	334,490 334,394 5,651	186,258 186,206 4,538	947,927 947,570 2,306	57
59 60	Income tax	250,378 20,465	10,682,071 1,372,253	208,158 11,239	647,878 32,526			93,122 2,729	127,761 2,630		469,415 40,676	
61	Total tax	270,843	12,054,324	219,397	680,404	+		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	130,391	1	510,091	٦.
62	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61).	347,701	10,018,030	198,832	643,595	133,372	320,718	123,194	204,099	92,922	437,836	62
63 64	Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	72,758 25,652		120,167 11,921	404,853 24,061			32,844 13,125	75,555 3,289	31,473 5,451	213,756 63,3 <i>3</i> 7	
-	COLPOTE VIOLE O WILL DWGE.	25,052				the Comple and		17,127	7,209),401	755,00	⊥"

Table 3.-ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS-RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS-Continued

PART II.—RETURNS WITH NET INCOME—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

Assets: Cash. Number of returns with balance sheets Cash. Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts Inventories Investments, Government obligations Other investments. Gross capital assets (except land) Land Liabilities: Accounts payable Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year	Printing, publishing, and allied industries (22) 9,048 659,475 945,240 32,678 637,089 342,293 621,207 2,678,429 974,939 124,840 183,151 5,184,107	Chemicals and allied products (23) 4,574 1,270,920 1,684,197 46,627 2,749,197 1,652,642 1,692,216 9,975,620 4,201,221 150,852 231,607 15,159,403	Petroleum and coal products (24) 429 1,420,161 2,885,054 176,028 2,651,714 1,851,686 3,563,673 22,799,200 11,081,973 410,359 233,604	Rubber products (25) 565 216,960 683,978 13,779 813,670 205,947 160,185 1,464,760 757,959 23,156 81,346	Leather and products (26) 1,635 (Thousand 120,978 300,684 6,355 453,684 37,016 134,267 352,879 173,491	Stone, clay, and glass products	Primary metal industries (28) 2,215 1,386,199 1,631,955 37,167 3,390,999 1,376,777 1,033,228 15,956,473	Fabricated metal products, except ordnence, mechinery, and transportation equipment (29) 7,590 821,487 1,227,600 28,290 2,279,563 325,229 376,915	Machinery, except transpor- tation equipment and electrical (30) 7,971 1,601,540 2,765,088 2,765,086 5,005,473 907,469	Electrical machinery and equipment (31) 2,339 728,983 2,036,349 25,348 3,179,040 958,176	1 2 3 4
Assets: Cash Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts Inventories Cinventies Cores capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves Land Total assets Liabilities: Accounts payable Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than l year Maturity less than l year Maturity less than l year Maturity less than l year Maturity less than l year Maturity less than l year Capital stock, preferred Capital stock, preferred Capital stock, preferred Capital stock, common ² Supplus reserves	9,048 659,475 945,240 32,678 637,089 342,293 621,207 974,939 124,840 183,151 5,184,107 484,691 121,577 407,281 673,843	1,270,920 1,684,197 46,627 2,749,197 1,652,642 1,692,216 9,975,620 4,201,221 150,852 231,697	1,420,161 2,885,054 176,028 2,651,714 1,851,686 3,563,673 22,799,200 11,081,973 410,359 233,604	216,960 683,978 13,779 813,670 205,947 160,185 1,464,760 757,959 23,156	1,635 (Thousand 120,978 300,684 6,355 453,684 37,016 134,267 352,879 173,491	2,866 dollers) 480,132 662,814 17,523 844,591 519,448 356,612 3,400,128	2,215 1,386,199 1,631,955 37,167 3,390,999 1,376,777 1,033,228	7,590 821,487 1,227,600 28,290 2,279,563 325,229	7,971 1,601,540 2,765,088 58,262 5,005,473 907,469	728,983 2,036,349 25,348 3,179,040	2 3 4
Assets: Cash. Notes and accounts receivable. Less: Reserve for bad debts. Inventories Investments, Government obligations. Other investments. Cross capital assets (except land). Less: Reserves. Land. Other assets. Liabilities: Accounts payable. Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year. Maturity less than 1 year. Maturity less than 1 year. Maturity less than 1 year. Capital stock, preferred. Capital stock, common ² .	659,475 945,240 32,678 637,089 342,293 621,207 2,678,429 974,939 124,840 183,151 5,184,107 484,691 121,577 407,281 673,843	1,270,920 1,684,197 46,627 2,749,197 1,652,642 1,692,216 9,975,620 4,201,221 150,852 231,607	1,420,161 2,885,054 176,028 2,651,714 1,851,686 3,563,673 22,799,200 11,081,973 410,359 233,604	216,960 683,978 13,779 813,670 205,947 160,185 1,464,760 757,959 23,156	120,978 300,684 6,355 453,684 37,016 134,267 352,879 173,491	480,132 662,814 17,523 844,591 519,448 356,612 3,400,128	1,386,199 1,631,955 37,167 3,390,999 1,376,777	821,487 1,227,600 28,290 2,279,563 325,229	1,601,540 2,765,088 58,262 5,005,473 907,469	728,983 2,036,349 25,348 3,179,040	2 3 4
2 Cash. 3 Notes and accounts receivable 4 Less: Reserve for bad debts. 5 Inventories. 6 Investments, Government obligations. 7 Other investments. 8 Gross capital assets (except land). 9 Less: Reserves. 10 Land. 11 Other assets. 12 Total assets. 13 Accounts payable. 14 Maturity less than 1 year. 15 Maturity less than 1 year. 16 Other liabilities: 17 Capital stock, preferred. 18 Capital stock, preferred. 19 Surplus reserves.	945,240 32,678 627,089 342,293 621,207 2,678,429 974,939 124,940 183,151 5,184,107 484,691 121,577 407,281 673,843	1,684,197 46,627 2,749,197 1,652,642 1,692,216 9,975,620 4,201,221 150,852 231,607 15,159,403	2,885,054 176,028 2,651,714 1,851,686 3,563,673 22,799,200 11,081,973 410,359 233,604	683,978 13,779 813,670 205,947 160,185 1,464,760 757,959 23,156	120,978 300,684 6,355 453,684 37,016 134,267 352,879 173,491	480,132 662,814 17,523 844,591 519,448 356,612 3,400,128	1,631,955 37,167 3,390,999 1,376,777	1,227,600 28,290 2,279,563 325,229	2,765,088 58,262 5,005,473 907,469	2,036,349 25,348 3,179,040	3
8 Cross capital assets (except land). 9 Less: Reserves. 10 Land. 11 Other assets. 12 Total assets. 13 Accounts payable. 14 Maturity less than 1 year. 15 Maturity lyear or more. 16 Other liabilities. 17 Capital stock, preferred. 18 Capital stock, common ² . 19 Surplus reserves.	2,678,429 974,939 124,840 183,151 5,184,107 484,691 121,577 407,281 673,843	9,975,620 4,201,221 150,852 231,607 15,159,403	22,799,200 11,081,973 410,359 233,604	1,464,760 757,959 23,156	352,879 173,491	3,400,128		376,915			5 6
Liabilities: Accounts payable. Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: 14 Maturity less than 1 year. 15 Maturity 1 year or more. 16 Other liabilities. 17 Capital stock, preferred. 18 Capital stock, common ² . 19 Surplus reserves.	484,691 121,577 407,281 673,843		24,557,450		12,002 26,299	71,967 80,345	7,646,061 193,264 317,166	3,538,460 1,466,263 123,715 174,918	824,837 6,483,795 2,758,932 173,241 224,717	908,342 3,320,981 1,235,926 79,693 201,727	8 9 10 11
13 Accounts payable. Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: 14 Maturity less than 1 year. 15 Maturity 1 year or more. 16 Other liabilities. 17 Capital stock, preferred. 18 Capital stock, common ² . 19 Surplus reserves.	121,577 407,281 673,843	927,725		2,878,264	1,257,963	4,909,653	17,602,833	7,373,334	15,168,966	10,152,017	12
21 Less: Deficit	247,024 824,221 186,266 2,271,291 32,087	277,216 2,237,901 1,723,616 851,848 2,362,937 417,976 6,381,132 20,948	1,979,691 379,436 3,267,796 966,587 288,020 7,012,249 1,000,925 9,664,957 2,211	222,745 47,410 579,289 329,651 161,309 260,560 135,675 1,142,811 1,186	138,423 80,704 105,883 104,350 54,325 244,795 47,937 487,784 6,238	328,825 111,681 397,500 528,060 113,286 1,102,396 206,319 2,126,984 5,398	1,289,853 281,847 3,003,663 2,035,811 902,398 3,085,369 478,831 6,532,927 7,866	600,806 321,277 539,852 851,382 249,773 1,333,086 209,132 3,282,058 14,032	1,360,424 540,454 1,641,662 1,911,876 491,038 2,775,775 605,984 5,869,304 27,551	1,355,835 337,937 989,846 1,885,132 208,135 1,450,178 358,246 3,575,191 8,483	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21
7 Total liabilities	5,184,107	15,159,403	24,557,450	2,878,264	1,257,963	4,909,653	17,602,833	7,373,334	15,168,966	10,152,017	22
23 Gross sales	7,331,138 348,885	17,234,156 68,997	24,543,558 692,421	4,812,545 16,771	2,714,873 5,776	6,127,328 23,344	22,208,977 507,046	12,812,783 68,751	21,538,482 401,096	16,160,183 46,672	
tizable bond premium): 25 Wholly taxable. 26 Subject to surtax only. 27 Wholly tax-exempt. 28 Other interest.	6,358 87 229 4,342	32,689 41 1,030 15,853	37,245 8 451 31,013	3,889 4 4 2,808	809 17 17 1,001	9,635 48 309 2,404	24,925 334 433 11,458	5,748 154 301 5,723	16,491 105 956 17,961	17,707 29 115 11,781	26 27
29 Rents	20,205 10,928 60	14,174 40,585 114	135,509 40,020 1,032	4,328 1,650	1,517 322 22	5,197 5,695 61	31,357 7,477 163	11,499 4,589 436	46,582 30,047 1,209	11,024 21,596 402	30
long-term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net	9,108	30,577	65,502	2,781	996	5,943	13,741	15,784	35,855	27,440	32
short-term capital loss. 33 Net gain, sales other than capital assets 34 Dividends, domestic corporations 35 Dividends, foreign corporations 36 Other receipts	967 17,574 4,658 47,624	221 116,258 60,463 77,307	95 500,430 106,475 152,916	8 13,646 43,537 11,849	329 1,070 29 11,844	163 10,160 17,254 22,131	365 39,430 9,144 42,299	655 14,130 15,744 59,337	265 20,381 28,216 97,390	131 21,783 18,912 46,225	34 35
Total compiled receipts	7,802,163	17,692,465	26,306,675	4,913,820	2,738,622	6,229,672	22,897,149	13,015,634	22,235,036	16,384,000	37
Deductions: 8 Cost of goods sold	5,080,683 191,347 239,618 74,496 41,731 22,210	10,989,843 20,037 169,648 58,081 343,694 17,609	18,123,741 319,380 37,542 200,134 387,813 23,372	3,519,028 8 25,748 20,437 84,964 5,592	2,175,829 3,244 52,359 17,138 17,056 2,693	4,001,133 9,731 94,906 20,849 174,967 6,509	16,019,948 305,732 132,653 79,252 1,194,303 7,403	9,459,073 37,121 283,445 53,496 200,003 13,774	15,203,362 37,557 340,356 87,490 342,740 15,804	11,856,032 26,833 123,388 53,699 189,235 12,052	39 40 41 42
44 Interest paid. 45 Taxes paid. 46 Contributions or gifts. 47 Depreciation. 48 Depletion. 49 Amortization.	24,009 105,750 14,073 122,621 206 357	90,471 241,707 23,178 475,401 40,294 144,044	111,021 589,118 11,707 697,262 1,004,843 89,263	21,901 134,691 6,280 76,083 232 7,359	8,818 37,710 2,686 20,945 189 332	18,853 100,996 15,040 159,110 43,775 34,500	158,146 381,974 47,051 482,849 119,177 404,822	37,476 179,347 15,589 191,326 271 17,865	91,777 348,384 35,936 376,496 5,332	52,147 343,937 31,576 213,506 60 40,364	45 46 47 48
50 Advertising	44,659 51,270 12,876	492,127 154,673 33,190	112,900 251,570 45,863	58,172 36,556 2,662	32,528 8,714 3,831	52,668 46,992 11,500	62,154 274,607 68,321	128,806 81,715 35,289	218,367 196,555 60,426	256,453 186,882 57,654	51
Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	1,740 1,114,624	4,066 2,028,491	1,743 2,385,536	254 502 , 719	210 228,414	5,516 648,044	10,325 913,380	2,985 1,201,424	4,279 2,606,934	1,924 1,336,062	54
Total compiled deductions	7,142,270 659,893	2,365,911	24,392,808	4,502,686	2,612,696 125,926	5,445,089 784,583	20,662,097	11,939,005	20,030,054	1,602,196	56
57 Net income (56 less 27)	659,664	2,364,881 8,566	1,913,416	411,130 982	125,909 4,466	784,274 3,036	2,234,619 3,799	1,076,328 8,108	2,204,026	1,602,081 7,473	1
59 Income tax	308,473 27,295 335,768	1,152,465 165,249 1,317,714	734,859 7,837 742,696	204,618 22,698 227,316	58,637 4,232 62,869	391,682 51,681 443,363	1,141,835 133,415 1,275,250	520,809 52,373 573,182	1,096,058 167,241 1,263,299	805,746 148,736 954,482	1
62 Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61).	324,125	1,048,197	1,171,171	183,818	63,057	341,220	959,802	503,447	941,683	647,714	
Dividends paid: 63 Cash and assets other than own stock 64 Corporation's own stock	133,802	690,871 44,431	1,213,732	81,727 10,119	28,605 4,002	194,593	480,654 38,182	209,916 35,425	425,099 84,548	347,145 36,899	63

Table 3.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

PART II.—RETURNS WITH NET INCOME—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

_					Major	industrial	groups—Conti	nued				T
			Manufa	cturing—Con	tinued			Put	olic utilitie	28		1
	Item	Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles	Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical	Ordnance and accessories	Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks	Other manufac- turing	Total public utilities	Transpor- tation	Communi- cation	Electric and gas utilities	Other public utilities	
		(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	1
1	Number of returns with balance sheets	720	764	65	1,259	5,866 (Thousand	17,231	12,586	2,517	927	1,201	┤ ;
2 3 4 5	Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts	577,911 1,711,417 4,906 2,369,571 187,166	900,989 1,672,402 12,813 2,955,811 2,042,724	40,335 43,024 1,129 116,374 31,906	211,541 567,795 10,222 888,178 219,697	313,123 614,162 15,771 885,307 100,797	3,066,970 3,453,270 36,618 2,261,175 3,046,798	1,816,471 1,748,891 8,739 980,129 1,620,484	265,098 671,313 5,268 222,511 991,335	944,232 995,532 21,924 1,041,822 416,572	41,169 37,534 687 16,713 18,407	4 5
7 8 9 10	7 Other investments	171,332 1,734,817 851,315 35,658 252,602	832,146 6,086,050 2,558,600 76,577 205,162	55,626 182,182 88,836 5,314 8,020	128,677 1,078,708 490,386 25,019 38,959	168,944 1,143,727 477,575 36,884 68,021	7,105,811 89,674,279 21,191,374 572,895 2,238,581	3,874,500 35,609,490 9,596,321 235,098 1,368,012	1,634,562 15,658,882 4,187,232 25,601 221,337	1,531,878 37,261,065 7,195,573 293,758 626,212	64,871 1,144,842 212,248 18,438 23,020	10
12		6,184,253	12,200,448	392,816	2,657,966	2,837,619	90,191,787	37,648,015	15,498,139	35,893,574	1,152,059	1.2
13	Liabilities: Accounts payable Bonds, notes, mortgages payable:	985,905	1,441,107	29,223	208,250	284,616	2,718,391	1,778,052	235,546	681,768	23,025	13
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Maturity less than 1 year. Maturity lyear or more. Other liabilities. Capital stock, preferred. Capital stock, common* Surplus reserves. Surplus and undivided profits.	391,271 381,789 2,061,843 113,320 462,907 169,076 1,659,684 41,542	161,611 394,835 2,484,536 387,239 1,000,348 638,686 5,693,537 1,451	13,433 62,940 83,609 12,839 27,212 21,136 143,410 986	181,143 226,032 448,810 75,832 458,976 76,939 987,437 5,453	163,451 210,530 311,312 99,196 529,251 62,978 1,192,801 16,516	938,387 32,801,119 6,575,643 4,765,229 22,323,849 1,225,893 19,087,575 244,299	277,142 11,167,905 2,896,473 1,167,170 7,932,366 553,054 12,042,845 166,992	134,119 4,976,976 1,459,675 262,949 6,069,558 34,166 2,331,499 6,349	458,130 16,163,424 2,130,441 3,244,705 8,109,733 625,713 4,547,811 68,151	68,996 492,814 89,054 90,405 212,192 12,960 165,420 2,807	15 16 17 18 19 20
22	Total liabilities	6,184,253	12,200,448	392,816	2,657,966	2,837,619	90,191,787	37,648,015	15,498,139		1,152,059	┥ .
23 24	Gross receipts from operations	10,659,909 802,599	23,502,856 17,097	621,067 14,712	3,871,076 16,210	5,129,474 40,508	372, 8 72 36,113,079	244,745 19,901,713	37,282 6,010,318	88,484 9,978,801	2,361 222,247	
25 26 27 28	Wholly taxable	1,750 5 119 4,133	39,903 235 104 22,363	429 - 49 288	3,219 11 19 2,354	1,729 34 49 2,630	52,479 344 854 99,414	32,157 238 601 60,170	9,047 103 46 9,624	11,092 2 128 28,953	183 1 79 667	26
29 30 31	Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net	3,934 8,449 50	5,901 3,733 38	2,029 423 1	3,130 5,120 48	6,906 2,225 39	427,562 13,031 753	367,212 7,712 303	36,431 1,826 204	23,029 2,570 194	890 923 52	29
32	long-term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss.	3,435	22,445	2,073	1,937	13,971	93,483	73,437	11,277	6,885	1,884	3
33 34 35 36	Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations	25 9,099 3,887 24,411	70 38,852 58,650 28,345	7 631 277 2,567	8 3,900 7,388 18,034	3,809 3,702 22,182	5,990 258,273 24,991 166,019	2,733 108,475 10,730 131,082	2,496 109,669 1,604 6,334	717 37,768 12,657 26,293	2,361 2,310	3
37	Total compiled receipts Deductions:	11,521,805	23,740,592	644,553	3,932,454	5,227,369	37,629,144	20,941,308	6,236,261	10,217,573	234,002	31
38 39 40 41 42 43	Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of Officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs.	8,972,841 625,054 45,911 31,574 162,717 1,572	18,088,108 4,868 52,498 17,594 296,358 5,006	484,748 382 4,913 982 15,178 304	2,598,155 7,361 57,905 19,763 54,058 2,809	3,659,717 21,941 158,999 38,885 49,573 8,457	288,010 22,165,924 285,975 859,363 16,888 38,205	202,152 13,773,648 208,119 726,631 14,169 8,243	30,240 3,305,167 27,337 84,590 1,100 17,358	53,744 4,989,043 44,808 47,456 1,209 12,407	1,874 98,066 5,711 686 410 197	39 40 41 42
44 45 46 47 48 49	Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion.	31,959 145,450 12,139 76,184 35 40,921	27,767 675,830 25,375 264,124 3,628 65,593	3,431 8,961 1,545 8,753 2,145 736	16,705 83,513 8,149 60,200 139 10,865	17,692 83,276 5,183 72,990 4,156 4,198	1,112,774 2,187,722 28,522 2,370,604 48,904 466,555	423,555 1,012,516 13,757 940,415 16,173 370,605	151,819 382,824 4,909 503,556 53 1,646	519,101 771,211 9,608 906,701 32,077 94,209	18,299 21,171 248 19,932 601 95	46
50 51 52	Amounts contributed under pension plans	20,978 70,499 26,630	109,303 216,902 70,063	3,440 6,850 777	77,767 42,369 20,789	82,574 19,782 11,200	122,689 383,479 98,282	72,911 74,353 30,766	26,808 184,762 40,115	22,711 123,157 26,992	259 1,207 409	
53 54	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	433 455 , 966	13,912 1,103,216	64 29,612	261 454,384	1,139 653,577	17,400 1,973,449	12,678 1,179,581	836 272,769	3 ,86 5 5 03 ,7 33	21 17,366	7
55 56 57	Compiled net profit (37 less 55)	800,942 800,823	21,040,145 2,700,447 2,700,343	572,821 71,732 71,683	3,515,192 417,262 417,243	4,893,339 334,030 333,981	32,464,745 5,164,399 5,163,545	19,080,272 1,861,036 1,860,435	1,200,372 1,200,326	8,162,032 2,055,541 2,055,413	186,552 47,450 47,371	56 57
58 59	Income tax	21,288 398,257	2,566 1,379,990	35,973	2,076 210,225	8,893 150,338	2,508,068	18,519 868,070	1,366 579,686	2,266 1,039,383	20,929	59
60 61	Į l	106,361 504,618	304,782 1,684,772	9,042 45,015	35,856 246,081	14,361 164,699	28,880 2,536,948	17,031 885,101	5,723 585,409	5,976 1,045,359	150 21,079	61
62 63	Dividends paid; Cash and assets other than own stock	296,324 127,687	1,015,675 572,591	26,717 12,760	171,181 87,632	169,331 57,123	2,627,451 1,998,787	975,935 523,430	614,963 507,166	1,010,182 950,048	26,371 18,143	62
64	Corporation's own stock	18,604	5,711	417	7,049	11,937	81,279	41,652	7,551	30,389	1,687	64

Table 3.-ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

PART II.—RETURNS WITH NET INCOME—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

=	RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABIL	TTIES, RECEIPTS,	DEDUCTIONS, CO	MPILED NET PR					DS PAID			=
					Major i	ndustrial gr	oups—Conti	nued				1
						Trad	le					
	Item			Wholesale				Ret	eil			
		Total trade	Total wholesale	Commission merchants	Other wholesalers	Total retail	Food	General merchandise	Apparel and accessories	Furniture and house furnishings	Automotive dealers and filling stations	
		(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)]
1	Number of returns with balance sheets	137,497	48,173	5,788	42,385	77,821	5,639	5,006	10,645	7,478	14,178	1
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L		(Thousand	dollare)		J	1		1
2	Assets: Cash	5,614,438	2,316,202	322,112	1,994,090	3,003,085	544,496	1,074,164	256,040	113,649	483,408	2
3	Notes and accounts receivable	13,743,063 432,856	7,162,296 155,995	554,628 9,389	6,607,668 146,606	5,715,511 249,775	343,544 6,939	2,031,276 145,844	498,499 13,705	742,495 26,018	812,941 21,501	3 4
4 5 6	Inventories	15,157,682	6,947,222	119,838	6,827,384	7,345,314	986,419	2,381,470	761,629 56,550	409,850 19,969	1,204,505	5
	Investments, Government obligations	1,428,154	615,228	87,307	527,921		54,933	527,366		· ·		7
8	Other investments	3,485,607 12,861,487	1,907,546 3,961,872	197,214 141,568	1,710,332 3,820,304	1,411,184 7,990,338	167,146 1,519,294	591,515 2,805,445	136,430 576,292	76,790 215,500	177,015 1,057,356	8
9 10	Less: ReservesLand	5,197,533 1,130,493	1,582,197 276,003	51,684 12,337	1,530,513 263,666	3,219,010 769,248	588,051 87,994	1,129,796 309,742	255,532 30,358	87,495 22,328	372,099 177,236	10
11	Other assets	1,154,099	428,447	42,804 1,416,735	385,643	661,108	114,216 3,223,052	185,726 8,631,064	51,364 2,097,925	38,558 1,525,626	127,154 3,690,247	11 12
12	Liabilities:	40,544,054	21,010,024	1,410,155	20,422,002	24,204,070	3,223,032	0,031,004	2,071,725	1,525,020	3,030,1247	1
13	Accounts payable Bonds, notes, mortgages payable:	8,024,718	4,607,182	413,656	4,193,526	2,944,630	612,188	862,372	313,307	165,290	319,395	13
14 15	Maturity less than 1 year	3,274,699 3,889,899	1,928,447	125,428	1,803,019	1,157,683	75,289	185,113 691,099	76,698 168,092	124,102 129,303	376,254 288,113	14 15
16	Maturity 1 year or more	4,151,945	1,656,872 1,600,677	61,523 100,702	1,595,349	2,021,908 2,312,799	329,360 327,344	826,660	173,705	216,023	312,125	16
17 18	Capital stock, preferred	1,432,117 8,826,323	513,049 3,721,551	33,012 227,462	480,037 3,494,089	845,311 4,509,251	188,892 459,580	389,092. 1,551,027	77,044 377,342	35,789 310,818	42,198 642,489	17
19 20	Surplus reserves	944,291	7,777,020 7,577,771	22,259 447,134	354,761 7,130,637	521,928 10,028,839	52,859 1,186,183	294,670 3,877,546	21,218 903,775	43,222 510,573	47,260 1,672,746	19 20
21 22	Less: Deficit	270,820	105,945	14,441	91,504	138,259	8,643	46,515	13,256	9,494	10,333	21
22	Total liabilities	48,944,634	21,876,624	1,416,735	20,459,889	24,204,090	3,223,052	8,631,064	2,097,925	1,525,626	3,690,247	 ~~
23 24	Receipts: Gross sales	142,240,012 1,933,055	68,101,404 1,258,343	2,519,086 598,591	65,582,318 659,752	66,916,975 498,663	17,819,468 38,759	16,310,141 66,898	4,674,988 27,254	2,375,769 35,885	14,542,545 191,581	23 24
25 26	Wholly taxable	24,578 329	10,333 89	1,859 3	8,474 86	13,499 216	914 1	8,817 26	1,155 2	416 148	744	25 26
27 28	Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	941 135,414	435 56,814	17 8,355	418 48,459	455 71,685	167 4,563	109 27,835	67 2,321	13 5,269	43 20,956	27 28
29	Rents	238,187	64,929	5,173	59,756	154,115	11,233	68,460	22,237	3,933	21,009	29
30 31	Royalties. Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net	30,286	26,664 799	2,072	24,592	1,766	353	101	314	66	124	30 31
32	long-term capital loss.	2,030		3 3 4 4	755	1,090	46	66	93			1
33	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss.	86,454	39,247	3,068	36,179	39,497	4,995	6,205	1,855	926	12,357	32
34 35	Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations	6,812 90,694	2,860 53,988	273 8,161	2,587 45,827	3,369 28,225	390 1,656	61 11,743	237 4,227	37 1,440	1,121 1,859	33 34
36	Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts	77,545 1,042,886	66,367 374,872	308 20,508	66,059 354,364	10,952 612,875	2,874 35,419	8,062 172,928	70,468	127,129	88,253	35 36
37	Total compiled receipts	145,909,223	70,057,144	3,167,518	66,889,626	68,353,382	17,920,838	16,681,452	4,805,220	2,551,079	14,881,256	37
38	Deductions: Cost of goods sold	114,452,760	58,818,540	2,313,931	56,504,609	49,899,707	14,531,755	10,693,109	3,035,223	1,527,335	12,297,967	38
39 40	Cost of operations	693,352 2,209,904	436,114 982,906	117,819 110,145	318,295 872,761	204,385 1,073,569	20,349 89,401	14,716 107,139	5,832 123,129	11,558 99,748	88,156	39
41 42	Rent paid on business propertyRepairs.	1,406,722 358,799	261,950 120,248	18,725 3,342	243,225	1,081,793 215,929	148,298	324,686	232,647	57,538 7,205	98,010	41
43	Bad debts	243,044	87,123	5,322	116,906 81,801	138,204	55,413 7,660	62,070 38,296	12,952	18,989	26,446 23,839	43
44 45	Interest paidTaxes paid	316,571	151,711	8,791	142,920	147,565	17,664	43,454	9,553	11,426		
46	Contributions or gifts	1,259,393	502,590 23,085	14,721 1,786	487,869 21,299	675,401 38,260	120,095 7,701	236,996 13,761	52,943 3,832	30,398 1,866	4,955	46
47 48	Depreciation. Depletion.	940,380 12,670	308,428 8,993	11,852 296	296,576 8,697	566,275 2,615	122,638 196	150,252 118	403	18,872 58	82,791 567	47 48
49	Amortization	7,761	5,434	107	5,327	1,936	81	301	114	247	390	1
50 51	Advertising Amounts contributed under pension plans	1,433,062 224,105	371,649 81,408	17,839 7,401	353,810 74,007	986,368 133,707	107,313 37,081	403,511 71,658		78,740 1,431	6,424	50 51
52	Amounts contributed under other employee bene- fit plans.	59,650	22,216	1,340		34,856	14,725	5,032		1,010		52
53 54	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	18,804 17,732,517	5,539 5,993,926	154 415,292	5,385 5,578,634	12,133 10,773,364	1,369 2,247,666	8,554 3,517,055	185 972,503	137 591,052	759 1,368,133	53 54
55	Total compiled deductions	141,433,614	68,181,860	3,048,863	65,132,997	65,986,067	17,529,405	15,690,708		2,457,610		55
56		4,475,609	1,875,284	118,655	1,756,629	2,367,315	391,433	990,744	165,723	93,469	327,506	56
57 58	Net income (56 less 27)	4,474,668 74,658	1,874,849 35,179	118,638 4,537	1,756,211 30,642	2,366,860 32,295	391,266 4,483	990,635 2,882	165,656 5,038	93,456 3,594	327,463 2,683	57 58
59	Income tax	1,966,179	807,092	44,478	762,614	1,067,382	190,152	496,789	66,315	34,330	132,665	59
60 61	Excess profits tax ⁵	83,530 2,049,709	37,870 844,962	2,302 46,780	35,568 798,182	42,206 1,109,588	11,639 201,791	20,150 516,939	1,165 67,480	446 34,776	2,321	60 61
												1
62	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid:	2,425,900	1,030,322	71,875	958,447	1,257,727	189,642	473,805	98,243	58,693	192,5?0	62
63 64	Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	907,650 153,107	337,784 88,968	17,713 10,066	320,071 78,902	521,400 59,728	75,821 13,251	296,388 10,824	30,596 4,918	12,338 4,250	40,554 9,885	63 64
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Table 3.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

PART II. - RETURNS WITH NET INCOME - Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

•	ļ				walor in	dustrial grou	ps-Continued			
			T	rade—Continu	eđ		Finance,	insurance, rea of real p		lessors
	Item		Retail-	Continued			Total finance,		Finance	
		Drug stores	Eating and drinking places	Building materials and hardware	Other retail trade	Trade not allocable	insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property	Total finance	Banks and trust companies	Credit agencies other than banks
		(52)	(53)	(54)	(55)	(56)	(57)	(58)	(59)	(60)
Numbe:	r of returns with balance sheets	3,647	7,414	10,193	13,621	11,503	124,198	30,075	13,584	11,217
	_					(Thousand do	(lare)			
	h	66,946 43,078	106,207 50,515	166,768 593,372	191,407 599,791	295,151 865,256	50,480,996 91,786,235	89,396,245	44,797,061 76,403,782	1,203,602 12,238,590
Le	es and accounts receivableess: Reserve for bad debts	414	348	15,851	19,155 573,677	27,086 865,146	838,209 31,317	820,007 18,246	597,798	204,365 15,383
Inv	entories estments, Government obligations	218,237 8,469	56,821 11,655	752,706 20,861	33,052	35,839	99,563,934	79,948,638	77,695,202	681,310
Oth	er investmentses capital assets (except land)	.26,958 185,018	43,476 512,207	85,754 463,701	106,100 655,525	166,877 909,277	96,843,571 17,306,496	23,656,146 2,629,899	9,009,062 2,041,329	4,582,036 191,368
L	ess: Reserves	81,134 6,983	214,319 35,358	207,022 57,101	283,562 42,148	396,326 85,242	4,213,962 3,638,843	451,085 203,433	240,840 121,779	50,880 20,920
Oth	er assets	16,205	35,111	36,042	56,732	64,544	7,320,997	2,147,285	1,756,339	188,922
	Total assets	490,346	636,683	1,953,432	1,955,715	2,863,920	361,920,218	243,251,027	210,985,916	18,866,886
Acc	lities:	81,825	85,837	214,107	290,309	472,906	2,576,935	1,310,660	16	671,803
Bone M	ds, notes, mortgages payable: aturity less than 1 year	12,426	31,447	151,913	124,441	188,569	7,233,984	6,174,576	526	5,341,565
<u> 14</u>	aturity 1 year or more	40,630 40,913	84,619 71,445	115,960 115,918	174,732 228,666	211,119 238,469	14,933,195 289,277,417	5,636,970 200,710,518	4,644 194,771,621	4,404,295 5,042,933
Cap	ital stock, preferred	13,638	15,653 141,863	34,013 510,740	48,992 414,249	73,757 595,521	1,461,459 13,491,157	1,024,882 8,302,347	35,394 3,965,490	320,221 1,224,226
Sur	ital stock, common ²	8,042	5,318	17,853	31,486	45,343	3,055,278	2,788,543	1,506,974	490,343
Sur	plus and undivided profitsess: Deficit	195,095 3,366	216,627 16,126	799,367 6,439	666,927 24,087	1,064,852 26,616	31,364,648 1,473,855	18,092,614 790,083	10,224	59,480
	Total liabilities	490,346	636,683	1,953,432	1,955,715	2,863,920	361,920,218	243,251,027	210,985,916	18,866,886
Gro: Inte	ss salesss receipts from operationserest on Government obligations (less amor-	1,426,067 9,471	1,808,021 28,695	3,821,708 25,803	4,138,268 74,317	7,221,633 176,049	201,885 9,870,497	127,631 2,127,565	802,006	120,511 1,161,897
W7	zable bond premium):	171	212	364	706	746	1,651,450	1,260,458	1,222,406	14,788 72
W)	ubject to surtax onlyholly tax-exempt	2	3 7	20 1	10 46	24 51	104,809 299,295	99,919 212,552	98,498 207,533	649
Oth	er interest	331	393	5,421	4,596	6,915	6,654,470	4,387,016	3,528,744	756,640
Roy	tsalties	4,440 72	5,111 335	6,093 319	11,599 82	19,143 1,856	2,357,536 179,790	154,765 56,124 8,628	132,996 2,013 4,158	6,754 212 518
lo	short-term capital gain reduced by any net ng-term capital loss.	-	28	113	42	7,710	11,471 314,103	191,235	20,921	13,867
she	long-term capital gain reduced by any net ort-term capital loss.	713	2,759	5,496	4,191	· ·		1	2,444	1,950
	gain, sales other than capital assets idends, domestic corporations	19 1,252	206 1,103	649 2,542	649 2,403	583 8,481	454,335 985,367	96,022 646,156	31,822	13,269
	idends, foreign corporationser receipts	11,705	1 11,566	2 45,140	7 50 , 267	226 55,139	32,928 271,087	29,929 155,109	458 64,010	201 4 1,54 6
	Total compiled receipts	1,454,243	1,858,440	3,913,671	4,287,183	7,498,697	23,389,023	9,553,109	6,118,009	2,132,874
	tions: t of goods sold	972,020	952,467	2,945,162	2,944,669	5,734,513	147,783	102,499	-	97,238
Cos	t of operations	1,809 39,132	11,000 64,768	14,041 131,176	36,924 148,450	52,853 153,429	9,913 1,070,462	514 671,203	526,311	85,156
Ren	t paid on business property	45,629 5,222	82,025	22,119 11,614	70,841 13,857		287,997 176,391	110,247 41,812	69,318 35,084	31,812 4,373
	debts	608	659	16,674	18,527	17,717	251,834	240,519	125,030	113,410
	erest paides paid	2,348 18,349	4,432 36,760	13,414 41,447	13,132 48,322	17,295 81,402	1,845,799 933,192	1,448,047 261,092	915,747 204,358	485,548 39,232
Con	tributions or gifts	896	979	2,048	2,222	2,775	43,146 639,032	29,803 138,532	24,541 112,758	3,044 18,531
Dep	reciation	14,311 28	39,838 282	36,737 639 48	54,405 324 670	1,062	58,921 2,499	21,277	3,779	105
	rtization	62	23			l	163,796		77,688	30,846
Amo	ertising unts contributed under pension plans	18,273 2,423	14,213 2,667	27,362 2,250	57,098 4,379	8,990	156,382	126,503	108,810	12,779
fi	unts contributed under other employee bene- t plans.	606	2,213		1,928		41,127	20,567	17,942	1,744
Ne t	loss, sales other than capital assets	134 283,348	329 557,291	191 506,069	475 730,247	1,132 965,227	203,113 9,952,024	197,398 2,839,463	195,999 1,903,501	866 674,926
	Total commpiled deductions	1,405,198		3,772,542	4,146,470		15,983,411	6,362,768	4,320,866	1,599,928
	led net profit (37 less 55)ncome (56 less 27)	49,045 49,043		141,129 141,128	140,713 140,667	232,959	7,106,317	2,977,789	1,797,143 1,589,610	532,946 532,297
Net o	perating loss deduction	1,166	5,191	2,536	4,722	7,184	70,385	22,124	721,400	10,344 245,818
Incom	e taxs profits tax 5	20,211 1,251	24,929 1,654	51,260 1,208	50,731 2,372	3,454	1,834,634 43,952	24,482	22,207	1,542
Exces	Total tax	21,462	26,583	52,468	53,103	95,159	1,878,586	1,088,906	743,607	247,360
Exces	10041 044									
Comp1	led net profit less total tax (56 less 61).	27,583	40,970	88,661	87,610	137,851	5,527,026	2,101,435	1,053,536	285,586

Table 3.-ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS-RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS-Continued

PART II.—RETURNS WITH NET INCOME—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Major ind	ustrial groups—Co	ntinued			Γ
			Finance, i	insurance, real est		71.0 AV	Continued		
		Finance—C		[rance carriers and				
	Item	Holding and other investment companies	Security and commodity- exchange brokers and dealers	Total insurance carriers and agents	Insurance carriers ¹	Insurance agents and brokers	Real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings	Lessors of real property, except buildings	
		(61)	(62)	(63)	(64)	(65)	(66)	(67)	
1	Number of returns with balance sheets	4,362	912	8,151	2,000 (Thousand dollars)	6,151	82,926	3,046	1
2	Assets: Cash	418,652	102,912	2,858,556	2,642,844	215,712	1,009,537	90,676	2
3	Notes and accounts receivable	477,335 17,507	276,538 337	730,571 7,441	330,114 3,743	400,457 3,698	1,575,798 10,761	83,621	3
5	Inventories	2,711 689,214	152 882,912	11,224 19,225,923	11,219 19,206,710	19,213	1,413 289,663	434 99,710	5
7	Other investments	9,523,865	541,183	69,631,607	69,493,304	138,303	3,340,193	215,625	7
8 9	Gross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves	353,337 134,630	43,865 24,735	886,248 56,979	778,742 31,683	107,506 25,296	11,082,139 3,327,020	2,708,210 378,878	8
10 11	LandOther assets	49,575 110,614	11,159 91,410	19,859 4,584,674	12,647 4,540,535	7,212 44,139	3,230,288 513,908	185,263 75,130	10 11
12	Total assets	11,473,166	1,925,059	97,884,242	96,980,689	903,553	17,705,158	3,079,791	12
13	Liabilities:	308,606	220 225	126 502	18,664	/10 010	ממום ביין	50.000	13
13	Accounts payable		330,235	436,583	39,954	417,919	777,421	52,271	1
15	Maturity less than 1 year	167,598 949,951	664,887 278,080	78,439 42,544	14,998	38,485 27,546	970,360 8,082,357	10,609 1,171,324	14 15
16 17	Other liabilities	538,729 643,507	357,235 25,760	87,277,620 38,176	87,183,253 18,38 6	94,367 19,790	1,142,337 314,271	146,942 84,130	16 17
18 19	Capital stock, common ²	3,031,408 777,109	81,223 14,117	1,316,778 37,837	1,207,941 18,979	108,837 18,858	2,773,145 196,619	1,098,887 32,279	18 19
20 21	Surplus and undivided profits	5,741,705 685,447	208,454 34,932	8,686,000 29,735	8,490,033 11,519	195,967 18,216	3,915,167 466,519	670,867 187,518	20 21
22	Total liabilities	11,473,166	1,925,059	97,884,242	96,980,689	903,553	17,705,158	3,079,791	22
23 24	Receipts: Gross sales	7,120 67,004	96,658	37,975 6,560,211	37,865 5,985,848	110 574,363	35,195 1,181,941	1,084 780	23 24
25	tizable bond premium); Wholly taxable	14,178	9,086	381,476	381,007	469	7,668	1,848	25
26 27 28	Subject to surtax only Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	92 1,515 94,978	1,257 2,855 6,654	4,819 85,389 2,206,376	4,811 85,344 2,204,736	8 45 1,640	49 1,151 58,836	22 203 2,242	26 27 28
29 30 31	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net	13,708 53,649 3,397	1,307 250 555	221,376 642 450	218,769 640 433	2,607 2 17	1,835,338 2,515 2,300	146,057 120,509 93	29 30 31
32	long-term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss.	151,326	5,121	8,004	6,951	1,053	101,062	13,802	32
33 34	Net gain, sales other than capital assets	14,466 590,306	77,162 10,759	1,207 303,795	1,097 298,064	110 5,731	356,269	837 3,865	33 34
35	Dividends, domestic corporations	29,004	266	2,029	1,625	404	31,551 800	170	35
36 37	Other receipts Total compiled receipts	42,716 1,083,459	6,837 218,767	9,831,520	9,240,114	4,847 591,406	74,162 3,688,837	24,045 315,557	36 37
	Deductions:				.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
38 39	Cost of goods sold	5,261 514	-	29,721 50	29,696 50	25 -	14,881 9,349	682	38 39
40 41	Compensation of officers	20,358 3,123	39,378 5,994	143,350 65,913	29,269 47,528	114,081 18,385	249,939 104,844	5,970 6,993	40 41
42 43	Repairs. Bad debts.	1,554 1,185	801 894	3,714 5,996	2,390 2,537	1,324 3,459	128,653 5,269	2,212	42
44	Interest paid	33,270	13,482	13,334	11,347	1,987	353,672	30,746	44
45 46	Taxes paid	11,678 1,846	5,824 372	201,893 4,372	192,570 3,127	9,323 1,245	442,564 8,630	27,643 341	45 46
47 48	Depreciation	4,958 17,328	2,285 65	79,834	71,532 228	8,302 8	403,428 1,436	17,238 35,972	47 48
49	Amortization	,		130	128	2	1,580	471	49
50 51 52	Amounts contributed under pension plans Amounts contributed under other employee bene-	1,053 1,877 535	3,387 3,037 346	21,913 24,910 17,482	14,479 20,151 15,962	7,434 4,759 1,520	28,856 4,454 2,874	53 515 204	50 51 52
53 54	fit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets	524	300 000	914	801	113	4,585	216	53
55	Other deductions Total compiled deductions	160,959 266,023	100,077 175,951	6,016,848	5,672,957 6,114,752	343,891 515,858	1,057,849 2,822,863	37,864 167,170	54 55
	Compiled net profit (37 less 55)	817,436 815,921 5,066	42,816 39,961 2,638	3,200,910 3,115,521 12,477	3,125,362 3,040,018 10,617	75,548 75,503 1,860	865,974 864,823 34,996	148,387 148,184 788	56 57 58
59	Income tax	84,014	13,192	418,490	391,712	26,778	284,237	67,483	59
60 61	Excess profits tax ⁵	376 84 , 390	357 13,549	10,919 429,409	9,128 400,840	1,791 28,569	6,048 290,285	2,503 69,986	60 61
						-			
62	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid: Cosh and spects other than own steek	733,046	29,267	2,771,501	2,724,522	46,979	575,689	78,401	62
63 64	Cash and assets other than own stock	641,387 22,037	8,641 1,809	265,715 12,188	246,161 11,851	19,554 337	148,832 12,990	80,997 158	63 64
	se footnotes at and of table. See n. 19 for HErnla					<u> </u>			

Table 3.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

PART II.—RETURNS WITH NET INCOME—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

I					Major	industrial gr	roups—Contin	led.			
1						Servi	ces				
	Item	Total services	Hotels and other lodging places	Personal services	Business services	Automotive repair services and garages	Miscel- laneous repair services, hand trades	Motion pictures	Amusement, except motion pictures	Other services, including schools	Nature of business not allocable
ŀ		(68)	(69)	(70)	(71)	(72)	(73)	(74)	(75)	(76)	(77)
	Number of returns with balance sheets	33,152	3,508	7,193	8,176	3,567	1,876	3,069	2,637	3,126	88 3
	Assets: Cash. Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts Inventories Investments, Government obligations	967,262 1,105,211 17,659 454,601 202,734	129,905 76,775 1,630 32,085 33,065	96,387 119,059 2,370 59,750 14,338	309,422 479,020 6,635 56,958 59,170	38,782 53,637 889 18,780 2,237	24,723 57,183 539 38,482 771	181,603 168,254 1,685 219,193 29,501	92,935 30,973 568 7,651 32,808	93,505 120,310 3,343 21,702 30,844	13,092 27,083 139 4,641 3,062
	Other investments Cross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves	1,020,049 5,024,740 2,136,845 560,194 272,145	151,734 1,564,188 659,191 246,754 48,030	50,854 682,058 307,935 36,422 47,125	359,705 890,539 356,028 34,019 72,150	27,715 404,389 152,038 41,405 21,313	3,970 59,930 24,488 1,940 3,918	362,451 842,787 409,927 128,681 44,539	30,130 365,141 146,609 52,718 19,745	33,490 215,708 80,629 18,255 15,325	7,399 35,518 8,276 4,747 2,829
1	Total assets	7,452,432	1,621,715	795,688	1,898,320	455,331	165,890	1,565,397	484,924	465,167	89,956
1	Liabilities: Accounts payable. Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than l year. Maturity l year or more. Other liabilities. Capital stock, preferred. Capital stock, common ² . Surplus and undivided profits. Less: Deficit. Total liabilities.	740,216 339,091 1,433,604 742,632 216,597 1,227,659 236,294 2,635,075 118,736 7,452,432	76,970 74,047 542,082 110,822 64,666 271,524 25,290 499,635 43,321	73,728 42,579 96,138 69,959 25,037 176,885 8,785 315,471 12,889	313,092 79,076 229,936 235,327 52,839 277,084 108,754 620,293 18,081	38,783 50,980 132,465 30,515 13,065 57,648 4,289 132,511 4,925 455,331	25,925 7,268 13,326 31,659 2,857 27,890 1,355 57,774 2,164	133,882 51,818 312,123 116,792 42,400 213,843 58,628 650,095 14,184	31,127 18,933 66,137 59,826 8,532 125,066 5,401 183,215 13,313	46,709 14,390 41,397 87,732 7,201 77,719 23,797 176,081 9,859	9,683 4,316 5,825 19,129 1,876 24,135 58,570 14,086
	Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations	1,110,083 8,296,249	435,454 821,100	207,975 1,223,272	145,682 2,826,177	90,432 383,171	80,504 291,753	58,237 1,371,224	53,690 569,889	38,109 809,663	26,426 33,593
	Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): Wholly taxable	3,955 81 293 11,713	602 - 31 1,984	226 1 13 549	1,053 60 149 2,975	110 11 5 662	16 6 - 284	701 - 8 3,079	620 2 24 720	627 1 63 1,460	23 11 290
	Rents	154,861 11,155 1,147	62,381 108 69 10,378	3,312 717 238 3,057	21,402 1,651 103 8,116	21,959 50 232 6,701	604 179 6	32,108 5,826 392 10,387	9,618 684 31 2,034	3,477 1,940 76	834 545 14 869
	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets plvidends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts	42,761 2,777 28,312 7,766 134,990	92 3,068 718 9,867	235 1,252 7,050	856 15,170 1,685 60,930	429 761 43 3,109	9 9 5 1,311	642 6,326 5,304 37,615	393 842 - 6,314	121 884 11 8,794	30 502 - 1,681
١	Total compiled receipts Deductions:	9,806,143	1,345,852	1,447,897	3,086,009	507,675	375,648	1,531,849	644,861	866,352	64,818
	Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	645,676 4,790,955 440,949 277,952 122,641 16,877	234,949 295,135 27,024 51,444 50,736 3,274	109,414 701,334 89,796 40,023 18,791 3,391	101,635 1,747,733 164,161 47,344 13,834 4,152	176,706 25,358 34,114 8,026		34,563 975,701 31,522 55,193 11,863 1,113	28,576 283,060 26,190 24,409 12,263 1,172	409,418 54,897 19,409 4,789	3,487 784 362
	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	71,059 233,119 10,091 380,410 458 697	24,846 61,003 1,568 73,566 145 169	6,080 30,852 1,625 52,616 1 42	11,379 38,796 2,619 92,028 39	14,752 326 64,251 9	859 6,053 85 5,830 16 105	13,891 33,962 723 54,172 1 27	1,974 24,420 122	14,388 1,171 13,527 125	1,123 70 1,786
	Advertising	146,127 49,016 15,934		23,160 2,197 3,653	29,179	193	690	45,390 5,625 725	15,128 538 463	8,396	55
	fit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	2,811 1,865,564 9,070,336	387,011	826 284,426 1,368,227	857 579,343 2,860,704	72,626	88 53,570 355,906	172 149,767 1,414,410	111,887	226,934	13,192
	Compiled net profit (37 less 55)	735,807 735,514 27,318	107,041 107,010	79,670 79,657 4,105	225,305 225,156	37,869 37,864	19,742 19,742 1,089	117,439 117,431 4,480	77,034	71,620	9,562
	Income tax	296,819		2 8,79 0	92,386 8,134			48,691 2,336			3,575 484
ļ	Total tax	21,358 318,177		1,606 30,396		T		51,027	1	1	
	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock	417,630	Ì	49,274	124,785 47,809	ļ		66,412 44,372			1
	Corporation's own stock	151,418 11,745		11,151 1,287	3,556			1,230			

For treatment of life insurance companies, see text pp. 9-10.

Capital stock which is not definitely designated as either common or preferred is tabulated under common stock.

Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in each total.

Loss or deficit.

Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after December 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.

Loss after total tax payment.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table 3a.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY INDUSTRIAL DIVISIONS

PART I.—ALL CONSOLIDATED RETURNS

RETURNS, SUBSIDIARIES, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

_						Ret	urns with	balance she	ets, by indus	trial divis	ions			_
	Items	All returns	Returns with no balance sheets	All industrial divisions	Agricul- ture, forestry, and fishery	Mining and quarrying	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property	Services	Nature of busi- ness not allo- cable	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	1
1 2	Number of returns	2,408 9,670	60 186	2,348 9,484	12 55	89 337	109 260	724 2,579 and dollars)	184 1,173	544 1,893	462 1,759	218 1,420	6 8	1 2
	Assets:					1	(Inous	and dollars)					1 .	
3 4 5 6 7	Cash. Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts Inventories Investments, Government obligations	-	- - -	4,580,421 9,585,799 264,222 5,671,386 6,585,199	26,346 32,478 264 43,221 45,890	98,165 144,851 5,010 114,770 96,241	41,306 133,935 477 7,728 12,534	3,199,134 209,313 4,052,729	834,381 996,332 10,363 652,635 1,446,475	262,148 445,144 9,909 589,735 60,387	1,461,682 4,490,756 25,973 31,477 2,889,425	176,917 142,146 2,738 179,091 33,140	1,023 175	3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12	Other investments. Gross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves	-	- - - -	10,683,560 54,338,053 18,489,528 939,360 1,703,488	36,143 383,274 177,202 1,374 12,616	197,409 1,512,674 786,045 12,694 39,727	128,161	3,746,629 20,563,129 9,858,723 397,452 401,784	3,260,575 29,187,931 6,785,265 174,472 618,055	310,307 687,375 275,431 50,554 72,794	2,539,546 1,085,163 177,917 111,094 499,157	508,748 790,264 399,689 185,092 47,618	5,678 82 73 - 79	8 9 10 11 12
13	Total assets	-	-	75,333,516	403,876	1,425,476	390,815	25,973,349	30,375,228	2,193,104	12,904,410	1,660,589	6,669	13
14 15	Liabilities: Accounts payable Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than l year		-	3,527,847 2,848,377	7,077 1,672	86,123 97,830	45,205 28,293	2,058,259	658,833 214,097	334,976 101,211	214,332	122,867 48,028	175 2	15
16 17 18	Maturity 1 year or more	-	- - -	18,182,890 10,646,333 1,650,335	5,859 29,168 197	246,540 106,701 83,208	124,644 65,706 3,655	3,869,941 1,788,909 747,450	11,138,442 2,419,261 517,311	248,514 181,813 131,007	2,198,395 5,938,805 128,871	350,300 115,726 38,418	255 244 218	17 18
19 20 21 22	Capital stock, common 1. Surplus reserves. Surplus and undivided profits. Less: Deficit		- - -	16,954,383 2,531,972 19,654,972 663,593	201,182 79,286 79,827 392	284,786 45,313 552,495 77,520	28,835 7,344 97,394 10,261	6,598,726 973,217 9,386,801 174,683	8,679,138 589,356 6,282,965 124,175	368,055 49,633 813,026 35,131	588,516 700,732 1,680,343 178,099	195,126 81,420 762,108 53,404	10,019 5,671 13 9,928	20 21 22
23	Total liabilities		-	75,333,516	403,876	1,425,476	390,815	25,973,349	30,375,228	2,193,104	12,904,410	1,660,589	6,669	23
24 25	Interest on Government obligations (less	15,247,991	102,471 27,063	38,953,131 15,220,928	432,906 95,011	897,224 124,874		29,419,238 1,072,467	238,239 10,375,389	7,697,920 68,820	166,912 1,961,659	81,829 1,091,752	175	24 25
26 27 28 29	amortizable bond premium): Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	103,227 2,501 15,194 275,046	8 - - 93	103,219 2,501 15,194 274,953	896 65 158 625	1,198 17 40 2,049	204 - 18 868	37,039 46 507 43,988	18,815 138 198 51,008	1,043 4 82 6,230	43,203 2,227 14,172 167,698	821 4 19 2,486		26 27 28 29
30 31 32	Rents Royalties. Net short-term capital gain reduced by	419,988 71,590 1,529	385 1,631 2	419,603 69,959 1,527	1,508 - 5	8,642 8,544 398	9,398 1,652 -	129,365 31,630 648	154,952 5,904 114	25,571 904 32	55,181 16,759 197	34,986 4,566 133	=	30 31 32
33 34	any net short-term capital loss.	160,650	587 441	160,063 29,622	43 133	12,599 2,759	2,748 2,069	86,185 358	19,372 3,317	5,099	23,297 20,316	10,720 333	26	33 34
35 36 37	Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts	696,809 171,231 301,073	67 1 1,064	696,742 171,230 300,009	13 4,438 41	8,107 1,054 5,020	4,179 821 3,727	433,507 118,425 172,840	160,589 21,995 22,592	15,503 12,012 26,646	65,337 6,453 42,218	9,507 6,032 26,919	- - 6	35 36 37
38	Total compiled receipts	56,552,494	133,813	56,418,681	535,842	1,072,525	475,328	31,546,243	11,072,622	7,860,177	2,585,629	1,270,107	208	38
39 40 41 42 43	Compensation of officers Rent paid on business property Repairs	225,910 695,317	75,267 17,602 1,762 1,120 2,263 357	29,988,880 8,334,581 224,148 694,197 933,051 93,271	1,419 142 19,408 17,276	687,626 69,931 8,089 9,928 17,920 4,798	15,315 366,934 8,166 1,612 1,148 1,974	602,917 102,409 210,873	194,806 6,485,731 22,199 298,777 2,158 17,443	6,435,379 24,753 32,884 77,582 13,156 9,179	132,814 9,867 31,512 28,510 10,197 34,889	52,531 772,957 18,705 47,503 11,241 1,454	72 42 4 -	42 43
45 46 47 48 49	Taxes paid Contributions or gifts Depreciation. Depletion.	45,062 1,569,234 547,363	1,049 2,354 33 3,349 - 524	821,859 1,560,895 45,029 1,565,885 547,363 312,196	9,535 3 14,778	13,671 32,039 491 35,455 57,538 4,280	5,805 4,408 171 10,116 123 11	462,653	383,821 670,895 6,047 691,651 22,642 128,150	15,987 55,156 2,595 43,067 1,317 966	191,659 79,591 1,417 47,726 3,068 426	13,906 32,110 496 37,269 22 3	7 4 - 35 -	46 47
51 52 53	Amounts contributed under pension plans.	552,117	1,441 874 260	400,419 551,243 149,426	1,422	2,827 19,108 1,854	769 2,346 425		31,421 172,266 37,833	57,534 20,989 8,033	11,076 13,669 3,380	31,412 8,267 1,014	2 -	51 52 53
54 55 56	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	6,144,551	81 16,412 124,748	56,364 6,128,139 52,406,946	190,561	1,090 93,484 1,060,129	492 41,014 460,829	33,203 2,586,871 29,591,110	11,271 510,452 9,687,563	2,395 923,236 7,724,208	5,337 1,615,745 2,220,883	2,575 166,692 1,198,157	84 251	54 55 56
55 58 59	Compiled net profit or net loss (38 less 56)	4,020,800	9,065 9,065 59	4,011,735 3,996,541 27,084	72,026	12,396 12,356 1,183	14,499 14,481 1,459	1,955,133	1,385,059 1,384,861 923	135,969 135,887 3,413	364,746 350,574 3,183	71,950 71,931 2,613	² 43 ² 43	57
60		1,876,302 18,661	6,077 1,378	1,870,225 17,283	32,630 39	12,045	6,462 164	878,622 11,998	675,351 591	72,407 1,699	158,003 1,405	34,703 1,387	2 -	60 61
62		1,894,963	7,455	1,887,508	32,669	12,045	6,626	890,620	675,942	74,106	159,408	36,090	2	62
6:	less 62). Dividends paid:	2,125,837	1,610	2,124,227 1,925,571		351 32,249	7,873 7,541		709,117 655,398	61,863 47,514	205,338 118,575	35,860 44,071	445	63
64 61		81,474	- "-	81,474	-	1,575		60,470	11,460	3,743	4,000	226	_	65

See footnotes at end of table. See p. 19 for "Explanantion of Terms." Data not subject to sampling variability since all these returns were tabulated.

Table 3a. - ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS-CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY INDUSTRIAL DIVISIONS-Continued

PART II. -- CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

RETURNS, SUBSIDIARIES, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

=	HETURNS, SUBSIDIARIES,	!	1	10,5250071	310, GOM 12				ets, by indus					_
	Items	All returns	Returns with no balance sheets	All industrial divisions	Agricul- ture, forestry, and fishery	Mining	Construc- tion		Public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property	Services	Nature of busi- ness not allo- cable	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)]
1 2	Number of returns	1,466 6,697	27 58	1,439 6,639	8 51	38 115	71 154	469 1,992	127 972	318 1,171	261 1,241	146 9 41	2	1 2
3 4 5 6 7	Assets: Cash Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts Inventories Investments, Government obligations	-	- - - -	4,332,234 9,015,118 244,034 5,126,152 6,460,449	26,335 32,374 264 43,194 45,890	65,095 74,648 1,588 67,455 58,117	36,395 101,127 300 6,248 12,523	1,574,451 2,929,100 197,814 3,675,538 1,970,319	802,153 961,906 9,828 626,703 1,414,845	240,674 384,165 7,062 521,980 59,079	1,443,327 4,415,759 25,465 31,320 2,879,772	143,788 116,039 1,713 153,714 19,904	16 - - -	3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12 13	Other investments. Cross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves Land Other assets Total assets	-	- - - - -	9,993,622 50,846,202 17,216,051 711,238 1,439,612 70,464,542	36,027 382,567 177,010 1,072 12,543 402,728	102,506 797,663 428,282 4,167 15,477 755,258	54,343 75,198 21,716 5,667 7,941 277,426	3,596,524 19,739,226 9,549,872 371,758 319,971 24,429,201	3,229,283 28,056,719 6,434,156 94,935 534,687 29,277,247	291,651 561,166 226,641 41,697 65,457 1,932,166	2,278,236 726,702 136,453 86,260 451,734 12,151,192	405,052 506,950 241,919 105,682 31,802	11 2 - - 25	8 9 10 11 12 13
14	Liabilities: Accounts payable Bonds, notes, mortgages payable:	_	-	3,208,191	7,032	38,551	33,295	1,939,718	617,696	292,027	183,333	96,534	5	14
15 16 17 18	Maturity less than lyear. Maturity lyear or more Other liabilities. Capital stock, preferred.	-	- - -	2,450,892 16,515,372 10,150,441 1,400,284	1,544 5,344 28,818 197	33,273 132,315 41,245 67,956	19,507 57,761 45,630 3,331	515,760 3,582,737 1,679,053 613,069	195,396 10,672,723 2,262,200 448,756	69,535 197,508 151,831 113,525	1,587,085 1,631,500 5,863,773 124,605	28,792 235,484 77,861 28,845	10	15 16 17 18
19 20 21 22	Capital stock, common ¹	-	- - -	16,068,715 2,408,535 18,477,279 215,167	200,756 79,276 79,827 66	144,190 17,523 294,716 14,511	25,881 7,305 87,617 2,901	6,246,302 931,162 8,954,103 32,703	8,449,977 571,520 6,091,648 32,669	313,607 47,866 752,752 6,485	543,089 696,455 1,640,519 119,167	144,906 57,428 576,094 6,665	7 - 3	19 20 21 22
23	Total liabilities			70,464,542	402,728	755,258	277,426	24,429,201	29,277,247	1,932,166	12,151,192	1,239,299	25	23
24 25	Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium):	35,663,840 14,294,162	79,041 19,289	35,584,799 14,274,873	432,473 95,011	510 ,99 4 85 , 505	18,387 342,129	27,126,511 1,034,673	206,902 9,890,427	7,075,157 60,282	166,054 1,888,749	48,321 877,928	169	24 25
26 27 28 29	Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest	100,874 2,488 15,068 266,794	8 - - 56	100,866 2,488 15,068 266,738	896 65 158 625	888 15 25 985	204 - 18 695	36,380 46 486 42,478	18,058 130 193 48,142	1,013 2 82 5,333	42,940 2,227 14,105 166,542	487 3 1 1,938	-	26 27 28 29
30 31 32	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital "ain reduced by any net long-term capital loss.	371,012 63,973 1,042	166 1,614 2	370,846 62,359 1,040	1,486 - 5	2,478 3,899 17	5,454 1,652	124,508 29,605 645	142,932 5,886 109	20,165 317 32	47,202 16,487 189	26,621 4,513 43	-	30 31 32
33 34 35 36 37	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts	142,166 24,270 693,853 170,636 265,818	576 356 54 - 911	23,914 693,799 170,636 264,907	43 133 13 4,438 34	9,610 6 7,289 990 2,596	2,441 2,019 4,178 821 3,263	74,076 304 432,702 118,205 155,399	18,013 2,817 160,104 21,994 20,872	4,394 179 15,356 11,875 19,192	23,029 18,365 64,994 6,451 40,098	9,984 65 9,163 5,862 23,449	26 - - 4	33 34 35 36 37
38	Total compiled receipts	52,075,996	102,073	51,973,923	535,380	625,297	381,261	29,176,018	10,536,579	7,213,379	2,497,432	1,008,378	199	38
39 40 41 42 43 44	Deductions: Cost of goods sold Cost of operations Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property Repairs Bad debts.	27,273,903 7,718,052 186,415 623,613 886,828 79,539	55,738 12,119 1,182 468 2,151 172	27,218,165 7,705,933 185,233 623,145 884,677 79,367	1,419 115	374,827 49,375 3,835 5,871 12,076 2,470	14,972 285,574 7,141 1,414 845 1,719	20,347,563 576,627 84,367 197,114 826,484 19,241	164,278 6,121,608 20,207 277,043 2,143 15,015	5,943,871 22,508 24,618 61,375 11,115 5,414	132,168 9,415 29,301 26,859 7,864 34,520	33,506 639,335 15,607 34,059 6,890 966	- 72 42 2 -	39 40 41 42 43 44
45 46 47 48 49 50	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation Depletion. Amortization	738,035 1,446,566 44,487 1,439,127 516,093 301,971	714 1,446 33 2,360 - 524	737,321 1,445,120 44,454 1,436,767 516,093 301,447	396 9,519 3 14,735	6,215 20,018 486 22,003 31,096 3,867	3,036 3,736 152 5,845 110 8	176,044 630,615 33,448 642,984 458,496 174,981	360,353 641,081 6,047 661,332 22,182 121,436	12,353 48,934 2,412 35,361 1,137 729	169,230 68,979 1,412 29,434 3,067 426	9,694 22,236 494 25,071 5	- 2 - 2 -	45 46 47 48 49 50
51 52 53	Advertising Amounts contributed under pension plans. Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans.	344,570 531,898 140,672	982 794 248	343,588 531,104 140,424	1,421 1,422 8	876 8,313 1,289	687 2,316 403	229,123 307,033 90,325	30,979 171,048 37,166	47,018 19,900 7,299	10,247 13,555 3,311	23,235 7,517 623	2 - -	51 52 53
54 55 56	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	33,850 5,568,900 47,874,519	58 11,349 90,338	33,792 5,557,551 47,784,181	1 190,510 463,219	992 46,486 590,095	488 34,329 362,775	17,119 2,316,014 27,127,578	8,813 471,425 9,132,156	2,183 813,743 7,059,970	4,152 1,576,162 2,120,102	44 108,811 928,093	71 193	54 55 56
57 58 59	Compiled net profit (38 less 56)	4,201,477 4,186,409 27,143	11,735 11,735 59	4,189,742 4,174,674 27,084	72,161 72,003 1	35,202 35,177 1,183	18,486 18,468 1,459	2,048,440 2,047,954 14,309	1,404,423 1,404,230 923	153,409 153,327 3,413	377,330 363,225 3,183	80,285 80,284 2,613	6 6 -	57 58 59
60 61	Income tax	1,876,302	6,077 1,378	1,870,225 17,283	32,630 39	12,045	6,462 164	878,622 11,998	675,351 591	72,407 1,699	158,003 1,405	34,703 1,387	2 -	60 61
62	Total tax	1,894,963	7,455	1,887,508	32,669	12,045	6,626	890,620	675,942	74,106	159,408	36,090	2	62
63 64 65	Compiled net profit less total tax (57 less 62). Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	2,306,514 1,897,547 69,107	4,280 275	2,302,234 1,897,272 69,107	39,492	23,157 27,983 1,301	7,536	1,157,820 974,669 48,449	728,481 648,113 11,460	79,303 46,968 3,743	217,922 118,170 3,928	44,195 43,085 226		63 64 65

Capital stock which is not definitely designated as either common or preferred is tabulated under common stock.

Loss or deficit.

Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after December 31, 1953 as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.

Loss after total tax payment.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms." Data not subject to sampling variability since all these returns were tabulated.

Table 4 - ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES

PART I.-ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

_		SETS, LIABILITIE					l assets cla	sses					=
	Items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	under	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more	ı
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
1	Number of returns with balance sheets.	640,073	261,920	115,719	127,949	55,447	31,845	33,805	6,181	5,550	742	915	1
2 3 4 5 6	Assets: Cash Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts Inventories Investments, Government obligations.	80,170,599 150,435,478 2,152,930 65,518,980 123,599,072	782,708 1,171,376 19,266 973,813 30,657	942,421 1,848,957 31,021 1,539,586 66,602	2,086,207 4,615,890 92,531 3,756,616 244,148	1,953,160 4,653,674 114,394 3,541,349 389,411	2,322,688 5,255,512 115,940 3,800,267 973,744	9,284,154 17,369,982 281,463 9,254,735 10,025,552	5,620,214 9,139,101 134,053 4,035,624 8,446,627	13,162,817 23,244,879 322,548 9,928,460 23,125,666	5,493,013 10,049,989 157,533 4,434,962 10,248,022	38,523,217 73,086,118 884,181 24,253,568 70,048,643	2 3 4 5 6
7 8 9 10 11	Gross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves Land Other assets	90,402,820 10,555,009 16,506,300	297,733 3,119,438 1,350,734 331,998 286,742	526,198 4,183,014 1,623,387 558,347 328,545	1,544,034 9,837,353 3,737,507 1,372,330 679,791	1,726,364 8,779,315 3,383,335 1,165,628 676,225	2,460,735 9,303,326 3,618,851 1,207,365 650,041	9,733,081 22,699,035 8,703,984 1,964,606 1,614,398	8,032,586 10,626,375 4,013,159 603,591 688,706	10,873,570 1,357,781 2,009,680	8,872,318 17,503,005 6,086,614 384,937 1,241,987	92,551,269 144,486,382 47,011,679 1,608,426 8,330,185	7 8 9 10 11
12	Total assets	761,877,397	5,624,465	8,339,262	20,306,331	19,387,397	22,238,887	72,960,096	43,045,612	112,999,313	51,984,086	404,991,948	12
13 14 15 16 17	Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year Maturity 1 year or more Other liabilities	21,393,503 86,606,554 353,141,372	1,082,886 568,446 971,437 619,967 159,787	1,269,777 687,878 1,425,726 738,984 140,526	2,774,917 1,606,823 3,743,719 1,743,381 430,656	2,527,605 1,531,593 3,475,554 1,939,155 429,664	2,494,878 1,646,912 3,841,984 3,467,412 558,945	5,273,697 3,710,322 8,466,955 26,155,387 1,598,357	2,051,161 1,437,823 3,493,905 21,606,863 705,166	4,275,179 2,840,356 9,344,204 58,074,975 2,307,838	1,943,990 1,339,688 5,531,388 24,614,543 1,269,814	11,860,310 6,023,662 46,311,682 214,180,705 8,214,049	13 14 15 16 17
18 19 20 21	Capital stock, common¹	88,120,921 13,294,226 155,606,338 7,654,719	2,467,817 36,822 1,251,989 1,534,686	2,520,569 61,447 2,166,322 671,967	4,921,324 171,047 5,925,685 1,011,221	4,056,948 219,719 5,832,897 625,738	3,916,812 338,471 6,852,580 879,107	8,774,914 1,269,993 18,861,061 1,150,590	3,758,066 943,062 9,323,057 273,491	9,620,196 2,442,297 24,671,656 577,388	4,899,499 1,084,982 11,565,929 265,747 51,984,086	43,184,776 6,726,386 69,155,162 664,784 404,991,948	18 19 20 21
22	Total liabilities	761,877,397	5,624,465	8,339,262	20,306,331	19,387,397	22,238,887	72,960,096	43,045,612	112,999,313	21,984,086	****,771,748	
23 24	Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations	447,116,178 81,522,359	10,538,918 3,551,206	14,081,250 3,045,946	33,526,333 5,704,088	31,301,081 4,953,379	32,193,846 4,867,103	68,799,097 10,308,610	27,170,096 4,154,267			142,067,403 31,558,237	23 24
25 26 27 28	Subject to surtax only Wholly tax-exempt	315,473	1,557 (²) 230 11,960	1,716 (²) 286 22,158	7,164 137 547 77,456	8,591 369 730 101,868	20,338 190 2,430 138,287	173,115 2,387 24,479 748,856	139,171 4,394 22,948 561,246	13,083 60,079	7,484 23,417	1,189,177 79,928 180,327 4,588,982	25 26 27 28
29 30 31	Royalties	532,895 28,059	238,464 13,012 2,397	309,833 8,363 1,207	680,605 15,163 2,514	499,944 28,028 1,908		615,527 90,467 3,527		134,720 3,862	45,097 3,156	949,521 121,160 5,778	1
32		1,196,019	28,311	31,101	59,210	63,894	77,726	192,105				318,946	32
33		556,234	64,985	69,460	123,425	77,849		65,151	1	1			33
34 35	Dividends, foreign corporations	575,435	3,403 (²)	5,078 (²)	16,035 (²)	25,326 (²)		188,162 11,660		52,754	69,363	1,412,482 433,843 596,328	35
36	1 -		95,670	119,572	307,766 40,521,499	284,841	323,010			 	32,348,535		37
38 39 40 41 42 43	Deductions: Cost of goods sold	342,234,802 45,979,498 8,621,491 4,733,827 5,505,351	7,813,521 1,998,394 1,033,199 443,919 82,320 33,932	10,885,057 1,828,747 903,630 305,650 92,636 41,558	26,596,161 3,627,981 1,607,627 477,149 201,608		25,783,774 3,254,017 915,562 304,681 190,745	6,670,455 1,408,519 541,480 498,865	2,574,152 391,277 218,812 282,256	4,629,714 607,866 449,613 841,939	2,141,064 156,969 218,903 415,772	16,023,162 462,535 1,430,752 2,719,801	39 40 41 42
4:	5 Taxes paid	. 12,068,970 . 491,504 . 10,385,510 . 2,284,332	61,714 236,222 3,294 266,891 4,716 625	91,025 264,028 5,192 310,977 3,708 926	672,852 13,518	`219,300 516,977 17,229 576,820 21,431 3,773	540,069 23,086 590,061 38,552	66,249 1,269,164 154,003	676,909 34,236 512,257 83,303	1,718,653 85,296 1,224,075 306,054	693,706 32,420 596,927 119,780	5,555,167 209,817 4,365,486 1,539,267	45 46 47 48
51 5		. 5,409,231 2,922,255	149,027 4,119	158,296 6,790		312,924 35,842						1,730,900	51
5.		854,916	7,416	10,113	26,541	31,307	39,960	108,927	53,586	129,588	49,496		
5		437,103	19,567	8,819		12,363	1				1		
5	Other deductions	-	2,405,747	2,481,218		4,512,473							-
	6 Compiled net profit or net loss (37	39,582,260	³ 14,472	297,958		994,363		+	+		+		╡
5	less 55). Net income or deficit (56 less 27) Net operating loss deduction	. 39,266,787	³ 14,702 61,185	297,672 42,206			1,252,074	3,971,839	2,069,313	5,906,260	2,741,078	21,159,204	57
	9 Income tax	. 18,098,932 . 1,594,314	92,029 417	149,776 1,932		442,750 35,738							
6	Total tax	. 19,693,246	92,446	151,708	404,577	478,488	656,861	2,115,159					╕
6	Compiled net profit less total tax (56 less 61). Dividends paid:	19,889,014	5106,918	146,250									
	Cash and assets other than own stock		46,450 3,884		164,752 38,884								63 64

Table 4.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES—Continued

RETURNS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

							al assets cl			ENDS PAID			T
	Items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	under	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more	,
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(g)	(9)	(10)	(11)	1
1	Number of returns with balance sheets.	418,150	131,808	79,660	97,124		<u> </u>		5,153	4,630	663	86:	1
2 3 4 5 6	Assets: Cash	139,728,168 1,952,586 59,573,842	534,103 689,610 10,060 525,467 19,843	755,500 1,317,462 20,988 994,623 51,570	3,631,856 71,756 2,760,626	1,719,920 3,864,248 90,806 2,807,065	4,489,110 99,751 3,151,836	8,536,691 15,665,784 229,633 8,150,532	8,652,592 120,651 3,630,678	21,054,785 298,865	5,234,097 9,241,480 143,985 4,160,424 9,557,638	38,135,35; 71,121,24; 866,09; 24,071,610 68,329,773	3 4
7 8 9 10 11	Other investments. Gross capital assets (except land). Less: Reserves. Land. Other assets. Total assets.	82,533,452 8,420,310 14,662,735	176,911 1,672,000 713,827 200,773 143,422 3,238,242	364,046 2,800,996 1,079,324 396,102 200,844 5,780,831	1,127,028 7,342,847 2,803,442 1,067,706 467,939 15,503,348	6,797,202 2,675,269 936,814 486,903	7,209,370 2,901,398 975,352 473,673	6,033,443 18,224,881 7,301,667	4,045,647 8,889,310 3,465,297	11,979,914 26,557,985 9,868,250 971,733 1,794,597	7,099,234 15,618,525 5,561,018 355,359 1,123,939	90,171,889 141,280,495 46,163,960 1,487,303 8,123,269	7 8 9 10 11
	Liabilities:			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	22,505,540	15,405,204	10,000,007	01,329,341	35,904,953	95,168,366	46,685,693	395,690,882	12
13 14 15 16 17	Accounts payable. Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year Maturity 1 year or more. Other liabilities Capital stock, preferred.	17,764,267 73,238,978 322,702,724	490,691 248,932 428,178 335,103 50,322	776,551 384,402 869,963 516,795 74,732	1,965,522 1,036,308 2,554,657 1,302,816 259,937	1,541,141	1,221,685 2,634,207 2,630,651	5,450,207 22,243,794	1,766,438 1,216,476 2,307,339 17,568,864 624,938	3,792,390 2,468,109 7,248,205 46,209,254 2,145,690	1,812,322 1,138,522 4,566,176 21,713,099 1,159,000	11,704,172 5,959,557 44,746,253 208,641,207 8,099,561	14 15 16
18 19 20 21	Capital stock, common¹ Surplus reserves Surplus and undivided profits Less: Deficit Total liabilities	78,962,398 11,759,041 146,451,556 2,889,418 692,854,707	1,145,247 25,511 870,277 356,019 3,238,242	1,588,934 44,553 1,748,688 223,787 5,780,831	3,541,032 139,624 5,029,538 326,086 15,503,348	3,116,493 180,757 5,106,187 198,669 15,489,264	286,045	7,492,887 970,467 17,112,701 521,225 61,329,541	3,334,960 710,195 8,509,373 133,630 35,904,953	8,815,229 1,855,896 22,876,186 242,593 95,168,366	4,453,259 963,516 11,022,719 142,920 46,685,693	42,346,035 6,582,477 68,121,800 510,180 395,690,882	19 20 21
23 24	Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium);	407,535,028 73,488,371	6,123,823 2,165,033	9,975,096 2,314,997	26,550,080 4,664,779	26,279,683 4,187,982	28,117,241 4,136,588	62,013,741 9,075,655	25,013,910 3,846,812	57,814,075 8,027,412	24,412,567 4,254,947	141,234,812 30,814,166	23
25 26 27 28	Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	1,992,361 107,111 310,193 7,101,027	1,142 (²) 132 7,979	1,307 (²) 263 15,729	5,045 104 529 62,014	7,148 272 702 85,165	16,874 167 2,275 112,513	163,836 2,094 23,677 578,978	129,913 4,255 22,691 390,537	354,214 12,850 58,881 985,292	162,747 7,368 23,137 419,554	1,150,135 79,928 177,906 4,443,266	26 27
30 31	Rents	3,606,886 488,058 23,638	168,628 10,562 1,402	249,935 6,936 941	583,925 12,439 1,937	408,645 26,203 1,680	345,091 23,458 1,267	480,569 77,981 2,636	104,955 43,072 2,095	207,852 126,333 3,065	136,925 40,433 2,979	920,361 120,641 5,636	30
32	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital	1,114,192	22,237	25,578	49,524	54,987	67,699	176,526	93,138	224,742	90,835	308,926	32
34 35	assets. Dividends, domestic corporations	2,349,094	51,185 3,097 (²)	58,684 4,435 (2)	107,931 14,860	68,781 24,354 (²)	52,978 41,277	57,426 182,263	16,945 94,038	27 ,888 336 , 796	8,978 238,045	35,287 1,409,929	33 34
36 37	Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts	572,713 2,688,622	56,367	86,276	(²) 237 , 206	(²) 230,582	411 279,140	10,597 497,920	5,408 211,068	51,862 347,716	69,139 150,223	433,813 592,124	
/رد	Total compiled receipts Deductions:	501,863,377	8,611,618	12,740,496	32,291,395	31,376,368	33,196,979	73,343,899	29,978,837	68,578,978	30,017,877	181,726,930	37
38 39 40 41 42 43	Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	309,570,100 40,619,249 7,208,159 3,977,212 5,168,676 770,433	4,464,100 1,163,299 628,218 233,933 46,021 13,873	7,590,194 1,353,061 674,920 207,245 63,916 27,167	20,865,818 2,913,951 1,321,725 359,703 159,440 71,153	20,911,359 2,687,290 980,508 269,416 146,224 65,994	22,371,883 2,724,307 811,491 256,225 160,227 61,037	48,636,433 5,840,846 1,277,991 469,142 441,537 133,010	19,147,047 2,390,220 355,983 195,571 254,536 48,251	42,873,606 4,203,928 556,835 408,520 805,621 109,638	18,237,968 1,879,185 146,025 198,147 394,088 37,389	104,471,692 15,463,162 454,463 1,379,310 2,697,066 202,921	39 40 41
44 45 46 47 48 49	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	4,399,201 11,136,689 487,881 9,223,149 2,140,315 1,458,964	31,301 136,124 2,341 141,676 3,248 (²)	55,708 190,674 4,821 211,129 3,130 727	159,339 445,304 14,251 508,356 11,160 2,413	156,325 427,163 16,995 452,246 17,984 3,069	172,130 453,900 22,869 469,935 28,814 6,898	444,850 1,112,984 66,015 1,059,407 120,086 36,425	226,249 602,743 33,345 447,050 70,227 33,333	594,040 1,629,059 85,112 1,101,957 263,632 144,523	303,072 651,974 32,371 543,227 106,469 87,063	2,256,187 5,486,764 209,761 4,288,166 1,515,565 1,144,371	45 46
50 51	Advertising Amounts contributed under pension plans.	4,863,861 2,842,332	76,431 2,149	106,848 5,032	252,541 17,495	252,695 32,064	291,739 57,676	717,034 219,886	347,985 135,508	864,536 441,887	374,491 207,265	1,579,561	50 51
52	Amounts contributed under other em- ployee benefit plans.	804,120	4,147	7,454	21,350	26,473	35,265	98,366	49,012	122,225	45,998	393,830	
53	Net loss, sales other than capital assets. Other deductions	309,655 55,132,476	2,324	1,884	5,898	4,123	4,746	18,457	13,853	46,652	20,000	191,718	53
55	Total compiled deductions			1,697,306	3,904,397	3,698,449	3,794,678 31,723,820	8,319,906 69,012,375	3,439,312 27,790,225	8,203,279 62,455,050	3,898,709 27,163,441	16,884,780 160,342,687	54 55
57		41,750,905 41,440,712 396,705	370,631 370,499 61,185	539,280 539,017 42,206	1,257,101 1,256,572 59,866	1,227,991 1,227,289 39,053	1,473,159 1,470,884 39,969	4,331,524 4,307,847 66,405	2,188,612 2,165,921 24,110	6,123,928 6,065,047 35,034	2,854,436 2,831,299 7,343	21,384,243 21,206,337 21,534	56 57 58
60	Excess profits tax4	18,098,932	92,029 417	149,776 1,932	384,620 19,957	442,750 35,738	607,136 49,725	1,952,819 162,340	1,014,285 89,927	2,861,286 269,030	1,286,276 97,930	9,307,955 867,318	59 60
62	 	19,693,246	92,446	151,708	404,577	478,488	656,861	2,115,159	1,104,212	3,130,316	1,384,206	10,175,273	61
	Comporation's own stock		278,185 39,010 3,309	59,621 10,171	852,524 157,976 36,504	749,503 178,496 41,285	816,298 236,039 54,103	863,801 159,536	1,084,400 461,469 78,176	2,993,612 1,582,299 169,866	867,551 73,576	6,924,554	62 63 64

Capital stock which is not definitely designated as either common or preferred is tabulated under common stock.

Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in each total.

Loss or deficit.

Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after December 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p.6.

Loss after total tax payment.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table 4a.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES

PART I.-ALL CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS

RETURNS, SUBSIDIARIES, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

							Total assets	classes					
	Items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	under	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more	
i		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	ļ
1 2	Number of returns with balance sheets Number of subsidiaries	2,348 9,484	92 112	87 116	271 392	328 521	326 643	682 2,254	198 998	2i6 1,625	61 678	87 2,145	1 2
	Assets:		1	1		I	(Thousand o				T	T	
3 4 5 6 7	Cash. Notes and accounts receivable. Less: Reserve for bad debts Inventories. Investments, Covernment obligations	4,580,421 9,585,799 264,222 5,671,386 6,585,199	496 575 69 333 4	692 1,510 39 992 15	4,860 10,668 214 8,485 349	10,421 27,882 941 22,370 1,430	18,785 52,030 1,356 41,980 3,176	139,453 291,353 7,719 238,462 27,897	123,123 208,552 6,348 225,042 40,806	383,682 821,911 16,587 625,172 204,888	354,366 597,581 17,349 602,643 242,097	3,544,543 7,573,737 213,600 3,905,907 6,064,537	3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12	Other investments Gross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves Land Other assets	10,683,560 54,338,053 18,489,528 939,360 1,703,488	272 1,967 1,165 56 177	1,022 2,904 1,240 154 408	5,254 22,215 9,867 2,024 2,200	11,209 59,378 25,146 5,032 5,445	26,731 126,582 55,910 10,691 9,520	265,181 824,845 304,376 55,287 55,786	213,328 882,582 359,432 50,399 56,080	625,016 2,807,715 1,065,869 150,385 160,855	429,643 2,851,302 1,194,145 115,676 130,607	9,105,904 46,758,563 15,472,378 549,656 1,282,410	8 9 10 11 12
13	Total assets	75,333,516	2,646	6,418	45,974	117,080	232,229	1,586,169	1,434,132	4,697,168	4,112,421	63,099,279	13
14 15	Liabilities: Accounts payable Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than l year		1,143	1,383 563	10,152	21,878	34,771 21,870	159,771 138,279	120,249 92,572	376,476 302,099	197,804 251,198	2,604,220	14 15
16 17 18	Maturity 1 year or more. Other liabilities. Capital stock, preferred.	18,182,890 10,646,333	956 1,013 427	2,304 1,003 357	12,895 7,593 2,744	21,779 12,250 3,861	53,470 19,696 14,543	490,768 188,422 67,991	428,578 152,864 53,071	1,205,759 525,656 138,723	798,137 391,898 203,265	15,168,244 9,345,938 1,165,353	16 17 18
19 20 21 22	Capital stock, common ¹	2,531,972	1,148 8 1,271 3,504	1,604 22 1,474 2,292	12,322 219 11,956 17,329	43,042 1,373 31,953 32,555	48,955 3,091 72,441 36,608	207,837 32,641 442,378 141,918	203,456 30,832 426,629 74,119	647,393 166,800 1,554,928 220,666	728,678 154,307 1,437,239 50,105	15,059,948 2,142,679 15,674,703 84,497	19 20 21 22
23	Total liabilities	75,333,516	2,646	6,418	45,974	117,080	232,229	1,586,169	1,434,132	4,697,168	4,112,421	63,099,279	23
24 25	Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less		4,423 5,249	13,471 6,549	104,212 24,893	204,805 51,684	351,476 82,464	1,707,224 464,168	1,560,608 395,496	3,411,345 956,015	3,598,838 999,794	27,996,729 12,234,616	24 25
26 27 28 29	amortizable bond premium): Wholly taxable Subject to surtax only Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	15,194	- - - 6	1 - - 12	8 - - 172	31 - 1 278	73 2 43 937	. 609 3 81 4,402	781 18 107 3,604	3,591 23 466 15,051	3,141 61 622 9,630	94,984 2,394 13,874 240,861	26 27 28 29
30 31 32	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by		123 1	282	1,154 917 15	2,097 317 9	3,015 254 16	16,661 8,500 197	15,206 825 44	34,915 20,580 499	44,028 11,746 54	302,122 26,917 693	30 31 32
33	any net long-term capital loss. Net long-term capital gain reduced by	160,063	7	33	435	903	1,421	7,959	4,837	29,050	27,778	87,640	33
34 · 35 36 37	any net short-term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets. Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts.	696,742 171,230	28 1 - 116	63 1 - 212	210 40 1 962	576 111 8 2,666	933 212 1 3,514	5,336 3,691 836 19,326	1,413 1,865 485 11,936	8,240 25,306 8,748 38,320	3,350 19,049 13,972 22,445	9,473 646,466 147,179 200,512	34 35 36 37
38	Total compiled receipts	-	9,954	20,626	132,919	263,486	444,361	2,238,993	1,997,225	4,552,149	4,754,508	42,004,460	38
39 40 41 42 43	Deductions: Cost of goods sold	8,334,581 224,148 694,197 933,051	3,022 2,890 623 399 42 31	10,201 4,718 845 486 73 87	82,454 13,215 4,626 3,124 619 846	153,564 35,012 8,308 5,629 1,090 965	276,581 54,079 10,253 8,352 2,568 1,312	1,312,976 289,112 40,705 33,160 17,667 8,203	1,229,565 273,764 21,296 20,758 18,171 3,531	2,636,998 496,641 43,652 48,963 42,069 12,416	2,752,061 568,112 23,655 42,717 62,294 6,193	21,531,458 6,597,038 70,185 530,609 788,458 59,687	39 40 41 42 43 44
45 46 47 48 49 50	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization.	45,029 1,565,885 547,363	24 173 - 192 - 3	97 271 1 285	889 1,879 38 2,328 7 6	1,812 4,115 55 4,840 25 24	3,503 6,309 128 8,187 444 57	27,819 43,573 900 51,770 3,668 600	21,609 45,056 1,239 46,169 5,529 1,308	61,995 120,997 2,260 109,908 43,003 7,224	42,951 117,248 1,890 87,689 26,958 5,291	661,160 1,221,274 38,518 1,254,517 467,729 297,683	45 46 47 48 49 50
51 52 53	Advertising		161 15 6	875 10 14	1,740 60 140	4,734 252 369	4,531 614 510	29,854 7,308 3,183	23,855 6,547 3,697	53,128 25,683 10,108	67,956 25,020 6,676	213,585 485,734 124,723	51 52 53
54 55	benefit plans. Net loss, sales other than capital assets. Other deductions		107 2,492	56 3,007	485 21,355	255 42,885	577 66,006	2,589 341,792	2,425 248,311	6,798 663,680	18,377 718,273	24,695 4,020,338	54 55
56	Total compiled deductions	52,406,946	10,180	21,026	133,811	263,934	444,011	2,214,879	1,972,830		4,573,361	38,387,391	56
57 58 59	Compiled net profit or net loss (38 less 56). Net income or deficit (57 less 28) Net operating loss deduction	3,996,541	² 226 ² 226 186	² 400 ² 400 72	² 892 ² 892 461	² 448 ² 449 880	350 307 2,845	24,114 24,033 5,655	24,395 24,288 3,588	166,160	181,147 180,525 4,324	3,617,069 3,603,195 2,743	57 58 59
60 61	Income tax	1,870,225 17,283	46	73	657 36	1,075 30	2,076 55	23,990 1,506	22,483 1,736		104,398 753	1,623,830 9,320	60 61
62	Total tax	1,887,508	46	73	693	1,105	2,131	25,496	24,219		105,151	1,633,150	62
63 64	Compiled net profit less total tax (57 less 62). Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock	2,124,227	⁴ 272	4473	41,585 282	41,553 704	41,781 1,095	41,382 71,751	176 10,522	77,908	90,190	1,983,919	63
65	Corporation's own stock				22	55	362	2,043	1,365			60,989	65

See footnotes at end of table. See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms." Data not subject to sampling variability since all these returns were tabulated.

Table 4a. -ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AN DEDUCTIONS-CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES-Continued

PART II. - CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

RÉTURNS, SUBSIDIARIES, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DEDUCTIONS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

							Total asse		DEFICIT, TAXES,	AND DIVIDENDS	FAID		
	Items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	under	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,00 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
1	Number of returns with balance sheets Number of subsidiaries		44 53	48 63	154 216	181 259	191 356	421 1,474	121 626	152 1,016	46 534	81 2,042	1 2
	Assets:	-	l	1		<u> </u>	(Thousand d	ollars)	I	Γ	Ι		
3 4 5 6 7	Cash. Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts Inventories Investments, Government obligations	9,015,118 244,034 5,126,152	283 294 2 193	502 934 29 549 6	3,139 6,181 101 4,082 290	6,690 16,349 480 12,029 655	12,030 31,454 703 24,275 2,691	99,243 191,346 3,995 163,744 19,025	89,036 152,191 4,225 153,541 32,637	315,086 632,481 10,406 481,152 177,463	301,587 448,717 11,262 444,440 192,574	3,504,638 7,535,171 212,831 3,842,147 6,035,108	3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12	Other investments. Gross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves. Land. Other assets.	50,846,202 17,216,051 711,238	97 876 423 28 76	513 1,429 561 69 161	2,635 12,125 5,100 1,305 1,233	4,814 30,964 12,371 2,628 2,813	11,403 79,369 35,755 7,120 4,803	149,496 472,592 174,974 35,006 34,083	105,614 524,859 227,277 33,884 24,482	454,024 1,793,530 677,023 96,684 95,334	392,736 2,096,512 906,484 96,751 76,796	8,872,290 45,833,946 15,176,083 437,763 1,199,831	8 9 10 11 12
13	Total assets	70,464,542	1,422	3,573	25,789	64,091	136,687	985,566	884,742	3,358,325	3,132,367	61,871,980	13.
14 15 16	Liabilities: Accounts payable. Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year. Maturity 1 year or more.	2,450,892 16,515,372	369 127 225	777 315 827	5,511 2,258 4,336	10,494 4,509 9,717	18,504 12,047 26,581	97,777 82,374 239,006	74,193 46,128 221,736	288,074 213,952 673,071	151,423 100,461 579,436	2,561,069 1,988,721 14,760,437	14 15 16
17 18	Other liabilities		326 27	512 20	3,841 631	6,604 1,691	12,441 8,392	90,485 43,493	106,143 31,180	349,922 95,902	332,209 125,796	9,247,958 1,093,152	17 18
19 20 21 22	Capital stock, common¹. Surplus reserves. Surplus and undivided profits. Less: Deficit.	2,408,535 18,477,279 215,167	39 7 5 504 558	890 22 771 561	5,552 218 7,949 4,507	23,046 765 21,046 13,781	29,506 1,811 46,499 19,094	123,135 24,063 317,116 31,883	129,261 18,447 290,087 32,433	447,794 134,507 1,243,181 88,078	556,359 116,474 1,188,213 18,004	14,752,775 2,112,223 15,361,913 6,268	19 20 21 22
23	Total liabilities	70,464,542	1,422	3,573	25,789	64,091	136,687	985,566	884,742	3,358,325	3,132,367	61,871,980	23
24 25	Receipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium):		2,458 3,305	5,467 4,686	51,052 17,160	124,666 32,813	210,974 61,933	1,167,602 323,928	1,102,973 314,270	2,873,438 667,442	2,496,438 886,496	27,549,731 11,962,840	24 25
26 27 28 29	Wholly taxable. Subject to surtax only. Wholly tax-exempt. Other interest.	15,068	- - 5	1 - - 9	6 - 90	11 - 1 181	50 - 2 714	387 3 66 2,786	543 18 92 3,022	3,089 21 433 13,610	2,585 52 605 8,307	94,194 2,394 13,869 238,014	26 27 28 29
30 l 31 l 32	Rents Royalties Net short-term capital gain reduced by any net long-term capital loss.		67 1 -	213 - -	693 786 14	1,076 74 4	1,666 96 14	11,496 7,010 31	7,3 47 651 34	20,789 19,920 197	41,650 7,089 53	285,849 26,732 693	30 31 32
33	Net long-term capital gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss.	141,590	-	7	398	476	948	6,099	3,336	25,330	27,044	77,952	33
34 35 36 37	Net gain, sales other than capital assets. Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations Other receipts		27 1 - 107	8 1 - 142	144 36 - 611	434 65 8 1,603	622 - 153 - 2,112	5,153 2,656 604 10,552	1,075 1,590 409 9,035	6,920 24,214 8,498 21,672	66 18,893 13,938 19,826	9,465 646,190 147,179 199,247	34 35 36 37
38	Total compiled receipts	51,973,923	5,971	10,534	70,990	161,412	279,284	1,538,373	1,444,395	3,685,573	3,523,042	41,254,349	38
39 40 41 42 43 44	Deductions: Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property. Repairs. Bad debts.	7,705,933 185,233 623,145 884,677	1,592 1,922 350 185 19	4,078 2,877 595 297 43 75	39,535 8,984 2,969 1,515 414 126	91,111 22,740 5,453 2,548 616 564	160,975 40,500 6,754 5,551 1,577 663	888,159 194,514 28,806 21,063 12,597 3,540	871,682 230,344 16,135 10,593 12,400 2,217	2,228,596 321,179 35,486 36,981 32,719 9,866	1,801,584 489,738 19,923 34,896 45,560 5,114	21,130,853 6,393,135 68,762 509,516 778,732 57,201	39 40 41 42 43 44
45 46 47 48 49 50	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation. Depletion. Amortization	44,454 1,436,767 516,093	10 98 - 115 -	43 187 1 138 -	368 1,165 37 1,144 7 6	823 2,466 52 2,547 25 21	1,791 3,742 126 4,652 338 22	14,297 24,852 890 31,642 1,848 585	11,289 26,314 711 27,244 3,730 903	38,608 95,538 2,237 74,105 23,394 4,063	29,009 95,561 1,890 67,405 19,762 5,291	641,083 1,195,197 38,510 1,227,775 466,989 290,556	45 46 47 48 49 50
51 52 53	Advertising	343,588 531,104 140,424	66 12 5	121 10 9	755 21 81	1,984 209 216	2,854 426 3 27	20,470 4,844 2,117	15,328 4,206 2,581	39,643 19,069 7,899	58,883 18,964 5,364	203,484 483,343 121,825	51 52 53
54 55	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	33,792 5,557,551	5 1,263	51 1,713	39 11,495	118 26,126	218 40 ,80 6	1,144 229,899	524 158 ,81 9	4,062 503,098	4,412 591,700	23,219 3,992,632	54 55
56	Total compiled deductions	47,784,181	5,643	10,238	68,661	157,619	271,322	1,481,267	1,395,020	3,476,543	3,295,056	37,622,812	56
57 58 59	Compiled net profit (38 less 56)	4,174,674	328 328 186	296 296 72	2,329 2,329 461	3,793 3,792 880	7,962 7,960 2 ,84 5	57,106 57,040 5,655	49,375 49,283 3,588	209,030 208,597 6,330	227,986 227,381 4,324	3,631,537 3,617,668 2,743	57 58 59
60 61	Income tax	1,870,225 17,283	46 -	73 -	657 36	1,075 30	2,076 55	23,990 1,506	22,483 1,736	91,597 3,847	104,398 753	1,623,830 9,320	60 61
62	Total tax	1,887,508	46	73	693	1,105	2,131	25,496	24,219	95,444	105,151	1,633,150	62
63	Compiled net profit less total tax (57 less 62). Dividends paid:	2,302,234	282	223	1,636	2,688	5,831	31,610	25,156	113,586	122,835	1,998,387	63
64 65	Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	1,897,272 69,107	9	18 -	268 22	562 55	902 362	70,213 1,971	8,677 1,365	74,700 4,343	85,171 -	1,656,752 60,989	64 65

Capital stock which is not definitely designated as either common or preferred is tabulated under common stock.

Loss or deficit.

Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after December 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.

Loss after total tax payment.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms." Data not subject to sampling variability since all these returns were tabulated.

Table 5.—SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES AND MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Tota	l assets class	es		<u></u>		
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
ALL INDUSTRIAL GROUPS	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	640,073	261,920	115,719	127,949	55,447	31,845	33,805	6,181	5,550	742	915
					(1	housand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	80,170,599 148,282,548 65,518,980 270,787,180 180,611,790 761,877,397 56,947,903 86,606,554	782,708 1,152,110 973,813 328,390 2,100,702 5,624,465 1,651,332 971,437	942,421 1,817,936 1,539,586 592,800 3,117,974 8,339,262 1,957,655 1,425,726	2,086,207 4,523,359 3,756,616 1,788,182 7,472,176 20,306,331 4,381,740 3,743,719	1,953,160 4,539,280 3,541,349 2,115,775 6,561,608 19,387,397 4,059,198 3,475,554	2,322,688 5,139,572 3,800,267 3,434,479 6,891,840 22,238,887 4,141,790 3,841,984	9,284,154 17,088,519 9,254,735 19,758,633 15,959,657 72,960,096 8,984,019 8,466,955	5,620,214 9,005,048 4,035,624 16,479,213 7,216,807 43,045,612 3,488,984 3,493,905	13,162,817 22,922,331 9,928,460 44,569,456 20,406,569 112,999,313 7,115,535 9,344,204	5,493,013 9,892,456 4,434,962 19,120,340 11,801,328 51,984,086 3,283,678 5,531,388	38,523,217 72,201,937 24,253,568 162,599,912 99,083,129 404,991,948 17,883,972 46,311,682
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	103,935,723 161,245,845 528,638,537 551,984,103 39,582,260 39,266,787 19,693,246 11,533,361	2,627,604 1245,875 14,090,124 14,550,151 214,472 214,702 92,446 46,450	2,661,095 1,555,802 17,127,196 17,696,328 297,958 297,672 151,708 63,373	5,351,980 5,085,511 39,230,421 40,521,499 890,963 890,416 404,577 164,752	4,486,612 5,426,878 36,254,460 37,348,029 994,363 993,633 478,488 205,551	4,475,757 6,311,944 37,060,949 38,191,705 1,254,504 1,252,074 656,861 245,275	10,373,271 18,980,464 79,107,707 81,804,500 3,996,318 3,971,839 2,115,159 880,435	4,463,232 9,992,628 31,324,363 32,683,625 2,092,261 2,069,313 1,104,212 470,509	11,928,034 26,536,565 69,954,485 73,301,889 5,966,339 5,906,260 3,130,316 1,631,269	6,169,313 12,385,164 30,863,192 32,348,535 2,764,495 2,741,078 1,384,206 876,755	51,398,825 75,216,764 173,625,640 183,537,842 21,339,531 21,159,204 10,175,273 6,948,992
TOTAL AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERY											
Number of returns with balance sheets	8,259	2,880	1,701	1,974	834	540 Thousand dollars)	-299	22	8	-	1
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	190,396 256,299 299,392 303,974 1,264,268 2,392,298 354,322 356,309	7,599 8,772 6,592 1,952 39,989 66,183 17,248 15,223	11,305 13,491 9,913 6,074 74,678 120,443 29,367 25,511	27,527 43,112 34,020 19,901 181,496 312,923 61,591 57,841	26,399 43,631 34,088 25,277 156,049 297,318 56,985 45,274	26,770 43,085 45,118 42,252 206,730 371,528 57,693 67,578	36,511 47,129 81,011 75,754 287,073 554,084 97,686 90,812	10,262 13,574 29,268 30,991 66,780 155,287 15,464 49,494	18,342 12,083 17,541 22,455 49,409 121,840 11,745 4,576	- - - - -	25,681 31,422 41,841 79,318 202,064 392,692 6,543
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	854,742 688,928 2,244,651 2,332,845 119,339 119,098 71,763 49,123	39,572 19,930 130,389 132,638 22,589 22,589 958 291	50,446 7,480 170,852 175,493 1,902 1,902 2,043 1,749	115,631 65,625 357,065 368,007 6,445 6,424 4,934 3,553	110,577 72,417 237,729 249,345 6,178 6,178 5,336 1,612	121,657 103,759 246,038 261,593 2,862 2,842 5,099 3,211	154,146 175,266 350,454 375,647 15,848 15,828 12,038 4,419	29,136 51,164 101,370 105,696 5,668 5,665 3,447 860	33,577 65,309 128,315 134,405 11,184 11,165 5,424 2,716	- - - - - -	200,000 157,838 522,439 530,021 71,841 71,683 32,484 30,712
FARMS AND AGRICULTURAL SERVICES	g (00	0.620	1 506	3 435	cido	403	2770				,
Number of returns with balance sheets	7,628	2,630	1,586	1,835	789	7491 (Thousand dollars)	270	18	8	<u> </u>	
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	177,499 230,993 292,308 264,005 1,186,466 2,222,174 329,335 333,125	6,981 8,413 6,471 1,815 36,684 61,561 15,535 14,650	10,480 12,578 9,636 5,982 68,967 112,456 26,674 23,416	25,886 38,523 33,128 19,280 168,626 291,348 53,005 53,793	24,552 40,060 33,962 24,600 148,235 278,623 56,793 45,038	25,434 36,354 44,216 35,565 191,065 339,698 55,196 63,035	30,903 38,945 76,246 53,942 267,689 493,945 88,706 84,698	9,240 12,615 29,267 21,105 53,727 130,011 15,138 43,919	18,342 12,083 17,541 22,455 49,409 121,840 11,745 4,576	- - - - - -	25,681 31,422 41,841 79,318 202,064 392,692 6,543
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	784,800 655,343 2,165,825 2,243,529 112,115 111,898 67,892 47,619	36,176 18,580 125,552 127,657 22,551 22,551 874 267	47,672 7,516 162,215 166,682 2,248 2,248 1,955 1,562	109,420 63,783 337,348 347,335 6,838 6,838 4,653 3,302	101,878 63,442 235,864 244,997 4,406 4,406 4,850 1,592	109,484 97,964 240,027 254,695 2,857 2,840 4,940 2,824	123,395 164,369 319,409 340,960 11,454 11,434 9,767 3,784	23,198 43,702 94,656 96,777 3,838 3,835 2,945	33,577 65,309 128,315 134,405 11,184 11,165 5,424 2,716	-	200,000 157,838 522,439 530,021 71,841 71,683 32,484 30,712

					Tota	l assets class	es				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 Or More
FORESTRY	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	246	(3)	(³)	(3)	40	38	24	4	<u>-</u>	_	
					(7	housand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	10,038 17,110 4,047 34,475 50,436 121,662 12,903 15,383	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	1,812 3,467 110 573 5,968 16,390 99	979 5,207 123 5,991 10,839 24,488 1,814 ;,217	4,669 5,788 3,813 17,513 16,359 48,304 8,713 5,133	1,022 959 1 9,886 13,053 25,276 326 5,575	-	- - - - -	
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax Dividende paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	51,974 24,829 34,368 44,062 8,487 8,466 3,379 1,443	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	8,199 7,589 1,149 3,553 1,793 1,793 486 20	7,618 4,192 1,262 2,071 212 212 51 379	26,597 4,730 23,264 26,686 4,364 4,364 2,137 607	5,938 7,462 6,714 8,919 1,830 1,830 502	- - - - -	- - - - -	
FISHERY											
Number of returns with balance sheets	385	160	85	119	5	11	5	_	-	-	
					(1	housand dollars)		T			
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	2,859 8,196 3,037 5,494 27,366 48,462 12,084 7,801	293 205 121 137 2,078 2,912 1,388 573	528 627 277 800 4,385 5,955 2,158 2,037	707 4,340 892 121 11,206 18,113 7,495 3,648	35 104 16 104 1,846 2,305 93 236	357 524 779 733 4,826 7,342 683 326	939 2,396 952 4,299 3,025 11,835 267 981	- - - - - -	-	- - - - -	
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	17,968 8,756 44,458 45,254 ² 1,263 ² 1,263 492 61	1,718 1933 4,347 4,382 204 204 53 24	1,584 7,961 8,048 2464 2464 59	5,457 776 18,904 19,201 2397 2397 138	500 1,386 716 795 221 221	4,555 1,603 4,749 4,827 ² 207 ² 210 108 8	4,154 6,167 7,781 8,001 30 30 134 28	_	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	
TOTAL MINING AND QUARRYING	8,164	2,560	1,168	1,782	930	665	774	116	131	19	14
					(1	housand dollars)				·	
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	917,330 1,426,269 761,248 2,721,035 5,865,506 11,966,537 1,276,605 1,667,397	7,265 9,607 896 2,680 27,365 49,790 16,197 10,651	8,642 14,797 3,039 3,950 50,116 84,281 23,504 11,020	39,371 51,880 8,790 23,983 147,561 284,690 61,395 39,158	39,250 55,992 12,641 23,976 181,030 324,647 71,623 53,390	54,912 71,701 17,415 54,870 249,726 467,550 88,942 63,634	183,781 221,545 81,654 262,753 858,302 1,654,586 245,370 182,470	70,067 95,898 44,579 120,899 460,014 816,976 87,116 119,319	252,370 321,332 159,649 470,663 1,645,247 2,921,766 265,557 462,480	83,610 145,472 127,123 155,476 683,998 1,213,690 195,940 81,703	178,06 438,04 305,46 1,601,78 1,562,14 4,148,56 220,96 643,57
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	2,515,089 5,544,612 8,883,907 9,230,265 951,279 949,754 508,837 648,312	45,695 131,081 72,802 76,806 26,067 26,067 795 1,706	41,798 ¹ 4,041 110,355 112,824 ² 2,901 ² 2,913 1,382 1,435	119,998 43,557 355,306 366,721 21,548 21,548 5,003 3,899	97,966 75,190 353,770 362,805 6,345 6,341 6,102 5,690	145,040 139,849 458,107 471,547 7,076 6,923 9,960 8,032	414,673 645,602 1,354,225 1,405,694 61,580 42,979 38,683	157,153 398,504 592,950 618,085 43,289 23,933 24,304	642,711 1,324,234 1,898,378 1,975,645 143,427 143,266 86,107 114,047	230,377 617,090 800,931 842,691 95,046 95,043 40,899 43,528	619,67 2,335,70 2,887,08 2,997,44 604,85 603,84 291,67 406,98

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

	Total assets classes Total wider \$50,000 wider wider wider wider wider wider \$50,000 \$100,000 \$250,000 \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 \$100,000 \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$1											
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total		under	under	under	under	under	under	under	under		
MINING AND QUARRYING: METAL MINING	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
Number of returns with balance sheets	598	172	75	136	42	57	68	20	19	4	5	
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve Investments	145,662 252,213 206,069 737,638	162 372 - 431	145 52 287 860	3,245 3,237 546 54	973 722 1,599 623	4,336 5,791 2,330 10,098	19,772 17,946 11,391 21,199	12,480 21,453 14,346 19,164	49,839 75,590 35,461 116,993	20,615 58,673 49,351 11,271	34,095 68,377 90,758 556,945	
Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	878,610 2,272,268 218,647 263,425	1,616 2,721 2,131 771	4,610 5,974 1,251 690	10,049 19,189 2,083 758	12,153 16,316 887 3,761	14,415 38,928 8,989 5,151	87,917 164,028 19,363 4,867	63,892 140,298 28,406 12,581	180,403 473,247 30,807 50,371	133,034 279,648 79,028 25	370,521 1,131,919 45,702 184,450	
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	415,461 1,129,699 1,310,567 1,364,005 217,133 217,029 112,993 133,857	3,096 ¹ 4,869 2,860 2,880 ² 23 ² 23 84	4,789 11,964 2,605 2,687 2608 2608 72 187	14,320 1,347 10,438 11,341 446 446 234 239	7,584 3,346 6,856 7,163 2547 2547 164 216	21,054 970 45,520 45,854 2399 2399 728 1,216	50,336 69,346 130,382 132,047 11,111 11,104 5,753 9,642	31,379 57,291 109,335 114,945 6,057 6,035 4,464 9,121	98,011 207,377 303,101 314,408 44,050 44,050 24,592 23,089	28,235 137,728 156,430 161,998 35,228 35,225 14,300 13,093	156,657 659,127 543,040 570,682 121,818 121,746 62,663 76,970	
MINING AND QUARRYING: ANTHRACITE MINING		,	-	-				-				
Number of returns with balance sheets	210	87	31	28	34	13 Thousand dollars)	11		2	2	2	
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	24,902 50,870 39,316 149,991 191,378 473,516 53,705 59,947	158 615 - 2 480 1,270 602 731	270 452 380 100 856 2,076 4,598 506	540 580 344 371 1,840 3,988 1,574 1,037	1,543 1,287 432 2,020 5,450 10,973 2,855 1,802	931 2,135 1,073 799 4,055 9,236 3,905 788	2,885 3,654 2,604 3,219 9,224 21,866 3,645 3,280		2,852 2,894 4,721 5,183 14,564 32,882 2,274 4,948	5,418 19,080 19,781 11,911 85,414 145,310 13,015 1,710	10,305 20,173 9,981 126,386 69,495 245,915 21,237 45,145	
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	147,850 190,240 381,378 406,281 1,930 1,929 2,133 9,841	746 1891 2,468 2,531 2104 2104 7	348 14,106 10,457 10,459 2200 2200 37 4	1,561 1608 15,736 15,814 257 257 90 4	2,209 3,040 21,127 21,407 2510 2510 69 25	1,008 2,447 23,392 23,614 2111 2111 97 32	2,086 8,552 29,815 30,484 134 134 364 456	- - - - - - -	12,627 11,835 36,842 38,458 22,124 22,124	52,300 73,703 150,413 154,564 25,948 25,948	74,965 96,268 91,128 108,950 10,850 1,469 8,311	
MINING AND QUARRYING: BITUMINOUS COAL AND LIGNITE MINING Number of returns with balance sheets	1,396	393	158	349	137	105	182	30	39	1	2	
					(1	Thousand dollars)			1	1		
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	173,071 286,086 116,172 393,502 1,034,917 2,058,277 196,042 259,256	975 1,498 164 412 4,595 7,940 4,131 1,336	1,377 2,235 644 252 6,150 11,074 3,043 2,589	9,681 10,776 1,640 6,654 26,806 57,989 14,367 5,688	5,815 7,586 1,741 6,997 23,305 47,066 12,443 5,032	10,365 12,230 2,486 10,095 40,956 77,765 10,786 6,469	44,489 63,374 22,596 85,463 182,899 412,336 39,858 46,302	19,128 23,422 12,110 36,493 124,101 220,231 20,272 22,859	63,008 85,223 42,831 151,003 426,053 790,962 56,763 93,889	4,891 8,010 4,261 3,737 31,116 52,534 5,039	13,342 71,732 27,699 92,396 168,936 380,380 29,340 75,092	
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	428,702 1,051,853 1,973,777 2,033,771 45,619 45,427 28,619 41,644	4,498 14,433 22,065 23,114 21,807 21,807 45 98	2,865 11,841 29,857 30,332 21,850 21,850 32	20,254 11,480 95,583 98,245 ² 5,817 ² 5,817 374 181	12,588 12,791 70,068 71,776 2737 2741 490 365	18,465 36,507 99,830 102,323 2259 2265 1,060 1,322	83,889 212,274 455,415 466,708 7,636 7,564 5,695 7,793	186,006	180,556 427,680 685,236 705,198 20,667 20,581 9,663 17,044	18,880 27,730 58,110 58,870 850 850 351	52,597 204,574 271,607 284,962 18,079 18,079 7,009 10,207	

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	al assets class	ies				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
MINING AND QUARRYING: CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	4,036	1,396	568	754	461	346	383	49	59	11	9
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities.	438,588 687,492 312,696 1,304,997 3,246,664 6,112,345	4,627 4,755 211 1,661 12,760 25,000	4,263 6,260 365 1,893 24,347 39,859	16,325 22,481 2,550 11,524 64,219 122,984	22,276 32,034 3,934 8,418 86,422 159,610	27,259 34,659 7,187 26,379 137,197 245,543	76,355 104,069 26,652 119,173 452,322 796,519	21,426 37,116 11,397 50,882 210,625 338,997	118,560 131,713 53,720 182,091 930,382 1,444,406	48,963 53,570 44,620 122,547 401,964 676,553	98,534 260,835 162,060 780,429 926,426 2,262,874
Accounts and notes payable Bonds and mortgages payable	696,728 989,882	7,462 5,013	9,828 3,215	27,095 16,882	35,961 28,902	52,249 36,771	158,878 108,303	30,117 75,098	157,568 296,845	95,224 79,968	122,346 338,885
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	1,244,179 2,681,356 4,126,565 4,316,864 587,521 586,318 310,598 420,931	30,310 ¹ 19,984 28,819 31,329 ² 3,358 ² 3,358 608 1,514	23,587 1659 34,502 35,764 621 2633 773 996	58,998 11,820 122,552 128,293 710 710 2,394 2,462	49,315 32,433 153,919 159,179 4,842 4,842 3,389 4,106	84,704 56,788 182,990 191,883 308 169 4,510 3,536	208,406 230,142 455,595 488,628 20,173 20,147 18,890 15,066	65,051 151,058 179,647 189,802 14,125 14,118 8,235 6,214	307,562 591,046 673,861 716,106 64,002 63,927 42,989 68,580	106,962 351,935 389,202 419,855 61,412 61,412 24,370 23,657	309,284 1,276,777 1,905,478 1,956,025 425,928 424,984 204,440 294,800
MINING AND QUARRYING: NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING	1			·							
Number of returns with balance sheets	1,924	512	336	515	256	144	130	17	12	1	1
					(1	housand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	135,107 149,608 86,995 134,907 513,937 1,050,131 111,483 94,887	1,343 2,367 521 174 7,914 12,859 1,871 2,800	2,587 5,798 1,363 845 14,153 25,298 4,784 4,020	9,580 14,806 3,710 5,380 44,647 80,540 16,276 14,793	8,643 14,363 4,935 5,918 53,700 90,682 19,477 13,893	12,021 16,886 4,339 7,499 53,103 96,078 13,013 14,455	40,280 32,502 18,411 33,699 125,940 259,837 23,626 19,718	17,033 13,907 6,726 14,360 61,396 117,450 8,321 8,781	18,111 25,912 22,916 15,393 93,845 180,269 18,145 16,427	3,723 6,139 9,110 6,010 32,470 59,645 3,634	21,786 16,928 14,964 45,629 26,769 127,473 2,336
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	278,897 491,464 1,091,620 1,109,344 99,076 99,051 54,494 42,039	7,045 1904 16,590 16,952 2775 2775 112 10	10,209 4,529 32,934 33,582 378 378 468 209	24,865 19,518 110,997 113,028 3,170 3,170 1,911 1,013	26,270 23,580 101,800 103,280 3,297 3,297 1,990 978	19,809 43,137 106,375 107,873 7,537 7,529 3,565 1,926	69,956 125,288 283,018 287,827 22,639 22,631 12,277	26,613 65,064 117,962 121,095 14,312 14,303 7,334 5,507	43,955 86,296 199,338 201,475 16,832 16,832 8,863 5,170	24,000 25,994 46,776 47,404 3,504 1,878 4,800	26,175 98,962 75,830 76,828 28,182 28,182 16,096 16,700
CONSTRUCTION							177-1	-			
Number of returns with balance sheets	32,158	14,870	5,848	6,308	2,658	1,368	959	87	57	2	1
	·		<u>.</u>	*******	(1	housand dollars)		J			
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	973,921 3,473,787 664,215 679,944 1,345,597 7,413,956 1,976,191 628,271	46,130 108,854 41,685 11,821 75,109 296,029 110,428 39,093	57,821 169,713 64,374 17,857 96,197 420,253 131,564 45,520	138,984 416,974 132,978 50,936 221,353 992,648 311,569 96,576	120,687 418,447 102,371 45,789 194,609 920,754 290,897 83,049	133,820 443,253 99,357 62,317 168,248 939,240 260,424 70,125	262,007 980,177 116,753 173,025 272,432 1,886,316 482,371 122,005	72,957 313,665 15,713 66,031 97,655 585,481 137,338 41,364	120,843 551,324 90,124 142,330 195,366 1,142,654 232,081 80,102	16,142 56,900 429 33,207 18,343 125,564 12,493 13,980	4,530 14,480 431 76,631 6,285 105,017 7,026 36,457
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	1,114,586 1,958,580 15,686,195 15,913,976 511,519 510,930 270,843 74,445	110,636 15,396 1,203,088 1,211,160 2978 2978 6,223 1,349	101,299 93,907 1,176,353 1,187,342 19,779 19,645 9,614 978	202,168 247,895 2,514,313 2,539,147 56,875 56,749 25,060 7,114	150,091 233,894 2,166,739 2,190,848 55,622 55,598 27,057 5,144	131,472 259,433 1,986,280 2,012,478 63,136 63,093 34,011 7,075	211,467 496,981 3,365,829 3,424,215 138,325 138,203 74,122 17,072	58,019 152,044 1,236,930 1,258,157 47,669 47,580 26,572 7,032	101,968 391,067 1,738,076 1,778,422 107,962 107,920 59,016 22,976	25,698 57,820 200,948 207,678 18,404 18,395 8,818 4,883	21,768 30,935 97,639 104,529 4,725 4,725 350 822

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	al assets class	es				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	115,254	39,122	19,127	23,786	12,728	8,383	8,892	1,433	1,367	193	223
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	14,846,627 26,368,117 42,992,240 27,267,278 61,657,152 176,805,456 22,257,896 20,392,180	112,896 206,846 170,628 26,734 303,497 867,367 274,985 122,655	173,574 326,320 310,647 45,900 468,122 1,386,767 362,169 157,784	463,133 874,839 959,312 181,514 1,231,775 3,853,632 914,029 353,935	536,546 937,455 1,207,318 269,849 1,385,483 4,482,032 973,824 382,363	711,850 1,166,571 1,629,243 454,219 1,720,735 5,868,461 1,114,439 462,994	2,149,760 3,337,728 5,430,097 1,851,084 5,580,980 18,829,408 2,920,624 1,347,962	1,082,828 1,612,969 2,799,171 1,193,451 3,121,847 10,051,976 1,258,822 785,886	2,764,478 4,354,732 7,606,258 3,471,503 9,178,600 27,954,433 3,169,148 2,739,268	1,169,612 2,010,194 3,510,780 1,892,266 4,631,285 13,487,842 1,619,828 1,758,608	5,681,950 11,540,46: 19,368,786 17,880,755 34,034,826 90,023,536 9,650,028
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Cross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	39,264,581 74,549,107 274,630,140 278,495,070 21,289,950 21,283,284 12,054,324 5,847,958	481,521 132,442 2,557,619 2,576,361 237,368 237,389 14,172 4,600	548,312 167,074 3,588,970 3,611,917 33,929 33,921 29,638 9,238	1,144,857 1,062,942 9,552,292 9,622,480 197,478 197,428 109,020 34,932	1,149,482 1,533,567 10,700,479 10,783,003 320,732 320,664 177,305 51,076	1,365,393 2,315,270 12,870,766 12,985,204 536,345 535,897 300,855 78,779	3,971,242 8,542,788 36,408,987 36,775,757 2,082,788 2,081,951 1,188,697 419,137	1,971,173 4,886,345 17,020,854 17,210,066 1,238,948 1,238,492 712,589 232,538	5,248,636 13,596,588,833 42,797,949 3,739,297 3,737,631 2,145,895 828,211	2,819,748 5,920,088 19,772,205 20,031,683 1,589,312 1,588,904 919,571 419,541	20,564,21' 36,656,90 119,869,13: 122,100,650 11,588,48' 11,585,78: 6,456,58: 3,769,90
MANUFACTURING: BEVERAGES											
Number of returns with balance sheets	2,604	642	529	644	311	167	207	50	44	3	<u>'</u>
					(1	Thousand dollars)				,	
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	334,963 474,987 1,143,862 397,645 1,395,138 3,862,747 490,489 572,820	1,837 2,127 2,958 309 8,355 16,688 4,746 2,927	3,341 2,322 7,994 981 21,974 39,088 8,055 6,668	. 11,076 10,044 15,835 3,762 58,809 105,673 18,369 13,374	11,452 11,203 14,092 8,459 60,013 111,968 16,690 14,775	11,128 11,610 19,401 10,858 58,537 117,171 15,603 10,308	44,489 49,438 84,243 39,825 215,257 455,564 64,634 36,034	40,737 38,950 63,094 37,696 160,664 355,853 33,168 29,823	90,832 116,994 196,821 87,707 387,125 907,785 81,122 123,587	17,194 14,146 96,403 9,321 61,954 204,887 59,239 21,160	102,87 218,15 643,02 198,72 362,45 1,548,07 188,86 314,16
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Cross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	646,955 1,830,932 7,255,745 7,307,626 399,107 398,908 219,397 120,651	11,001 13,861 41,687 42,254 21,506 21,506 160 90	16,450 3,530 71,426 72,119 889 889 658 770	36,192 24,271 171,314 174,306 4,874 4,874 2,597 1,902	27,278 42,407 178,436 181,862 9,230 9,230 4,455 2,646	27,484 53,455 203,775 206,661 11,621 11,617 6,085 3,709	88,969 224,343 748,393 755,817 38,435 38,399 23,166	52,666 201,219 648,448 654,311 36,095 36,036 21,458 8,009	148,580 463,838 1,729,171 1,739,957 120,661 120,599 65,075 31,235	16,783 92,817 283,681 285,017 16,703 16,665 8,635 5,276	221,55 728,91 3,179,41 3,195,32 162,10 162,10 87,10 56,07
MANUFACTURING: FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS										į	
Number of returns with balance sheets	10,326	2,968	1,506	2,308	1,431	916	933	118	105	22	19
					(1	Thousand dollars)		•		•	
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves: Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	1,157,599 1,838,453 3,425,738 1,415,266 4,353,741 12,529,202 1,880,016 1,415,798	7,429 12,331 11,269 2,544 31,431 67,690 20,987 15,209	11,306 17,158 19,429 3,707 52,906 109,738 28,079 16,155	37,520 60,808 79,181 18,320 171,044 381,031 89,341 44,744	48,966 88,005 121,625 27,700 201,469 503,696 113,818 53,655	65,807 112,768 143,895 49,570 242,850 633,983 124,943 72,952	198,625 307,178 498,349 170,265 681,655 1,911,649 349,245 177,270	92,048 115,061 202,515 91,086 326,028 851,781 120,912 87,684	201,685 359,147 615,264 272,686 770,993 2,284,527 324,385 209,176	151,971 186,399 472,044 145,410 526,889 1,509,660 198,928 180,043	342,24 579,59 1,262,16 633,97 1,348,47 4,275,42 509,37 558,91
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	3,274,648 4,964,690 35,421,450 35,630,988 1,259,733 1,259,030 680,404 406,859	33,930 19,946 268,451 270,016 24,737 24,737 794	46,715 8,441 381,907 384,710 986 986 1,470	130,080 88,194 1,259,739 1,266,595 13,626 13,625 8,099	131,800 166,280 1,772,859 1,781,114 31,989 31,987 15,448 5,257	149,872 235,991 2,013,932 2,026,215 51,091 51,087 25,625 8,302	443,311 786,418 6,063,446 6,097,699 160,825 160,770 88,019 87,467	211,955 361,136 2,145,491 2,160,335 78,163 78,150 41,528 18,615	554,861 1,015,190 5,364,052 5,399,716 226,538 226,146 121,490 64,575	375,078 618,692 3,498,611 3,522,619 171,662 171,644 91,247 53,049	1,197,04 1,694,29 12,652,96 12,721,96 529,59 529,37 286,68

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	al assets class	ies				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
MANUFACTURING: TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	170	(3)	(3)	13	26	22 Thousand dollars)	29	3	10	-	6
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories Investments Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable Bonds and mortgages payable.	119,050 534,196 1,877,600 77,670 192,644 2,829,956 432,234 637,891	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	393 768 640 7 895 2,756 914 139	1,125 1,014 3,549 175 2,661 8,839 1,679 615	1,431 3,041 7,492 1,074 2,533 16,111 4,066 1,224	6,413 14,060 34,621 6,278 10,061 78,186 11,490 5,283	1,370 6,204 7,822 1,059 884 17,438 2,566 1,989	19,297 15,638 150,092 24,393 29,101 244,119 18,139 38,078	-	88,425 493,336 1,673,160 44,508 146,035 2,460,660 393,107 590,523
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	733,376 783,750 3,733,072 3,744,671 304,960 304,919 172,073 96,825	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	908 669 9,932 9,953 136 136 39	1,806 4,221 22,054 22,176 773 773 309 127	3,281 6,721 37,516 37,750 990 990 378 181	25,550 31,225 101,137 101,977 5,133 5,133 2,859 1,339	8,195 4,315 34,250 34,365 669 669 326 119	82,347 88,089 244,420 245,667 26,142 26,102 14,608 8,223	-	608,539 649,895 3,279,082 3,288,025 270,911 270,910 153,490 86,705
MANUFACTURING: TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS											
Number of returns with balance sheets	5,661	1,256	845	1,166	757	559	80 5	141	107	17	8
	*	-	·		(1	housend dollars)				****	
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	735,602 1,221,373 2,352,633 958,635 3,063,180 8,487,308 1,052,718 669,666	3,607 6,303 6,248 813 12,421 31,720 10,879 5,410	8,329 12,120 12,577 2,996 24,925 62,897 17,713 8,099	19,309 36,049 47,617 9,126 66,486 185,952 50,004 20,417	26,849 44,369 71,181 14,824 101,491 265,081 62,011 26,055	40,798 65,100 113,837 25,186 136,057 398,658 70,321 28,290	176,863 282,582 512,580 155,341 619,788 1,777,197 256,005 109,768	95,284 140,932 281,505 111,769 338,329 980,775 94,859 46,876	169,286 295,706 674,520 248,839 738,766 2,162,149 197,521 155,129	75,859 140,275 283,428 135,747 413,693 1,067,958 128,655 114,814	119,418 197,937 349,140 253,994 611,224 1,554,921 164,750 154,808
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	2,107,332 4,134,237 12,394,385 12,518,004 504,838 503,939 311,657 173,160	14,907 13,804 103,471 104,126 24,334 24,334 282 86	23,403 8,596 153,040 154,815 21,832 21,832 1,087 535	52,178 50,285 453,680 456,920 3,488 3,488 3,382 1,085	81,044 73,939 577,345 581,968 4,804 4,804 7,001 1,707	116,420 157,245 793,162 801,290 14,423 14,385 10,417 4,002	431,518 866,559 3,069,046 3,099,473 103,421 62,564 23,622	240,528 541,174 1,478,138 1,494,069 64,874 64,822 37,875 18,693	492,168 1,187,507 2,927,417 2,963,992 165,861 165,579 94,984 46,667	310,314 470,263 1,163,776 1,174,083 33,237 33,153 31,339 20,625	344,852 782,473 1,675,310 1,687,268 120,834 120,453 62,726 56,138
MANUFACTURING: APPAREL AND PRODUCTS MADE FROM FABRICS											
Number of returns with balance sheets	13,753	6,011	2,731	2,617	1,223	659	448	39	23	2	-
					(T	housand dollars)		·			
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	384,791 855,852 1,245,519 237,126 408,003 3,218,774 869,462 219,377	20,883 36,267 24,141 4,984 28,493 121,898 36,379 11,800	28,108 63,069 55,597 6,663 34,240 195,584 60,741 14,105	52,762 139,139 147,434 19,561 50,934 424,264 140,261 22,397	53,749 126,912 158,235 21,900 45,071 419,017 142,161 21,621	57,170 127,962 183,628 30,443 46,160 458,377 148,988 24,259	100,581 208,248 371,092 71,607 93,342 863,206 224,278 50,452	25,952 57,594 111,207 25,678 31,762 257,861 60,643 19,625	35,203 77,864 149,199 47,943 43,851 358,502 48,417 43,218	10,383 18,797 44,986 8,347 34,150 120,065 7,594 11,900	-
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	838,441 1,001,130 8,777,281 8,826,218 155,682 155,622 95,851 33,557	63,381 115,017 571,793 573,500 29,394 29,415 1,512 503	69,334 26,265 729,629 731,462 21,673 21,673 2,922 706	126,544 95,526 1,439,820 1,445,566 8,665 8,633 6,271 2,742	112,961 107,661 1,323,773 1,329,504 13,119 13,119 7,450 2,266	113,179 138,488 1,275,050 1,281,540 19,869 19,868 10,684 2,352	191,379 322,186 2,083,671 2,095,661 59,088 59,082 31,182 9,866	55,831 98,082 515,269 519,620 21,999 21,999 11,933 3,793	69,282 172,941 636,568 641,738 32,817 32,817 18,077 7,440	36,550 54,998 201,708 207,627 11,192 11,192 5,820 3,889	:

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	al assets class	ies				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
MANUFACTURING: LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	5,430	1,358	1,028	1,306	724	449	469	54	38	3	1
					(1	Thousand dollars)					'
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	292,064 479,643 822,682 447,098 1,422,593 3,570,031 432,142 306,823	3,333 7,990 5,727 911 13,215 32,997 11,852 3,916	6,684 16,247 19,304 2,677 27,336 75,171 22,951 12,317	22,592 42,230 58,102 7,242 75,032 212,694 50,811 19,196	21,351 54,337 77,092 13,973 80,291 255,374 61,196 24,137	29,306 54,876 91,307 27,412 95,599 309,082 56,794 34,668	92,580 145,685 276,001 95,383 351,989 991,885 133,641 84,458	30,093 39,578 87,251 77,399 136,821 381,970 40,045 33,735	61,227 65,491 140,174 103,832 326,345 714,521 34,932 68,308	12,688 33,136 52,899 43,469 95,564 244,605 14,038 26,088	12,210 20,073 14,825 74,800 220,401 351,732 5,882
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	966,743 1,610,641 5,151,207 5,361,518 297,116 297,016 130,391 77,043	18,438 13,639 97,779 98,484 23,386 23,386 432 79	85,540 151,700 181,943 183,256 ² 1,840 ² 1,840 1,111 348	62,632 62,613 509,860 515,049 6,776 6,775 4,578 1,609	62,874 89,312 562,132 570,522 11,698 11,696 6,687 1,911	73,627 118,293 585,469 597,972 18,793 18,793 10,283 3,167	227,794 482,368 1,516,366 1,569,187 79,594 79,567 35,633 16,553	70,513 211,340 412,865 440,129 35,417 35,402 14,329 8,060	147,004 418,091 798,714 848,740 69,659 27,864 23,838	62,071 125,760 269,525 281,688 20,868 20,868 8,421 5,940	156,250 158,203 216,554 256,491 59,587 59,587 21,053 15,538
MANUFACTURING: FURNITURE AND FIXTURES											
Number of returns with balance sheets	4,364	1,592	783	908	456	317	268	26	13	. 1	-
					(1	Thousand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	166,694 344,558 489,851 151,520 418,224 1,612,910 254,962 113,350	4,165 8,616 13,231 1,464 9,869 39,313 13,109 4,948	5,982 15,072 18,141 1,338 15,359 58,318 19,860 6,524	13,438 37,663 42,306 5,697 39,691 143,274 38,282 12,412	14,728 38,447 50,371 8,688 40,482 157,420 34,505 15,335	25,938 47,639 68,710 19,896 55,003 222,745 37,812 14,394	52,795 101,579 155,430 45,237 131,517 498,360 61,313 35,804	14,276 32,901 52,641 18,579 53,568 179,948 21,691 10,934	25,199 45,256 64,445 41,276 45,831 224,503 20,713 8,195	10,173 17,385 24,576 9,345 26,904 89,029 7,677 4,804	-
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	406,392 660,474 3,319,511 3,348,313 162,312 162,259 93,336 31,700	19,012 12,386 109,466 110,499 23,682 23,682 303 90	18,680 6,072 164,777 165,904 176 176 950 100	44,913 33,760 374,312 377,638 4,096 4,096 3,221 630	40,363 54,044 376,814 380,131 9,839 9,838 5,054	54,375 93,965 478,176 481,948 19,252 19,241 10,547	117,973 230,449 980,219 989,075 55,387 55,355 30,271 10,078	48,107 76,846 327,813 330,568 26,503 26,503 14,953 4,749	44,303 116,902 366,161 368,932 39,656 39,652 22,147 8,563	18,666 50,822 141,773 143,618 11,085 11,085 5,890 3,411	
MANUFACTURING: PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS											
Number of returns with balance sheets	2,630	477	351	591	339	278	409	64	98	13	10
					1	Thousand dollars)		<u> </u>			T
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	562,881 652,538 975,270 1,382,422 2,928,396 6,669,051 440,995 862,035	1,598 2,870 2,114 711 3,548 11,228 3,019 1,460	3,304 6,158 5,137 325 9,429 25,359 7,154 2,235	9,269 24,743 23,224 3,048 33,676 98,283 21,589 7,204	14,873 25,181 30,448 8,701 39,506 123,145 23,334 7,981	23,608 36,624 43,666 17,096 68,635 195,900 29,117 12,430	103,200 128,348 192,564 113,840 323,912 881,222 100,236 77,582	45,873 49,501 73,014 69,827 177,490 424,713 32,921 39,522	198,531 186,253 305,761 411,181 1,028,875 2,166,623 115,714 320,633	82,320 106,556 193,816 419,079 887,232 49,129	99,886 110,540 192,786 563,877 824,246 1,855,346 58,782 235,606
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	1,519,386 3,190,046 8,171,383 8,305,753 929,552 929,591 510,091 213,903	4,514 773 32,539 32,944 402 402 233 57	9,298 3,850 59,004 59,327 732 732 551 172	31,493 30,396 221,165 223,112 4,393 4,393 2,224 619	29,282 50,437 281,754 284,045 8,554 8,554 4,686 1,751	47,728 87,289 413,365 416,988 21,190 21,046 10,742 3,065	180,490 439,533 1,565,637 1,581,505 107,395 107,369 60,522 35,225	92,728 214,741 633,889 640,754 60,354 60,345 34,775 8,395	440,747 1,055,680 2,316,789 2,352,180 314,100 314,070 176,149 59,347	849,630 869,462 117,370 117,247 63,960	1,845,436 295,462 295,439 156,249

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	l assets class	es .				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
MANUFACTURING: PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	12,757	5,832	2,166	2,430	1,021	573	560	86	80	7	2
					(1	housand dollars)					
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve Inventories Investments Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	687,509 1,018,145 687,614 990,114 1,950,852 5,552,847 701,158 469,355	17,951 32,495 11,888 4,186 49,719 124,433 34,701 19,332	23,029 38,372 17,477 7,656 57,617 153,685 29,847 17,247	50,291 91,966 49,927 28,559 144,959 382,371 71,554 35,213	57,133 71,821 49,331 36,031 125,989 357,981 51,169 38,112	53,889 80,546 56,476 50,567 139,655 397,341 53,269 31,446	154,553 195,226 174,749 175,409 392,644 1,148,527 128,489 84,202	69,002 100,161 84,029 98,427 217,320 586,864 67,509 49,535	166,348 281,037 187,489 272,021 546,492 1,512,295 144,925 125,870	81,323 64,019 45,618 207,701 163,733 574,343 63,595 54,613	13,990 62,502 10,630 109,557 112,724 315,007 56,100 13,785
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	1,183,987 2,435,340 8,356,045 8,495,372 624,269 623,998 335,768 134,549	55,152 1994 304,932 309,127 2,468 2,468 2,470 1,210	47,576 41,639 344,414 346,996 8,329 8,329 3,597 1,563	101,026 134,304 793,545 801,033 28,507 28,505 12,559 5,537	81,025 144,082 666,072 673,208 37,823 37,813 17,872 7,369	84,844 173,496 715,992 724,761 49,517 49,490 25,002 9,157	216,686 560,020 1,715,320 1,753,769 150,568 150,454 80,819 28,861	92,774 299,182 885,426 895,969 85,358 85,309 45,998 16,627	326,255 653,150 1,967,785 2,009,341 193,539 193,470 113,497 46,199	85,784 283,541 767,364 784,700 64,930 32,354 16,885	92,865 146,920 195,195 196,468 3,230 3,230 1,600
MANUFACTURING: CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS											
Number of returns with balance sheets	7,358	3,039	1,019	1,309	715	489	529	96	108	26	28
			Γ		(Thousand dollars)	,		T	1	
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	1,320,984 1,754,895 2,909,384 3,415,465 6,426,628 16,124,839 1,353,236 2,581,634	6,444 11,935 13,562 1,951 18,367 55,959 22,084 8,010	9,182 15,193 14,129 4,111 27,518 75,161 15,319 11,126	28,077 43,349 49,346 12,514 67,084 210,779 45,490 19,811	33,547 50,909 58,274 14,239 85,117 251,983 51,495 22,466	45,797 67,109 83,749 29,759 108,140 344,834 56,856 25,001	145,611 211,668 269,071 137,243 344,774 1,138,815 157,387 108,823	81,187 108,733 170,219 91,269 224,777 692,711 75,662 65,959	228,881 302,408 459,039 321,223 855,194 2,218,969 213,214 233,100	154,518 223,665 316,435 258,673 785,506 1,780,078 131,197 330,022	587,740 719,926 1,475,560 2,544,483 3,910,151 9,355,550 584,532 1,757,316
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	3,500,577 6,920,860 18,208,236 18,609,457 2,310,495 2,309,465 1,317,714 696,428	37,881 117,779 124,743 125,924 23,170 23,170 751	31,552 11,313 147,894 149,233 2,942 2,938 1,496 592	66,980 62,970 460,903 464,612 11,607 11,606 5,780 2,699	73,977 85,966 538,283 542,549 16,198 16,194 8,961 3,103	85,376 140,989 705,368 711,383 31,945 31,928 17,323 6,461	273,658 484,561 1,922,079 1,940,116 132,631 132,584 74,297 27,871	155,432 335,985 1,056,006 1,073,976 87,564 87,519 47,681 19,071	486,296 1,070,907 2,760,914 2,806,983 318,620 318,438 177,738 78,045	374,978 807,339 1,714,872 1,753,341 187,517 187,451 100,639 65,971	1,914,447 3,938,609 8,777,174 9,041,340 1,524,641 1,523,977 883,048 492,450
MANUFACTURING: PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS						:					
Number of returns with balance sheets	600	106	69	125	51	64	82	31	42	4	26
					(Thousand dollars)					
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	1,435,404 2,758,248 2,701,623 5,445,181 12,318,375 24,901,474 2,440,015 3,359,823	312 326 580 60 1,376 2,755 1,424	762 574 521 90 2,219 5,129 2,533 83	2,198 4,416 2,674 600 9,053 19,491 4,918 1,412	5,444 3,585 833	6,557 10,342 9,257 2,840 15,593 45,881 9,248 3,843	18,475 42,661 32,716 14,026 61,992 175,394 39,059 12,974	20,684 28,532 45,651 25,246 97,137 222,893 44,177 36,113	112,626 127,967 178,459 93,802 562,813 1,096,658 168,967 211,502	17,465 46,736 56,619 23,569 135,882 283,017 35,086 32,186	1,254,186 2,491,250 2,371,561 5,284,115 11,425,387 23,030,855 2,129,920 3,059,751
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	7,358,261 10,765,370 25,634,200 26,710,701 1,906,592 1,906,141 742,696 1,215,788	2,111 11,013 5,633 5,655 69 69 53	3,434 11,260 9,864 9,882 185 185 117 73	5,828 5,529 49,804 50,272 1,508 1,508 770 409	4,087 7,156 47,412 47,864 1,639 1,638 747	9,320 18,739 122,426 123,228 4,780 4,780 2,540	37,823 72,154 381,127 385,048 15,366 15,366 8,740 2,274	45,080 79,539 442,330 446,496 14,304 14,300 8,483 3,541	143,331 503,515 1,521,675 1,548,200 76,214 76,193 38,946 20,555	87,291 106,916 431,772 435,345 29,513 29,513 16,103 7,030	7,019,956 9,974,095 22,622,157 23,658,711 1,763,014 1,762,589 666,197 1,180,513

Table 5.—SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES AND MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	assets class	ies				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
MANUFACTURING: RUBBER PRODUCTS	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	801	220	128	144	107	55	105	19	17	2	4
					(1	Thousand dollars)			<u> </u>		
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	221,091 685,177 838,137 368,580 760,785 2,957,872 291,702 591,757	536 1,747 903 245 1,763 5,434 2,023 211	860 2,621 2,090 69 2,741 8,773 2,450 697	2,366 6,292 5,489 458 8,457 24,052 7,085 2,182	4,900 7,620 7,583 1,277 15,188 37,638 7,208 3,245	5,491 8,196 9,116 1,841 13,173 39,625 7,638 3,823	25,518 44,275 52,597 18,159 87,144 232,399 37,028 14,018	12,314 20,327 32,349 10,258 51,100 128,831 16,654 7,389	28,253 61,709 116,936 20,859 115,830 348,956 63,850 42,175	11,375 29,864 43,227 31,644 31,667 149,949 25,331 35,604	129,478 502,526 567,847 283,770 433,722 1,982,215 122,435 482,413
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in eash and assets other than own stock.	456,356 1,284,380 4,961,253 5,046,523 406,027 406,021 227,316 81,932	2,737 1 ₁₅ 12,884 13,012 2123 2123 153 1	3,788 632 20,163 20,231 301 301 266 40	7,239 5,410 59,953 60,228 1,014 1,014 835	9,218 13,794 83,835 84,481 4,477 4,476 2,290 315	8,367 14,716 92,445 92,808 5,119 5,119 3,072 481	39,160 115,696 498,768 500,674 31,170 31,169 17,556 5,757	25,620 60,188 300,761 301,706 18,998 18,998 11,228 3,630	57,855 148,362 638,691 642,075 39,151 39,149 21,426 9,649	26,609 52,899 224,213 227,618 10,728 10,728 5,043 3,486	275,763 872,698 3,029,540 3,103,690 295,192 295,190 165,447 58,438
MANUFACTURING: LEATHER AND PRODUCTS											
Number of returns with balance sheets	2,736	873	398	616	377	251	179	24	15	2	1
				r	(Thousand dollars)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	 	T	
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	137,389 343,729 549,642 189,076 232,111 1,484,791 279,121 131,368	2,503 5,869 6,334 627 3,730 20,112 7,218 1,909	3,345 7,127 9,975 831 5,848 27,980 10,335 1,432	11,301 28,848 36,248 5,625 14,579 100,990 31,670 6,580	12,590 34,750 49,014 7,608 22,086 129,688 38,994 7,927	18,017 44,819 69,574 15,713 25,568 179,275 47,870 7,947	36,899 75,158 127,553 38,186 52,243 336,991 61,397 20,103	12,179 29,687 66,178 20,019 26,339 157,715 24,191 6,381	31,536 52,873 75,881 29,389 34,231 227,879 15,114 29,343	146,586 16,715	3,639 42,206 56,199 34,003 20,329 157,575 25,617
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts Compiled net profit or net loss Net income or deficit. Total tax Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	372,358 584,077 3,192,365 3,214,626 109,052 109,034 62,869 29,343	11,072 ¹ 2,933 71,673 72,134 ² 1,039 ² 1,039 139 6	11,265 1,727 95,523 96,589 2374 2374 322 44	31,589 22,958 296,575 298,234 2,534 2,534 1,567 625	36,625 33,700 379,158 381,618 3,880 3,879 2,475	44,212 63,057 488,559 492,259 8,600 8,600 5,239 1,630	81,457 145,761 726,168 731,874 26,230 26,222 13,442 4,639	29,478 89,281 259,618 261,890 12,948 12,947 6,985 3,651	33,591 126,363 427,059 430,009 31,281 31,281 19,341 5,833	61,705 231,891 233,495 8,977 8,969 5,084	42,458 216,14 216,524 16,01 16,01 8,27
MANUFACTURING: STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS											
Number of returns with balance sheets	4,082	1,117	600	1,048	552	305	328	61	55	7	و ا
Number of results with safetice shoesday.		L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(Thousand dollars					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	492,623 675,130 885,205 886,023 2,063,362 5,090,452 480,137 426,743	2,817 5,818 6,341 491 11,146 27,622 9,087 3,100	5,348 12,080 8,718 2,149 14,805 44,629 10,371 5,260	19,637 36,243 35,111 8,237 64,153 170,000 29,402 19,224	26,398 39,733 35,572 11,958 80,992 199,642 31,497 16,783	40,177 42,355 15,331 79,794 210,709 27,252	104,361 125,188 78,064 278,081 688,714 64,907	47,297 69,098 61,203 197,179 432,120 29,881	145,251 547,915 1,227,051 95,300	39,634 73,910 69,519 304,337 529,221 74,318	224,722 246,126 493,820 484,960 1,560,744 108,122
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in eash and assets other than own stock.	1,285,679 2,355,445 6,419,706 6,501,150 767,565 767,255 443,363 195,443	14,523 11,412 59,486 59,794 21,351 21,351 321 109	12,619 13,404 98,683 99,574 1,704 1,704 770 255	49,261 56,227 330,292 333,352 8,288 8,288 4,504 1,859	54,115 78,903 344,893 348,289 17,000 16,985 8,396 2,744	93,821 358,265 361,706 20,344 20,340	342,925 1,023,011 1,032,681 86,792 86,746 48,364	213,758 467,699 473,323 58,963 58,960 33,274	597,220 1,465,735 1,480,093 189,276	213,538 509,780 521,796 81,227 81,224 44,792	747,06: 1,761,86: 1,790,54: 305,32: 305,09: 183,13:

Table 5. --SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS --RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES AND MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS --Continued RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	al assets clas	368				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
MANUFACTURING: PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	2,959	608	409	657	391	294	385	77	93	19	26
					(1	Thousand dollars)					-
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	1,405,769 1,632,407 3,446,493 2,442,960 8,674,831 17,934,185 1,621,675 3,091,983	2,393 4,004 1,851 203 6,993 16,443 5,335 2,728	3,572 7,215 4,464 9968 13,314 30,601 8,000 3,392	15,843 22,400 16,899 5,547 43,549 107,944 18,054 8,619	21,675 26,452 26,204 10,985 51,379 140,250 23,977 14,417	32,364 37,817 41,625 17,701 72,002 206,857 31,146 11,954	115,355 128,908 190,223 94,779 267,453 812,805 98,886 45,090	61,600 75,528 148,551 90,469 173,330 565,823 56,998 45,149	199,182 228,850 505,552 232,124 689,106 1,878,595 186,054 191,727	112,006 135,445 350,579 201,609 608,984 1,441,725 119,126 204,744	841,779 965,788 2,160,545 1,788,575 6,748,721 12,733,142 1,074,099 2,564,163
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	4,066,826 7,084,994 23,131,966 23,316,287 2,214,108 2,213,672 1,275,250 482,244	7,537 11,330 53,958 54,357 441 441 416 365	9,299 6,884 67,872 68,090 1,519 1,519 953 77	29,025 40,240 280,593 281,668 7,763 7,763 3,858 1,280	35,561 51,439 326,004 327,797 12,310 12,306 7,228 2,034	44,559 95,025 450,487 452,718 28,742 28,725 16,596 3,899	167,119 401,020 1,734,426 1,744,848 122,459 71,964 17,726	90,307 289,984 960,652 968,613 79,126 79,126 52,020 11,241	319,639 947,488 3,025,899 3,044,073 314,882 314,867 192,096 61,043	328,380 619,283 2,114,619 2,131,124 202,524 202,523 121,773 39,429	3,035,400 4,634,961 14,117,456 14,242,999 1,444,223 1,443,943 808,346 345,150
MANUFACTURING: FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS, EXCEPT ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT											
Number of returns with balance sheets	10,357	3,018	1,769	2,260	1,311	873	898	128	87	7	6
Cash				· T	(7	housend dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	851,561 1,311,868 2,498,291 727,930 2,428,351 8,013,236 1,094,605 637,354	9,439 17,384 13,164 1,319 25,590 70,390 19,520 9,164	16,017 30,704 29,991 3,512 44,823 129,503 31,126 15,377	50,777 80,712 99,751 15,186 112,508 369,230 82,819 34,166	59,704 88,043 133,454 28,942 142,142 465,837 83,073 35,026	77,067 115,024 188,752 40,578 181,910 619,291 105,049 43,183	209,423 325,249 609,276 175,496 519,617 1,878,643 263,203 109,125	94,316 159,333 294,331 78,583 235,572 879,591 109,083 58,170	185,888 263,176 540,043 177,878 469,430 1,673,755 180,076 119,315	47,449 76,588 151,299 79,359 139,842 510,606 59,986 51,681	101,481 155,655 438,230 127,077 556,917 1,416,390 160,670 162,147
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	1,761,541 3,626,631 13,970,657 14,113,919 1,027,062 1,026,758 573,182 211,701	29,831 2,937 185,010 186,400 1,091 1,091 1,679 167	41,167 28,483 303,180 305,177 9,321 9,321 3,923 1,148	96,349 114,906 849,928 855,977 31,554 31,548 15,430 4,356	112,609 182,423 974,436 982,636 45,718 45,715 24,547 7,216	123,256 277,123 1,249,977 1,260,180 71,052 71,045 40,241 8,820	378,176 898,052 3,370,498 3,403,858 252,843 252,795 143,333 42,439	155,050 437,897 1,464,891 1,477,963 124,627 124,573 72,579 23,076	300,328 873,187 2,625,848 2,651,713 246,307 246,125 142,630 48,362	87,838 262,783 804,566 820,674 90,491 90,491 51,782 25,432	436,937 548,840 2,142,323 2,169,341 154,058 154,054 77,038 50,685
MANUFACTURING: MACHINERY, EXCEPT TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT AND ELECTRICAL											
Number of returns with balance sheets	11,156	3,138	1,922	2,406	1,233	929	1,092	186	206	24	20
					(Ti	ousand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	1,664,120 2,892,676 5,276,804 1,875,331 4,133,358 16,099,443 2,131,587 1,736,114	10,762 14,332 12,779 1,580 34,220 77,258 21,626 10,032	19,033 27,472 27,942 2,949 54,142 136,968 30,361 13,229	57,148 75,548 96,007 18,003 133,005 393,222 74,056 31,120	58,143 82,583 131,619 22,575 129,229 435,735 79,223 30,959	90,080 117,147 197,155 50,548 180,646 652,608 104,438 38,121	292,671 445,748 828,363 224,565 572,411 2,412,179 372,803 145,559	164,523 248,980 446,127 133,515 290,773 1,312,062 172,095 77,832	431,118 765,645 1,446,549 449,290 996,326 4,153,371 465,673 354,623	138,539 345,531 621,650 224,899 357,434 1,712,999 265,873 203,405	402,103 769,690 1,468,613 747,407 1,385,172 4,813,041 545,439 831,234
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	3,600,417 6,645,968 23,160,162 23,472,835 2,140,882 2,139,918 1,263,299 437,100	73,295 140,991 158,307 160,099 21,416 21,416 1,712 281	47,587 29,203 265,020 267,536 8,582 8,578 4,195 1,162	118,346 120,608 787,873 794,395 36,904 36,901 17,321 3,394	109,601 161,963 869,011 876,032 48,150 48,138 26,980 5,012	150,164 278,115 1,139,840 1,152,965 77,643 77,485 45,699 8,273	450,289 1,098,858 3,956,637 3,993,905 342,701 342,540 205,387 41,867	214,283 664,830 2,018,801 2,039,548 199,505 199,399 121,328 35,200	687,321 2,069,948 5,783,957 5,869,375 652,531 652,427 384,021 128,046	254,188 761,439 2,551,949 2,590,842 237,713 237,696 142,456 50,516	1,495,343 1,501,995 5,628,767 5,728,138 538,569 538,170 314,200 163,349

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	l assets class	es				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
MANUFACTURING: ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	3,272	946	431	680	375	304	346	91	77	12	10
					(1	Thousand dollars)					
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	744,244 2,064,250 3,267,126 1,879,414 2,223,760 10,391,388 1,781,089 1,019,748	3,353 4,884 6,020 547 5,180 20,863 7,406 2,794	4,020 7,019 9,264 423 9,159 31,219 8,071 3,737	12,235 28,871 40,045 3,525 24,595 113,213 32,793 11,510	16,932 31,062 45,336 4,274 32,655 134,111 31,876 11,145	31,327 46,545 73,241 8,840 45,919 212,154 49,969 16,828	91,882 165,887 303,418 53,780 166,466 798,752 168,063 55,238	62,491 122,037 227,594 58,044 144,330 627,659 112,304 55,341	158,059 310,732 552,074 191,648 385,024 1,637,430 259,644 129,298	88,208 171,253 251,371 77,453 174,243 771,253 128,815 47,984	275,737 1,175,960 1,758,763 1,480,880 1,236,196 6,044,734 982,148 685,873
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total: compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	1,732,792 3,938,560 16,642,162 16,824,509 1,573,999 1,573,884 954,482 347,582	16,110 18,510 47,019 47,593 105 659 254	11,851 3,881 65,589 66,109 783 910 100	31,876 21,751 264,689 266,363 6,358 6,358 3,940 355	30,471 40,577 345,090 347,676 14,545 14,544 8,209 1,103	43,612 67,149 498,774 501,746 28,338 28,338 17,822 1,711	119,143 325,289 1,684,877 1,698,498 112,443 72,321 10,997	96,802 268,111 1,262,998 1,270,421 101,701 101,688 61,484 12,894	211,253 761,229 2,737,663 2,764,501 283,855 283,858 173,801 55,498	90,811 396,687 1,548,583 1,557,186 124,489 124,470 69,174 22,702	1,080,863 2,062,396 8,186,880 8,304,416 901,377 901,377 546,162 241,968
MANUFACTURING: TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT MOTOR VEHICLES											
Number of returns with balance sheets	1,138	326	98	274	124	125	104	27	32	8	20
					(1	Thousand dollars)		l	1		
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	590,651 1,790,665 2,464,236 367,376 967,159 6,444,460 1,463,489 451,556	962 2,158 1,303 386 2,832 7,990 3,622 1,130	895 1,657 1,783 58 2,438 7,031 1,934 590	5,082 10,376 8,978 2,352 14,074 42,376 9,987 6,328	5,588 10,625 9,618 973 12,898 41,097 14,877 2,836	9,413 18,569 22,321 4,289 27,588 88,672 22,152 9,773	27,332 56,144 78,090 14,206 50,983 235,861 59,333 17,103	20,218 43,951 79,979 13,330 42,384 203,735 32,776 12,897	52,311 226,448 272,728 55,719 111,194 732,425 225,299 56,403	50,099 155,866 184,448 33,479 83,956 532,878 141,206 79,594	418,751 1,264,871 1,804,988 242,584 618,812 4,552,395 952,303 264,902
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	610,903 1,830,139 11,860,266 11,922,621 778,085 504,618 129,477	4,140 ¹ 2,773 26,300 26,388 ² 2,260 ² 2,260 154 2	1,590 2,119 19,088 19,210 376 376 278	17,472 4,559 79,431 80,402 2,591 2,587 1,861 570	11,173 6,061 91,572 92,753 448 448 1,866 381	23,428 19,934 180,788 183,561 8,614 8,604 5,311 487	35,099 85,463 464,619 468,611 24,776 24,775 16,278 1,890	45,952 59,604 352,344 355,345 30,238 30,231 16,537 3,552	61,666 247,242 1,445,082 1,455,161 107,298 107,298 64,726 15,979	57,229 164,111 1,037,214 1,042,723 56,941 56,941 39,685 11,876	353,154 1,243,819 8,163,828 8,198,467 549,183 549,103 357,922 94,708
MANUFACTURING: MOTOR VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL			.,								
Number of returns with balance sheets	1,129	295	204	180	128	115	125	26	35	5	16
					(1	Thousand dollars)					
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve Inventories Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	945,957 1,719,040 3,066,541 2,883,495 3,730,107 12,611,528 1,697,857 507,190	369 1,491 2,199 48 3,715 8,065 2,965 750	1,181 3,585 4,238 303 5,150 15,000 4,860 1,410	2,314 5,999 10,371 1,002 9,148 30,122 9,053 3,454	3,553 10,089 17,168 2,593 11,890 46,262 12,447 3,064	9,669 17,396 27,420 4,615 21,175 82,302 17,687 4,881	35,636 54,352 100,015 17,868 68,522 282,040 49,718 21,665	20,403 38,489 59,819 14,382 57,274 194,761 32,114 20,274	100,619 141,884 210,031 79,567 162,077 705,955 108,571 39,070	44,942 91,817 93,107 20,970 112,200 372,515 29,877 80,630	727,271 1,353,938 2,542,173 2,742,147 3,278,956 10,874,506 1,430,565 331,992
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	1,472,738 6,418,754 24,347,069 24,581,861 2,655,971 2,655,866 1,684,772 574,356	3,986 1275 16,608 16,726 2241 2241 113	5,573 1,722 38,631 38,793 2707 2707 191 31	8,303 6,572 79,799 80,636 1,239 1,239 908 80	8,866 17,318 112,973 114,169 3,127 3,127 1,486 360	16,705 33,601 218,980 221,317 8,009 8,008 4,617 823	47,712 126,672 596,855 603,210 39,316 39,303 22,497 5,591		78,305 393,155 1,379,781 1,388,105 93,818 93,731 58,649 19,778	55,262 150,127 692,666 697,342 39,509 39,509 35,598 12,157	1,223,417 5,599,435 20,854,071 21,061,128 2,446,491 2,446,491 1,545,755 531,939

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

	S, LIABILITIES, AND RI					al assets class					
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
MANUFACTURING: ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	126	(3)	(3)	23	17	11	14	9	4	1	1
				L	(1	Thousand dollars)		L			
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable	40,691 45,071 120,489 87,832 102,964 406,584 50,073 64,939	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	261 1,383 478 153 1,262 3,602 1,038	1,105 629 1,252 73 2,956 6,273 937 2,523	668 1,615 2,635 280 2,554 8,110 3,724 1,186	3,341 11,109 8,384 7,974 3,352 35,945 9,895 1,656	9,371 11,738 15,291 4,670 15,248 59,069 13,476 3,674	4,668 5,623 23,055 11,138 9,687 55,826 5,430 3,601	6,478 3,498 18,910 19,735 17,280 66,051 5,302	14,714 8,646 50,061 43,684 49,674 169,169 9,357 51,800
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	42,684 163,377 654,592 663,586 69,977 69,928 45,015 12,769	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	873 1,030 4,879 5,442 575 575 473 1	1,514 1,575 52,890 53,132 761 695 161	1,654 469 13,593 13,754 375 375 223 20	1,928 9,870 52,938 53,437 7,666 7,666 4,831	4,662 23,304 181,734 182,821 7,693 7,693 4,607	8,769 31,910 90,363 90,824 10,384 10,341 6,409 2,225	11,173 32,382 80,960 81,434 20,403 20,403 14,234 3,912	11,507 64,836 173,604 179,100 22,815 22,811 13,539 5,756
MANUFACTURING: SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS; PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT; WATCHES, CLOCKS	3.000							<u> </u>			
Number of returns with balance sheets	1,897	713	274	362	224	119	131	28	36	7	3
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable. Capital stock.	215,274 579,186 925,630 351,700 633,873 2,747,857 424,214 236,306	1,861 3,456 4,186 333 3,518 13,910 5,263 1,712	1,973 4,618 5,750 1,111 4,957 19,069 5,667 1,512	6,026 13,427 19,888 2,329 11,847 55,210 15,846 5,773	9,724 18,134 27,707 5,160 16,871 79,485 15,297 5,315	10,287 19,699 28,262 5,745 18,469 84,837 17,426 6,714	26,877 61,625 112,998 17,329 57,977 284,337 55,318 28,106	21,482 31,879 68,773 24,128 44,313 196,111 18,867	57,098 140,696 236,133 55,522 126,338 625,913 87,162 81,459	27,765 102,506 139,542 51,271 89,308 416,924 55,409 41,653	52,181 183,146 282,391 188,772 260,275 972,061 147,959 53,800
Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	557,016 1,066,226 4,015,954 4,062,604 408,261 408,242 246,081 87,918	7,734 12,267 32,312 32,408 229 229 350 148	7,253 2,782 43,381 43,621 300 300 526 111	16,336 12,092 123,839 125,157 3,388 3,388 1,884 421	16,986 31,420 155,357 156,481 7,912 7,911 4,757	18,065 32,749 167,857 169,015 8,601 8,601 5,245 1,198	49,538 103,148 512,893 517,582 35,726 35,726 21,813 3,561	40,462 98,523 304,082 308,067 33,811 33,811 19,613 6,115	107,877 258,742 928,525 935,697 86,581 86,563 49,715 15,689	105,762 174,420 548,504 559,301 46,101 46,101 23,574 14,490	187,003 354,617 1,199,204 1,215,275 185,870 185,870 118,604 45,478
OTHER MANUFACTURING Number of returns with balance sheets	9,948	4,517	1,830	1,719	835	509	446	49	42	1	_
	.				(1	housand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	339,716 696,030 1,021,870 289,419 828,717 3,264,521 594,920 288,550	10,214 24,271 23,512 3,022 27,204 93,100 31,437 15,562	16,750 35,144 35,797 2,682 36,616 132,977 35,858 16,589	33,218 73,565 73,761 10,661 76,935 277,081 70,693 28,619	30,322 70,093 85,008 17,908 78,184 292,109 71,677 22,465	39,036 81,950 105,369 24,037 83,175 343,938 73,071 44,216	102,792 178,239 292,576 86,224 229,800 910,737 154,296 65,979	37,434 65,576 112,133 36,815 79,225 341,692 46,230 28,300	65,830 158,270 263,227 98,215 196,056 796,626 108,926 57,020	4,120 8,922 30,487 9,855 21,522 76,261 2,732 9,800	:
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	769,173 1,253,086 5,851,473 5,915,928 283,785 283,732 164,699 57,630	49,344 116,874 232,061 233,367 25,245 25,245 1,481 344	41,869 20,392 321,137 322,437 3,690 3,690 3,282 744	79,414 68,072 650,367 655,570 7,594 7,594 6,919 1,544	76,246 91,039 618,326 622,996 16,738 16,734 9,706 2,510	72,367 114,840 666,970 673,439 27,437 27,432 15,328 3,384	196,747 390,218 1,640,856 1,657,252 92,677 92,654 52,839 13,920	65,429 166,879 510,644 519,342 34,606 34,606 18,637 5,250	148,759 395,913 1,106,564 1,120,877 100,176 100,157 54,539 26,962	38,998 22,607 104,548 110,648 6,112 6,110 1,968 2,972	-

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

				 -	Tota	l assets class	es				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
TOTAL PUBLIC UTILITIES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	26,314	12,085	4,443	4,419	2,036	1,213	1,340	221	302	82	173
	I			-	(1	housand dollars)				·	
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve Inventories Investments Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	3,280,951 3,732,187 2,381,375 10,428,782 72,862,487 95,220,365 4,212,792 35,053,104	34,410 46,087 3,452 8,228 120,419 228,513 65,841 35,115	41,626 67,966 4,963 12,366 170,882 317,217 70,301 42,978	82,661 119,258 9,922 45,216 397,844 690,744 124,051 120,236	73,662 108,806 12,627 56,238 414,984 715,026 142,365 150,598	95,981 134,295 14,008 61,336 489,479 839,689 146,749 194,202	282,657 334,375 62,179 255,115 1,740,048 2,818,241 396,729 765,293	121,944 128,585 40,684 154,792 1,057,163 1,554,840 192,231 446,251	349,252 358,034 194,615 467,015 4,946,521 6,553,691 435,577 2,385,127	261,646 312,374 164,123 351,952 4,618,807 6,091,978 332,635 2,252,803	1,937,112 2,122,407 1,874,802 9,016,524 58,906,340 75,470,426 2,306,313 28,660,501
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	28,516,991 20,302,545 39,355,727 40,569,605 5,017,653 5,016,779 2,536,948 2,012,395	105,324 15,104 554,439 563,215 2,917 2,917 4,581 2,615	99,443 73,482 591,592 600,108 17,348 17,346 7,909 2,939	196,382 190,693 1,045,205 1,064,720 43,611 43,562 17,945 8,050	160,975 982,076 998,184 36,928 36,928 18,419	218,249 203,116 1,188,123 1,205,166 49,106 49,072 28,716 11,455	781,495 781,405 3,141,040 3,193,156 208,961 208,874 118,922 40,155	376,126 396,677 1,156,067 1,182,507 106,501 106,459 57,108 28,601	1,443,159 3,281,263 3,372,573 394,917 394,748 209,777 131,311	1,255,910 2,653,806 2,738,700 277,515 277,472 146,760 122,149	15,802,232 24,762,116
PUBLIC UTILITIES: TRANSPORTATION											ļ
Number of returns with balance sheets	19,588	9,528	3,120	3,323	1,466	816	935	133	159	39	69
		., .,	r		(:	Thousand dollars)	1	T	1		
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	2,006,518 2,003,000 1,087,008 5,740,838 29,431,571 41,894,085 2,519,002 12,981,715	28,644 39,254 2,475 7,229 85,415 176,951 55,494 30,954	31,889 54,907 3,449 10,594 109,702 225,421 56,633 30,653	67,518 101,406 6,819 33,752 282,437 519,339 100,834 90,048	92,744 8,583 41,839 269,537 509,075 107,604	76,461 110,186 8,904 44,006 301,038 570,406 113,918 111,961	226,390 268,274 39,467 209,007 1,052,521 1,913,987 313,351 470,118	93,652 90,108 21,811 126,983 557,225 925,309 138,595 197,372	236,976 228,765 84,432 359,848 2,105,697 3,162,467 239,686 902,435	182,775 75,074 176,361 2,045,402 2,896,716 181,015	835,994 4,731,219 22,622,597 30,994,414 1,211,872
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	10,338,811 12,640,211 22,796,769 23,658,163 1,737,192 1,736,574 885,101 536,081	75,749 18,345 495,279 502,940 3,015 3,015 3,731 2,171	62,020 51,853 512,862 519,911 11,813 11,812 5,641 1,825	128,544 152,364 920,645 938,036 34,527 34,483 14,534 5,220	32,676 32,676 15,607	135,494 155,562 1,047,617 1,062,511 37,429 37,407 21,684 7,886	357,891 594,450 2,718,784 2,762,056 132,122 132,065 76,929 25,660	209,061 292,029 925,233 947,411 66,121 66,080 36,236 15,737	744,509 999,743 2,128,903 2,205,195 189,770 189,665 104,095 54,018	776,325 1,551,559 1,620,637 114,299 114,259 61,957	9,508,520 11,608,885 12,197,706 1,115,420 1,115,112 544,687
PUBLIC UTILITIES: COMMUNICATION											
Number of returns with balance sheets	3,701	1,415	816	642	L		143	25	31	4	8
				т	T	Thousand dollars)	<u> </u>	T	.	1	Τ
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	273,173 688,803 224,478 2,631,496 11,597,824 15,652,093 396,244 5,043,194	3,313 5,016 799 624 19,483 30,686 6,286 2,196	7,393 9,202 994 1,053 34,103 56,389 7,705 5,206	9,556 10,827 1,365 4,184 68,181 99,949 13,223 19,995	11,945 1,983 9,465 87,771 131,276 22,106	18,818 2,997	7,536 28,494	8,337 8,049 5,598 4,757 141,057 173,460 9,475 71,638	24,724 601,923 754,511 49,349	25,810 4,594 11,982 192,889 262,493 24,141	534,711 168,350 2,536,105 10,131,166 13,659,560 213,696
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	6,395,084 2,352,088 6,137,057 6,328,047 1,187,115 1,187,069 585,409 507,362	18,887 288 41,513 42,386 2862 2862 498 234	25,619 13,980 60,619 61,010 4,434 4,433 1,809 806	37,501 21,762 78,923 79,515 6,288 6,288 2,423	22,698 69,832 70,794 2,465 2,465 1,962	35,308 97,045 98,729 7,525 7,519	83,904 86,218 195,858 200,010 44,277 44,262 25,892 6,350	67,665 68,260 16,489 16,489 8,835	273,749 101,423 290,328 295,842 58,677 58,677 30,758 18,936	48,763 245,633 247,925 28,631 28,631 14,519	4,989,641 5,163,576 1,019,191 1,019,167 493,593

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	al assets class	ses				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
PUBLIC UTILITIES: ELECTRIC AND GAS UTILITIES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	1,163	245	136	213	75	70	153	47	93	36	95
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	957,033 994,461 1,050,258 1,956,174 30,761,674 36,365,807 1,190,463 16,486,328	865 751 93 21 2,571 4,499 1,029	608 2,153 210 235 5,721 9,000 2,070 660	3,320 3,318 1,344 2,520 22,779 34,220 3,877 5,735	1,045 1,431 780 1,446 18,087 25,238 3,277 5,569	1,669 3,965 1,024 2,116 39,007 49,937 10,638 20,582	16,285 21,280 12,686 13,005 294,769 370,264 32,027 149,774	16,838 28,607 11,967 10,184 269,812 345,717 28,579 135,884	66,831 83,951 74,310 40,497 1,866,513 2,190,117 127,638 985,483	77,416 99,403 79,544 160,766 2,214,768 2,687,471 120,355 1,173,936	772,156 749,602 868,300 1,725,384 26,027,647 30,649,344 860,973 14,008,668
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	11,412,828 5,122,195 10,156,841 10,308,034 2,048,409 2,048,281 1,045,359 950,317	1,547 1,658 7,795 7,924 259 259 131	3,027 2,385 9,498 10,421 670 670 185	13,877 9,090 20,422 21,150 1,540 1,540 534 397	8,386 6,321 13,728 13,906 870 870 393 176	8,386 951 28,416 28,589 1,933 1,933 1,048 407	88,660 68,037 180,841 182,725 22,997 22,986 11,635 5,488	89,570 67,858 143,628 146,521 19,879 19,878 10,117 6,913	642,373 275,839 795,839 802,409 128,275 128,275 66,148 52,095	805,074 410,323 816,274 829,538 130,270 130,270 67,965 70,102	9,751,928 4,279,733 8,140,400 8,264,851 1,741,716 1,741,600 887,203 814,501
OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES											
Number of returns with balance sheets	1,862	897	371	241	136	69	109	16	19	3	1
						housand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	44,227 45,923 19,631 100,274 1,071,418 1,308,380 107,083 541,867	1,588 1,066 85 354 12,950 16,377 3,032 1,928	1,736 1,704 310 484 21,356 26,407 3,893 6,459	2,267 3,707 394 4,760 24,447 37,236 6,117 4,458	1,813 2,686 1,281 3,488 39,589 49,437 9,378 7,494	2,814 1,326 1,083 5,116 34,958 45,992 2,698 7,572	10,419 16,307 2,490 4,609 185,975 223,575 20,583 67,936	3,117 1,821 1,308 12,858 89,069 110,354 15,582 41,357	8,668 9,407 5,611 41,946 372,388 446,596 18,904 221,933	3,068 4,386 4,911 2,843 165,748 185,298 7,124 87,077	8,737 3,513 2,158 23,816 124,930 167,108 19,772 95,653
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	370,268 188,051 265,060 275,361 44,937 44,855 21,079 18,635	9,141 1,295 9,852 9,965 505 505 221 104	8,777 5,264 8,613 8,766 431 431 274 176	16,460 7,477 25,215 26,019 1,256 1,251 454 1,464	14,617 14,246 11,514 11,724 917 917 457 381	20,168 11,295 15,045 15,337 2,219 2,213 864 1,567	81,335 32,700 45,557 48,365 9,565 9,561 4,466 2,657	22,845 14,239 19,541 20,315 4,012 4,012 1,920 2,188	107,449 66,154 66,193 69,127 18,195 18,131 8,776 6,262	61,899 20,499 40,340 40,600 4,315 4,312 2,319	27,577 14,882 23,190 25,143 3,522 3,522 1,328 1,352
TOTAL TRADE											
Number of returns with balance sheets	212,931	89,985	43,445	46,110	18,238	8,699	5,515	531	340	36	32
						housand dollars)					
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve Inventories Lunestments. Capital assets less reserves Total labilities Accounts and notes payable Bonds and mortgages payable.	6,185,250 15,193,057 17,828,268 5,444,532 10,262,512 56,370,085 13,901,504 4,968,368	284,089 423,986 712,117 64,890 476,908 2,063,428 680,017 230,681	370,821 780,271 1,113,320 120,355 646,567 3,140,937 857,567 304,752	799,065 1,958,807 2,560,923 337,603 1,392,591 7,279,328 1,851,569 631,307	664,752 1,797,298 2,123,316 372,903 1,157,736 6,308,609 1,570,679 496,997	630,121 1,753,575 1,954,122 449,352 1,044,633 6,000,041 1,501,405 448,224	1,107,106 3,133,058 3,416,443 955,046 1,750,287 10,606,620 2,636,800 841,031	450,961 1,037,756 1,087,568 375,196 617,012 3,634,820 973,255 330,008	616,380 1,850,496 1,738,710 887,621 1,237,028 6,453,740 1,410,392 756,176	256,069 717,775 595,433 452,851 478,844 2,572,698 673,649 203,602	1,005,886 1,740,035 2,526,316 1,428,715 1,460,906 8,309,864 1,746,171 725,590
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	12,607,674 20,196,594 165,702,115 167,705,496 3,922,166 3,921,190 2,049,709 926,065	890,277 71,130 7,772,334 7,840,927 232,089 232,104 28,549 12,637	1,022,292 710,255 10,183,004 10,287,727 93,054 92,965 52,920 21,021	2,030,378 2,213,705 23,319,732 23,588,050 305,664 305,512 137,405 52,257	1,513,745 2,233,612 20,211,108 20,456,213 319,665 319,565 147,038 54,003	1,284,355 2,271,668 18,958,700 19,198,545 381,981 381,900 186,534 64,030	2,126,871 4,093,372 31,308,158 31,716,380 792,150 791,961 408,463 133,044	674,695 1,367,848 9,763,895 9,904,979 271,309 271,202 142,910 52,273	1,158,349 2,566,539 17,629,697 17,867,355 562,983 562,853 294,679 137,885	419,619 1,064,987 6,062,978 6,168,918 255,757 255,653 129,375 77,619	1,487,093 3,603,478 20,492,509 20,676,402 971,692 971,683 521,836 321,296

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	al assets clas	ses	<u>-</u> -			
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
TRADE: TOTAL WHOLESALE	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	70,655	24,945	13,133	16,655	7,977	4,338	3,093	308	177	18	11
					(1	Thousand dollars)		-	·		
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	2,604,235 7,979,704 8,013,477 2,860,031 3,139,576 25,146,786 7,814,845 2,119,800	101,743 176,923 128,199 27,612 85,778 544,511 194,123 52,152	140,967 318,201 259,478 54,186 156,049 960,836 287,693 71,494	325,685 859,729 860,494 134,778 414,658 2,671,717 778,463 228,895	304,062 886,529 941,019 169,041 399,976 2,777,608 819,534 204,492	320,787 962,494 1,030,659 235;885 383,776 3,015,859 915,874 205,841	636,496 1,885,100 2,086,799 550,952 732,940 6,016,257 1,788,279 449,117	276,397 655,387 679,736 243,756 236,006 2,120,427 703,650 183,786	292,609 1,120,563 901,744 528,445 367,186 3,258,247 970,516 329,964	107,839 431,879 272,494 288,269 170,032 1,298,201 471,969 57,756	97,650 682,899 852,855 627,107 193,175 2,483,123 884,744 336,303
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	5,231,069 8,160,484 79,670,410 80,456,885 1,655,719 1,655,269 844,962 347,649	243,132 11,551 2,497,607 2,520,171 23,598 23,598 10,287 4,580	308,573 211,115 3,748,517 3,782,111 40,642 40,565 19,701 7,092	756,238 699,209 9,821,198 9,905,604 123,722 123,696 55,809 19,738	668,416 878,347 9,970,038 10,055,241 143,708 143,657 66,733 23,792	645,879 1,024,211 10,320,396 10,422,533 182,498 182,456 91,646 33,033	1,188,344 2,123,313 19,711,440 19,889,354 443,661 443,547 229,921 76,119	379,141 724,459 6,079,715 6,129,932 -144,510 144,456 73,877 27,734	537,733 1,191,161 10,491,798 10,590,046 280,142 280,142 145,985 57,462	192,117 473,904 3,035,263 3,089,722 132,086 132,053 67,975 34,946	311,496 836,316 3,994,438 4,072,171 168,296 168,295 83,028 63,153
TRADE: WHOLESALE: COMMISSION MERCHANTS									w-1-1		
Number of returns with balance sheets	9,318	5,376	1,745	1,268	428	279	171	30	20	1	_
					(1	Thousand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	371,815 667,933 152,615 336,942 171,812 1,765,141 675,655 114,583	28,913 29,005 6,339 6,772 16,494 93,080 27,060 6,966	27,133 48,553 9,681 12,340 22,084 124,647 30,768 8,541	44,333 77,413 18,434 23,287 31,881 203,425 54,707 13,602	23,592 64,202 21,789 13,986 14,922 146,664 53,428 7,021	37,277 64,811 17,621 34,008 19,319 194,084 66,734 10,782	58,163 168,247 48,994 49,642 22,178 358,860 139,678 26,353	107,141 57,026 4,258 32,150 10,837 212,753 128,571 8,960	39,908 131,442 25,499 124,391 33,296 357,787 134,236 32,358	5,355 27,234 - 40,366 801 73,841 40,473	-
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	367,439 476,173 3,876,389 3,937,946 95,507 95,488 46,780 20,018	37,727 9,399 374,001 381,569 3,431 3,431 3,218 1,675	40,776 31,386 349,009 355,472 9,481 9,481 3,685 1,262	55,908 58,920 586,508 594,578 16,554 16,553 7,320 2,970	31,905 42,611 558,835 563,378 8,679 8,679 4,173 1,219	33,825 57,015 467,995 476,580 11,063 11,062 7,076 4,307	68,481 100,791 987,566 996,791 19,663 19,647 10,407	24,110 46,629 154,507 158,262 6,362 6,361 2,726	70,957 100,751 389,482 397,831 16,086 16,086 6,405 3,047	3,750 28,671 8,486 13,485 4,188 4,188 1,700 563	- - - - -
OTHER WHOLESALERS											
Number of returns with balance sheets	61,337	19,569	11,388	15,387	7,549	4,059	2,922	278	157	17	11
					(T	housand dollars)		I			-
Cash. Notès and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	2,232,420 7,311,771 7,860,862 2,523,089 2,967,764 23,381,645 7,139,190 2,005,217	72,830 147,918 121,860 20,840 69,284 451,431 167,063 45,186	113,834 269,648 249,797 41,846 133,965 836,189 256,925 62,953	281,352 782,316 842,060 111,491 382,777 2,468,292 723,756 215,293	280,470 822,327 919,230 155,055 385,054 2,630,944 766,106 197,471	283,510 897,683 1,013,038 201,877 .364,457 2,821,775 849,140 195,059	578,333 1,716,853 2,037,805 501,310 710,762 5,657,397 1,648,601 422,764	169,256 598,361 675,478 211,606 225,169 1,907,674 575,079 174,826	252,701 989,121 876,245 404,054 333,890 2,900,460 836,280 297,606	102,484 404,645 272,494 247,903 169,231 1,224,360 431,496 57,756	97,650 682,899 852,855 627,107 193,175 2,483,123 884,744 336,303
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	4,863,630 7,684,311 75,794,021 76,518,939 1,560,212 1,559,781 798,182 327,631	205,405 110,950 2,123,606 2,138,602 ² 7,029 ² 7,029 7,069 2,905	267,797 179,729 3,399,508 3,426,639 31,161 31,084 16,016 5,830	700,330 640,289 9,234,690 9,311,026 107,168 107,143 48,489 16,768	636,511 835,736 9,411,203 9,491,863 135,029 134,978 62,560 22,573	612,054 967,196 9,852,401 9,945,953 171,435 171,394 84,570 28,726	1,119,863 2,022,522 18,723,874 18,892,563 423,998 423,900 219,514 72,573	355,031 677,830 5,925,208 5,971,670 138,148 138,095 71,151 26,305	466,776 1,090,410 10,102,316 10,192,215 264,108 264,056 139,580 54,415	188,367 445,233 3,026,777 3,076,237 127,898 127,865 66,205 34,383	311,496 836,316 3,994,438 4,072,171 168,296 168,295 83,028 63,153

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	l assets class	es				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
TRADE: TOTAL RETAIL	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	123,971	56,429	26,697	25,834	8,832	3,708	2,083	202	151	16	19
Number 02 10 value = 2					(1	Thousand dollars)				<u></u>	
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	3,254,675 6,264,304 8,788,002 2,359,506 6,426,519 27,915,073 5,269,119 2,571,368	156,889 200,083 526,358 33,296 355,866 1,341,711 420,319 160,192	200,529 387,118 768,431 57,497 439,780 1,922,333 490,929 209,429	413,798 943,057 1,497,519 171,808 866,037 4,028,536 934,442 355,489	313,427 778,662 1,025,285 172,458 649,925 3,039,042 637,959 251,670	266,486 666,752 780,817 184,079 562,671 2,536,091 491,267 203,171	415,364 1,063,962 1,119,729 343,086 889,055 3,937,434 720,841 338,262	164,391 334,714 364,677 119,653 347,879 1,366,055 234,366 136,494	306,815 668,788 771,725 339,019 826,063 2,985,047 402,295 409,511	131,360 275,371 285,842 149,171 276,944 1,160,368 166,089 133,408	885,610 945,79° 1,647,610° 789,430° 1,212,290° 5,598,450° 770,611° 373,740°
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	6,538,191 10,930,235 77,610,239 78,713,886 2,073,787 2,073,312 1,109,588 529,268	569,560 75,260 4,667,759 4,707,859 225,318 225,333 15,454 7,251	623,896 453,001 5,658,972 5,722,807 46,817 46,805 29,055	1,115,273 1,328,489 11,866,911 12,032,188 152,937 152,814 70,049 28,846	721,470 1,177,393 8,977,161 9,118,540 150,923 150,876 69,927 26,207	529,504 1,079,073 7,487,886 7,610,626 172,687 172,651 82,217 26,643	794,770 1,692,868 9,955,139 10,163,013 301,821 301,770 155,165 47,974	266,202 582,786 3,294,810 3,379,419 114,509 114,475 63,219 22,503	577,864 1,272,719 6,801,203 6,935,473 271,778 271,700 143,412 74,852	190,203 566,885 2,825,560 2,869,885 116,596 116,525 59,370 36,095	1,149,444 2,701,76 16,074,831 16,174,070 771,030 771,020 421,720 245,980
TRADE: RETAIL: FOOD											
Number of returns with balance sheets	8,876	4,699	1,612	1,431	528	301	235	36	26	4	_
					(Thousand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Lapital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	556,766 363,132 1,022,713 231,710 1,101,495 3,397,348 744,883 363,488	11,912 12,803 25,756 3,150 43,386 102,450 30,532 15,508	13,899 16,880 24,075 5,252 48,977 113,466 28,332 16,777	25,890 33,829 41,932 12,584 102,853 226,689 57,613 25,994	20,621 31,602 34,221 8,871 81,459 183,883 45,824 20,792	23,305 36,432 44,259 13,171 87,412 211,940 50,413 24,957	68,887 58,409 119,927 43,741 185,987 494,931 102,948 49,701	45,235 17,720 78,943 13,555 90,630 254,068 48,539 27,886	82,172 52,597 135,595 54,095 169,979 507,380 89,264 86,535	32,358	211,75 1,026,84 259,06 45,75
Capital stock. Curplus and undivided profits less deficit. Cross sales and gross receipts from operations. Compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Vet income or deficit. Cotal tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	712,882 1,236,203 18,589,950 18,657,281 376,060 375,892 201,791 76,240	46,564 1,781 573,136 575,215 2720 2720 1,374 776	36,574 21,641 570,217 572,965 5,394 5,394 2,256	61,058 62,946 1,121,129 1,127,928 16,598 16,506 6,187 1,348	45,461 55,566 847,682 852,706 14,153 14,158 6,299 1,265	48,209 68,354 990,708 996,271 21,003 21,003 10,427 2,158	98,824 193,458 2,283,830 2,300,426 50,773 27,258 5,544	45,053 106,134 1,176,607 1,185,886 34,789 34,789 19,668 3,909	125,154 155,336 2,247,318 2,257,492 62,816 62,791 34,538 13,895	1,307,923 1,311,259 37,599 37,596	450,38 7,471,40 7,477,13 133,60 133,60 73,82
TRADE: RETAIL: GENERAL MERCHANDISE											
Number of returns with balance sheets	7.354	2,844	1,483	1,425	629	403	411	64	71	9	1:
Number of Your Day of the Same				J	(Thousand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total sasets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	1,094,429 1,946,523 2,495,480 1,134,185 2,053,053 8,920,047 1,124,728 731,328	9,098 6,952 35,270 1,476 9,388 64,258 16,136 5,161	13,212 15,031 54,408 4,958 14,647 104,577 21,900 6,764	26,376 37,293 97,301 15,554 42,997 223,545 47,101 15,775	23,863 43,795 86,587 17,088 42,934 219,615 33,311 14,007	79,064 88,885 26,157 51,707 281,006 42,823	99,154 220,854 276,898 70,616 202,329 892,333 126,927 74,793	48,508 114,785 119,732 34,220 111,986 441,802 53,247 45,093		163,955 129,585 105,641 148,762 644,010 89,418	879,59 1,210,41 744,69 1,000,54 4,571,61 511,55
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	2,040,366 4,169,448 16,923,872 17,244,678 968,384 968,274 516,939 297,213	30,282 7,692 183,675 185,312 2359 2359 980 996	39,146 29,020 246,615 249,947 4,114 4,114 1,813	103,131 42,078 476,978 486,719 9,032	77,794 77,851 450,820 461,244 10,235 10,234 4,825 3,091	108,896 538,277 554,699 16,938	207,279 405,956 1,781,861 1,830,542 69,791 69,782 35,468 13,238	36,191 20,274	709,729 2,779,125 2,856,019 127,335 127,321 65,897	323,215 985,065 1,019,887 57,667 57,599 28,389	2,251,37 8,603,43 8,696,94 637,43 637,42 347,89

Table 5.—SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES AND MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

		···			Tota	l assets class	es				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
TRADE: RETAIL: APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	16,344	8,293	3,815	2,811	775	341	261	27	20	1	-
					(1	housand dollars)				,	
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve Inventories Investments Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable Bonds and mortgages payable	297,457 568,588 957,395 219,607 432,245 2,542,107 536,747 225,447	27,801 29,843 117,754 4,842 30,067 216,993 70,793 17,605	31,716 50,808 131,685 10,914 37,249 269,299 69,407 17,501	49,626 103,736 179,872 26,527 61,104 431,374 97,315 26,084	29,514 72,623 100,060 14,713 43,441 267,002 62,196 17,147	25,755 58,658 83,941 18,319 45,704 238,537 56,543 16,159	55,328 125,438 173,237 42,531 86,809 497,729 96,158 46,318	20,390 42,369 41,189 18,069 39,575 166,580 31,983 17,734	51,641 68,603 109,011 78,854 81,636 397,814 49,955 66,899	5,686 16,510 20,646 4,838 6,660 56,779 2,397	- - -
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total.compiled receipts Compiled net profit or net loss Net income or deficit. Total tax Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	604,678 971,575 5,616,137 5,738,343 134,662 134,595 67,480 32,202	86,595 25,555 566,424 572,554 21,655 21,655 2,678 1,144	83,136 78,049 597,736 607,342 11,437 11,436 4,712 2,097	116,475 163,364 937,397 955,783 18,890 18,890 7,221 3,212	67,486 100,461 581,505 597,096 11,735 11,735 5,194 1,859	53,670 91,581 526,716 542,586 12,744 12,733 6,087 1,953	100,930 214,397 1,137,739 1,168,807 29,637 29,629 14,710 5,017	35,652 66,279 340,060 350,515 7,497 7,486 4,405 2,260	59,046 186,817 842,958 857,357 38,624 38,588 19,487 12,972	1,688 45,072 85,602 86,303 5,753 5,753 2,986 1,688	-
		1									
TRADE: RETAIL: FURNITURE AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS Number of returns with balance sheets	12,065	4.925	2,673	2,812	1,066	375	188	17	9	_	-
Number of Pecuris with balance sheets		.,,,			(1	Thousand dollars)	<u> </u>				
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	138,574 906,475 571,189 115,752 201,895 1,990,484 441,795 189,994	13,248 29,371 52,228 2,098 15,707 119,180 47,061 11,962	17,981 66,370 76,700 3,417 21,560 194,020 54,736 15,412	36,068 182,506 146,375 14,636 50,031 443,169 100,991 33,807	20,178 179,005 105,486 17,927 36,521 367,664 79,135 33,352	15,339 128,554 66,979 12,845 23,804 254,697 48,508 20,871	18,502 182,308 75,567 25,887 31,892 342,481 61,035 29,405		8,110 80,028 26,469 23,111 12,100 151,794 21,194 32,689	-	
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	479,652 604,786 3,182,763 3,355,587 54,658 54,645 34,776 13,262	48,888 718 377,476 381,355 25,548 25,548 1,067 220	63,392 43,548 427,554 436,009 2,854 2,853 2,464 653	116,485 141,704 790,025 819,429 11,025 11,026 6,492 1,935	85,677 119,556 522,049 550,671 12,196 12,195 5,611 1,622	54,669 91,068 334,002 357,424 7,873 7,868 4,351 1,376	65,179 127,986 422,926 461,252 12,717 12,717 7,153 2,342	149,430 172,784 6,452 6,448 3,119	40,333 159,301 176,663 7,089 7,088 4,519		-
TRADE: RETAIL: AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND FILLING STATIONS	23,430	5,711	5,201	7,748	2,965	1,306	478	15	4	. 2	
Number of returns with balance sheets	25,450			.,,,,,,,		Thousand dollars)	<u>l</u>	1	.l		
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve Inventories Investments Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable	559,644 980,146 1,680,637 273,443 1,102,357 4,773,224 1,038,471 435,214	15,449 29,675 51,965 3,952 32,258 140,719 47,332 17,134	38,666 68,912 172,831 9,437 77,039 383,578 105,656 46,087	140,418 201,977 522,968 44,301 249,838 1,215,500 290,277 109,023	128,407 176,010 379,528 55,271 243,679 1,025,965 218,281	116,936 169,808 277,664 68,920 222,770 886,348 153,953	88,918 227,767 179,916 73,776 187,573 777,511	30,964 21,495 10,970 30,588 101,940 18,940	16,786 19,460 674 16,145 57,783 14,469	58,247 54,810 6,142 6,142 6,143 183,880 41,916	7 - 2 - 7 - 5 -
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	974,724 1,950,539 19,281,618 19,478,958 233,261 233,200 134,986 42,320	63,889 342 749,025 757,496 213,807 213,807 1,365 667	120,788 83,686 1,739,641 1,753,891 ² 3,850 ² 3,860 4,675 2,056	303,837 435,323 5,247,887 5,300,410 28,873 28,846 18,858 7,313	51,123 51,122 26,145	452,671 3,754,387 3,788,339 73,166 73,158 34,823	2,484,082 2,516,498 68,629 68,626 34,650	45,459 214,475 220,394 9,239 9,227 4,522	21,723 118,335 118,897 4,311 4,311 1,911	77,999 446,970 452,436 15,577 1 15,577 1 8,031	

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	al assets class	es				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
TRADE: RETAIL: DRUG STORES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	5,297	3,536	1,098	465	87	50	49	6	6	(20)	\ \\
					(1	Thousand dollars)		L	L	L	
Cash	71,225	8,994	9,861	8,779	3,367	3,210	12,835	6,335	17,844		T
Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	48,907 256,450	7,724 50,876	7,379	8,588	3,045	3,284	6,764	2,304	9,819		
Investments	37,472	2,237	36,640 2,652	25,752 4,036	11,901 1,455	17,181 2,609	51,834 3,500	17,924 3,026	44,342	-	
Capital assets less reserves	130,524	19,376	18,106	19,956	7,752	8,221	26,891	10,995	17,957 19,227	-	ĺ
Total assets—Total liabilities	564,679	93,072	76,954	69,842	28,465	35,090	104,655	41,687	114,914	-	
Accounts and notes payable	119,053	26,019	17,214	14,243	6,941	8,609	16,236	7,093	22,698	-	1
	54,795	8,976	9,421	8,609	1,921	3,552	7,320	5,313	9,683		
Capital stock	139,462	35,032	24,571	17,832	7,940	7,579	18,847	4,646	23,015	_	ļ
Gross sales and gross receipts from operations	205,070	15,946	20,169	24,610	9,637	12,959	51,277	21,312	49,160	_	
Total compiled receipts	1,652,437 1,673,309	314,728	225,903	178,923	78,662	98,290	353,604	108,890	293,437	-	1
Compiled net profit or net loss	43,477	317,141 2,401	228,404	181,417	79,788	99,490	357,322	111,197	298,550		
Net income or deficit	43,475	2,401	4,801 4,801	4,561	1,710	1,976	12,238	4,435	11,355	-	İ
Total tax	21,462	1,293	1,657	4,560 1,775	1,710 757	1,976	12,237	4,435	11,355	-	
Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock	10,728	772	1,001	877	303	847 211	6,933 1,775	2,467 866	5,733 4.923	Ξ,	
TRADE: RETAIL: EATING AND DRINKING PLACES											
Number of returns with balance sheets	15,143	11,717	2,041	1,033	218	76	4.5				
						housand dollars)	45	9	4		
Conh	T		Т		- 1.	nousand dollars)					
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	123,169	26,924	15,655	19,218	11,853	8,848	19,060	12,244	9,367	_ [
Inventories	63,929	13,021	10,796	10,343	6,828	6,464	8,634	7,114	729		
Investments	81,026 66,060	27,994	11,641	11,785	5,930	3,709	9,725	5,419	4,823	_	
Capital assets less reserves	495,640	6,140 134,050	4,270 90,373	6,853	9,318	4,284	13,717	9,005	12,473	- :	
Total assets—Total liabilities	887,150	231,505	143,996	95,368 152,242	39,030	25,153	44,745	27,798	39,123	-	
Accounts and notes payable	194,319	67,772	33,433	33,631	77,598 17,026	51,492 10,857	99,039	63,053	68,225	-	
Sonds and mortgages payable	166,798	50,877	38,688	37,823	14,030	5,303	16,479 10,447	10,344 4,032	4,777 5,598		
Capital stock	254,137	98,123	38,662	31,361	15,953	7,314	20,343			i	
Surplus and undivided profits less deficit	171,235	112,781	17,264	30,915	21,728	22,502	39,642	19,882 22,483	22,499	-	
Gross sales and gross receipts from operations	2,565,818	862,523	407,634	413,349	206,783	129,413	268,628	144,623	29,482 132,865	-	
Total compiled receipts	2,593,047	868,920	412,691	418,084	209,032	131,767	271,634	146,219	134,700	-1	
Net income or deficit	41,013	² 6,364	4,437	9,144	5,502	4,953	12,710	4,499	6,132		
Total tax	41,006	² 6,364	4,437	9,144	5,501	4,949	12,710	4,497	6,132	-	
Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock	26,583 10,632	2,299 737	2,478 847	3,887 693	2,798 1,282	2,491 803	6,793 2,491	2,895	2,942	-	
<u></u>					1,202		2,491	1,489	2,290		
TRADE: RETAIL: BUILDING MATERIALS AND HARDWARE											
Number of returns with balance sheets	14,616	4,515	3,623	4,350	1,410	471	232	14	1	-	
					(Th	ousand dollars)					
Cash	188,937	13,592	21,864	51,910	41,438	23,207	30,059	6,157	710		
Inventories	674,665	23,713	64,131	193,461	144,126	96,185	126,420	24,608	2,021	<u> </u>	
investments	947,137 120,982	64,426	124,971	286,022	178,662	114,503	140,446	33,097	5,010	-	
apital assets less reserves	389,346	2,466 18,122	5,697	21,864	23,958	20,379	37,116	6,380	3,122	-	
otal assets—Total liabilities	2,367,817	125,643	45,793 267,322	118,071 683,729	76,0 8 9 474,452	51,011	62,930	14,797	2,533	-	
occounts and notes payable	485,914	33,181	60,315	146,104	90,050	313,401 58,730	403,401 80,297	86,280 16,557	13,589 680	-	•
	159,845	8,645	20,271	49,800	31,004	21,651	22,106	2,768	3,600		
apital stock purplus and undivided profits less deficit	698,893	58,994	99,379	208,648	127,890	78,219	102,005	21,452	2,306	_ [
ross sales and gross receipts from operations	891,397	16,533	74,839	247,885	199,840	135,863	172,790	36,992	6,655	<u> </u>	
otal compiled receipts	4,560,381	297,480	549,504	1,332,771	939,469	599,326	695,324	129,627	16,880	_1	
ompiled net profit or net loss	4,638,549 114,921	300,518 2809	556,225	1,354,741	955,991	610,526	711,046	132,499	17,003	-	
et income or deficit	114,921	2809 2809	7,516	29,234	26,749	19,313	26,618	6,010	290	-1	_
OTAL TAX	52,468	1.294	7,516 3,685	29,234	26,748	19,313	26,618	6,010	290		-
ividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock	25,171	824	2,139	6,808	10,784 5,140	9,073	12,806	2,925	134	_	

Table 5.—SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES AND MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	l assets class	es				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
OTHER RETAIL TRADE	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	20,846	10,189	5,151	3,759	1,154	385	184	14	10		-
					(1	housand dollars)					
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve Inventories Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable	224,474 711,939 775,975 160,295 519,964 2,472,217 583,209 244,459	29,871 46,981 100,089 6,935 53,512 247,891 81,493 24,324	37,675 86,811 135,480 10,900 86,036 369,121 99,936 38,508	55,513 171,324 185,512 25,453 125,819 582,446 147,167 48,574	34,186 121,628 122,910 23,857 79,020 394,398 85,195 39,319	20,848 88,303 83,696 17,395 46,889 263,580 60,831 21,720	22,621 107,368 92,179 32,202 59,899 325,354 73,114 31,691	9,218 36,517 25,493 8,597 11,230 93,166 18,528 11,223	14,542 53,007 30,616 34,956 57,559 196,261 16,945 29,100	- - - - - -	-
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	633,397 729,982 5,237,263 5,334,134 107,351 107,305 53,103 21,500	101,193 19,474 743,292 749,348 1,543 1,528 3,104 1,115	118,248 84,785 894,168 905,333 10,114 10,114 5,315 1,955	156,446 179,664 1,368,452 1,387,677 25,580 25,579 10,066 3,681	98,019 136,553 823,375 841,415 17,480 17,473 7,514 3,128	57,843 95,179 516,767 529,524 14,721 14,717 6,515 2,317	66,560 110,227 527,145 545,486 18,695 18,678 9,394 3,801	14,965 30,616 153,080 156,559 5,392 5,392 2,944 2,207	20,123 73,484 210,984 218,792 13,826 13,824 8,251 3,296	- - - - - -	-
TRADE NOT ALLOCABLE				2 (2)	1,429	653	339	21	12	2	2
Number of returns with balance sheets	18,305	8,611	3,615	3,621	<u> </u>	Thousand dollars)	339			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable.	326,340 949,049 1,026,789 224,995 696,417 3,308,226 817,540 277,200	25,457 46,980 57,560 3,982 35,264 177,275 18,337	29,325 74,952 85,411 8,672 50,738 257,768 78,945 23,829	59,582 156,021 202,910 31,017 111,896 579,075 138,664 46,923	47,263 132,107 157,012 31,404 107,835 491,959 113,186 40,835	42,848 124,329 142,646 29,388 98,186 448,091 94,264 39,212	55,246 183,996 209,915 61,008 128,292 652,929 127,680 53,652	10,173 47,655 43,155 11,787 33,127 148,338 35,239 9,728	16,956 61,145 65,241 20,157 43,779 210,446 37,581 16,701	16,870 10,525 37,097 15,411 31,868 114,129 35,591 12,438	55,432 228,285 90,815
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	838,414 1,105,875 8,421,466 8,534,725 192,660 192,609 95,159 49,148	77,585 12,579 606,968 612,897 23,173 23,173 2,808 806	89,823 46,139 775,515 782,809 5,595 5,595 4,164 1,012	158,867 186,007 1,631,623 1,650,258 29,005 29,005 11,547 3,673	123,859 177,872 1,263,909 1,282,432 25,034 25,032 10,378 4,004	108,972 168,384 1,150,418 1,165,386 26,796 26,793 12,671 4,354	143,757 277,191 1,641,579 1,664,013 46,668 46,644 23,377 8,951	29,352 60,603 389,370 395,628 12,290 12,271 5,814 2,036	102,659 336,696 341,836 11,011 11,011 5,282	202,155 209,311 7,075 7,075 2,030	423,233 430,155 32,359 32,359 17,088
TOTAL FINANCE, INSURANCE, * REAL ESTATE, AND LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY											
Number of returns with balance sheets	175,653	62,420	30,280	35,296	15,211	9,588	15,040	3,656	3,298	405	459
					(Thousand dollars,)	- 	1	· ·	
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	52,637,413 96,455,941 31,474 222,418,134 22,609,270 401,975,574 11,363,715 21,377,648	184,004 224,666 181,526 753,175 1,406,298 298,268 402,238	187,199 322,295 346,529 1,254,525 2,181,382 343,875 715,258	389,930 863,961 1,038,869 3,165,013 5,615,277 818,442 2,168,745	378,229 1,015,916 145 1,229,427 2,559,683 5,362,531 781,253 2,045,024	561,828 1,400,848 6 2,180,361 2,451,713 6,751,810 783,479 2,258,221	5,034,251 8,746,582 259 15,891,245 4,405,404 34,597,733 1,856,816 4,596,048	85 14,333,563 1,469,787 25,486,857 723,166	15,313,404 1,672 38,969,645 2,792,934 66,908,945 1,452,442	6,617,458 2,708 16,185,344 1,168,201 28,207,321 429,456	56,245,077 26,597 132,061,625 2,588,835 225,457,420 3,876,518 3,775,898
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock	16,911,055 35,153,418 10,731,574 25,828,796 7,166,752 6,862,558 1,878,586 1,816,938	647,175 184,399 255,629 557,295 58,452 58,261 23,817 18,426	580,784 368,780 178,263 547,135 96,717 96,684 32,568 19,308	1,219,167 942,742 385,759 1,199,884 223,352 223,214 77,394 43,435	1,028,141 863,683 360,772 1,020,599 189,388 188,863 68,775 66,634	1,019,183 761,297 349,489 967,357 161,035 159,414 64,136 62,984	2,516,306 3,679,148 1,016,318 2,683,099 545,847 522,993 187,217 193,322	2,447,247 637,436 1,562,029 311,920 289,801 102,237	6,839,117 1,944,508 4,299,535 919,164 861,292 278,074	3,314,737 1,208,539 2,178,114 502,160 479,310 124,881	16,021,066 4,394,861 10,813,749 4,158,717 3,982,726 919,487

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	al assets class	ies				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
TOTAL FINANCE	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	41,358	8,728	3,179	4,521	3,470	3,723	11,083	2.160			
						housand dollars)	11,065	3,162	2,830	312	350
Cash	48,437,045	32,095	24.44								,
Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	93,619,234	58,442	26,664 101,145	69,410 352,563	117,324 643,973	343,011 1,053,111	4,554,192	3,501,997	8,369,641	3,448,631	27,974,080
Inventories	18.250			-	_	1 4	8,183,405	5,594,264	15,107,730 309	6,594,817 2,667	55,929,784
Capital assets less reserves	127,996,143 2,928,932	49,540 15,365	79,566	263,743	433,025	1,232,027	13,478,413	12,648,447	32,852,178	11,212,807	15,276 55,746,39
Total assets-Total lightlifties	275,300,340	164,971	14,373 232,077	33,217 743,044	44,244 1,269,321	69,933 2,728,855	329,125	234,085	620,170	304,395	1,264,02
Accounts and notes payable	8,133,117	36,932	46,412	153,523	256,456	369,931	26,710,407 1,252,663	22,044,798 559,422	57,206,204	21,648,066	142,552,59
Bonds and mortgages payable	7,157,914	36,082	27,319	101,971	160,829	267,242	856,466	507,993	1,229,803 1,388,626	405,313 467,101	3,822,662 3,344,285
Capital stock	10,126,449	146,498	87,220	221,192	204 024			· ·		407,101	2,244,20.
Surplus and undivided profits less deficit	22,204,073	173,496	46,838	145,280	328,234 203,571	381,569 419,476	1,550,120	675,158	2,076,230	683,312	3,976,916
Gross sales and gross receipts from operations	2,368,241	24,542	16,110	50,872	85,629	73,491	2,261,095 227,876	1,745,692	4,737,155	2,309,639	10,408,823
Total compiled receipts	10,896,675	47,476	40,207	122,159	201,269	232,309	1,269,529	882,025	325,908 2,306,608	111,267 853,424	1,330,191 4,941,669
Net income or deficit	3,135,008 2,918,405	3,358 3,333	7,726	24,159	46,470	57,694	346,792	217,474	609,749	284,515	1,537,071
lotal tax	1,088,906	2,067	7,703 2,311	24,078 7,556	46,099	56,439	326,903	199,580	566,660	269,552	1,418,058
Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock	1,314,597	4,704	3,572	9,110	15,215 36,472	14,993 26,550	93,706 136,763	65,975 74,185	176,241 295,847	70,399 157,806	640,443
FINANCE: BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES								14,205	277,047	157,806	569,588
Number of returns with belance sheets	14 000										
	14,270	527	30	100	355	1,314	7,352	2,137	1,906	244	305
					(T)	housand dollars)					
Cash	45,308,637	5,995	919	4,664	39,350	2/5 (22				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	78,978,699	265	659	4,234	45,538	245,621 353,430	4,003,462 5,983,213	3,085,749	7,355,604	3,210,569	27,356,704
Inventories	- 1	-	- 1	- 1	-	-	7,767,213	4,799,669	12,907,766	5,871,333	49,012,592
Capital assets less reserves	90,869,541	774	204	4,676	61,111	397,414	8,125,351	6,915,255	18,456,780	7,710.059	49,197,917
Total assets-Total liabilities	218,928,192	1,335	137	2,396	3,792	5,374	133,952	124,966	359,813	164,236	1,193,846
Accounts and notes payable	542		1,923	16,620	150,030	1,003,522	18,307,581	14,949,995	39,223,177	17,012,295	128,254,546
Bonds and mortgages payable	4,644	-	-		-	- 1	- 1	-1	-	-	542
Capital stock	4,064,067	5 / 277	2 007	[-	-	2,140	2,504
Surplus and undivided profits less deficit	12,853,298	51687 1755	1,001 880	5,825	10,913	38,316	435,416	316,876	708,032	276,195	2,265,806
oross sales and gross receipts from operations	810,426	5,472	253	3,840 2,601	16,371	70,293	1,085,820	816,017	2,104,709	1,054,836	7,701,287
Total compiled receipts	6,371,712	5,936	718	2,868	7,560	6,786 40,075	66,760 583,174	56,164	149,622	54,816	467,274
Compiled net profit or net loss	1,788,780	268	391	189	2,624	11,411	175,961	464,309 132,624	1,211,290	510,575 118,535	3,545,207
Total tax	1,577,751 743,607	268	391	185	2,453	10,703	157,680	115,444	261,698	103,756	1,043,378 925,173
Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock	476,245	113 26	109	47 212	679 599	3,113	54,227	48,761	124,278	49,695	462,585
 				212	799	3,387	37,573	28,911	64,765	25,582	315,190
FINANCE: CREDIT AGENCIES OTHER THAN BANKS	ļ										
Number of returns with balance sheets	19,470	5,316	2,213	3,238	2,460	1,664	2,893	869	750	41	26
					(Th	ousand dollars)			,,,,,		26
Cash	2,552,226	15.556	16,305	42,187	51,751	61.037	112 15				
lotes and accounts receivable less reserve	13,600,384	50,973	88,862	311,291	578,111	61,014	443,651 2,034,326	370,661	855,105	164,253	531,743
	15,387	-	-	-	- 1	4	2,004,020	760,699	1,892,607	622,843	6,623,037
Inventories.		22,838	39,124	144,273	217,002	466,970	3,963,394	4,756,749	11,307,008	1,886,006	15,270 2,075,244
Apital assets less reserves.	24,878,608	6 000		18,724	19,303	17,708	91,524	63,611	180,310		43,665
investments. Apital assets less reserves. Otal assets—Total liabilities.	491,783	6,730	8,298							41,910	
invesiments. Apital assets less reserves. Otal assets—Total liabilities. Icocounts and notes payable.	491,783 41,831,911	102,197	160,384	534,155	889,147	1,198,352	6,596,741	5,974,084	14,297,755	41,910 2,727,235	9,351,861
investments. Apital assets less reserves. Otal assets—Total liabilities.	491,783		8,298 160,384 28,559 25,096			1,198,352 294,620	6,596,741 1,100,628	5,974,084 443,404	14,297,755 864,319	2,727,235 354,920	9,351,861 3,087,030
investments. Appital assets less reserves. Cotal assets—Total liabilities. (counts and notes payable. Cotal assets—Sot	491,783 41,831,911 6,545,547 5,520,289	102,197 22,293 33,038	160,384 28,559 25,096	534,155 122,962 87,118	889,147 226,812 144,588	1,198,352 294,620 214,668	6,596,741 1,100,628 698,305	5,974,084 443,404 324,967	14,297,755 864,319 974,975	2,727,235 354,920 229,048	9,351,861
Investments. Aprital assets less reserves. Cotal assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable. Capital stock.	491,783 41,831,911 6,545,547 5,520,289 2,021,908 3,146,549	102,197 22,293 33,038 75,068	160,384 28,559	534,155 122,962 87,118	889,147 226,812 144,588 206,849	1,198,352 294,620 214,668 178,078	6,596,741 1,100,628 698,305 407,569	5,974,084 443,404 324,967 126,982	14,297,755 864,319 974,975	2,727,235 354,920 229,048 47,172	9,351,861 3,087,030 2,788,486 455,940
Investments. Aprital assets less reserves. Cotal assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable. Capital stock.	491,783 41,831,911 6,545,547 5,520,289 2,021,908 3,146,549 1,361,550	102,197 22,293 33,038 75,068 138,689 10,100	160,384 28,559 25,096 59,119	534,155 122,962 87,118 134,471 81,771	889,147 226,812 144,588 206,849 126,427	1,198,352 294,620 214,668 178,078 130,824	6,596,741 1,100,628 698,305 407,569 457,848	5,974,084 443,404 324,967 126,982 403,595	14,297,755 864,319 974,975 330,660 1,018,876	2,727,235 354,920 229,048 47,172 182,084	9,351,861 3,087,030 2,788,486 455,940 754,737
Investments. Aprital assets less reserves. Cotal assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable. Capital stock.	491,783 41,831,911 6,545,547 5,520,289 2,021,908 3,146,549 1,361,550 3,170,684	102,197 22,293 33,038 75,068 138,689 10,100 19,248	160,384 28,559 25,096 59,119 29,076 10,077 24,120	534,155 122,962 87,118 134,471 81,771 31,980 82,848	889,147 226,812 144,588 206,849	1,198,352 294,620 214,668 178,078 130,824 53,463	6,596,741 1,100,628 698,305 407,569 457,848 126,772	5,974,084 443,404 324,967 126,982 403,595 59,408	14,297,755 864,319 974,975 330,660 1,018,876 137,162	2,727,235 354,920 229,048 47,172 182,084 51,626	9,351,861 3,087,030 2,788,486 455,940 754,737 814,227
Appital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Appital stock. A	491,783 41,831,911 6,545,547 5,520,289 2,021,908 3,146,549 1,361,550 3,170,684 503,656	102,197 22,293 33,038 75,068 138,689 10,100 19,248 66	160,384 28,559 25,096 59,119 29,076 10,077 24,120 4,255	534,155 122,962 87,118 134,471 81,771 31,980 82,848 15,762	889,147 226,812 144,588 206,849 126,427 66,735 142,505 28,957	1,198,352 294,620 214,668 178,078 130,824	6,596,741 1,100,628 698,305 407,569 457,848	5,974,084 443,404 324,967 126,982 403,595 59,408 322,828	14,297,755 864,319 974,975 330,660 1,018,876 137,162 765,137	2,727,235 354,920 229,048 47,172 182,084 51,626 155,565	9,351,861 3,087,030 2,788,486 455,940 754,737 814,227 1,068,279
Investments. Aprital assets less reserves. Cotal assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable. Capital stock.	491,783 41,831,911 6,545,547 5,520,289 2,021,908 3,146,549 1,361,550 3,170,684	102,197 22,293 33,038 75,068 138,689 10,100 19,248	160,384 28,559 25,096 59,119 29,076 10,077 24,120	534,155 122,962 87,118 134,471 81,771 31,980 82,848	889,147 226,812 144,588 206,849 126,427 66,735 142,505	1,198,352 294,620 214,668 178,078 130,824 53,463 134,436	6,596,741 1,100,628 698,305 407,569 457,848 126,772 455,718	5,974,084 443,404 324,967 126,982 403,595 59,408	14,297,755 864,319 974,975 330,660 1,018,876 137,162	2,727,235 354,920 229,048 47,172 182,084 51,626	9,351,861 3,087,030 2,788,486 455,940 754,737 814,227

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LCSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

	·			. ,	Tota	l assets class	es				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
FINANCE: HOLDING AND OTHER INVESTMENT COMPANIES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	6,059	2,168	701	923	557	633	736	142	159	26	14
					(1	housand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	462,331 616,608 2,711 10,779,924 411,399 12,402,972 554,544 1,343,453	6,360 4,661 - 22,212 6,204 41,131 10,361 1,672	5,367 4,884 - 34,570 5,287 52,334 9,727 1,341	11,165 24,000 - 101,845 10,807 152,412 13,180 11,165	18,536 12,638 - 138,433 19,678 195,918 17,355 14,118	25,530 36,562 - 333,202 45112 451,806 31,934 49,349	85,865 113,570 - 1,259,950 96,220 1,589,422 64,672 99,435	39,231 20,280 - 910,392 42,080 1,029,109 66,877 176,415	132,562 275,417 44 2,822,954 61,677 3,315,844 190,054 366,097	70,426 75,026 2,667 1,586,412 98,137 1,849,016 30,129 235,913	67,289 49,570 - 3,569,954 26,197 3,725,980 120,255 387,948
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	3,914,785 6,005,240 74,284 1,100,615 803,467 801,941 84,390 643,716	58,556 133,721 89 9,834 2,824 2,814 618 2,524	21,139 15,258 171 5,872 3,235 3,234 600 1,916	71,435 51,988 127 12,784 7,367 7,338 1,501 5,622	103,858 51,440 702 27,990 13,888 13,879 3,669 11,340	153,111 205,926 522 33,100 20,460 20,327 1,682 16,799	685,428 679,025 3,143 173,093 120,322 119,920 14,501 87,393	219,675 508,176 3,070 80,634 56,838 56,683 4,982 38,338	1,005,334 1,537,730 13,071 278,812 233,397 232,995 19,019 187,142	353,776 1,062,764 4,825 177,906 146,146 146,108 11,304 123,382	1,242,473 1,926,654 48,564 300,590 198,990 198,643 26,514 169,260
FINANCE: SECURITY AND COMMODITY-EXCHANGE BROKERS AND DEALERS											
Number of returns with balance sheets	1,559	717	235	260	98	112 Thousand dollars)	102	14	15	1	5
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable. Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts.	113,851 423,543 1,468,070 35,903 2,137,265 1,032,484 289,528 125,689 198,986 121,981	4,184 2,543 3,716 1,096 13,140 4,278 1,372 7,187 1331 8,881 12,458	4,073 6,740 5,668 651 17,436 8,126 882 5,961 1,624 5,609 9,497 2155	. 11,394 13,038 12,949 1,290 39,857 17,381 3,688 9,461 16,164 23,659 841	7,687 7,686 16,479 1,471 34,226 12,289 2,123 6,614 9,333 17,514 23,214	10,846 25,484 34,441 1,739 75,175 43,377 3,225 12,064 12,433 12,720 24,698	21,214 52,296 129,718 7,429 216,663 87,363 58,726 21,707 38,402 31,201 57,544 8,323	6,356 13,616 66,051 3,428 91,610 49,141 6,611 11,625 17,904 3,713	26,370 31,940 15,22 265,436 18,370 369,428 175,430 47,554 32,204 75,840 26,053 51,369 10,188	3,383 25,615 30,330 112 59,520 20,264 6,169 9,955 9,378 1,932	18,344 244,585 903,282 317 1,220,210 614,835 165,347 12,697 26,145 126 27,593 10,282
Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	39,105 36,092 13,549 8,769	200 186 294 10	2177 2177 92 63	841 793 496 295	1,001 827 516 206	3,495 3,107 1,120 598	8,323 7,161 2,709 1,991	2,998 2,532 946 718	9,679 2,478 1,629	1,932 1,867 534 390	10,282 10,117 4,364 2,869
TOTAL INSURANCE CARRIERS ⁴ AND AGENTS Number of returns with balance sheets	10,732	5,237	1,571	1,506	666	408	641	212	311	78	102
					(Thousand dollars)		1		T-	т.
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total labilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	2,918,045 778,080 11,224 89,131,091 875,735 98,353,142 587,994 52,228	26,237 45,128 - 7,048 16,513 99,920 46,985 5,918	25,316 47,110 - 11,004 22,055 112,872 52,391 4,672	58,470 103,673 - 43,798 23,728 241,538 105,464 5,311	63,977 54,570 80,408 25,794 239,235 74,068 5,333	54,757 33,553 - 161,035 21,555 287,941 35,227 4,935	236,891 90,237 39 987,706 76,006 1,507,671 121,473 5,402	156,920 10,759 - 1,161,862 48,614 1,522,370 11,285	468,377 69,010 17 5,664,965 127,084 6,896,552 84,672 13,507	222,058 10,964 4,798,886 69,584 5,540,965 6,207 3,245	1,605,042 313,076 11,168 76,214,379 444,802 81,904,078 50,222 3,905
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	1,407,275 8,469,485 6,849,035 10,093,336 3,164,446 3,078,301 429,409 267,809	27,853 19,950 103,938 105,833 5,912 5,911 2,350 1,378	24,146 18,620 80,735 82,966 8,498 8,496 2,590 1,523	31,490 60,555 146,238 150,132 14,496 14,471 6,266 3,852	38,775 56,498 105,457 110,151 14,076 13,979 5,970 3,505	42,264 199,473 88,870 97,292 27,229 27,499 4,484 2,946	143,534 422,617 403,372 445,049 52,943 50,621 20,672 11,205	94,528 357,489 379,852 425,303 47,313 43,231 12,503 8,965	257,847 1,361,243 1,438,676 1,638,383 232,219 217,600 61,718 41,276	162,678 870,412 1,042,363 1,213,570 190,485 182,728 41,889 37,978	584,160 5,531,474 3,059,534 5,824,657 2,605,733 2,548,763 270,967 155,181

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	al assets class	ies				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
INSURANCE CARRIERS ⁴	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	2,261	172	64	215	276	292	549	209	304	78	102
					(1	Thousand dollars)		.			
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	2,684,698 326,851	1,404 20	1,858	9,786 -	24,618 137	41,466 323	187,734 375 39	152,621	438,111 1,956 12	222,058 10,964	1,605,042 313,076
Inventories	11,219 88,966,893	1,781	1,667	19,594	57,759	141,517	940,883	1,161,260	5,629,167	4,798,886	11,168 76,214,379
Capital assets less reserves	766,8 8 4 97,345,325	197 3,938	209 4,861	1,951 35,579	8,254 100,528	11,459 209,812	65,487 1,303,392	44,391 1,501,859	120,550 6,740,313	69,584 5,540,965	444,802 81,904,078
Accounts and notes payable	58,618	_	-	-	-		274	-	1,915	6,207	50,222
Bonds and mortgages payable	14,998	-	-	-	-	-	101	-	7,747	3,245	3,905
Capital stock	1,259,213 8,282,245	803 116,251	472 1291	7,424 10,777	17,646 30,141	29,873 1218,081	125,615 379,420	91,666 352,167	238,876 1,342,477	162,678 870,412	584,160 5,531,474
Gross sales and gross receipts from operations	6,192,610	1,685	901	13,183	17,525	38,570	291,820	349,552	1,377,477	1,042,363	3,059,534
Total compiled receipts	9,418,264	1,887	1,260	14,102	20,287	45,058	330,478	394,975	1,571,990	1,213,570	5,824,657
Compiled net profit or net loss	3,096,844 3,010,744	² 61 ² 62	61 59	1,820 1,797	2,552 2,490	² 13,710 ² 13,980	42,200 39,879	45,949 41,867	221,815 207,203	190,485 182,728	2,605,733 2,548,763
Total tax.	400,840	15	27	546	804	1,577	15,220	11,795	58,000	41,889	270,967
Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock	248,206	2	2	342	814	1,506	8,128	8,548	35,705	37,978	155,181
INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS											
Number of returns with balance sheets	8,471	5,065	1,507	1,291	390	116	92	3	7	_	_
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				(1	Thousand dollars)	<u></u>			L	<u>'</u>
Cash	233,347	24,833	23,458	48,684	39,359	13,291	49,157	4,299	30,266	_	
Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	451 , 229	45,108	47,110	103,673	54,433	33,230	89,862	10,759	67,054 5	-	_
Investments	164,198	5,267	9,337	24,204	22,649	19,518	46,823	602	35,798	-	-
Capital assets less reserves	108,851 1,007,817	16,316 95,982	21,846 108,011	21,777 205,959	17,540 138,707	10,096 78,129	10,519 204,279	4,223 20,511	6,534	-	-
Accounts and notes payable	529,376	46,985	52,391	105,464	74,068	35,227	121,199	11,285	156,239 82,757	1 -	[
Bonds and mortgages payable	37,230	5,918	4,672	5,311	5,333	4,935	5,301	- 1	5,760	-	-
Capital stock.	148,062	27,050	23,674	24,066	21,129	12,391	17,919	2,862	18,971	-	-
Surplus and undivided profits less deficit	187,240 656,425	6,301 102,253	18,911 79,834	49,778 133,055	26,357 87,932	18,608 50,300	43,197 111,552	5,322 30,300	18,766 61,199	_	1 :
Total compiled receipts	675,072	103,946	81,706	136,030	89,864	52,234	114,571	30,328	66,393	_] -
Commodiled net profit or net loss.	67,602	5,973	8,437	12,676	11,524	6,481	10,743	1,364	10,404	-	-
Net income or deficit	67,557 28,569	5,973 2,335	8,437 2,563	12,674 5,720	11,489 5,166	6,481 2,907	10,742 5,452	1,364 708	10,397 3,718	_	-
Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock	19,603	1,376	1,521	3,510	2,691	1,440	3,077	417	5,571	-	
REAL ESTATE, EXCEPT LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY OTHER THAN BUILDINGS											
Number of returns with balance sheets	118,858	46,148	24,739	28,606	10,729	5,237	3,096	209	87	6	1
					(1	Thousand dollars)					
Cash	1,178,027	118,390	130,238	252,942	187,370	151,845	222,671	49,375	52,095	10,903	2,198
Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	1,955,674 1,565	117,912	169,753	397,912	308,574 145	305,132	455 ,30 5 220	87,378 85	104,554 913	7,189 41	1,965 159
Investments	4,903,667	119,765	247,848	716,410	686,478	759,026	1,334,947	468,989	375,311	156,392	38,501
Capital assets less reserves	15,320,543	693,109	1,181,789	3,039,688	2,418,104	2,263,875	3,704,275	775,648	918,436	218,745	106,874
Total assets—Total liabilities	24,139,479 2,498,891	1,096,585 207,969	1,780,840 241,005	4,523,924 549,561	3,727,951 433,028	3,582,334 348,119	5,942,634	1,422,719	1,503,766	405,754	152,972
Bonds and mortgages payable.	12,500,843	354,085	675,445	2,033,217	1,853,801	1,940,796	464,634 3,582,219	135,807 829,250	105,239 859,675	10,138 263,122	3,391 109,233
Capital stock	3,982,707	400,110	430,899	905,767	591,683	533,867	710,307	169,553	199,918	21,802	18,801
Surplus and undivided profits less deficit	3,678,198 1,512,382	41,699 127,149	301,077 81,418	732,395 188,649	606,683 169,686	535,400 187,061	880,531 385,070	226,664 134,449	265,449 178,855	79,036 54,909	9,264
Total compiled receipts	4,478,439	393,754	416,138	911,638	683,980	614,377	917,720	198,570	248,874	78,442	5,136 14,946
Compiled net profit or net loss	725,909	45,648	77,433	178,688	117,278	101,082	125,398	32,247	35,321	12,275	539
Net income or deficit	724,668 290,285	45,484 17,952	77,425 26,354	178,656 61,008	117,228 42,406	100,993 40,227	124,834 63,345	32,114 16,690	35,250 17,176	12,145	539 132
Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock	152,738	9,739	12,300	25,131	19,564	28,185	35,585	8,630	10,735	4,995 2,491	378

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	l assets class	es				 _
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY, EXCEPT BUILDINGS	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	4,705	2,307	791	663	346	220	220	73	70	9	6
					(1	housand dollars)					
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	104,296 102,953 435	7,282 3,184	4,981 4,287	9,108 9,813	9,558 8,799	12,215 9,052 2	20,497 17,635	9,223 13,333	25,654 32,110 433	4,092 4,488	1,686 252
Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	387,233 3,484,060 4,182,613 143,713 1,666,663	5,173 28,188 44,822 6,382 6,153	8,111 36,308 55,593 4,067 7,822	14,918 68,380 106,771 9,894 28,246	29,516 71,541 126,024 17,701 25,061	28,273 96,350 152,680 30,202 45,248	90,179 295,998 437,021 18,046 151,961	54,265 411,440 496,970 16,652 240,540	77,191 1,127,244 1,302,423 32,728 477,415	17,259 575,477 612,536 7,798 365,742	62,348 773,134 847,773 243 318,475
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	1,394,624 801,662 1,916 360,346 141,389 141,184 69,986 81,794	72,714 142,652 10,232 3,534 3,533 1,448 2,605	38,519 2,245 - 7,824 3,060 3,060 1,313 1,913	60,718 4,512 - 15,955 6,009 6,009 2,564 5,342	69,449 13,069 25,199 11,564 11,557 5,184 7,093	61,483 5,894 67 23,379 9,488 9,481 4,432 5,303	112,345 114,905 50,801 20,714 20,635 9,494 9,769	110,054 117,402 780 56,131 14,886 14,876 7,069 16,765	274,661 475,270 1,069 105,670 41,875 41,782 22,939 26,802	151,735 55,650 - 32,678 14,885 14,885 7,598 4,911	442,946 71,505 - 32,477 15,374 15,366 7,945 1,291
TOTAL SERVICES	01,794	2,603	1,913	7,542	7,093	7,505	3,703	10,700	20,002	7,711	2,22
Number of returns with balance sheets	56,473	33,989	9,303	7,976	2,743	1,342	948	113	47	5	7
					(1	Thousand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	1,110,022 1,309,455 551,487 1,468,661 4,652,483 9,470,813 1,543,072 2,132,674	97,978 110,595 36,940 26,840 293,999 607,685 173,509 108,290	86,211 114,898 31,560 36,015 349,004 659,796 132,129 119,005	139,093 180,734 50,296 82,354 718,992 1,231,303 229,606 269,816	112,662 157,300 47,778 86,257 504,501 954,272 164,151 211,552	103,201 124,163 40,139 124,140 534,753 961,084 186,648 275,239	224,752 270,917 62,819 272,416 1,039,676 1,941,084 327,589 517,299	93,500 87,631 18,365 198,615 326,520 743,922 100,758 143,800	125,385 160,926 119,891 138,224 361,464 942,244 138,593 177,252	20,250 32,283 34,366 49,244 201,850 344,993 19,677 121,482	106,990 70,008 109,333 454,556 321,724 1,084,430 70,412 188,939
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	1,961,502 2,896,573 11,317,399 11,815,007 606,558 606,161 318,177 157,325	250,407 14,483 1,528,374 1,575,060 6,564 6,561 12,916 4,377	194,836 146,733 1,109,340 1,154,012 38,147 38,139 15,356 6,586	303,825 311,778 1,686,541 1,757,085 59,021 26,921 11,450	208,508 277,362 1,235,855 1,280,169 59,899 59,890 28,308 12,383	179,575 233,809 993,414 1,078,501 52,136 52,108 27,304 9,709	325,450 562,414 2,145,256 2,212,853 151,185 150,937 80,938 34,453	137,760 295,256 809,561 836,803 66,528 66,458 35,142 16,356	166,057 310,571 1,045,415 1,076,005 87,405 87,385 51,344 19,463	35,571 154,532 163,785 180,751 26,301 26,301 13,902 5,849	159,513 608,601 599,858 663,768 59,361 59,361 26,046 36,699
SERVICES: HOTELS AND OTHER LODGING PLACES	6 262	2.160	1,242	1,445	588	440	338	32	7	2	1
Number of returns with balance sheets	6,263	2,168	1,242	1,447		Thousand dollars)	738		<u> </u>	<u></u>	
Cash	150,359	4,895	5,729	15,356	13,452	23,347	48,900	15,557	5,560	7,984	9,579
Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	150,359 101,655 38,953 200,445 1,587,414 2,148,521 259,827 837,682	4,895 2,773 1,293 33,290 45,513 10,685 15,233	5,729 (5,192 1,523 2,384 70,016 90,728 16,487 33,044	15,356 10,454 4,069 11,399 187,687 239,605 30,989 89,610	13,452 12,604 3,735 16,922 151,118 205,226 33,078 80,381	29,347 19,021 4,707 23,077 241,507 320,080 39,497 142,307	48,900 31,671 13,726 49,268 550,106 715,892 86,188 284,521	7,022 5,301 29,565 148,949 211,136 33,440 71,429	4,080 2,437 8,977 67,233 90,089 2,521 50,777	5,467 1,240 19,669 82,423 121,222 4,271 40,279	3,371 1,442 37,891 55,085 109,030
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	439,492 462,129 1,579,719 1,706,473 83,688 83,656 45,579 20,600	17,576 14,016 76,131 91,372 21,538 21,538 420 384	33,599 11,334 82,200 98,527 716 716 824 413	63,800 38,268 194,041 220,032 4,803 4,803 2,522 904	46,412 29,738 158,235 169,864 5,233 5,233 2,902 1,739	70,098 53,474 202,777 216,434 8,889 8,874 4,746 1,750	126,384 170,899 535,199 554,450 29,969 29,962 16,238 6,990	35,498 56,512 145,630 152,090 8,661 8,651 4,895 2,038	3,199 24,713 52,740 54,996 4,304 4,304 2,046	16,909 54,986 72,093 83,046 12,819 12,819 6,681 4,364	26,017 38,889 60,673 65,662 9,832 9,832 4,305 1,940

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	l assets class	es				
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
SERVICES: PERSONAL SERVICES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets.	11,631	7,183	2,137	1,598	498	147	63	1	4	-	-
					(1	housand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	108,702 143,167 70,576 75,880 534,416 993,807 167,210 144,291	18,324 23,051 7,648 6,683 82,839 148,108 36,509 30,692	15,479 25,646 8,439 7,953 85,386 152,575 29,486 26,630	26,394 34,547 16,459 16,999 137,269 247,652 42,409 30,730	18,227 24,939 10,477 15,016 93,022 170,959 24,307 20,180	10,706 14,498 6,928 11,613 50,388 100,843 14,898 13,047	11,446 14,335 8,519 14,339 50,796 106,260 12,273 19,929	517 204 267 309 4,415 5,919 160 520	7,609 5,947 11,839 2,968 30,301 61,491 7,168 2,563	- - - - -	- - - - -
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total·compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	277,419 314,634 1,806,134 1,825,868 62,788 62,785 30,396 12,323	60,516 4,898 366,769 369,085 3,419 3,418 2,503 699	48,186 35,195 308,928 311,652 4,863 4,863 2,404 1,080	65,066 90,423 430,267 435,790 15,283 15,282 5,425 3,172	45,351 67,641 278,699 282,427 10,860 10,860 4,662 1,769	19,292 40,838 162,004 163,718 6,121 6,120 3,324 2,112	21,913 43,091 153,334 155,571 9,104 9,095 4,501 1,279	3,569 1,408 6,844 6,953 347 347 168 67	13,526 31,140 99,289 100,672 12,801 12,800 7,409 2,145	-	- - - - - -
SERVICES: BUSINESS SERVICES											
Number of returns with balance sheets	12,951	8,302	2,024	1,522	515	307	223	41	14	2	1
					(1	Thousand dollars)					
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	335,104 533,209 64,842 462,036 674,760 2,162,746 463,478 301,214	27,433 33,546 4,501 7,399 52,432 134,003 39,539 17,788	27,213 41,015 5,177 6,913 48,313 140,381 30,691 14,192	37,202 66,280 8,487 21,269 89,207 233,536 61,859 32,521	33,059 51,664 8,367 19,351 57,889 180,242 40,600 28,075	33,003 49,044 6,902 47,437 66,581 212,079 46,130 36,812	74,525 140,460 13,783 98,252 108,511 452,685 129,396 64,043	31,463 51,977 3,954 114,544 53,872 262,598 49,323 33,156	48,212 73,140 11,329 41,385 88,084 278,787 52,441 8,871	2,040 20,026 2,336 10,901 107,018 143,088 12,239 64,280	20,954 6,057 6 94,585 2,853 125,347 1,260
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	419,460 700,629 3,284,035 3,411,720 202,908 202,754 100,520 50,231	54,241 3,806 369,294 379,206 5,506 5,506 3,927 1,011	37,943 38,798 275,514 284,683 12,558 12,557 4,674 1,598	55,337 54,365 438,603 451,962 19,371 19,362 8,166 2,666	35,841 54,784 337,681 345,389 17,986 17,981 8,244 5,289	42,697 55,180 271,166 323,515 16,017 16,013 8,356 3,090	58,952 133,321 750,389 767,486 53,095 52,996 27,232 14,077	35,436 129,210 386,721 392,345 24,476 24,440 12,571 7,116	68,385 87,186 368,575 373,473 33,230 33,230 19,037 8,832	2,681 59,919 55,643 56,553 8,977 8,977 4,627	27,947 84,060 30,449 37,108 11,692 11,692 3,686 6,552
SERVICES: AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SERVICES AND GARAGES Number of returns with balance sheets	5,690	3,736	732	759	274	122	63	3	1	_	_
				<u> </u>	(1	housand dollars)					
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	48,219 67,549 28,474 40,501 381,713 595,719 132,305 184,682	10,547 15,172 7,144 2,316 28,582 70,295 20,369 11,557	5,452 10,501 4,501 1,309 26,247 51,745 11,151 8,874	10,146 13,851 6,027 5,638 72,830 114,416 25,570 34,243	7,183 9,415 5,830 6,490 61,193 95,886 16,026 28,857	5,545 8,146 2,929 6,964 64,296 89,653 26,430 31,843	5,900 8,069 1,601 11,922 93,862 125,721 25,245 53,734	1,008 969 48 1,609 14,143 18,049 1,469 4,958	2,438 1,426 394 4,253 20,560 29,954 6,045 10,616	- - - - - -	- - - - - -
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	100,146 140,982 615,171 660,762 30,640 30,616 12,559 3,631	23,683 7,099 174,828 180,298 1,844 1,844 1,443	10,831 16,907 79,193 85,145 4,683 4,682 1,678 203	18,256 29,378 103,759 112,576 6,759 6,759 2,333 867	14,268 28,966 97,121 106,671 7,250 7,250 2,751 541	7,728 19,648 60,131 67,881 3,596 3,596 1,608	16,766 25,247 79,765 85,669 5,188 5,183 2,059	4,728 6,041 7,282 8,937 1,519 1,519 687 114	3,886 7,696 13,092 13,585 2199 2217 648		- - - - -

Table 5.—SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS, BY TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES AND MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS—Continued

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

	Total assets classes											
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more	
SERVICES: MISCELLANEOUS REPAIR SERVICES, HAND TRADES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
Number of returns with balance sheets	3,493	2,754	451	183	65	24	14	-	2			
					(1	housand dollars)					,	
Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	27,385 66,272 48,607 5,322 52,133 205,680 50,286 21,088	6,501 11,565 10,723 910 13,483 45,639 13,144 4,565	3,547 8,582 6,170 275 11,456 30,814 6,267 3,917	3,338 7,681 5,701 985 8,985 27,576 4,524 3,698	2,371 6,261 5,612 1,143 6,156 22,171 4,981 1,141	2,232 3,973 3,914 716 5,234 16,478 6,501 316	1,956 18,831 5,615 164 2,383 29,399 6,402 3,175	11111	7,440 9,379 10,872 1,125 4,436 33,603 8,467 4,276	- - - - - -	-	
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Cross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	50,040 47,932 454,526 458,533 13,064 13,064 8,107 757	22;233 1474 127,886 127,824 21,067 818 132	8,794 8,458 69,280 69,998 1,928 802 149	7,978 8,218 63,257 63,762 2,433 2,433 1,011	5,218 8,077 44,616 45,089 1,692 1,692 867 159	3,393 4,372 35,425 35,642 2,106 2,106 1,232 192	2,373 5,684 38,951 40,171 1,554 1,554 850	- - - - -	51 13,597 75,911 76,047 4,418 4,418 2,527	- - - - - -	-	
SERVICES: MOTION PICTURES Number of returns with balance sheets	5,656	2,482	1,321	1,208	375	134	101	14	15	1	5	
Number of returns with balance sheets	3,030	2,402	1,524	1,200	<u> </u>	Thousand dollars)		1	I	I		
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	228,075 217,047 262,729 530,109 850,377 2,159,175 289,506 474,583	8,967 7,948 1,398 2,456 25,459 50,612 15,929 11,733	12,009 10,369 2,258 9,601 55,340 94,796 21,743 17,239	19,179 20,862 3,780 11,993 111,564 174,122 30,061 46,719	16,246 23,476 8,677 10,441 65,764 130,928 24,038 29,086	10,797 13,872 10,030 15,964 48,258 102,099 31,119 25,326	19,035 24,778 14,647 43,861 90,325 200,366 35,829 53,095	12,264 15,448 1,558 23,184 39,818 95,148 8,287 26,051	81,706 71,855	10,226 6,790 30,790 18,674 12,409 80,683 3,167 16,923	60,580 107,885 322,080 263,786 850,053	
Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	369,763 859,648 1,825,336 1,950,210 92,937 92,927 51,027 45,360	19,608 14,599 125,368 130,888 71 69 1,051 1,125	23,587 24,832 111,356 116,853 3,629 3,629 1,826 1,740	38,443 46,852 171,823 179,388 6,779 6,779 3,608 1,961	26,675 35,199 114,142 121,391 5,272 5,272 3,256 890	13,384 25,311 83,581 88,727 3,062 3,061 1,855 1,106	42,853 53,125 205,133 216,792 6,685 6,679 4,262 1,301	15,073 34,788 112,857 119,069 7,554 7,554 4,041 2,410	118,861 356,291 374,952 17,543 17,542 10,479	39,627 36,049 41,152 4,505 4,505 2,594	560,998 37,837 37,837 18,055	
SERVICES: AMUSEMENT, EXCEPT MOTION PICTURES Number of returns with balance sheets	5,164	3,502	675	682	132	77	79	16	1	_	_	
			L	l,	(Thousand dollars)		l				
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable.	105,292 41,301 9,697 69,041 363,294 616,260 87,328 107,715	8,532 4,916 1,456 2,100 34,052 55,067 21,615 11,090	6,568 4,672 989 2,908 30,054 47,286 9,825 8,011	12,030 10,962 2,736 6,591 63,898 101,640 19,434 19,779	4,637 1,353 2,260 28,951 46,783 7,957	4,248 887 4,271 37,527	39,345 5,090 779 27,120 109,546 189,199 15,545 34,952	6,407 467 22,676 54,079 108,591 3,131	369 1,030 1,115 5,187 10,293	-	-	
Capital stock Surplus and undivided profits less deficit Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	185,729 164,398 752,962 779,155 64,310 64,285 35,714 14,809	27,348 *13,151 130,760 134,856 *847 2847 1,195	18,479 7,473 66,832 68,719 4,048 4,042 1,269 618	34,615 18,308 119,705 124,885 2,552 2,551 1,621	10,523 49,945 50,790 3,133 3,133 1,767	10,117 16,059 68,182 70,771 6,141 6,141 2,867	41,076 73,016 211,745 217,503 27,289 27,282 15,395 6,658	50,466 94,822 100,600 19,201 19,190 10,159	1,704 10,971 11,031 2,793 2,793 1,441		-	

RETURNS, SELECTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND RECEIPTS, COMPILED NET PROFIT OR NET LOSS, NET INCOME OR DEFI CIT, TOTAL TAX, AND DIVIDENDS PAID

					Tota	al assets class	ses				·
Major industrial groups, selected items	Total	Under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$250,000	\$250,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	\$100,000,000 or more
OTHER SERVICES, INCLUDING SCHOOLS	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of returns with balance sheets	5,625	3,862	721	579	296	91	67	6	3	_	_
					(1	Thousand dollars)	·		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total liabilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable. Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	106,886 139,255 27,609 85,327 208,376 588,905 93,132 61,419 119,453 206,221 999,516 1,022,286 56,213 56,074 34,275 9,614	12,779 11,624 3,297 3,683 23,862 58,448 15,719 5,632 25,202 1,954 158,138 161,531 62,202 2824 1,559 248	10,214 8,921 2,503 4,672 22,192 51,471 6,479 7,098 13,417 116,404 116,037 118,435 5,722 5,722 1,879 785	15,448 16,097 3,037 7,476 47,552 92,756 14,760 25,966 165,086 165,086 1,052 1,052 2,235 746	15,244 24,304 3,727 14,634 40,408 102,077 13,164 14,605 19,640 42,434 155,416 8,473 8,469 3,859 1,339	9,808 11,361 3,842 14,098 20,962 62,451 12,523 8,487 12,866 18,927 110,148 111,813 6,204 6,197 3,316 638	23,645 27,683 4,149 27,490 34,147 121,562 16,711 3,850 15,133 58,031 170,740 175,211 18,301 18,186 10,401 3,542	10,877 5,604 6,770 6,728 11,244 42,481 4,948 131 10,965 16,831 55,405 56,809 4,770 4,757 2,621 691	8,871 33,661 284 6,546 8,009 57,659 8,828 9,100 1,900 23,674 68,546 71,249 12,515 12,515 8,405 1,625		-
NATURE OF BUSINESS NOT ALLOCABLE Number of returns with balance sheets	4,867	4,009	404	298	69	47	38	2	_	_	_
	•	<u> </u>			(1	[Thousand dollars)				l	<u> </u>
Cash. Notes and accounts receivable less reserve. Inventories. Investments. Capital assets less reserves. Total assets—Total labilities. Accounts and notes payable. Bonds and mortgages payable. Capital stock. Surplus and undivided profits less deficit. Gross sales and gross receipts from operations. Total compiled receipts. Compiled net profit or net loss. Net income or deficit. Total tax. Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock.	28,689 67,436 9,281 54,840 92,515 262,313 61,806 30,603 144,512 86,829 93,043 22,956 22,967 4,059 800	8,337 12,697 1,503 3,719 10,241 39,172 14,839 7,491 56,997 144,170 16,689 23,314 435 435	5,222 8,185 1,770 3,754 7,883 28,186 7,179 3,898 21,885 17,868 18,467 19,770 217 278 119	6,443 13,794 373 7,806 15,551 45,786 9,488 6,105 19,574 6,574 14,208 15,405 54 895 62	973 4,435 1,065 6,059 7,533 22,208 7,421 7,307 29,011 123,822 5,932 6,863 3394 2394 148	4,205 2,081 859 5,632 25,823 39,484 2,011 1,767 10,833 23,743 10,032 11,314 827 825 825 246	3,329 17,008 3,520 22,195 25,455 72,024 20,034 4,035 41,326 3,488 17,440 17,699 24,79 24,88 1,783	180 9,236 191 5,675 29 15,453 834 - 9,877 12,457 5,300 5,303 367 367 274		-	-

¹Surplus deficit.

²Loss or deficit.

³Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in each total.

⁴For treatment of life insurance companies, see text, pp. 9-10.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table 6.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID-ALL RETURNS, BY NET INCOME AND DEFICIT CLASSES AND INDUSTRIAL DIVISIONS

			Returns wit		Returns	with no net	income		
				Taxes		Dividends			Dividends
Industrial divisions and net income and deficit classes	Number of returns	Net income	Total tax	Income tax	Excess profits tax ¹ (Thousand	paid in cash and assets other than own stock (Thousand	Number of returns	Deficit (Thousand	paid in cash and assets other than own stock (Thousand dollars)
	(1)	dollars) (2)	dollars)	dollars) (4)	dollars)	dollars) (6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
ALL INDUSTRIAL DIVISIONS Under \$5,000 under \$10,000. \$10,000 under \$15,000. \$15,000 under \$20,000. \$20 000 under \$25,000. \$25,000 under \$25,000.	213,914 61,496 36,236 26,653 26,419 32,019	346,294 444,201 446,043 463,245 595,915 1,107,461	85,391 119,433 123,212 130,460 172,023 381,377	85,375 119,394 123,117 130,326 171,245 362,399	16 39 95 134 778 18,978	55,401 59,607 61,573 58,665 69,567 185,838	186,394 28,882 12,616 7,390 4,672 9,392	222,500 205,177 154,845 127,467 104,464 322,582	39,841 9,743 7,060 3,720 26,687 24,272
\$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	18,820 13,789 5,397 3,059 2,990 463 512	1,320,177 2,136,675 1,878,541 2,129,879 6,282,785 3,225,102 21,443,127	559,148 1,003,341 926,166 1,051,422 3,157,933 1,639,517 10,519,497	526,432 943,640 864,793 977,973 2,919,872 1,500,636 9,530,294	32,716 59,701 61,373 73,449 238,061 138,881 989,203	234,183 461,163 390,029 482,557 1,702,705 964,697 6,696,639	3,999 2,026 518 195 111 8	274,686 302,314 174,295 132,234 196,392 49,677 68,125	10,521 19,294 14,901 5,917 12,441 1,513 2,223
Total	441,767	41,819,445	² 19,869,049	² 18,255,625	1,613,424	11,422,624	256,208	2,334,758	178,133
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERY									
Under \$5,000. \$5,000 under \$10,000. \$10,000 under \$15,000. \$15,000 under \$20,000. \$20,000 under \$25,000. \$25,000 under \$50,000.	2,315 801 458 281 347 377	3,940 5,870 5,668 4,867 7,904 12,688	852 1,400 1,399 1,237 2,236 3,609	852 1,400 1,399 1,237 2,224 3,429	- - - 12 180	1,123 798 594 829 1,244 1,656	2,578 591 310 256 142 330	3,794 4,374 3,709 4,386 3,184 10,878	1,435 108 - 91 33 83
\$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	221 116 27 12 7	15,040 17,782 9,550 7,817 18,117	5,819 7,517 4,088 3,583 8,615 - 32,484	5,515 7,138 3,941 3,491 8,412 -	304 379 147 92 203	1,567 3,218 1,632 2,104 1,359 - 30,712	130 71 19 14 1	9,308 10,222 6,355 11,307 1,387	137 197 408 - -
Total	4,963	180,926	72,839	71,522	1,317	46,836	4,442	68,904	2,492
MINING AND QUARRYING Under \$5,000. \$5,000 under \$10,000. \$10,000 under \$15,000. \$15,000 under \$25,000. \$20,000 under \$25,000. \$25,000 under \$50,000.	1,441 600 405 249 246 429	2,527 4,436 5,187 4,281 5,543 15,390	532 1,152 1,292 1,098 1,555 5,201	532 1,152 1,292 1,098 1,548 4,834	(3) 367	1,012 2,189 3,599 2,349 1,776 6,363	2,525 554 327 244 189 457	3,452 3,851 4,141 4,154 4,388 16,221	433 1,194 1,165 681 214 1,108
\$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000. \$10,000,000 or more	303 293 131 77 75 7	22,114 45,327 44,625 54,131 169,762 51,608 676,274	9,043 20,260 19,769 25,898 78,415 23,981 325,155	8,669 19,514 18,919 24,556 75,614 22,710 310,777	374 746 850 1,342 2,801 1,271 14,378	8,931 14,541 24,319 38,223 114,998 16,764 400,772	272 207 72 11 17	17,987 29,926 22,488 7,967 32,424 9,073	1,251 1,389 1,948 800 3,368
Total	4,271	1,101,205	513,351	491,215	22,136	635,836	4,876	156,072	13,551
CONSTRUCTION Under \$5,000 \$5,000 under \$10,000. \$15,000 under \$15,000. \$25,000 under \$25,000. \$20,000 under \$25,000.	9,700 2,936 1,889 1,453 1,891 1,668	16,019 21,076 - 23,323 25,206 42,851 57,679	3,835 5,338 6,342 7,102 12,360 19,467	3,835 5,338 6,339 7,097 12,305 18,248	(3) (3) (3) 55 1,219	958 965 1,037 1,379 1,516 5,465	9,203 1,761 841 472 311 507	12,001 12,738 10,364 8,109 6,986 16,962	1,155 179 86 16 17 74
\$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000. \$10,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	941 588 197 85 48 9	66,243 89,140 65,469 57,534 91,052 56,135 14,586	27,524 43,863 31,809 30,034 45,419 32,069 8,259	25,277 40,448 29,991 27,191 40,978 28,233 7,541	2,247 3,415 1,818 2,843 4,441 3,836 718	4,745 9,746 8,014 7,751 15,546 13,723 2,548	223 107 21 13 1	15,402 14,928 6,863 7,877 1,025	130 63 299 9 - -
Total	21,406	626,313	273,421	252,821	20,600	73,393	13,460	113,255	2,028
MANUFACTURING Under \$5,000 \$5,000 under \$10,000 \$10,000 under \$15,000 \$15,000 under \$20,000 \$20,000 under \$25,000 \$25,000 under \$50,000	26,557 9,200 6,053 5,340 5,700 7,495	46,019 66,609 74,403 93,190 128,129 265,080	10,746 16,967 19,838 26,156 36,755 94,957	10,737 16,960 19,826 26,126 36,642 89,016	(3) (3) 12 30 113 5,941	8,972 8,586 7,469 8,516 12,524 36,288	24,235 6,220 3,229 1,979 1,494 2,842	36,337 44,141 40,085 34,315 33,605 98,835	2,743 2,917 591 1,271 474 3,048
\$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	5,989 5,611 2,603 1,559 1,735 260 278	425,377 886,573 911,490 1,089,836 3,642,234 1,823,433 12,798,829	192,087 443,337 482,891 587,376 2,031,011 1,041,073 7,177,485	176,483 408,803 440,341 535,907 1,834,803 921,668 6,254,140	15,604 34,534 42,550 51,469 196,208 119,405 923,345	61,661 208,585 145,554 200,661 771,981 438,850 3,922,008	1,491 842 224 90 52 3	104,105 126,525 76,023 60,324 90,321 17,115 68,125	3,894 8,112 10,932 2,456 5,309 982 2,223
Total	78,380	22,251,202	12,160,679	10,771,452	1,389,227	5,831,655	42,706	829,856	44,952

Table 6.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS PAID—ALL RETURNS, BY NET INCOME AND DEFICIT CLASSES AND INDUSTRIAL DIVISIONS—Continued

			Returns wit	h net income			Returns	with no net	income
				Taxes		Dividends			Dividends
Industrial divisions and net income and deficit classes	Number of returns	Net income	Total tax	Income tax	Excess profits tax1	paid in cash and assets other than	Number of	Deficit	paid in cash and assets other than
	resums	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand	own stock (Thousand dollars)	returns	(Thousand dollars)	own stock (Thousand dollars)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
PUBLIC UTILITIES	0.00/	10.000	2.148	2.145		2 120	9.40	10.001	933
Under \$5,000	8,724 2,497	13,379 18,280	3,147 4,939	3,147 4,939	(3)	2,129 3,946	8,471 1,107 419	10,281 7,862 5,152	56 505
\$10,000 under \$15,000\$15,000 under \$20,000	1,513 1,153	18,595 20,102	4,956 5,641	4,944 5,641	_	2,966 2,065	230 173	3,934	a
\$20,000 under \$25,000 \$25,000 under \$50,000	1,022 1,297	23,256 45,096	6,721 15 ,7 14	6,698 14,743	23 971	1,794 7,731	403	3,815 14,501	32 209
\$50,000 under \$100,000	821 674	57,307	24,891 50,735	23,592 47,842	1,299 2,893	12,084 19,405	228 141	15,736 21,835	2,531 4,133
\$250,000 under \$500,000	337	106,928 119,030	59,634	56,802 72,129	2,832 4,013	37,989 38,387	35 24	11,347 15,609	151
\$500,000 under \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	216 268	154,062 593,757	76,142 295,877	287,744	8,133	220,458	15	26,740	3,34.
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 or more	57 109	403,828 3,617,716	204,499 1,797,243	201,985 1,790,768	2,514 6,475	171,268 1,480,925	3 -	17,408	53:
Total	18,688	5,191,336	2,550,139	2,520,974	29,165	2,001,147	11,249	154,220	13,72
WD 100						<u> </u>			
TRADE Under \$5,000	73,358	121,909	30,200	30,200	_	15,845	58,992	85,694	6,87
\$5,000 under \$10,000	20,912 12,267	151,630 150,941	41,389 42,696	41,373 42,684	16 12	15,186 17,917	11,833 4,976	84,158 60,883	3,074 1,75
15 000 under \$20 000	8,605 8,337	149,501 187,782	42,815 54,528	42,784 54,327	31 201	15,697 19,583	2,778 1,614	47,758 35,956	78 6,03
220,000 under \$25,000. 225,000 under \$50,000.	9,937	342,036	121,801	116,653	5,148	49,457	3,144	108,342	1,45
\$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 under \$250,000	5,135 3,204	360,164 490,233	158,540 237,138	151,675 227,327	6,865 9,811	50,909 71,345	999 325	67,967 46,928	1,94 3,02
\$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000.	1,011	346,356 320,467	173 ,28 0 161,750	165,921 154,142	7,359 7,608	57,620 54,676	66 24	21,742 17,135	1,11.
\$1,000,000 under \$1,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	305 35	614,657	313,095 127,072	299,281 124,008	13,814 3,064	155,205 73,389	7	15,366	8
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	29	1,044,726	564,161	533,933	30,228	315,647	-	-	
Total	143,602	4,524,569	2,068,465	1,984,308	84,157	912,476	84,758	591,929	26,46
FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY									
Under \$5,000	70,691	111,135	28,828	28,827	(3)	22,753	53,376	41,916	24,75
\$5,000 under \$10,000 \$10,000 under \$15,000	19,457 10,721	139,836 132,110	38,661 37,062	38,647 37,012	14 50	24,413 23,980	3,712 1,300	26,351 15,721	1,82
\$15,000 under \$20,000. \$20,000 under \$25,000. \$25,000 under \$50,000.	7,677 6,980	132,940 157,917	37,287 45,383	37,224 45,107	63 276	26,193	768 405	13,289 8,984	70 19,80
\$25,000 under \$50,000	8,950	305,362	99,314	95,510	3,804	70,581	1,027	34,078	17,79
\$50,000 under \$100,000\$100,000 under \$250,000	4,583 2,743	316,572 417,200	116,688 162,340	112,445 157,048	4,243 5,292	84,831 117,519	422 232	29,256 36,026	
\$250,000 under \$500,000	901 531	313,167 367, 8 99	119,830 125,744	116,553 122,932	3,277 2,812	99,665 125,420	45 13	17,330 8,043	4
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	498 83	1,043,508 564,668	327,131 164,544	320,120 160,938	7,011 3,606	398,241	15 1	25,964 6,081	34
\$10,000,000 or more	76	3,182,036	599,264 21,902,205	585,205 21,857,697	14,059	514,213	61,316	263,039	68,06
Total	133,891	7,184,350	1,902,200	1,857,097	44,500	1,704,221	01,510	200,000	00,00
SERVICES	İ								
Under \$5,000	20,319 4,985	30,498 35,608	7,054 9,368	7,048 9,366	(³) (³)	2,382 3,524	22,143 2,818	26,806 19,755	
\$10,000 under \$15,000	2,871 1,864	35,082 32,619	9,442 8,964	9,436 8,959	(3) (3) (3)	3,647 3,881	1,183 613	14,470 10,636	2,52
\$20,000 under \$25,000. \$25,000 under \$50,000.	1,866	41,875 63,383	12,287 21,192	12,196 19,851	91 1,341	4,937	333 609	7,288 20,046	7
\$50,000 under \$100,000	811	56,258	24,020	22,291	1,729	1	218	13,672	
\$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000.	551 186	82,485 67,082	37,706 33,908	35,130 31,455	2,576 2,453	16,737	81 35	11,519 11,663	64
\$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000.	112	78,133	40,895 57,271	37,625 52,105	3,270 5,166	15,335	5 2	3,340 2,136	1,03
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	12	81,263	46,279 15,446	41,094 15,446	5,185		-		
Total	35,477	749,682	323,832	302,002	21,830		28,040	141,331	6,68
NATURE OF BUSINESS NOT ALLOCABLE Under \$5,000	809	868	197	197	_	(3)	4,871	2,219	
\$5,000 under \$10,000	108	856	219 185	219 185	=	(3)	286 31	1,947	6
\$15,000 under \$20,000	31	539	160 198	160 198	=]	50 11	886 258	
\$25,000 under \$50,000	22		122	115	(3)	-	73	2,719	
\$50,000 under \$100,000	16	1,102	536 445	485 390	51 55	(3)	16 20	1,253 4,405	
\$250,000 under \$500,000	4	1,772	957	870	87		1 1	484	
\$500,000 under \$1,00,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	1	1,579	1,099	815	284	: -	1	1,029	
\$10,000,000 or more				=			<u> </u>		
Total	1,089	9,862	4,118	3,634	484	808	5,361	16,152	17

¹Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after December 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.
²Included in the total, but not in the detail, is \$129,000 of tax reported on returns with no net income. See Explanation of Terms—"Income tax," p. 21.
³Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in each total.
NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table 7.-TYPE OF TAX LIABILITY-ALL RETURNS, BY NET INCOME AND DEFICIT CLASSES

PART I .- ALL RETURNS

				-			Ret	urns with	net income								Returns w	ith no net
	T	otal						Ţ	axable			-			Nonta	xable		
Net income and deficit classes	·				Total				Income tax o	nly	Inco	me tax and e	xcess profit	s tax			Number	Deficit
Net income and deficit classes	Number of returns	Net income	Number of	Net income	Total tax	Income tax	Excess profits tax1	Number of	Net income	Income tax	Number of	Net income	Income tax	Excess profits tax1	Number of returns	Net income	of returns	
:		(Thousand dollars)	returns	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	returns	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	returns	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Under \$5,000	213,914 61,496 36,236 26,653 26,419 32,019	346,294 444,201 446,043 463,245 595,915 1,107,461	180,049 57,584 34,683 25,780 25,900 31,109	302,069 416,698 427,413 448,426 584,232 1,075,992	85,391 119,433 123,212 130,460 172,023 381,377	85,375 119,394 123,117 130,326 171,245 362,399	16 39 95 134 778 18,978	180,005 57,528 34,570 25,568 24,824 20,815	301,976 416,212 425,943 444,655 559,248 721,993	85,347 119,243 122,670 129,194 163,645 236,508	44 56 113 212 1,076 10,294	93 486 1,470 3,771 24,984 353,999	28 151 447 1,132 7,600 125,891	16 39 95 134 778 18,978	33,865 3,912 1,553 873 519 910	44,225 27,503 18,630 14,819 11,683 31,469	186,394 28,882 12,616 7,390 4,672 9,392	222,497 205,177 154,845 127,464 104,464 322,582
\$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 under \$250,000 \$250,000 under \$500,000 \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 or more	18,820 13,789 5,397 3,059 2,990 463 512	1,320,177 2,136,675 1,878,541 2,129,879 6,282,785 3,225,102 21,443,127	18,380 13,542 5,330 2,992 2,949 459 507	1,289,620 2,098,778 1,855,458 2,082,802 6,192,365 3,198,382 21,343,785	559,148 1,003,341 926,166 1,051,422 3,157,933 1,639,517 10,519,497	526,432 943,640 864,793 977,973 2,919,872 1,500,636 9,530,294	32,716 59,701 61,373 73,449 238,061 138,881 989,203	12,694 9,106 3,453 1,832 1,750 255 297	889,426 1,401,513 1,194,777 1,275,933 3,640,442 1,763,643 11,487,238	353,375 609,878 536,870 569,049 1,616,335 765,555 4,517,325	5,686 4,436 1,877 1,160 1,199 204 210	400,194 697,265 660,681 806,869 2,551,923 1,434,739 9,856,547	173,057 333,762 327,923 408,924 1,303,537 735,081 5,012,969	32,716 59,701 61,373 73,449 238,061 138,881 989,203	440 247 67 67 41 4	30,557 37,897 23,083 47,077 90,420 26,720 99,342	3,999 2,026 518 195 111 8 5	274,689 302,314 174,299 132,234 196,399 49,677 68,129
Total	441,767	41,819,445	399,264	41,316,020	² 19,869,049	² 18,255,625	1,613,424	372,697	24,522,999	² 9,825,123	26,567	16,793,021	8,430,502	1,613,424	42,503	503,425	256,208	2,334,75

PART II. - RETURNS WITH ALTERNATIVE TAX

				Total					I:	ncome tax or	nly			Inco	ome tax and	excess prof	its tax	
Net income classes	Number of returns	Net income	Net long-term capital gain re- duced by any net short-term capital loss	Income tax (if alter- native method had not been used)	Total tax	Income tax (alter- native)	Excess profits tax ¹	Number of returns	Net income	Net long-term capital gain re- duced by any net short-term capital loss	Income tax (if alter- native method had not been used)	Income tax (alter- native)	Number of returns	Net income	Net long-term capital gain re- duced by any net short-term capital loss	Income tax (if alter- native method had not been used)	Income tax (alter- native)	Excess profits tax1
		(Thousand dollers)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Under \$5,000\$5,000 under \$10,000	6,913 5,175	17,171 37,919	5,008 9,157	4,774 10,834	4,662 10,570	4,662 10,570	-	6,903 5,175	17,167 37,919	5,008 9,157	4,774 10,834	4,661 10,570	(³)	(³) -	(3)	(³) -	(³) -	(³) -
\$10,000 under \$15,000 \$15,000 under \$20,000 \$20,000 under \$25,000 \$25,000 under \$50,000	4,332 3,756 4,311 8,182	53,627 65,758 96,974 286,257	9,728 9,268 12,282 40,601	15,278 18,946 28,144 99,038	15,026 18,676 27,819 96,014	15,026 18,674 27,789 93,233	2 30 2,781	4,332 3,744 4,233 6,612	53,627 65,531 95,153 231,027	9,728 9,266 12,218 38,491	15,278 18,936 27,593 79,126	15,026 18,606 27,240 73,839	(³) 78 1,570	(³) 1,821 55,230	(³) 64 2,110	(³) 551 19,912	(³) 549 19,394	(³) 30 2,781
\$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 under \$250,000 \$500,000 under \$500,000 \$1,000,000 under \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	6,439 5,807 2,524 1,598 1,751 294 331	458,452 914,578 883,223 1,118,760 3,707,260 2,017,248 15,384,666	54,912 81,264 69,079 79,411 201,274 73,160 273,986	192,916 421,223 426,359 545,743 1,844,044 1,007,729 7,650,321	189,269 422,634 433,903 562,307 1,929,366 1,084,665 8,448,218	181,433 402,793 409,311 527,694 1,793,302 989,494 7,577,784	7,836 19,841 24,592 34,613 136,064 95,171 870,434	5,059 4,289 1,710 1,043 1,053 149 176	359,163 671,379 595,374 728,511 2,192,853 1,012,401 6,797,759	51,349 74,345 62,729 74,694 182,595 64,569 206,636	149,468 304,186 282,417 347,173 1,067,986 490,024 3,268,705	138,915 287,334 267,021 330,359 1,022,104 474,023 3,213,735	1,380 1,518 814 555 698 145	99,289 243,199 287,849 390,249 1,514,407 1,004,847 8,586,907	3,563 6,919 6,350 4,717 18,679 8,591 67,350	43,448 117,037 143,942 198,570 776,058 517,705 4,381,616	42,518 115,459 142,290 197,335 771,198 515,471 4,364,049	7,836 19,841 24,592 34,613 136,064 95,171 870,434
Total	-	25,041,893	919,130			12,051,765	 	44,478	12,857,864	800,785	6,066,500	5,883,433	6,935	12,184,029	118,345	6,198,849	6,168,332	1,191,364

¹Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after December 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.

²Included in the total, but not in the detail, is \$129,000 of tax reported on returns with no net income. See Explanation of Terms—"Income tax," p. 21.

³Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in each total.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table 8.—DIVIDENDS RECEIVED AND INTEREST RECEIVED ON GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS—ALL RETURNS, BY NET INCOME AND DEFICIT CLASSES

					Return	ns with net	income				
			Dividends re	eceived from	_				Government o		
Net income classes	Total number	Domestic c	corporations	Foreign co	rporations	Wholly	taxable	Subject to	surtax only	Wholly t	ax-exempt
	of returns	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand
	, ,		dollars)	, ,	dollars)		dollars)	,	dollars)		dollars)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Under \$5,000 \$5,000 under \$10,000. \$10,000 under \$15,000 \$15,000 under \$20,000 \$20,000 under \$25,000 \$25,000 under \$55,000	213,914 61,496 36,236 26,653 26,419 32,019	7,993 4,196 3,021 2,357 2,325 4,879	8,285 7,847 9,750 8,087 7,755 32,464	228 119 137 85 51 256	125 225 251 56 71 371	7,050 4,640 4,032 3,569 3,661 6,689	18,788 24,529 33,783 37,559 39,655 120,992	269 293 305 309 351 972	162 309 271 197 722 2,126	1,037 1,271 1,510 1,536 1,505 3,148	1,856 2,839 3,202 4,847 5,496 10,957
\$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$50,000. \$500,300 under \$1,000,000. \$1,030,300 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$1,000,000. \$10,000,000 or more	18,820 13,789 5,397 3,059 2,990 463 512	3,767 3,417 1,588 1,002 1,128 251 356	53,974 92,732 84,593 118,413 339,302 208,394 1,393,012	179 241 178 153 314 98 194	2,252 5,170 4,029 12,154 56,480 28,850 463,394	5,455 4,998 2,341 1,534 1,836 345 422	145,128 207,885 130,371 130,396 330,888 128,733 658,523	979 787 304 217 237 46 69	4,876 7,506 5,033 7,633 28,051 16,788 33,694	2,238 1,730 688 453 491 96 144	22,750 33,524 27,609 21,439 55,972 32,229 88,753
Total	441,767	36,280	2,364,608	2,233	573,428	46,572	2,007,230	5,138	107,368	15,847	311,473
		-			Returns	with no net	income				
			Dividends re	eceived from	_				Government o		
Deficit classes	Total number	Domestic o	corporations	Foreign co	rporations	Wholly	taxable	Subject to	surtax only	Whoily	ax-exempt
	of returns	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand dollars)	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand dollars)	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand dollars)	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand dollars)	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand dollars)
	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
Under \$5,000 \$5,000 under \$10,000 \$10,000 under \$15,000 \$10,000 under \$20,000 \$20,000 under \$25,000 \$25,000 under \$50,000	186,376 28,882 12,616 7,390 4,672 9,392	3,116 790 445 243 175 401	6,703 2,434 1,359 1,330 925 1,922	64 66 12 5 1 16	49 229 9 102 143 277	5,524 1,085 437 307 240 557	68,786 5,214 4,236 4,867 2,078 3,140	217 28 22 4 6 26	539 21 17 100 5 33	391 50 49 16 15 42	1,855 198 184 308 156 261
\$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	3,999 2,026 518 195 129 8 5	267 170 52 27 24	1,805 4,253 1,170 929 1,317	27 25 7 6 5 -	443 630 261 212 391 - 62	403 233 78 51 46 3	7,893 11,423 3,812 1,923 7,187 341 110	8 14 5 4 2 -	23 146 74 16 5	52 41 13 11 5	476 761 222 160 712
Total	256,208	5,711	24,162	235	2,808	8,967	121,010	336	979	687	5,31

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table 9.—DIVIDENDS PAID—ALL RETURNS, BY NET INCOME AND DEFICIT CLASSES

Table 9.—DIVIDE	NDS PAID—A	LL RETURNS,	BY NET INCOME A	ND DEFICIT	CLASSES			
				Returns	with net income			
					Dividends paid	d		
Net income classes	Total		h and assets an own stock		rporation's stock		and assets other corporation's ow	
Net Income Classes	number of returns	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand dollars)	Number of returns	Amount of cash and assets other than own stock (Thousand dollars)	Amount of corporation's own stock
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
### ### ##############################	213,914 61,496 36,236 26,653 26,419 32,019 18,820	18,575 12,725 9,517 7,867 7,875 14,063	53,998 58,981 60,577 57,339 68,151 182,178	428 430 300 252 294 353	7,491 7,938 9,529 7,414 11,818 21,612	182 221 180 210 254 363	1,403 626 996 1,326 1,416 3,660	2,083 4,642 3,672 6,334 9,293 20,347
\$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	13,789 5,397 3,059 2,990 463 512	8,070 3,588 2,193 2,328 376 411	448,779 373,075 458,969 1,610,068 894,078 6,272,699	155 54 24 10 2	25,026 32,842 14,729 14,013 9,853 2,577 5,710	360 188 126 162 43 53	12,384 16,954 23,588 92,637 70,619 423,940	24,447 59,627 55,343 60,783 136,841 62,157 473,234
Total	441,767	97,519	10,768,113	2,562	170,552	2,623	654,511	918,803
				Returns w	ith no net incom	e		
					Dividends pai	d		
Deficit classes	Total		h and assets an own stock		rporation's stock		and assets other corporation's ow	
Jet Tet V Classes	number of returns	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand dollars)	Number of returns	Amount (Thousand dollars)	Number of returns	Amount of cash and assets other than own stock	Amount of corporation's own stock
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Under \$5,000 \$5,000 under \$10,000. \$10,000 under \$15,000 \$15,000 under \$20,000. \$20,000 under \$20,000. \$25,000 under \$50,000.	186,376 28,882 12,616 7,390 4,672 9,392	4,562 1,099 544 289 224 511	39,748 9,709 7,006 3,720 26,555 24,199	198 43 7 29 9 17	3,993 1,213 366 1,177 991 3,709	30 12 6 1 4	93 34 54 132 73	555 462 106 10 345 477
\$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000. \$10,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	3,999 2,026 518 195 129 8 5	303 184 70 40 28 3	10,205 18,169 14,876 5,917 12,441 1,513 2,223	8 14 2 - 1 -	568 2,073 1,490 - 750 -	10 5 1 -	316 1,125 25 - - -	1,512 1,058 50 - - -
			,					

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

Table 10.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, AND TAXES—ALL RETURNS BY STATES AND TERRITORIES

				Return	s with net in	come		Returns net in		
		Total				Taxes				
	States and Territories	number of returns	Number of returns	Net income	Total tax	Income tax	Excess profits tax1	Number of returns	Deficit	
		,		(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)	(Thousand dollars)		(Thousand dollars)	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)]
1 2 3 4 5	Alabame Arizona Arkansas California Coloraio	5,267 2,494 3,309 38,816 5,794	3,468 1,372 2,055 23,443 3,441	187,256 52,857 64,668 2,418,033 252,563	85,925 25,325 27,623 1,146,096 119,182	82,555 23,509 27,134 1,063,827 114,160	3,370 1,816 489 82,269 5,022	1,799 1,122 1,254 15,373 2,353	25,449 11,198 9,794 170,469 21,567	1 2 3 4 5
6 7 8 9	Connectinut. Delaware. District of Columbia. Florida. Georgia.	13,892 3,098 4,428 17,769 8,431	8,908 2,192 2,658 10,314 5,525	885,876 1,134,978 194,588 270,588 356,648	377,771 572,894 83,737 112,382 163,610	328,600 471,442 81,829 106,987 159,111	49,171 101,452 1,908 5,395 4,499	4,984 906 1,770 7,455 2,906	39,221 9,036 12,592 59,147 26,309	6 7 8 9
11 12 13 14 15	Hswaii Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa	1,228 1,749 41,567 15,269 7,499	721 1,037 27,571 10,934 5,233	61,295 41,392 3,300,374 630,688 261,281	26,922 16,445 1,668,569 295,419 105,497	26,321 16,354 1,561,870 273,324 100,168	601 91 106,699 22,095 5,329	507 712 13,996 4,335 2,266	4,939 6,042 152,896 41,468 18,443	13 14
16 17 18 19 20	Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland	5,794 5,727 6,900 4,452 10,438	3,776 3,999 4,730 2,693 6,593	257,862 284,141 254,572 93,703 439,395	119,252 137,969 116,934 42,958 196,924	115,981 131,075 111,749 40,263 187,556	3,271 6,894 5,185 2,695 9,368	2,018 1,728 2,170 1,759 3,845	20,054 17,286 18,835 17,866 34,956	16 17 18 19 20
21 22 23 24 25	Massachusetts. Michigan. Minnesota. Missisippi. Missisuri.	35,694 18,799 11,969 3,712 17,264	22,094 13,693 8,032 2,506 11,880	1,318,929 3,893,594 630,268 60,106 1,032,469	483,411 2,293,815 284,260 23,076 495,379	450,670 1,926,227 264,450 22,464 471,241	32,741 367,588 19,810 612 24,138	13,600 5,106 3,937 1,206 5,384	106,223 78,749 35,865 10,841 43,331	
26 27 28 29 30	Montana Nebraska. Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey.	2,667 4,738 870 2,579 41,399	1,687 3,325 510 1,750 24,273	45,465 145,873 23,367 54,654 1,330,853	18,762 60,011 10,640 25,001 458,010	18,178 58,444 9,706 23,028 429,454	584 1,567 934 1,973 28,556	980 1,413 360 829 17,126	8,145 11,161 2,926 7,405 97,980	26 27 28 29 30
31 32 33 34 35	New Mexico. New York. North Carolina North Dakota. Ohio.	1,272 169,319 12,099 1,870 33,574	758 101,255 8,240 1,228 23,443	22,323 11,192,661 492,042 23,489 3,055,027	9,652 5,103,959 234,359 6,581 1,609,039	9,243 4,774,999 217,207 6,390 1,448,807	409 328,960 17,152 191 160,232	514 68,064 3,859 642 10,131	3,890 565,362 30,533 3,303 112,556	33
36 37 38 39 40	Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina	5,772 5,651 32,639 5,657 5,198	3,723 3,264 20,397 3,523 3,060	329,487 156,162 2,930,938 154,731 154,025	160,334 66,032 1,454,977 73,611 70,271	152,886 64,075 1,352,430 68,548 68,509	7,448 1,957 102,547 5,063 1,762	2,049 2,387 12,242 2,134 2,138	24,024 18,122 140,199 28,031 12,418	36 37 38 39 40
41 42 43 44 45	South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont	2,141 7,432 23,817 3,028 1,702	1,347 5,092 14,684 1,811 1,019	24,435 250,293 1,241,132 72,871 54,462	9,131 106,616 555,999 32,069 20,909	8,759 101,177 525,344 30,531 17,869	372 5,439 30,655 1,538 3,040	794 2,340 9,133 1,217 683	2,795 18,884 123,933 16,252 5,457	41 42 43 44 45
46 47 48 49 50	virginia. Washington ² West Virginia. Wisconsin. Wyoming.	10,165 9,664 5,878 16,336 1,149	6,833 5,796 3,876 11,265 740	375,971 353,730 142,671 799,577 15,082	169,479 161,406 62,672 362,113 6,041	164,511 145,135 59,802 335,953 5,773	4,968 16,271 2,870 26,160 268	3,332 3,868 2,002 5,071 409	21,811 36,146 17,622 28,693 4,534	46 47 48 49 50
51	Total	697,975	441,767	41,819,445	19,869,049	18,255,625	1,613,424	256,208	2,334,758	51

Excess profits tax does not apply to income earned after December 31, 1953, as this tax law terminates on that date. See "Changes in Law Affecting 1953 Data," p. 6.

Zincludes data for Alaska.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and p. 22 for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data."

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Corporation Income
Tax Returns
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INTRODUCTION

The historical data presented in this volume are selected from the tabulations prepared from corporation income tax returns for the years 1944 through 1953 and published in *Statistics of Income*, *Part 2*, for those years. The tables are preceded by a discussion of the comparability of the statistics during that period. This discussion is supplemented by the material presented in the "Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws, 1944–53," pages 145–151 of this volume.

Data with respect to income and tax of corporations first became available in 1909 when an excise tax measured by the income of corporations was imposed by the Tariff Act of 1909. Selected data were published in the annual reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for the years 1909 through 1915.

Following adoption of the 16th amendment to the Constitution a direct income tax was imposed, and 3 years later the Revenue Act of 1916 directed that statistics concerning the operation of the income tax laws were to be published annually. The first volume of Statistics of Income was published for the income year 1916 and presented only 5 basic income and tax items for corporations, distributed geographically and by type of industry.

Beginning in 1924, some balance sheet data were tabulated. These earliest tabulations show current assets and fixed property investment of \$137 billion, current and long-term liabilities of \$55 billion and capital stock and surplus of \$104 billion reported on 346,388 nonconsolidated capital stock tax returns filed as of June 30, 1924. Total assets were first tabulated from income tax returns in 1926. In that year balance sheets were filed with 359,449 returns, consolidated and nonconsolidated, or 78.9 percent of all returns filed. Total assets were valued at \$262 billion and capital stock and surplus was reported as \$119 billion. By 1953 the value of reported total assets had nearly trebled while the number of reporting corporations had grown by 78 percent. Thus, in 1953, 640 thousand returns (91.7 percent of all returns filed) show assets valued at \$762 billion and capital stock and surplus of \$265 billion.

Selected historical data for the years prior to 1944 were published in Statistics of Income for 1949, Part 2.

DESCRIPTION OF TABLES

The historical tabulations are presented in tables 11 through 16, pages 109-132. Table 11 shows the number of returns, by income or deficit status, and by net income,

deficit, and total assets classes. Table 12 gives the number of returns, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, taxes, dividends paid, and total assets, by income and deficit status.

The number of returns, items of receipts and deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, taxes, and dividends paid are shown in table 13 for all returns and for returns with net income. For returns with balance sheets these items, together with items of assets and liabilities, are given in table 14 for all returns and for returns with net income.

Data by major industrial groups are presented in table 15. Items shown are the number of returns, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and taxes. Data for returns with net income and returns with no net income are given separately.

Table 16 presents data for returns filed on a consolidated basis and shows the number of returns and subsidiaries, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and taxes, by net income and deficit status.

COMPARABILITY OF HISTORICAL DATA

The comparability of corporate statistics derived from income tax returns over a period of years is affected by a number of factors. Changes in income tax law affecting the data can be traced through a historical period and the effect estimated, but the effects resulting from a change in methods of filing or in the classification of a return because of changed status of a company are more difficult to identify and appraise. Some of the factors affecting comparability are discussed in the following paragraphs. This discussion covers both broad areas of data and specific items.

Advertising

This deduction, shown in historical tables 13 and 14, was included in "Other deductions" for 1944.

Amendments to the Internal Revenue Code (1939)

During the period 1944-53 the 1939 Code was amended by the Tax Adjustment Act of 1945, the Revenue Acts of 1945, 1950, and 1951, and the Excess Profits Tax Act of 1950. The synopsis of laws, pages 145-151, shows a comparison of tax rates and bases, provisons pertaining to capital gains and losses, and provisions pertaining to consolidated returns for the years 1944-53.

Other specific items affected by these amendments to the 1939 Code are listed as separate paragraphs in this discussion.

Amortization

In historical tables 13 and 14 the amortization deduction for 1953 is that provided by sections 124A and 124B of the 1939 Code. Section 124A provides for the amortization of the cost of emergency facilities necessary for national defense and acquired or completed during the emergency period beginning January 1, 1950. Section 124B was enacted in the Technical Changes Act of 1953 to alleviate a critical shortage in grain storage facilities and is applicable to cost of erection or reconstruction of such facilities incurred after December 31, 1952. A 60month amortization period is provided for both types of facilities. For 1950-52 the amortization deduction is that claimed under section 124A only. For 1944 49 amortization of emergency facilities was authorized by section 124 of the Code (1939) and was applicable to cost of emergency facilities acquired or completed during the emergency period beginning January 1, 1940. On September 29, 1945, the President proclaimed the ending of the emergency period defined in section 124. As a result, taxpayers holding certified emergency facilities on which the 60-month amortization period had not expired could elect to terminate the amortization period as of September 30, 1945, and recompute the amortization deduction for each tax year involved, on the basis of the actual number of months in the shortened period. Thus, the amortization deductions reported on the 1945 returns are, in many instances, the increased amounts based on the shortened period.

Consolidated returns

Election to file, or to discontinue filing, a consolidated return results in relocation, classification-wise, of data for the companies included in the affiliated group. For example, industrial classification is based on the principal source of the collective receipts reported on the return. Thus, for a consolidated return, data for companies which, if nonconsolidated returns were filed, would fall in several industrial groups are contained in one industry classification. Use of the consolidated return also eliminates from the data reported profit or loss on intercompany transactions. Table C of the "Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws" shows the provisions of law governing election and discontinuance of filing consolidated returns.

Cost of goods sold and Cost of operations

Beginning in 1951 these items are reduced by any identifiable amounts, of taxes, depreciation, depletion, amortization, and pension plan contributions included therein. Such items are transferred to their respective headings. For years prior to 1951, only amortization and pension plan contributions were so treated.

Depreciation and depletion

See "Cost of goods sold and Cost of operations" above.

Employee benefit plans (other than pension plans, etc.)

The deduction in historical tables 13 and 14 for "Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans" was tabulated with "Other deductions" prior to 1952.

Excess profits taxes

The excess profits tax in effect for 1950-53 is that imposed by section 430 which was added to the 1939 Code by the Excess Profits Tax Act of 1950, effective July 1, 1950. The amounts tabulated are after limitation and certain adjustments and before credit for foreign taxes paid. This tax terminated December 31, 1953, and for returns with fiscal years beginning before and ending after that date the tax is a prorated amount determined according to the number of days in the fiscal year before January 1, 1954.

The excess profits tax in effect during 1944-46 is that imposed by section 710 of the 1939 Code (added by the Second Revenue Act of 1940) and is the tax shown in historical tables 12 through 16 for the year 1946. For 1944-45 the excess profits tax compiled for the historical tables consists of the excess profits tax imposed by section 710 and the declared value excess-profits tax imposed by section 600 of the 1939 Code under the tax provisions of the National Industrial Recovery Act of 1933. The amounts of declared value excess-profits tax included in the data are shown in footnotes to the historical tables.

The excess profits tax tabulated for 1945–46 is the amount reported on the corporation excess profits tax return less the 10 percent credit. For 1944 it is the amount reported on the excess profits tax return less the credit for debt retirement and the net postwar refund (see synopsis of laws, note 5 (a), page 150). The amounts tabulated for each of the 3 years 1944–46 are also before the amount deferred under section 710(a)(5) (relating to abnormalities under section 722) and before credit for foreign taxes paid, but are after any adjustments reported on the returns under other relief provisions.

Effective January 1, 1946, the corporate excess profits tax under section 710 was repealed. The amount of tax shown for 1946 is limited to 11,053 taxable excess profits tax returns, filed for fiscal years ending within the period July through November 1946, on which an excess profits tax liability is reported for the portion of the accounting period in 1945. The declared value excess-profits tax imposed by section 600 was repealed, effective with respect to income-tax taxable years ending after June 30, 1946.

Industrial classification

Beginning in 1952, data for the two Finance groups "Banks and trust companies" and "Credit agencies other than banks" were increased by the inclusion of returns for mutual savings banks and savings and loan, building and loan associations, respectively. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 1952, these organizations

were exempt from taxation under section 101 of the 1939 Code.

In 1948 the Industrial Classification used in classifying income tax returns was revised to conform, in general, to recent revisions in the Standard Industrial Classification. A comparison of the industrial classifications used for Statistics of Income for 1947 and 1948 is shown on pages 425–450, Statistics of Income for 1948, Part 2. Adjustments were made in compiling the historical data by major industrial groups in table 15 where transfer of entire minor industrial groups or combination of two or more major groups made possible the improvement of comparability between the 1948–53 data and the 1944–47 data. These adjustments are as follows:

MINING AND QUARRYING

Nonmetallic mining and quarrying.—For 1944-47 data, two major groups "Nonmetallic mining and quarrying" and "Mining and quarrying not allocable" are combined.

MANUFACTURING

Textile-mill products.—For 1944-47 the two major groups "Cotton manufactures" and "Textile-mill products, except cotton" are combined.

Lumber and wood products, except furniture; Furniture and fixtures.—Adjustments have been made in the 1948–53 data by transferring data for "Other wood products" from "Lumber and wood products, except furniture" to the major group "Furniture and fixtures." Adjustments have been made for 1944–47 by transferring "Wooden containers" from "Furniture and finished lumber products" to "Lumber and timber basic products" and by transferring "Matches" from "Furniture and finished lumber products" to "Other manufacturing."

Primary metal industries and Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment).—For 1948-53 data the two major groups "Primary metal industries" and "Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment" are combined. The 1944-47 data are obtained by combining the two major groups "Iron, steel, and products" and "Nonferrous metals and their products," the former group having been adjusted to exclude the five minor groups comprising "Ordnance and accessories" for 1948-53, and the latter group having been adjusted to exclude "Clocks and watches" and "Jewelry (except costume), silverware, plated ware."

Ordnance and accessories.—Ordnance and accessories became a major group in 1948. The data shown for 1944-47 have been extracted from the major group "Iron, steel, and products," where data for "Ordnance and accessories" were tabulated as five minor groups.

Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks; and other.—For 1948-53 data the two major groups "Scientific instruments; photo-

graphic equipment; watches, clocks" and "Other manufacturing" are combined. The 1944-47 data are obtained by (1) combining the two major groups "Other manufacturing" and "Manufacturing not allocable" and (2) by adding thereto "Clocks and watches" and "Jewelry (except costume), silverware, plated ware" (transferred from "Nonferrous metals and their products") and "Matches" (transferred from "Furniture and finished lumber products").

Public Utilities

Electric and gas utilities and Other public utilities.—For 1944-47 "Electric and gas utilities," which appears as a major group for the first time in 1948, has been extracted from "Other public utilities."

TRADE: RETAIL

Automotive dealers and filling stations.—For 1944-47 the two major groups "Automotive dealers" and "Filling stations" are combined.

Building materials and hardware.—For 1944-47 the two major groups "Hardware" and "Building materials, fuel, and ice" are combined.

Other retail trade.—For 1944-47 data the three major industrial groups "Other retail trade," "Package liquor stores," and "Retail trade not allocable" are combined.

FINANCE

Credit agencies other than banks.—For 1944-47 data the three major industrial groups "Long-term credit agencies, mortgage companies except banks," "Short-term credit agencies, except banks" and "Finance not allocable" are combined.

Holding and other investment companies.—For 1944-47 data the three major industrial groups "Investment trusts and investment companies," "Other investment companies, including holding companies," "Other finance companies" are combined.

SERVICES

Other services, including schools.—For 1944-47 data the two major industrial groups "Other service, including schools," and "Service not allocable" are combined.

Comparability of industrial data may also be affected by shifts in the industrial classification of an individual corporation whose major source of income has changed, and by a change from filing a consolidated return to filing separate returns, or vice versa, by a group of affiliated corporations. For provisions controlling the filing of consolidated returns see "Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws," table C, page 148.

Insurance carriers

The Revenue Act of 1951 amended the 1939 Code with respect to credits and tax rates applicable to income of life insurance companies. Provisions of law affecting

life insurance companies are shown in the "Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws," footnotes 4 (g) and 5 (b), page 150.

Interest received on Government obligations, subject to surtax only

This interest consists of interest on United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount of over \$5,000 issued prior to March 1, 1941, and interest on obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (other than obligations of Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks) issued prior to March 1, 1941. For 1945 and 1944, amounts shown include interest subject to surtax only and interest subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax. "Interest on United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount of over \$5,000 issued prior to March 1, 1941" was subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax. The amounts of such interest reported for 1945 and 1944 are shown in footnotes to the historical tables. The interest tabulated is less amortizable bond premium.

Net income or deficit

Net income or deficit for 1946-53 is the difference between the total income and the total deductions reported, exclusive of the net operating loss deduction; for 1944-45 is the amount reported for declared value excess-profits tax computation, adjusted by excluding net operating loss deduction and adding Government interest subject to surtax only and excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. These adjustments make the amounts tabulated during the two periods comparable.

Net operating loss deduction

This deduction in historical tables 13 and 14 is the net operating loss carryover as defined in section 122 of the

1939 Code and does not take into account whatever revisions may subsequently be made as the result of any carryback of net operating loss from the succeeding tax year. The net operating loss deduction in any taxable year is first used as a carryback and, to the extent not so used, may be used as a carryover. The net operating loss for 1950–53 may be carried back for 1 preceding year and carried over for 5 succeeding years; for 1948–49, the carryback is for 2 years, and the carryover for 3 years; for 1944–47, the carryback is for 2 years and the carryover for 2 years. However, for corporations commencing business after December 31, 1945, the 1947 carryover is for 3 years. The net operating loss deduction has not been taken into consideration in computing the net income as tabulated in *Statistics of Income*.

Other deductions

For 1944-51 this item, in historical tables 13 and 14, includes "Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans" which is tabulated separately beginning in 1952. For 1944 "Other deductions" also included "Advertising" and "Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc.," which are tabulated separately for 1945-53.

Pension plans, amount contributed under

This item, shown in historical tables 13 and 14, was included in "Other deductions" for 1944.

Sampling of returns

Beginning in 1951 corporate data are based on a probability sample of the returns filed. A description of the sample and the sampling variability to be expected for any year may be found in the volume of *Statistics of Income*, *Part* 2, for that year. For the period 1944–50, data were tabulated from all returns filed.

Taxes paid

See "Cost of goods sold and Cost of operations" above.

Table 11.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, BY INCOME AND DEFICIT STATUS, AND BY NET INCOME, DEFICIT, AND TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES

## Table number of Protections 1939 1952 1953 1954 1955						T		ASSETS CLA		1945	1944
Teach under of returns. (67,777	Net income, deficit, and total assets classes	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	
Date of returns of active corporations with not income: All part increase classes: All part increase classes: All part increase classes: All part increase classes: Binder 31,000. All part increase classes: Binder 31,000. All part increase classes: Binder 31,000. All part increase classes: Binder 31,000. All part increase classes: Binder 31,000. All part increase classes: Binder 31,000. Binder 31	otal number of returns	730,974									446,796
All returns—channels:	Active corporations			652,376 34,934							34,329
## Sp.000 under #10,000 61,406	All returns— By net income classes: Under \$1,000	213,914	43,958 30,341 22,399	41,319 29,651 22,388	40,176 28,287 21,878	39,414 27,301 21,057	37,465 26,349 20,389	34,355 24,265 19,537	32,005 23,055 18,218	30,532 21,542 16,893	60,378 29,574 20,853 16,091 13,761
## 19,000 under ## 20,000. 18,600 13,769 13,060 12,769 13,060 12,769 13,060 13,769 13,060 13,769 13,060 13,769 13,060 13,769 13,060 13,769 13,060 13,769 13,060 13,769 13,060 13,769 13,060 13,769 13,060 13,769 13,060	\$5,000 under \$10,000	36,236 26,653 26,419	37,136 27,752 26,357	35,960 27,533 26,120	34,241 25,215 24,713	30,737 21,036 18,444	31,987 22,489 20,221	31,874 22,098 20,445	30,621 20,971 18,119	26,983 15,597 10,429	43,619 23,286 13,854 9,392 21,505
## \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 under \$250,000 \$250,000 under \$500,000 \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	13,789 5,397 3,059	15,064 5,968 3,243	17,183 6,656 3,693	18,527 7,215 3,989	14,324 5,173 2,766	17,930 6,815 3,612	18,688 7,286 3,806	17,308 6,734 3,533	11,011 4,571 2,535	14,138 11,342 4,919 2,817 2,670
Returns with balance sheets											348 357
By not income classes:		441,767	442,577	439,047	426,283	384,772	395,860	382,531	359,310	303,019	288,904
\$3,000 under \$10,000	By net income classes: Under \$1,000	195,841	189,029	37,769 27,718 21,120	36,598 26,292 20,622	35,829 25,229 19,736	33,729 24,227 18,993	30,805 22,269 18,214	28,403 21,021 16,825 14,769	27,085 19,607 15,735 13,503	49,765 26,221 19,005 14,941 12,850
\$30,000 under \$230,000.		35,196 26,132 26,013	35,909 27,078 25,801	34,869 26,843 25,626	33,115 24,509 24,078	29,766 20,498 17,968	30,882 21,809 19,583	30,712 21,399 19,731	29,493 20,341 17,596 34,719	26,271 15,275 10,228 22,679	41,568 22,574 13,423 9,157 21,020
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	\$100,000 under \$250,000	13,564 5,316 3,012	14,878 5,886 3,182	16,931 6,547 3,637	18,193 7,098 3,918	14,090 5,093 2,713	17,584 6,685 3,541	18,235 7,111 3,717	16,869 6,551 3,457	10,844 4,504 2,501	13,922 11,182 4,861 2,777 2,649
By total assets classes: 131,808 131,791 131,625 126,047 120,101 125,582 125,454 127,609 114,813 131,000 132,000 125,582 125,454 127,609 114,813 131,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000										344 356
Under \$50,000 131,608 131,791 131,602 120,007 120,101 125,732 120,103 120,007 131,000		418,150	418,174	414,856	400,914	360,243	370,056	357,041	334,042	281,244	266,615
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000.	Under \$50,000. \$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000.	79,660 97,124 44,201	80,035 96,984 43,535	78,197 95,667 44,065	76,225 92,108 42,980	69,704 79,891 36,052	71,897 80,853 36,479	69,185 75,243 33,941	62,601 65,285 29,861	49,254 50,370 23,608	111,537 44,216 46,387 22,518 15,358
Number of returns of active corporations with no net income: All returns— By deficit classes: Under \$1,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000 \$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	5,153 4,630 663	5,174 4,544 640	4,944 4,261 595	4,719 4,030 577	4,289 3,519 520	4,454 3,507 497	4,285 3,327 460	3,944 3,066 422	3,684 3,002 403	3,376 2,769 394
All returns— By deficit classes: Under \$1,000 \$1,000 under \$2,000 \$1,000 under \$2,000 \$1,000 under \$4,000 \$2,000 under \$3,000 \$1,000 under \$4,000 \$1,000 under \$4,000 \$1,000 under \$4,000 \$1,000 under \$4,000 \$1,000 under \$4,000 \$1,000 under \$4,000 \$1,000 under \$4,000 \$1,000 under \$4,000 \$1,000 under \$5,000 \$1,000 under \$5,000 \$1,000 under \$1,000 \$2,882 \$2,882 \$2,844 \$2,849 \$2,677 \$2,207 \$2,107 \$2,207 \$2,107 \$2,207 \$2,107 \$2,207 \$2,207 \$2,107 \$2,207 \$2,207 \$2,107 \$2,207 \$2,107 \$2,207 \$2,207 \$2,107 \$2,207 \$2,107 \$2,207 \$2,107 \$2,207 \$2,207 \$2,107 \$2,207 \$2,207 \$2,107 \$2,207		418,150	418,174	414,856	400,914	360,243	370,056	357,041	334,042	281,244	266,615
\$5,000 under \$15,000.	All returns— By deficit classes: Under \$1,000	186,394	29,104 17,715 12,272 9,045	28,165 16,510 11,697 8,512	26,440 16,221 11,190 8,236	28,436 18,296 13,034 10,051	24,470 15,416 10,923 8,048	20,856 12,613 8,692 6,627	15,819 8,878 5,940 4,248	13,790 7,388 4,612 3,185	14,607 7,547 4,645 3,162
	\$10.000 under \$15.000	12,616	11,015 5,680 3,612	10,355 5,230 3,171	9,281 4,970 2,894	12,340 6,894 4,283	9,644 5,361 3,255	7,694 4,097 2,631	4,779 2,597 1,732 3,536	3,272 1,890 1,221 2,552	3,218 1,754 1,082 2,362
\$50,000 under \$100,000 3,999 3,231 3,224 2,650 3,996 3,174 2,646 1,985 1,366 \$100,000 under \$250,000 2,026 1,867 1,549 1,198 1,953 1,577 1,418 1,291 809 \$250,000 under \$500,000 518 389 394 273 544 444 4,32 469 276 \$500,000 under \$5,000,000 518 105 184 172 127 226 167 227 218 128 \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000 under \$5,000,000 111 84 82 64 129 92 124 192 83	\$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000.	3,999 2,026 518 195	1,867 389 184	1,549 394 172	1,198 273 127	1,953 544 226	1,577 444 167	1,418 432 227	1,291 469 218	809 276 128	692
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000										
Total	\$10,000,000 or more										

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Table 11.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, BY INCOME AND DEFICIT STATUS, AND BY NET INCOME, DEFICIT, AND TOTAL ASSETS CLASSES—Continued

Net income, deficit, and total assets classes	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
umber of returns of active corporations with no net									-	
.ncome—Continued				į				ļ		
Returns with balance sheets-								1		
By deficit classes:				i						
Under \$1,000	1	ļ	75,409	71,788	73,194	67,676	60,021	52 126	E1 05/	
\$1,000 under \$2,000	1		24,176	22,324	24,124	20,756	17,473	52,136 13,086	51,954 11,458	55,3
\$2,000 under \$3,000.	157,139	143,599	14,478	13,961	15,909	13,325	10,808	7,641	6,282	11,9
\$3,000 under \$4,000	1	· ·	10,411	9,758	11,535	9,602	7,575	5,140	3,969	6,2
\$4,000 under \$5,000	,		7,640	7,239	8,935	7,170	5,853	3,725	2,795	3,9 2,7
\$5,000 under \$10,000	26,463	22,705	20,830	19,337	24,539	19,959	15,409	0.484	. 205	
\$10,000 under \$15,000	11,848	10,025	9,346	8,321	11,273	8,875	6,956	9,676 4,311	6,885	6,
\$15,000 under \$20,000	6,796	5,176	4,810	4,498	6,317	4,971	3,742	2,349	2,895	2,
\$20,000 under \$25,000	4,424	3,338	3,022	2,667	3,960	3,013	2,421	1,561	1,695 1,097	1,
\$25,000 under \$50,000	8,804	7,179	6,308	5,208	8,083	6,299	5,007	3,227	2,299	2,
\$50,000 under \$100,000	3,835	3,081	3,027	2,427	3,755	2,988	2.462	3 000		
\$100,000 under \$250,000	1,833	1,774	1,466	1,092	1,856	1,485	2,463	1,820	1,212	1,
\$250,000 under \$500,000	488	381	365	246	500	411	1,320 395	1,193	720	
\$500,00C unier \$1,000,000	178	171	157	117	212	153	201	436 197	246	
\$1,000,000 unier \$5,000,000	103	82	79	58	122	84	113	174	112 75	
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	7	10	3	1	,,				1	
\$10,000,000 or more	5	3	2	5	11 5	6 4	15 8	18 18	7	
Total	221,923	197,524	181,529	169,047	194,330	366 000				
		277,7524	101,527	109,047	194,550	166,777	139,780	106,708	93,706	96,4
By total assets classes:									1	
Under \$50,000	130,112	121.238	114,178	110,807	100 (()	300 000				
\$50,000 under \$100,000	36,059	29,745	28,070	25,420	122,664 30,174	109,008	93,169	71,467	62,975	64,0
\$100,000 under \$250,000	30,825	25,139	22,699	19,395	24,371	24,850 19,488	19,817	14,220	12,177	12,6
\$250,000 under \$500,000	11,246	9,441	8,330	6,755	8,582	6,887	15,466	11,307	9,938	10,
\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	6,027	5,170	4,206	3,531	4,527	3,445	5,630 2,829	4,403 2,428	3,975 2,179	3,0 2,1
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	5,575	5,037	3,421	2,650	2 264	-				-
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	1,028	965	359	2,650	3,356	2,571	2,260	2,226	1,949	2,
\$1J,000,000 under \$50,000,000	920	676	220	187	361 242	279 202	291	297	264	
\$50,300,300 under \$100,000,300	79	68	32	19	36	32	238	275	195	
\$100,000,000 or more	52	45	14	15	17	15	49 31	41 44	24 30	
Total	221,923	197,524	181,529	169,047	194,330	166,777	139,780	106,708	93,706	96,4

NCTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Table 12.-NUMBER OF RETURNS, TOTAL COMPILED RECEIPTS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, DIVIDENDS PAID, AND TOTAL ASSETS, BY INCOME AND DEFICIT STATUS

Net income, deficit, and total assets classes, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
RETURNS WITH NET INCOME										
Il returns— Number of returns	441,767	442,577	439,047	426,283	384,772	395,860	382,531	359,310	303,019	288,90
					(Thousand	i dollars)				
Total compiled receipts	506,450,081	486,441,344	479,243,451	430,687,780	350,168,722	379,309,471	343,273,851	265,597,448	239,045,611	252,962,94
Net income	346,294	36,612 64,153 74,980 77,925 86,580	34,786 59,946 72,944 77,709 82,488	33,050 58,772 69,861 75,957 79,918	32,759 57,617 67,668 73,254 77,462	30,419 54,773 65,297 70,983 77,514	27,629 50,614 60,081 68,093 72,284	25,177 47,003 57,116 63,534 70,921	24,628 44,742 53,316 58,813 64,457	24,69 43,45 51,71 56,06 61,82
\$5,000 under \$10,000 \$10,000 under \$15,000 \$15,000 under \$20,000 \$20,000 under \$25,000	444,201 446,043 463,245 595,915 1,107,461	447,571 458,022 483,872 594,566 1,162,855	434,990 442,428 478,606 586,340 1,284,587	419,384 421,169 437, 7 97 555,877 1,293,807	383,819 378,268 365,754 415,460 1,064,615	394,052 393,774 391,366 455,811 1,227,329	382,820 393,070 384,253 461,735 1,283,695	371,280 376,641 363,745 408,159 1,248,324	354,661 330,635 269,914 233,398 810,206	317,55 285,58 239,65 210,05 757,98
\$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000.	1,320,177 2,136,675 1,878,541 2,129,879 6,282,785	1,443,968 2,335,476 2,080,026 2,260,864 6,351,075	1,595,179 2,662,638 2,316,018 2,569,229 7,103,350	1,689,930 2,872,620 2,496,855 2,775,818 7,135,473	1,359,347 2,218,039 1,812,221 1,933,252 5,054,284	1,638,322 2,783,257 2,371,864 2,512,794 6,494,787	1,684,769 2,897,136 2,530,132 2,642,213 6,683,179	1,600,462 2,685,312 2,350,407 2,458,464 5,608,499	1,013,553 1,725,564 1,597,154 1,756,507 4,608,699	1,000,47 1,772,00 1,725,80 1,967,80 5,454,44
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 or more	3,225,102 21,443,127	3,129,000 19,344,152	3,705,378 21,826,557	3,275,777 20,448,676	2,482,857 12,799,841	2,933,395 14,377,513	2,747,218 11,012,370	2,180,118 7,269,430	2,046,643 7,172,315	2,395,88 10,758,63
Total	41,819,445	40,431,697	45,333,173	44,140,741	30,576,517	36,273,250	33,381,291	27,184,592	22,165,206	27,123,74
Tax liability: Income tax Excess profits taxes	18,255,625 1,613,424	17,596,969 1,550,725	19,623,441 2,458,676	15,929,488 1,387,444	9,817,308 -	11,920,260	10,981,482 -	8,606,695 268,145	4,182,705 ¹ 6,612,045	4,353,62 10,530,43
Total tax	19,869,049	19,147,694	22,082,117	17,316,932	9,817,308	11,920,260	10,981,482	8,874,840	10,794,750	14,884,0
Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	11,422,624 1,089,355	11,133,098 1,341,921	11,180,692 1,395,808	11,454,755 1,278,908	9,409,065 659,043	9,278,833 1,009,031	8,222,121 692,434	7,241,416 520,618	5,917,615 329,241	5,968,52 242,05
eturns with balance sheets— Number of returns	418,150	418,174	414,856	400,914	360,243	370,056	357,041	334,042	281,244	266,61
Total compiled receipts	501,863,377	481,670,829	475,330,776	426,278,631	345,759,287	374,954,342	338,032,949	261,331,634	236,749,921	250,180,18
Net income— By total assets classes: Under \$50,000. \$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000.	370,499 539,017 1,256,572 1,227,289 1,470,884	382,451 576,278 1,363,637 1,335,390 1,642,652	412,103 601,065 1,503,926 1,587,620 1,956,225	377,926 597,873 1,583,591 1,743,870 2,110,460	328,092 512,544 1,265,963 1,323,712 1,504,933	414,137 656,281 1,648,682 1,756,020 2,013,802	469,177 738,923 1,780,196 1,854,660 2,168,571	550,914 741,778 1,634,267 1,699,506 1,956,014	402,439 440,054 932,867 994,883 1,265,962	385,99 409,19 933,92 1,058,49 1,364,66
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000. \$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000. \$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000. \$100,000,000 or more.	4,307,847 2,165,921 6,065,047 2,831,299 21,206,337	4,692,487 2,295,990 6,053,324 2,786,787 18,956,422	5,551,271 2,596,164 7,245,938 3,294,518 20,153,793	5,775,187 2,667,721 6,947,211 3,216,482 18,684,058	3,986,167 1,882,745 4,627,127 2,321,943 12,404,332	5,217,992 2,597,278 5,743,243 2,564,903 13,178,638	5,576,262 2,597,143 5,388,913 2,256,804 9,959,064	4,893,536 2,230,288 4,340,505 1,699,622 6,934,206	3,592,722 1,761,587 3,949,629 1,540,037 7,064,743	4,113,46 2,111,79 4,790,34 1,994,88 9,717,19
Total	41,440,712	40,085,418	44,902,623	43,704,379	30,157,558	35,790,976	32,789,713	26,680,636	21,944,924	26,879,9
Tax liability: Income tax		17,464,824 1,537,527	19,460,465 2,441,544	15,789,124 1,378,526	9,688,489	11,771,279 -	10,786,777	8,447,187 263,245	4,139,898 ² 6,561,786	4,312,46 210,456,6
Total tax	19,693,246	19,002,351	21,902,009	17,167,650	9,688,489	11,771,279	10,786,777	8,710,432	10,701,683	14,769,0
Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	11,370,816	11,077,193 1,338,850	11,120,765 1,392,580	11,384,344 1,275,934	9,314,299 653,255	9,207,775 1,006,567	8,158,493 687,556	7,134,624 515,824	5,861,849 326,544	5,882,66 230,0
Total assets— By total assets classes: Under \$50,000. \$50,000 under \$100,000. \$100,000 under \$250,000. \$250,000 under \$500,000. \$500,000 under \$1,000,000.	3,238,242 5,780,831 15,503,348 15,489,264 18,063,587	3,228,883 5,827,287 15,464,265 15,281,798 18,249,333	3,237,239 5,675,796 15,218,500 15,431,732 18,291,764	3,109,279 5,523,800 14,690,700 15,018,543 17,885,753	2,928,563 5,045,969 12,659,891 12,588,840 14,763,629	3,077,065 5,193,215 12,816,227 12,759,629 14,991,515	3,061,604 4,978,386 11,914,529 11,876,304 14,332,478	3,019,887 4,489,292 10,340,778 10,462,740 12,894,875	2,629,990 3,520,096 7,980,522 8,279,878 10,917,242	2,485,1 3,159,9 7,348,2 7,943,2 10,826,6
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000. \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000. \$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000. \$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000. \$100,000,000 or more.	61,329,541 35,904,953 95,168,366 46,685,693 395,690,882	61,875,422 36,089,493 91,589,575 44,981,075 370,219,203	61,921,178 34,530,700 86,284,224 41,932,891 334,056,977	60,305,769 32,950,356 81,047,128 40,200,668 301,160,882	52,682,371 29,911,144 71,122,007 36,321,304 271,738,641	53,810,178 31,118,756 70,958,071 34,941,583 258,590,416	52,676,053 29,907,787 67,090,243 32,348,093 234,037,453	48,810,390 27,531,276 62,338,534 29,660,167 207,296,119	43,928,294 25,749,568 61,373,517 28,181,256 223,300,079	41,951,14 23,416,77 56,861,55 27,505,77 218,175,34

Table 12.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, TOTAL COMPILED RECEIPTS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, TAXES, DIVIDENDS PAID, AND TOTAL ASSETS, BY INCOME AND DEFICIT STATUS—Continued

Table 12.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, TOTAL COMP	ILED RECEIPT	S, NEI INCOME	OR DEFICIT,	TAXES, DIVID	ENUS PAID, AI	ND TOTAL ASS	ETS, BY INCO	ME AND DEFIC	IT STATUS—Co	ntinued
Net income, deficit, and total assets classes, selected items	1953	1952	1951	195 0	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME										
All returns— Number of returns	256,208	229,494	213,329	203,031	230,070	198,383	169,276	131,842	110 100	102 562
			1,	200,002		dollara)	107,210	131,642	118,106	123,563
Total compiled receipts	51,792,181	44,865,954	37,795,732	27,442,289	43,280,970	31,656,177	24,471,727	23,356,789	16,402,141	9,237,587
Deficit— By deficit classes:										
Under \$1,000 \$1,000 under \$2,000	1	29,065 41,909	28,075	27,203	28,496	25,746	22,651	18,822	18,377	19,992
\$2,000 under \$3,000. \$3,000 under \$4,000.	222,500	43,603	40,779 40,472	38,341 39,931	41,436 45,261	35,519 38,078	30,222 31,108	22,848 21,876	19,778 18,164	20,945 18,447
\$4,000 under \$5,000	}	42,615 41,039	40,605 37,978	38,817 36,858	45,293 45,039	37,916 36,031	30,237 29,680	20,648 19,060	16,000 14,283	16,116 14,123
\$5,000 under \$10,000 \$10,000 under \$15,000	205,177 154, 8 45	176,218 133,819	161,787 126,616	153,205 113,002	193,529 150,867	156,702 117,762	121,918	77,606	54,951	56,191
\$15,000 under \$20,000 \$20,000 under \$25,000	127,467 104,464	98,639 80,535	90,065	85,699	119,261	92,688	94,023 70,682	58,399 44,787	39,833 32,606	39,235 30,215
\$25,000 under \$50,000	322,582	261,722	232,722	64,547 196,476	95,529 301,025	72,749 232,766	58,709 188,284	38,571 123,661	27,296 88,812	24,175 81,831
\$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 under \$250,000	274,686 302,314	223,620 276,433	221,635 231,123	181,533 178,154	275,754 293,903	219,384 236,550	181,875 216,576	137,131 197,498	95,165	81,268
\$250,000 under \$500,000 \$500,000 under \$1,000,000	174,295 132,234	134,651 125,083	132,575 121,806	92,736	185,025	151,415	148,083	162,760	123,023 97,148	106,471 69,660
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	196,392	155,246	167,862	88,902 117,572	155,283 234,513	118,864 175,283	155,639 239,797	151,709 368,590	90,118 155,962	63,745 102,426
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 or more	49,677 68,125	66,354 44,967	18,613 24,100	5,003 69,458	70,820 100,646	49,666 51,107	112,153 226,926	123,965 403,775	46,828 87,904	12,106 62,315
Total	2,334,758	1,975,518	1,787,583	1,527,437	2,381,680	1,848,226	1,958,563	1,991,706	1,026,250	819,260
Dividends paid:										
Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	17 8, 133 20 , 905	129,659 21,699	118,768 33,354	98,208 13,552	160,027 25,200	107,639 15,676	142,925 8,333	255,317	163,152	88,517
				22,572		15,010	- 0,555	6,827	5,194	5,139
Returns with balance sheets—										
Number of returns	221,923	197,524	181,529	169,047	194,330	166,777	139,780	106,708	93,706	96,441
						i dollara)				
Total compiled receipts	50,120,726	43,340,310	36,518,659	26,244,580	41,876,293	30,475,248	23,487,813	22,585,770	15,886,409	8,699,430
Deficit— By total assets classes:										
Under \$50,000 \$50,000 under \$100,000	385,201 241,345	336,059 187,299	327,053 177,606	318,553 160,265	409,209 224,887	360,668 185,084	291,610 149,563	188,036 92,552	134 ,818 63,675	129,063 58,882
\$100,000 under \$250,000 \$250,000 under \$500,000	366,156 233,656	264,181 193,063	261,009 177,032	213,259 139,773	327,966 217,954	261,093 179,259	205,955 154,070	139,421 115,933	95,748 81,321	86,550 65,156
\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	218,810	182,690	161,635	121,666	212,475	155,297	142,068	118,661	72,222	64,083
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	336,008 96,608	306,182 114,468	281,519 94,459	228,495 58,348	352,485 129,996	266,412 70,322	263,853 88,151	288,512 111,734	165,342 57,370	121,234 54,650
\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000 \$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	158,787 90,221	154,548 51,464	98,234 33,441	78,555 27,760	178,224 106,633	122,860 69,998	230,520 123,037	256,239 124,798	81,556	59,853
\$100,000,000 or more	47,133	67,084	47,892	39,150	56,622	34,317	125,545	424,297	31,951 146,947	25,494 2,204
Total	2,173,925	1,857,038	1,659,880	1,385,824	2,216,451	1,705,310	1,774,372	1,860,183	930,949	667,168
Dividends paid:										
Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	162,545 20,106	118,886 21,295	98,121 32,815	86,385 13,131	150,193 24,676	96,973 15,351	126,474 7,988	242,983 6,722	147,259 5,113	74,387 4,606
										<u> </u>
Total assets— By total assets classes:										
Under \$50,000 \$50,000 under \$100,000	2,386,223 2,558,431	2,200,164 2,111,405	2,061,621 1,982,310	1,972,202 1,793,535	2,230,873 2,130,605	1,929,454 1,755,263	1,599,237 1,397,736	1,176,053 1,001,580	1,017,670 858,750	1,043,090 890,333
\$100,000 under \$250,000 \$250,000 under \$500,000	4,802,983 3,898,133	3,898,147 3,289,084	3,495,660 2,898,482	2,995,874 2,346,292	3,775,977 2,978,121	3,015,860 2,385,848	2,391,796 1,965,319	1,752,773 1,534,678	1,545,819	1,615,904
\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	4,175,300	3,597,221	2,915,740	2,452,006	3,139,678	2,370,146	1,960,221	1,689,778	1,519,614	1,564,247
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	11,630,555 7,140,659	10,663,281 6,727,258	6,675, 179 2,486,847	5,149,497 1,817,102	6,615,688 2,472,245	4,987,171 1,942,41 2	4,490,676 2,042,326	4,564,263 2,095,972	3,979,107 1,841,811	4,155,937 1,868,713
\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000 \$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	17,830,947 5,298,393	13,163,686 5,004,981	4,221,581 2,242,297	3,629,095 1,354,430	4,689,745 2,635,198	4,086,736	4,698,654 3,391,844	5,557,075 2,796,836	3,961,333	3,398,879
\$100,000,000 or more	9,301,066	8,402,703	1,962,864	2,966,337	3,131,182	2,179,403	8,454,304	15,692,107	7,837,065	1,447,250 1,286,907
Total	69,022,690	59,057,930	30,942,581	26,476,370	33,799,312	26,879,360	32,392,113	37,861,115	25,600,826	18,650,219

Includes declared value excess-profits tax of \$98,668,000 for 1944, and \$55,039,000 for 1945.

Includes declared value excess-profits tax of \$97,001,000 for 1944, and \$53,740,000 for 1945.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Table 13.—RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—ALL RETURNS

				-		- 7		T		1	
l	Items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
	ALL RETURNS OF ACTIVE CORPORATIONS	697,975	672,071	652,376	629,314	614,842	594,243	551,807	491,152	421,125	412,467
u	mber of returns	097,975	0/2,0/1	052,510	027,521	(Willion					
_	ceipts:										
	Gross sales	452,061 82,507	429,514 79,805	421,922 75,281	374,406 65,475	320,598 56,859	339,081 56,484	304,296 49,498	234,924 40,763	203,575 40,455	209,536 42,696
	bond premium): Wholly taxable	2,128 108 317	1,932 115 279	1,549 149 254	1,554 176 218	1,493 211 192	1,477 230 163	1,567 254 192	1,740 266 206	1,502 1307 207	1,100 ¹ 351 242
	Other interest	8,248 4,390	7,155 4,137	5,272 4,038 501	4,557 3,562 468	4,021 3,147 473	3,557 3,057 452	2,945 2,841 373	2,494 2,585 290	2,225 2,358 254	2,187 2,115 247
	Royalties Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. Excess of net long-term capital gain over net	546 30 1,235	538 25 1,354	32 1,390	1,097	25 698	22 827	24 901	1,173	44 879	25 403
	short-term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets	581	486 2,350	467 2,377	539 2,460	389 2,162	365 2,194	323 1,882	298 1,713	183 1,418	140 1,429
	Dividends, domestic corporations	2,389 576 3,127	548 3,069	629 3,178	644 2,942	452 2,729	382 2,675	341 2,308	254 2,210	134 1,907	1,584
	Total compiled receipts	558,242	531,307	517,039	458,130	393,450	410,966	367,746	288,954	255,448	262,201
De	ductions: Cost of goods sold. Cost of operations. Compensation of officers. Rent paid on business property.	346,149 46,528 8,777 4,804 5,573	330,821 45,366 8,430 4,485 5,068	323,441 43,110 8,122 4,222 4,731	284,699 36,558 7,607 3,866 3,750	247,311 32,236 6,743 3,641 3,533	261,404 32,820 6,733 3,525 3,826	234,300 28,205 6,026 3,245 3,408	179,769 23,273 5,143 2,823 2,716	157,377 22,666 4,118 2,558 2,624	161,198 24,31; 3,759 2,48° 2,575
	Bad debts Interest paid Taxes paid Contributions or gifts Depreciation	1,144 5,681 12,195 495 10,511	941 5,013 11,697 399 9,604	757 3,701 11,031 343 8,829	755 3,212 9,013 252 7,858	825 3,045 8,361 223 7,191	712 2,759 7,482 239 6,299	685 2,501 6,893 241 5,220	352 2,251 5,831 214 4,202	277 2,308 5,585 266 3,977	33 2,28 5,96 23 3,95
	Depletion	2,302 1,515 5,481 2,936 861	2,126 831 5,027 2,552 630	2,085 292 4,553 2,327	1,709 43 4,097 1,661	1,476 31 3,773 1,216	1,711 39 3,466 1,153	1,210 59 3,032 1,038	799 64 2,408 835	693 1,951 1,923 766	71 98
İ	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	484 63,006	329 59,252	284 55,413	223 49,994	227 45,233	239 43,970	325 39,741	240 32,635	464 26,550	50, 26,35
	Total compiled deductions	518,441	492,572	473,240	415,299	365,063	376,378	336,130	263,555	234,102	235,65
N	ompiled net profit or net loss (16 less 33) et income or deficit (34 less 6) et operating loss deduction	39,801 39,485 413	38,735 38,456 396	43,800 43,546 402	42,831 42,613 345	28,387 28,195 196	34,588 34,425 204	31,615 31,423 184	25,399 25,193 140	21,345 21,139 114	26,54 26,30 14
1	ncome taxxcess profits taxes	18,256 1,613	17,597 1,551	19,623 2,459	15,929 1,387	9,817	11,920	10,981	8,607 268	4,183 ² 6,612	4,35 210,53
	Total tax	19,869	19,148	22,082	17,317	9,817	11,920	10,981	8,875	10,795	14,88
	compiled net profit less total tax (34 less 39)	19,932	19,588	21,717	25,514	18,569	22,668	20,634	16,524	10,551	11,66
	ividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock	11,601 1,110	11,263 1,364	11,299 1,429	11,553 1,292	9,569 684	9,386 1,025	8,365 701	7,497 527	6,081 334	6,05 24
1	RETURNS WITH NET INCOME	441,767	442,577	439,047	426,283	384,772	395,860	382,531	359,310	303,019	288,90
			Г	1		(#11716	i dorrars)	<u> </u>	1		
1	teceipts: Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable	411,212 74,151	393,987 72,652	392,788 67,901	354,254 59,154	284,631 50,659	313,505 51,363	287,632 42,685	220,456 32,853	193,042 35,300	203,55 40,06
	bond premium): Wholly taxableSubject to surtax only Wholly tax-exempt	2,007 107 311	1,808 114 2 7 4	1,518 147 248	1,530 175 215	1,473 210 189	1,454 228 157	1,526 246 187	1,702 259 200	1,476 ³ 302 202	1,0° 33,0° 21
	Other interest	7,142 3,684 500	6,308 3,505 498	5,204 3,385 471	4,491 3,098 437	3,927 2,712 445	3,470 2,650 429	2,850 2,448 342	2,412 2,159 259	2,160 1,999 234	2,12 1,78
	Royalties Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. Excess of net long-term capital gain over net	25	1,286	1,320	1,056	22 645	19 787	22 847	1,118	39 844	38
1	short-term capital loss. Net gain, sales other than capital assets	507	415	404	483	334	300	269	260	163	1,40
	Dividends, foreign corporations	2,365 573 2,715	2,325 546 2,702	2,347 628 2,854	2,440 640 2,686	2,139 445 2,336	2,173 379 2,395	1,838 335 2,047	1,631 251 2,002	1,388 132 1,763	1,4

See footnotes at end of table. See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Table 13.—RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—ALL RETURNS—Continued

	Items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	
	RETURNS WITH NET INCOME -Continued					(Willion	dollars)	L	1	L	ш	_
17	Deductions: Cost of goods sold	312,440	301,067	299,193	268,174	217,267	220 640					
18 19	Cost of operations	40,970 7,305	40,835 7,201	38,792	32,628	28,156	239,640 29,425	220,467 24,123	167,565 17,837	148,747 19,407	156,284 22,811	
0	Rent paid on business property Repairs.	4,015 5,216	3,822 4,758	7,070 3,629 4,460	6,741 3,377 3,524	5,522 2,980	5,838 3,060	5,338 2,761	4,634 2,268	3,732 2,237	3,416 2,306	6
2	Bad debts	777	681	-	,	3,218	3,596	3,206	2,371	2,361	2,456	6
5	Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts. Depreciation.	4,434 11,221 491 9,297	3,966 10,822 396 8,635	662 3,236 10,288 341 8,011	658 2,809 8,405 250 7,146	681 2,568 7,602 220	604 2,374 6,912 236	558 2,076 6,245 238	280 1,747 5,098 211	220 1,949 5,065 263	256 2,020 5,648 233	8
	Depletion Amortization	2,152 1,465	1,993 818	2,005	1,650	6,244 1,386	5,666 1,666	4,622 1,164	3,660 753	3,531 610	3,671 661	
	Advertising. Amounts contributed under pension plans Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans	4,917 2,853 808	4,587 2,480	4,155 2,270	3,810 1,623	27 3,292 1,171	34 3,171 1,121	50 2,773 976	39 2,220 764	1,649 1,826 744	959	-
	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	312 55,645	599 204 52,872	180 49,084	95 45,402	82 38,988	105 39,433	90 35,018	95 28,672	215 24,122	250 24,636	
١	Total compiled deductions	464,319	445,736	433,663	386,332	319,403	342,879	309,705	238,212	216,679	225,606	-
	ompiled net profit (16 less 33)	42,131	40,705	45,581	44,356	30,766	36,430	22.544				Ħ
7	et income (34 less 6) et operating loss deduction	41,819 413	40,432 396	45,333 402	44,141 345	30,577 196	36,273 204	33,568 33,381 184	27,385 27,185 140	22,367 22,165 114	27,357 27,124 149	4
	ncome tax xcess profits taxes	18,256 1,613	17,597 1,551	19,623 2,459	15,929 1,387	9,817	11,920	10,981	8,607 268	4,183 26,612	4,354 ² 10,531	
١	Total tax	19,869	19,148	22,082	17,317	9,817	11,920	10,981	8,875	10,795	14,884	\dashv
	ompiled net profit less total tax (34 less 39)	22,262	21,558	23,499	27,039	20,948	24,510	22,587	18,510	11,572	12,473	=
	Cash and assets other than own stock	11,423 1,089	11,133 1,342	11,180 1,396	11,455 1,279	9,409	9,279	8,222 692	7,241 521	5,918 329	5,969 242	,

Includes "Interest on Coversment obligations subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax" of \$331,598,000 for 1944, and \$301,280,000 for 1945.

Includes "Interest on Coversment obligations subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax" of \$331,598,000 for 1944, and \$301,280,000 for 1945.

Includes "Interest on Coversment obligations subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax" of \$331,598,000 for 1944, and \$301,280,000 for 1945.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Table 14.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS

=	Items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	=
1	ALL RETURNS OF ACTIVE CORPORATIONS Number of returns with balance sheets	640,073	615,698	596,385	569,961	554,573	536,833	496,821	440,750	374,950	363,056	1
-						(Willion	dollars)					
2 3 4	Assets: Cash Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts	80,171 150,435 2,153	79,597 142,777 1,875	76,853 121,054 1,740	71,018 110,527 1,618	63,864 86,966 1,440 44,726	65,737 85,896 1,299 48,293	64,369 76,863 904 44,009	58,502 62,143 773 36,965	57,717 52,274 644 26,067	52,783 48,567 672 26,476	2 3 4 5
5 6	Inventories Investments, Government obligations	65,519 123,599	64,520 120,303	63,776 108,939	54,496 109,822	110,969	104,819	108,774	109,910	129,935	111,219	6
7 8 9 10	Other investments. Gross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves	147,188 260,460 90,403 10,555 16,506	132,512 243,859 84,283 9,970 14,485	104,883 227,882 78,787 10,230 14,434	96,760 209,098 74,283 9,876 12,674	91,152 195,024 68,988 9,581 11,709	84,202 180,562 64,225 9,313 11,838	78,363 163,744 60,664 9,115 10,946	77,089 148,968 57,421 8,782 10,541	74,026 138,444 54,668 8,282 10,029		7 8 9 10 11
12	Total assets	761,877	721,864	647,524	598,369	543,562	525,136	494,615	454,705	441,461	418,324	12
13	Liabilities: Accounts payable	35,554	35,827	33,352	31,298	24,896	26,302	25,537 11,289	21,336	17,455 7,208	17,805 7,056	13 14
14 15 16 17	Maturity less than 1 year. Maturity l year or more. Other liabilities	21,394 86,607 353,141 15,815	20,996 80,628 330,406 15,831	19,240 72,835 283,058 15,595	15,845 65,719 261,899 14,906	11,801 61,851 236,716 15,365	12,225 57,326 232,064 14,957	50,108 227,114 15,007	44,968 214,283 14,857	40,987 221,286 14,764	42,454 200,550 15,112	15 16 17
18 19 20 21		88,121 13,294 155,606 7,655	85,365 13,472 146,464 7,125	82,804 12,739 135,310 7,411	79,310 12,410 124,951 7,968	78,944 11,178 111,078 8,269	76,774 11,345 102,262 8,118	72,463 11,303 90,101 8,307	68,334 11,004 78,836 8,416	64,747 11,057 72,528 8,571	12,200 67,557 9,195	20 21
22	Total liabilities	761,877	721,864	647,524	598,369	543,562	525,136	494,615	454,705	441,461	418,324	22
23 24	Gross receipts from operations	447,116 81,522	424,670 78,695	418,056 74,317	370,249 64,417	316,257 55,748	334,988 55,394	299,771 48,175	231,044 39,940	201,546 39,910	207,008 42,121	
25 26 27	Subject to surtax only	2,113 108 315	1,918 115 278	1,535 148 253	1,538 175 217	1,476 210 189	1,465 230 162	1,556 253 192	1,723 263 204	1,491 1305 206	1,092 ¹ 348 241	26 27
28 29 30 31	Rents	8,195 4,269 533 28	7,097 4,009 527 25	5,229 3,911 481 31	4,520 3,433 456 31	3,987 3,025 461 24	3,529 2,937 438 21	2,920 2,690 364 23	2,462 2,469 283 36	2,206 2,257 248 42	2,165 2,017 240 24	29 30 31
32		1,196	1,312	1,331	1,036	665	781	818	1,105	836	385	32
33 34 35 36	Dividends, domestic corporations Dividends, foreign corporations	556 2,371 575 3,085	467 2,325 544 3,030	446 2,351 628 3,132	491 2,434 641 2,884	360 2,126 448 2,658	339 2,149 375 2,623	300 1,860 340 2,259	278 1,691 252 2,167	175 1,401 134 1,879	132 1,407 145 1,554	34 35 36
37	Total compiled receipts	551,984	525,011	511,849	452,523	387,636	405,430	361,521	283,917	252,636	258,880	37
38 39 40 41 42	Cost of operations	342,235 45,979 8,621 4,734 5,505	326,887 44,710 8,282 4,406 5,017	320,462 42,584 7,979 4,161 4,683	281,415 35,958 7,457 3,798 3,708	244,008 31,577 6,604 3,561 3,496	258,169 32,236 6,594 3,462 3,786	230,769 27,377 5,893 3,127 3,341	176,770 22,782 5,033 2,765 2,670	155,828 22,359 4,034 2,515 2,597	159,193 23,986 3,667 2,444 2,542	39 40 41
43 44 45 46	Bad debts Interest paid. Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts.	1,127 5,622 12,069 492 10,386	929 4,949 11,573 396 9,493	744 3,646 10,904 341 8,733	745 3,154 8,899 250 7,754	810 2,985 8,236 220 7,064	700 2,697 7,368 237 6,201	675 2,429 6,742 238 5,124	344 2,198 5,734 211 4,131	269 2,258 5,514 264 3,921	326 2,236 5,885 232 3,891	44 45 46
48 49 50 51	Amortization	2,284 1,508 5,409 2,922 855	2,113 827 4,977 2,538 628	2,066 291 4,513 2,319	1,692 43 4,042 1,655	1,427 30 3,711 1,196	1,699 39 3,429 1,143	1,201 58 2,988 1,031	778 63 2,355 827	679 1,931 1,907 764	-	50 51 52
53 54	Net loss, sales other than capital assets	437 62,216	314 58,465	258 54,670	191 49,229	190 44,391	208 43,214	264 39,054	200 32,033	415 26,161	25,919	53 54
5		512,402	486,504	468,354	409,988	359,505	371,182	330,314	258,893	231,417	232,426	55
56 57 58	Net income or deficit (55 less 27)	39,582 39,267 397	38,507 38,228 381	43,495 43,243 388	42,535 42,319 332	28,130 27,941 187	34,086	31,207 31,015 176	25,025 24,820 132	21,220 21,014 109		57 58
59 60		18,099 1,594	17,465 1,538	19,460 2,442	15,789 1,379	9,688	11,771	10,787	8,447 263	4,140 ² 6,562	4,312 ² 10,457	59 60
6	<u>'</u>	19,693	19,002	21,902	17,168	9,688	11,771	10,787	8,710	10,702	14,769	61
6	Dividends paid:	19,889	19,504	21,593	25,368	18,442		20,420 8,285	16,314 7,378	10,518	11,685]
6 6		1,106		11,219 1,425	11,471 1,289	9,464 678		696	523	332	235	
	-									Com 1051 on		

See footnotes at end of table. See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Table 14.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS AND DEDUCTIONS—RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS—Continued

	Items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	
	RETURNS WITH NET INCOME											1
1	Number of returns with balance sheets	418,150	418,174	414,856	400,914	360,243	370,056	357,041	334,042	281,244	266,615	5
				r т		(Willion	dollars)				, _]
2	Assets:	76,173	76,116	74,893	69,316	61,512	63,733	61,983	55,782	55 /77/	£1 005	
	Notes and accounts receivable	139,728 1,953	132,843 1,724	116,505 1,641	106,655	81,798 1,298	81,883	73,114	58,429 689	55,674 49,799	51,275 46,624	۱.
	Inventories	59,574 118,266	59,307 114,694	59,280 107,249	51,593 108,649	39,543 109,842	44,714	40,783	33,122	592 24,464	614 25,715	١.
	_	124,123	114,754	101,946	93,969	87,986	103,243 81,432	106,091	107,980	128,084	109,191	-
	Gross capital assets (except land) Less: Reserves	236,394 82,533	222,953 77,606	209,985 73,369	192,817 69,408	174,470 62,131	165,981	73,760 145,931	71,761 124,948	70,315 121,053	71,231 127,006	
	Land Other assets	8,420 14,663	8,409 13,060	8,659 13,075	8,388 11,450	7,905 10,136	59,944 7,828 10,585	55,457 7,706	50,084 7,363	48,496 6,678	47,078 6,571	.
2		692,855	662,806	616,581	571,893	509,762	498,257	9,144	8,232 416,844	8,882 415,860	9,753 399,674	4
	Limbilities;									,	277,077	4
		30,398	31,265	29,315	27,877	20,800	23,024	22,127	18,051	15,399	16,298	
	Maturity less than 1 year	17,764 73,239	17,649 69,086	16,396	13,660	9,352	9,945	9,324	7,903	6,100	5,925	
	Other liabilities	322,703 14,467	304,837 14,609	63,157 278,336	56,808 257,835	52,091 232,324	49,748 227,016	41,122 220,061	34,141 208,115	33,434 216,369	36,842 195,660	1
	Capital stock, common	78,962	77,127	14,518 75,576	13,775	13,720	13,661	13,754	13,381	13,417	13,935	
	Surplus reserves	11,759 146,452	12,131 138,765	12,347 129,755	72,635 11,757	69,894 10,501	69,603 10,766	64,229	58,605 9,873	57,692 10,463	59,592 11,733	1
	Less: Deficit	2,889	2,662	2,820	120,443 2,896	103,727 2,647	97,411 2,916	84,172 3,121	70,277 3,501	66,866 3,879	64,292 4,602	
	Total liabilities	692,855	662,806	616,581	571,893	509,762	498,257	462,223	416,844	415,860	399,674	7
	Receipts:											1
	Gross sales Gross receipts from operations Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable	407,535 73,488	390,320 71,819	389,789 67,271	350,858 58,450	281,312 49,856	310 ,249 50,538	283,734 41,647	217,059 32,252	191,286 34,932	201,301 39,679	
	bond premium); Wholly taxable	1,992	1,795	1,506	1,517	1,458	1,444	1,516	1,686	1.468	1,072	
	Subject to surtax only	107 310	114 273	146 246	174 214	209 187	228 157	246 187	256 199	1,468 3300 201	3343 232	1
	Other interest	7,101	6,261	5,171	4,466	3,903	3,452	2,835	2,390	2,149	2,109	1
	RentsRoyalties	3,607 488	3,415 487	3,300 452	3,011 427	2,629 435	2,573 417	2,338 335	2,082 253	1,938 229	1,734	1
	Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss.	24	20	28	28	21	18	20	32	38	21	
	Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss.	1,114	1,247	1,264	998	613	743	766	1,052	803	371	
	Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends, domestic corporations	486 2,349`	399 2,305	387 2,321	441	309	281	249	243	157	112	
	Dividends, foreign corporations	573 2,6 8 9	543 2,674	627	2,415 637	2,105 441	2,130 372	1,818	1,612 249	1,371 132	1,386 144	j:
	Total compiled receipts	501,863	481,671	475,331	426,279	2,280	2,354	2,009	261,332	1,743 236,750	1,450 250,180	4
	Deductions:											1
	Cost of goods sold	309,570	298,138	296,919	265,506	214,823	237,119	217,464	164,981	147,423	154,505	
	Compensation of officers	40,619 7,208	40,331 7,102	38,460 6,975	32,250 6,641	27,684 5,437	28,997 5,743	23,478 5,244	17,484 4,554	19,212 3,673	22,606 3,352	l.
	Rent paid on business property	3,977 5,169	3,772 4,721	3,596 4,425	3,341 3,498	2,933 3,194	3,022 3,569	2,667 3,152	2,229 2,338	2,209	2,278 2,431	
	Bad debts	770 4,399	675 3,928	657	652	674	598	553	277	216	253	
	Taxes paid. Contributions or gifts.	11,137	10,734	3,206 10,194	2,777 8,325	2,532 7,506	2,337 6,826	2,030 6,126	1,719 5,024	1,923 5,015	1,994 5,591	1
	Depreciation	9,223	8,557	339 7,946	248 7,077	217 6,150	234 5,593	235 4,550	208 3,606	261 3,489	230 3,628	
	Depletion	2,140 1,459	1,981	1,987 285	1,634	1,339	1,655	1,156	733	598	648	4
	Advertising	4,864	4,548 2,468	4,128	3,767	3,244	3,144	2,740	37 2,171	1,630 1,813	952 -	15
	Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans Net loss, sales other than capital assets	804 310	597 201	2,263 - 178	1,617 - 92	1,152	1,112	971	757	741	-	1
	Other deductions	55,132	52,352	48,623	44,896	79 3 8, 423	103 3 8, 920	34,552	93 2 8, 241	210 23,848	247 24,352	
	Total compiled deductions	460,112	441,312	430,182	382,360	315,415	339,007	305,057	234,452	214,604	223,068	5
	Compiled net profit (37 less 54)	41,751 41,441	40,358 40,085	45,149	43,919	30,344	35,948	32,976	26,880	22,146	27,112	
	Net operating loss deduction	397	381	44,903 388	43,704	30,158 187	35,791 195	32,790 176	26,681 132	21,945 109	26,880 142	5
	Income tax	18,099 1,594	17,465 1,538	19,460 2,442	15,789 1,3 7 9	9,688	11,771	10 ,78 7	8,447 263	4,140 ² 6,562	4,312 ² 10,457	5
	Total tax	19,693	19,002	21,902	17,168	9,688	11,771	10,787	8,710	10,702	14,769	6
	Compiled net profit less total tax (55 less 60)	22,058	21,356	23,247	26,751	20,656	24,176	22,190	18,169	11 ///	10 2/2	
	Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock	11,371	11,077	11,121	11,384	9,314	9,208	8,158	7,135	11,444	12,343	
	Corporation's own stock	1,085	1,339	1,393	1,276	653	1,007	688	516	5,862 327	5,883 230	6.

Includes "Interest on Covernment obligations subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax" of \$330,136,000 for 1944, and \$300,078,000 for 1945.

Includes "Interest on Covernment obligations subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax" of \$330,136,000 for 1944, and \$300,078,000 for 1945.

Includes "Interest on Covernment obligations subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax" of \$325,145,000 for 1944, and \$295,228,000 for 1945.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
ALL INDUSTRIAL GROUPS								i		
Total number of returns of active corporations:	//1 747					205 0/0	000 503	250 230	202 010	000 001
With net income	441,767 256,208	442,577 229,494	439,047 213,329	426,283 203,031	384,772 230,070	395,860 198,383	382,531 169,276	359,310 131,842	303,019 118,106	288,904 123,563
Returns with net income:	506,450,081	486,441,344	479,243,451	430,687,780	(Thousand	379,309,471	343,273,851	265,597,448	239,045,611	252,962,944
Total compiled receipts Net income	41,819,445	40,431,697	45,333,173	44,140,741	30,576,517	36,273,250	33,381,291	27,184,592	22,165,206	27,123,741
Total tax	19,869,049	19,147,694	22,082,117	17,316,932	9,817,308	11,920,260	10,981,482	8,874,840	10,794,750	14,884,050
Income tax	18,255,625 1,613,424	17,596,969 1,550,725	19,623,441 2,458,676	15,929,488 1,387,444	9,817,308	11,920,260	10,981,482	8,606,695 268,145	4,182,705 6,612,045	4,353,620 10,530,430
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	51,792,181 2,334,758	44,865,954 1,975,518	37,795,732 1,787,583	27,442,289 1,527,437	43,280,970 2,381,680	31,656,177 1,848,226	24,471,727 1,958,563	23,356,789 1,991,706	16,402,141 1,026,250	9,237,587 819,260
TOTAL AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERY										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	4,963	4,988 3,881	5,389 3,345	5,039 3,261	4,312 3,694	4,553 3,141	4,444 2,885	4,260 2,403	3,865 2,287	3,912 2,505
Returns with net income:					(Thousand	i dollars)				
Total compiled receipts	1,911,644 180,926	2,090,020 194,358	2,192,596 288,619	1,907,678 320,571	1,616,005 209,591	1,642,670 245,694	1,486,572 239,190	1,138,035 205,244	893,856 149,892	822,592 134,453
Total tax	72,839	77,436	107,158	102,779	66,637	79,060	76,778	67,955	63,727	63,306
Income tax	71,522 1,317	75,637 1,799	102,372 4,786	97,462 5,317	66,637 -	79,060	76,778 -	65,511 2,444	32,848 30,880	29,300 34,006
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	480,999 68,904	470,427 55,396	274,787 29,702	223,287 26,074	286,205 32,249	219,272 26,148	183,940 23,848	136,560 21,669	99,516 16,079	107,035 14,530
FARMS AND AGRICULTURAL SERVICES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	4,671 4,022	4,598 3,557	5,022 3,006	4,648 2,913	4,010 3,326	4,213 2,808	4,103 2,557	3,914 2,127	3,568 2,069	3,603 2,227
7.1			L	L	(Thousand	dollars)	L			
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts Net income.	1,843,398 169,591	2,006,986 181,044	2,120,960 276,046	1,836,004 305,025	1,568,878 202,056	1,582,246 233,092	1,424,561 227,600	1,078,783 194,311	847,807 142,890	788,951 128,679
Total tax	68,910	73,218	103,462	98,451	64,619	75,559	73,577	64,857	60,779	61,336
Income tax Excess profits taxes	67,602 1,308	71,482 1,736	98,748 4,714	93,168 5,283	64,619	75,559 -	73,577	62,436 2,421	31,473 29,306	28,166 33,171
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	455,709 64,785	440,319 51,927	245,928 26,846	205,791 21,391	269,754 • 29,538	198,577 23,819	167,299 21,439	128,700 19,837	93,951 13,481	97,779 12,591
FORESTRY							,			
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	170 107	216 96	148 87	196 98	139 128	157 102	189 107	200 121	145 116	178 163
Returns with net income:		T	r		(Thousand	dollars)		T		
Total compiled receipts	43,177 9,687	50,528 11,435	35,424 9,542	37,231 12,994	23,094 5,481	30,280 9,269	35,233 9,208	29,547 7,226	16, 2 97 2,559	16,309 3,333
Total tax	3,423	3,589	2,687	3,618	1,457	2,488	2,506	1,883	724	766
Income tax Excess profits taxes	3,423	3,539 50	2,667 20	3,604 14	1,457	2,488 -	2,506	1,883	690 34	747 18
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	3,922 1,052	4,843 593	7,620 267	3,635 1,629	3,723 1,042	4,015 657	4,243 611	1,922 938	2,233 2,058	3,783 1,464
FISHERY										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	122 313	174 228	219 252	195 250	163 240	183 231	152 221	146 155	152 102	131 115
Returns with net income:		1			(Thousand	·				
Total compiled receipts Net income	25,069 1,648	32,506 1,879	36,212 3,031	34,443 2,552	24,033 2,054	30,144 3,333	26,778 2,382	29,705 3,707	29,753 4,442	17,332 2,441
Total tax	506	629	1,009	710	561	1,013	695	1,215	2,224	1,204
Income tax Excess profits taxes	497 (1)	616 13	957 52	690 20	561 -	1,013	695 -	1,192 23	685 1,540	387 817
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	21,368 3,067	25,265 . 2,876	21,239 2,589	13,861 3,054	12,728 1,669	16,680 1,672	12,398 1,798	5,938 894	3,332 541	5,473 475
							<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	

Sample variability of this item is too large to warrant showing it separately. However, this value is included in industrial division total.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
TOTAL MINING AND QUARRYING		'								
Total number of returns of active corporations:									Ì	
With net income	4,271 4,876	4,839 4,216	4,966 4,070	5,032 4,024	4,766 4,385	5,503 3,582	4,954 3,340	4,137 3,538	3,694 3,602	3,796 3,824
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	7,685,868	8,047,731	8,462,731	7,662,486	(Thousand		5,552,564	3,745,073	3,352,021	3,480,815
Net income	1,101,205	1,101,093	1,225,061	1,175,237	804,561	7,337,631 1,221,825	859,544	400,555	299,656	368,801
Total tax	513,351	507,389	560 , 73 7	447,481	267,682	413,678	292,195	132,620	118,368	157,527
Income tax Excess profits taxes	491,215 22,136	493,188 14,201	534,509 26,228	430,570 16,911	267,682 -	413,678 -	292,195 -	131,692 928	86,528 31,840	99,066 58,461
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	1,667,228 156,072	1,668,791 120,234	1,228,120 104,990	946,072 85,014	962,051 108,784	569,364 68,842	484,039 73,493	554,485 65,816	601,662 57,268	546,781 51,427
MINING AND QUARRYING: METAL MINING										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	205 525	188 654	22 6 667	209 611	175 655	23 0 670	224 707	227 630	205 643	222 645
					(Thousand	dollars)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts Net income	1,257,934 231,090	1,251,404 237,507	1,448,273 321,365	1,234,475 288,234	854,624 151,989	1,190,474 282,277	922,150 208,177	618,887 88,013	662,804 79,265	709,244 110,481
Total tax	113,154	103,357	149,382	108,932	48,334	88,281	69,373	26,070	26,302	42,269
Income tax	104,228	100,886	141,962	105,467	48,334	88,281	69,373	26,061	24,113	28,229
Excess profits taxes	8,926	2,471	7,420	3,465	-	-	-	9	2,190	14,040
Total compiled receipts	135,026 16,499	250,270 14,122	114,051 11,027	69,966 6,953	111,499 10,416	84,697 10,823	78,432 13,026	53,730 11,713	77,655 10,282	68,863 10,823
MINING AND ¿UARRYING: ANTHRACITE MINING										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	80 150	75 144	114 117	105 113	93 113	117 86	102 74	106 71	85 63	7 9 67
Returns with met income:					(Thousand	T	1	[
Total compiled receipts	101,867 15,178	174,857 16,645	241,951 20,694	384,242 26,095	316,177 21,677	525,375 42,107	457,092 29,925	402,036 24,680	318,166 10,264	327,128 15,682
Total tax	2 , 133	3,139	4,765	7,077	5,283	12,631	9,346	8,661	3,551	6,092
Income taxExpess profits taxes	2,117 16	3,136 3	4,638 127	6,934 143	5,283 -	12,631	9,346 -	8,594 67	2,944 606	4,908 1,1 8 5
Returns with no net income; Total compiled receipts Deficit	305,112 13,553	289,332 8,666	272,270 6,1 89	118,656 3,933	116 ,2 45 4 , 448	63,466 2,332	62,531 2,146	56,471 1,862	53,612 1,966	66,5 8 9 1,797
MINING AND LUARRYING: BITUMINOUS COAL AND LIGNITE MINING										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	632 940	7 8 9 876	912 901	1,105 891	1,033 1,037	1,434 729	1,371 466	1,013 627	915 629	932 652
Returns with net income:					(Thousand	dollars)		•		
Total compiled receipts	1,53 0 ,402 72,593	1,776,265 88,263	2,129,717 139,464	2,063,095 180,363	1,578,787 1 22,8 03	2,542,354 318,597	2,216,763 264,751	1,424,400 89,553	1,347,600 81,412	1,425,746 101,000
Total tax	28,825	35,713	57,096	69,425	43,038	113,038	90,225	29,975	35,613	48,926
Income tax Excess profits taxes	28 ,6 20 205	35,445 268	56,171 925	67,620 1,805	43,038 -	113,038	90 ,22 5	29,662 313	24,545 11,067	28,368 20,557
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts. Deficit.	519,420 31,230	512,123 19,069	432,482 25,769	357,722 17,237	348,511 25,480	171,980 8,971	97,748 6,093	203,446 9,016	196,776 10,119	177,377 8,263
MINING AND QUARRYING: CRUDE PETROLEUM										
AND NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION Total number of returns of active corporations:		0.53	2 121		2 2001	2.543	2 101	3 000	3 700	3 200
With net income	2,090 2,365	2,514 1,858	2,436 1,704	2,369 1,760	2,276 1,830	2,563 1,424	2,191 1,416	1,836 1,577	1,722 1,587	1,894 1,629
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	3,765,560	3,806,625	3,668,660	3,144,537	(Thousand 2,395,858	dollars) 2,362,031	1,364,728	839,314	699,821	695,385
Net income	672,469	645,897	610,224	539,989	397,936	460,206	263,819	128,010	85,887	97,974
Total tax	313,946	310,028	281,627	202,802	131,825	157,417	90,221	43,366	31,296	37,906
Income tax	304,338	301,221 8,807	270,684 10,943	196,225 6,577	131,825	157,417	90,221	42,913 453	24,481 6,815	26,904 11,001
Excess profits taxes	9,608	.,	1							

NOTE: See p. 17 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
MINING AND QUARRYING: NONMETALLIC MINING										
AND QUARRYING										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	1,264 896	1,273 684	1,278	1,244	1,189 750	1,159 673	1,066 677	, 955 633	767 680	669 831
With no net income	870	984	001	049	(Thousand				1.	
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	1,030,135	1,038,580	974,130	836,137	717,976	717,397	591,831	460,436	323,630	323,311
Net income	109,875	112,781	133,314	140,556	110,156	118,638	92,872	70,299	42,828	43,665
Total tax	55,293	55,152	67,867 61,054	59,245 54,324	39,202	42,311	33,030 33,030	24,548 24,462	21,607	22,334
Income tax Excess profits taxes	51,912 3,381	52,500 2,652	6,813	4,921	-	-	-	86	11,162	11,678
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts	102,417	63,475	53,033	44,139	50,664	44,725	35,564	32,493	49,060	55,714
Deficit	10,446	6,889	7,054	6,827	7,946	5,998	5,781	5,587	8,149	7,935
CONSTRUCTION										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	21,406	20,946	19,764	17,868	16,290	16,155	14,353	11,161	7,811	7,160
With no net income	13,460	10,871	9,829	9,826	9,456	7,325	5,934	4,688	4,023	4,354
Returns with net income:	10.000.00	32 /0/ 555	12 200 200	0.062.005	(Thousand		6,367,029	3,732,496	2,458,988	2,699,979
Total compiled receipts	13,869,087 626,313	13,494,727 683,685	12,360,392 652,506	9,963,007 651,035	8,676,131 591,250	8,518,903 625,246	430,150	269,994	146,070	172,738
Total tax	273,421	306,633	292,445	246,711	200,106	210,111	139,873	83,675	62,134	90,176
Income tax Excess profits taxes	252,821 20,600	280,343 26,290	263,796 28,649	228,683 18,028	200,106	210,111	139,873	82,883 792	28,480 33,653	29,486 60,690
Returns with no net income:						d	: 40 om:	500.065	100.000	483 086
Total compiled receipts Deficit	.,321,430 113,255	1,802,325 84,927	1,879,701 93,128	1,598,772 89,018	1,241,459 73,737	870,132 48,226	680,976 38,511	588,065 37,916	488,965 33,451	481,986 33,604
TOTAL MANUFACTURING										
Total number of returns of active corporations:										
With net income	78,380 42,706	80,795 38,604	80,877 39,319	79,186 36,686	68,317 48,953	73,638 43,108	74,612 37,572	72,567 25,564	61,680 17,432	61,044 15,575
					(Thousand	dollars)				
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts Net income	263,970,665 22,251,202	244,424,014 21,081,015	241,530,606 25,492,126	210,033,648 24,223,918	167,534,041 15,342,017	185,981,909 18,928,473	171,416,746 17,516,231	128,928,639 12,680,628	133,402,830 10,576,548	151,218,292 15,007,518
Total tax	12,160,679	11,419,132	14,163,463	10,636,866	5,497,255	6,821,585	6,319,452	4,628,015	6,112,228	9,391,328
Income tax	10,771,452	10,125,517	12,088,130	9,564,912	5,497,255	6,821,585	6,319,452	4,468,311	1,947,769 4,164,458	2,199,838
Excess profits taxes	1,389,227	1,293,615	2,075,333	1,071,954		-	-	159,704	4,104,436	7,191,491
Returns with no net income: Totel compiled receipts Deficit.	17,151,197 829,856	16,671,142 762,895	13,475,918 630,291	10,269,289 502,383	19,812,782 1,095,151	14,029,497 814,485	8,907,948 864,264	10,492,919 986,664	7,881,133 326,331	2,997,101 156,579
MANUFACTURING: BEVERAGES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	1,690	2,088 1,207	1,865 1,201	1,773 1,405	1,786 1,581	1,751 1,627	1,927 1,296	2,225 639	2,082 509	2,188 410
With no net income	1,026	1,201	1,201	1,405	(Thousand					
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	6,993,509	6,787,382	6,535,431	5,170,177	4,957,037	4,820,625	4,475,420	4,667,147	4,272,086	3,723,064
Net income	420,430	448,155	477,685	492,332	471,046	510,994 189,181	501,375 185,783	512,381 197,672	418,168 255,779	386,946 233,805
Total tax	220,053	238,335	243,149	204,756 195,933	171,910 171,910	189,181	185,783	179,549	73,984	69,864
Excess profits taxes	11,250		11,706	8,823	-	-	-	18,123	181,795	163,940
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts	351,751	494,064	497,466	428,422	497,423	516,677	467,595	169,426	163,861	75,78
Deficit	19,351	27,050	27,824	30,219	37,912	43,043	45,129	9,741	9,323	3,604
MANUFACTURING: FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS								ĺ		
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	6,969	6,867	7,095	7,158	7,056	6,931	7,300	8,058	7,081	6,958
With no net income	4,009	3,383	3,905	3,842	4,263	4,264	3,542	1,784	1,647	1,816
	32,891,749	21 505 721	30 /07 201	28,058,709	(Thousand	26,177,784	29,005,471	22,868,852	18,503,256	19,487,14
Returns with net income:		31,595,734	32,401,394 1,247,020	1,443,626		1,222,361	1,479,709	1,572,586	1,010,275	1,124,59
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts Net income	1,329,467	1,229,982	' '		1					
Total compiled receipts			623,485	611,149	428,965	443,412		585,572	556,289	
Total compiled receipts Net income	1,329,467	632,143 600,303	ļ	611,149 573,938 37,211	428,965	443,412 443,412 -		585,572 562,204 23,368	556,289 222,832 333,456	218,949
Total compiled receipts	1,329,467 683,322 650,725	632,143 600,303 31,840	623,485 587,066	573,938	428,965		537,898 -	562,204	222,832	661,806 218,949 442,857 432,889
Total compiled receipts	1,329,467 683,322 650,725	632,143 600,303	623,485 587,066	573,938	428,965			562,204	222,832	218,9

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
MANUFACTURING: TOBACCO MANUFACTURES										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	136									
With no net income	136 60	115 36	127 63	128 72	114 83		129 109	145 71	178 32	170 37
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	4,158,688	3,717,661	3,391,809	2 204 650	T "	d dollars)		T		
Net income	341,142	287,366	296,701	3,204,630 291,635	3,200,423 260,259		2,793,495 197,701	2,608,228 174,666	2,224,005 140,851	2,130,376 166,400
Total tax Income tax	196,203 173,478	161,748	166,263	131,419	97,599	91,426	73,319	64,584	60,181	79,855
Excess profits taxes	22,725	146,438 15,310	147,935 18,328	120,400 11,019	97,599	91,426	73,319	64,530 54	49,317 10,863	50,910 28,945
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	17,344 717	23,842 454	21,342 797	20,231 899	34,795 1,326	33,023 2,048	57,759 5,078	16,293 1,717	3,734 206	5,442 104
MANUFACTURING: TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS	į									
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income With no net income.	3,529 2,313	3,547 1,948	3,849 2,181	4,381 1,413	3,692 2,341	4,161 1,917	4,380 1,679	4,764 778	3 , 907 496	3,773 439
Returns with net income:				1	(Thousan	d dollars)				
Total compiled receipts Net income	10,568,204 644,382	10,977,710 644,892	12,843,493 1,071,665	12,686,482 1,268,801	9,459,263 756,803	11,828,790 1,554,012	11,196,975 1,574,837	10,101,471 1,411,728	7,588,094 736,363	7,629,101 794,111
Total tax	317,928	324,466	538,815	538,295	273,575	576,468	580,116	541,012	452,764	511,568
Income tax Excess profits taxes	310,027 7,901	311,618 12,848	508,641 30,174	507,483 30,812	273,575	576,468	580,116 -	503,031 37,981	123,409 3 2 9,355	116,635 394,933
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts	2,099,677 129,740	2,228,146 122,824	1,582,457 82,989	490,831 28,556	1,365,451 87,338	615,101 46,317	450,03 8 41,156	158,458 9,568	103,310 7,619	102,159 5,159
MANUFACTURING: APPAREL AND PRODUCTS MADE FROM FABRICS										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	8,369 6,239	8,464 5,976	7,899 6,854	8,596 5,719	7,613 6 , 985	8,595 6,077	9,267 4,715	9,164 2,550	6,460 1,166	6,157 1,079
Returns with net income:					(Thousand dollars)			
Total compiled receipts	7,198,030 220,442	7,384,244 229,826	6,986,671 234,699	7,235,591 328,280	6,123,972 239,516	7,096,988 349,645	7,089,046 477,571	6,329,368 499,123	3,862,214 245,853	3,828,425 256,976
Total tax	96,275	100,979	102,280	125,451	81,822	121,764	169,583	183,200	139,133	156,800
Income tax Excess profits taxes	93,538 2,737	97,682 3,297	98,302 3,978	119,249 6,202	81,822	121,764	169,583	172,767 10,433	41,710 97,423	36,648 120,152
Returns with no net income; Total compiled receipts Deficit	1,745,571 68,733	1,708,884 64,301	1,938,849 76,813	1,109,838 49,543	1,672,347 88,142	1,309,971 71,740	652,050 38,441	364,347 17,164	116,185 4,157	109,817 3,593
MANUFACTURING: LUMBER AND WOOD FRODUCTS, EXCLPT FURNITURE										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	2,937 1,773	3,258 1,615	3,496 1,579	3,627 1,093	2,828 1,883	3,245 1,490	3,093 1,119	2,714 825	2,002 841	2,059 8 21
Returns with net income:					(Thousand	dollars)		<u>.</u>		
Total compiled receipts	4,323,306 323,469	4,603,280 386,204	4,766,318 531,548	4,859,548 647,190	3,115,233 302,675	3,830,490 540,537	3,372,784 544,140	2,299,083 307,609	1,586,807 140,846	1,822,336 190,407
Total tax	125,119	152,894	222,677	257,564	100,056	186,789	191,734	105,310	61,577	100,360
Income tax Excess profits taxes	122,637 2,482	148,438 4,456	210,751 11,926	235,564 22,000	100,056	186,789	191,734	102,779 2,531	33,941 27,637	37,096 63,264
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	672,267 34,557	615,483 35,234	518,215 26,856	181,706 14,040	583,587 46,586	342,094 24,886	170,052 16,232	115,232 11,803	180,794 9,541	147,793 9,951
MANUFACTURING: FURNITURE AND FIXTURES					7					
Total number of returns of active corporations:	2 /20	2 7777	2.63		[-	,		
With no net income.	3,418 2,221	3,771 2,023	3,671 1,824	3,803 1,720	3,118 2,278	3,358 2,099	3,545 1,856	3,446 1,180	2,695 700	2,535 725
deturns with net income: Total compiled receipts	3,322,903	3,460,625	3,373,255	3 176 005	(Thousand		T			
Net income	206,178	239,471	262,297	3,176,925 280,926	2,182,450 170,037	2,477,280 222,281	2,703,412 261,470	2,178,106 218,611	1,528,231 116,363	1,536,159 134,676
Total tax Income tax	95,309	123,389	135,615	118,537	60,020	79,602	93,275	78,279	61,152	78,169
Excess profits taxes	6,718	12,207	16,001	11,413	60,020	79,602	93,275	76,053 2,226	24,726 36,426	23,869 54,300
eturns with no net income: Total compiled receipts	525,522	458,903	383,117	257,414	444,141	368,845	İ	1	1	

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Table 15.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, TOTAL COMPILED RE	CEIPTS, NET IN	COME OR DEF	ICIT, AND TAX	ES—ALL RETU	RNS BY MAJOR	INDUSTRIAL	ROUPS AND B	Y INCOME AND	DEFICIT STAT	JS-Continued
Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
MANUFACTURING: PAPER AND ALLIFD PRODUCTS							:			
Total number of returns of active corporations:										
With net income	2,074 621	2,025 784	2,271 481	2,148 460	1,698 888	1,898 658	2,087 446	2,099 262	1,848 239	1,860 202
Returns with net income:	0.105.441	G 502 528	B 000 101	(222 /25	(Thousand	1	5 (1D 000	/ 21/ 6/0	2 #10 220	3,432,114
Total compiled receipts Net income	8,125,461 957,036	7,523,728 967,088	8,269,421 1,344,338	6,883,425 1,014,336	5,002,330 583,745	5,737,079 798,787	5,617,782 928,005	4,314,669 576,522	3,510,239 345,350	416,71
Total tax	515,832	534,073	800,360	452,144	214,666	295,838	343,388	213,122	197,707	259,816
Income tax Excess profits taxes	474,179 41,653	480,242 53,831	657,400 142,960	411,101 41,043	214,666	295,838	343,388	207,684 5,438	69,596 128,110	69,494 190,322
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	259,426 18,749	347,653 20,969	160,819 10,837	84,865 6,940	465,226 28,307	268,652 14,789	95,642 6,582	66,401 6,636	74,019 3,073	60,889 3,266
MANUFACTURING: PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	9,427	9,672	9,127	8,939	8,547	8,978	8,789	8,518	8,021	7,904
With no net income	4,175	3,783	4,168	4,031	4,239	3,519	3,120	2,478	2,036	2,065
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	7,841,005	7,251,273	6,939,919	6,217,762	(Thousand	5,795,347.	5,317,103	4,593,908	3,744,226	3,391,074
Net income	663,023	647,899	654,993	629,486	557,700	616,198	665,430	677,279	590,971	577,262
Total tax Income tax	337,296 309,767	324,523 299,551	321,980 295,021	248,170 235,436	194,540 194,540	215,974 215,974	232,870 232,870	239,878	352,100 97,830	347,195 94,662
Excess profits taxes	27,529	24,972	26,959	12,734	_	-	-	3,715	254,271	252,533
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	716,987 37,301	722,531 34,259	534,392 33,808	596,157 44,757	595,156 41,056	484,388 38,385	· 415,738 35,842	253,169 20,767	101,050 6,825	90,812 6,275
MANUFACTURING: CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	4,669 3,034	4,655 2,973	4,932 2,735	4,847 2,540	4,273 3,240	4,323 3,088	4,577 2,948	4,608 2,229	4,414 1,772	4,40 1,63
Returns with net income:	17,917,808	30 453 533	30 400 510	26 029 540	(Thousand		70.001.000	30 550 000	0.050.550	0 00 00
Total compiled receipts Net income	2,386,653	17,451,511 2,297,826	17,699,542 2,953,169	16,217,543 2,793,959	12,491,858 1,715,658	13,696,104 1,728,534	13,224,389 1,832,298	10,558,939 1,524,699	9,359,557 1,059,701	9,795,876 1,302,04
Total tax	1,329,111	1,276,566	1,720,532	1,258,809	606,108	609,526	653,199	549,315	563,268	745,069
Income tax Excess profits taxes	166,061	1,117,635 158,931	1,412,072 308,460	1,108,061 150,748	606,108	609,526	653,199 -	538,262 11,053	225,502 337,766	239,640 505,430
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	927,664 56,896	616,639 55,594	704,064 32,701	250,070 21,990	843,313 61,134	558,489 46,566	370,891 41,016	270,887 27,311	550,655 28,736	156,741 10,86
MANUFACTURING: PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS			,							
Total number of returns of active corporations:	447	476	524	516	428	453	407	346	311	333
With no net income	173	221	166	146	238 (Thousand	181	147	139	131	114
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	26,318,954	24,482,556	24,278,326	19,973,951	17,523,579	19,738,277	14,968,960	10,630,769	9,617,216	9,835,765
Net income Total tax	1,914,038	1,768,903	2,327,353	1,826,031	1,169,222	2,000,180	1,309,630	742,103	370,575	652,07
Income tax	735,127	661,833 650,285	957,732	616,713	344,484	660,044	421,901 421,901	230,669	108,896 98,260	254,870 187,63
Excess profits taxes	7,368	11,548	61,740	13,405	-		-	453	10,636	67,23
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	407,701 7,600	483,694 8,329	178,651 2,954	126,226 4,427	663,574 30,929	228,900 17,142	111,496 6,463	189,072 7,070	767,502 19,193	196,350 2,948
MANUFACTURING: RUBBER PRODUCTS										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	568 256	523 211	567 150	535 131	427 221	431 220	388 247	400 161	361 92	372 63
Returns with net income:					(Thousand	dollars)				
Total compiled receipts	4,922,761 411,784	4,818,770 387,998	4,907,036 551,711	4,033,219 436,897	2,873,770 164,597	3,307,856 262,315	3,369,994 240,979	3,084,209 321,391	3,299,988 248,125	3,346,732 330,265
Total tax	227,744	219,817	329,094	196,524	58,396	92,297	84,457	122,017	169,987	233,120
Income tax Excess profits taxes	204,945 22,799	191,458 28,359	268,667 60,427	174,393 22,131	58,396 -	92,297	84,457 -	114,151 7,866	30,291 139,696	30,788 202,332
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts. Deficit	133,994 5,291	128,412 5,696	50,708 2,287	22,823 2,140	193,506 11,871	81,937 7,345	67,530 7,667	49,092 3,394	61,070 1,773	9,875 839
NOTE: See n 19 for "Evalenation of Terms" and						2 0- 1053. 4				

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	19 50	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
MANUFACTURING: LEATHER AND PRODUCTS			•							
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	1,671	1,908	1,710	1 \$26	1 420	1 72/	1 00/	2.205	3 7760	
With no net income	1,227	1,013	1,130	1,836 944	1,620 1,297	1,734 1,271	1,984 1,108	2,195 630	1,769 290	1,698 263
Returns with net income:		-	T .		(Thousand	dollars)			-	
Total compiled receipts Net income	2,754,279 126,241	2,954,884 134,440	2,900,015 141,038	2,851,780 170,029	2,420,065 114,010	2,734,855 158,434	3,008,591 232,435	2,730,553 235,940	2,142,515 137,064	2,096,768 140,996
Total tax	62,994	65 ,9 61	70,133	68,538	40,658	57,448	84,705	89,355	77,374	82,089
Income tax Excess profits taxes	58,753 4,241	61,879 4,082	64,860 5,273	65,004 3,534	40,658	57,448 -	84,705	83,243 6,112	28,371 49,003	26,904 55,185
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts	494,547	379,815	571,050	344,974	502,253	426,264	278,958	103,599	48,870	42,719
Deficit	18,261	15,534	32,411	12,491	26,297	26,397	18,442	6,641	1,559	1,162
MANUFACTURING: STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	ļ									
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	2,944	2,988	3,132	3,099	2,750	2,851	2,769	2,641	1,952	1,722
With no net income	1,324	1,221	1,224	1,149	1,474	1,342	1,362	986	818	983
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	6,249,443	5 300 145	5,583,388	/ 0// 036	(Thousand		2 500 1/0	2 420 455	0.007.044	
Net income	785,182	5,328,165 669,465	843,393	4,944,036 860,6 3 6	3,758,426 520,957	3,982,753 549,486	3,522,149 465,914	2,839,855 373,149	2,201,944 224,032	2,152,474 257,592
Total tax	443,773	374,283	490,099	394,168	190,574	202,687	169,926	135,505	119,577	150,417
Income tax. Excess profits taxes.	392,577 51,696	330,369 43,914	409,437 80,662	347,253 46,915	190,574	202,687	169,926	133,723 1,782	52,857 66,721	51,594 98,823
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	276,354 17,475	300,048 19,579	191,305 11,971	123,968 10,441	232,166 18,419	157,056 18,977	129,872 15,123	110,399 9,553	141,887 12,938	158,096 14,247
MANUFACTURING: PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES AND FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	10,057	10,711	10,791	9,858	7,571	8,489	8,320	7,283	6,133	6,115
With no net income	3,735	3,091	2,871	2,998	5,030	3,904	3,532	2,734	1,867	1,361
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	36,167,622	32,150,893	35,027,680	29,333,265	(Thousand 21,376,029	25,755,178	22,341,959	15,857,203	17,020,798	10,000,447
Net income	3,339,742	2,801,598	4,386,861	3,688,378	2,108,376	2,816,463	2,354,055	1,381,820	1,165,097	19,902,447 2,018,735
Total tax	1,866,123	1,526,225 1,376,035	2,600,531 2,139,475	1,688,940 1,499,573	777,097	1,035,335	863,265	506,186	666,254	1,276,277
Excess profits taxes	188,979	150,190	461,056	189,367	777,097	1,035,335	863,265	498,457 7,729	222,577 443,676	296,329 979,948
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts. Deficit.	1,541,454 74,238	1,042,909 68,469	556,661 34,795	470,014 56,822	1,823,640 136,789	724,332 63,604	702,643 55,575	1,177,476 100,018	1,347,545 51,040	460,059 22,941
MANUFACTURING: MACHINERY, EXCEPT TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT AND ELECTRICAL										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	8,157	8,231	8,359	7,129	5,607	6,362	5 ,8 93	4,969	(530	/ FIG.3
With no net income	3,453	2,679	2,354	2,786	4,252	3,296	2,850	2,542	4,536 1,656	4,721 1,147
Returns with net income:	22 220 520	2 451 855			(Thousand			1		
Total compiled receipts Net income	22,339,320 2,214,132	21,854,755 2,462,771	20,213,049 2,696,837	15,359,360 2,087,800	12,516,574 1,434,196	14,472,780 1,800,259	12,406,988 1,564,177	7,797,663 890,451	9,297,767 966,618	11,111,62 7 1,630, 88 9
Total tax	1,268,526	1,439,627	1,567,727	919,873	531,508	668,698	577,520	330,937	599,375	1,106,643
Income tax Excess profits taxes	1,150,809 167,717	1,228,927 210,700	1,309,294 258,433	840,607 79,266	531,508	668,698	577,520 -	321,055 9,882	158,430 440,945	168,108 938,535
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	1,259,297 70,330	463,755 41,595	483,045 37,422	507,024 44,071	1,119,427 96,685	591,588 58,795	760,594 83,249	1,351,692 169,872	583,081 38,384	213,115 15,275
MANUFACTURING: ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	2,398	2,461	2,373	2,169	1,656	1,645	1,716	1,508	1,345	1,392
With no net income	1,069	1,178	1,041	958	1,411	1,364	1,274	1,041	526	323
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	16,442,377	14,648,641	12,007,404	10,407,747	(Thousand 7,689,844	8,362,169	7,690,761	3,866,041	6,678,548	9 051 301
Net income	1,607,139	1,606,314	1,535,493	1,438,210	744,086	923 , 9 3 6	837,797	317,970	619,199	8,051,196 986,711
Total tax	957,503	970,678	921,761	660,212	270,251	339,091	307,912	116,900	395,338	672,326
Income tax Excess profits taxes	808,238 149,265	805,712 164,966	749,699 172,062	576,273 83,939	270 , 251	339,091 -	307,912	114,434 2,466	90,272 305,065	93,435 578, 8 91
Returns with no net income; Total compiled receipts Deficit	464,532	326,192 28,194	364,744 33,632	205,398	515,053	450,781	542,654 56 / 25	1,650,937	445,441	74,919
NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and	32,849		33,632	21,292	47,518	47,804	56,435	140,127	24,938	4,029

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

			- ,							
Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
MANUFACTURING: TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT MOTOR VEHICLES										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	733	PERO	n.o.	540						
With no net income	465	870 427	760 385	569 413	526 554	563 493	552 553	507 518	739 363	860 284
Returns with net income:					(Thousand	dollars)				
Total compiled receipts Net income	11,611,552 805,416	9,230,493 627,407	5,841,433 454,423	3,845,479 386,451	3,368,648 231,747	3,345,171 270,965	2,236,531 176,254	1,864,928 174,774	16,734,426 1,051,356	24,533,777 2,110,031
Total tax	507,312	381,006	251,157	162,240	83,873	96,628	63,850	62,363	650,499	1,421,996
Income tax Excess profits taxes	400,434 106,878	313,455 67,551	215,802 35,355	149,114 13,126	83,873	96,628 -	63,850 -	59,521 2,842	161,874 488,625	216,553 1,205,444
Returns with no net income; Total compiled receipts Deficit	403,653 23,249	344,914 33,687	165,869 19,009	214,011 16,411	485,946 37,018	441,310 38,532	791,269 178,032	1,034,459 187,663	501,662 34,766	244,050 10,558
MANUFACTURING: MOTOR VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income With no net income	783 398	902 292	932 354	882 394	693 651	867 486	820 338	650	501	461
	398		33.4	374	L	dollars)	330	250	119	86
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts Net income	23,942,472	19,372,613	19,195,325	18,350,482	14,406,603	13,533,798	11,214,901	4,621,558	1,955,981	3,715,880
	2,727,315 1,702,718	2,441,986	2,578,235	3,319,924	2,112,098	1,708,263	1,256,840	210,438	184,623	340,072
Total tax Income tax Excess profits taxes	1,393,963 308,755	1,468,197 1,246,725 221,472	1,541,630 1,280,316 261,314	1,624,712 1,373,182 251,530	790,077 790,077 -	628,472 628,472	462,649 462,649 -	73,583 72,706 877	123,077 22,232 100,846	231,189 36,245 194,944
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	1,047,725 50,673	587,278 16,164	451,173 - 22,777	383,007 24,090	540,449 73,500	214,470 25,186	255,672 14,867	1,959,569 94,112	1,133,334 14,470	10,880 628
MANUFACTURING: ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	65 61	41 48	50 33	37 20	23 31	26 27	32 26	28 39	227 61	316 38
Returns with net income:		.			(Thousand	dollars)				
Total compiled receipts	644,553 71,683	437,287 55,305	304,716 52,846	261,556 45,239	180,401 14,962	219,769 33,100	204,562 27,137	143,312 17,003	3,415,467 342,585	4,497,520 560,999
Total tax	45,015	33,360	33,140	21,086	5,420	12,427	10,188	6,298	229,612	385,160
Income tax Excess profits taxes	35,973 9,042	27,466 5,894	26,353 6,787	18,303 2,783	5,420 -	12,427	10,188	6,183 115	38,267 191,347	51,005 334,154
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	19,033 1,755	16,117 541	3,122 906	889 263	1,713 504	17,950 1,927	11,814 2,865	47,002 7,231	204,493 5,722	149,593 9,894
MANUFACTURING: SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS; PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT; WATCHES, CLOCKS; AND OTHER										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	7,339	7,222	7,347	7,156	6,291	6,854	6 620			
With no net income	5,074	4,495	4,620	4,452	6,013	5,683	6,637 5,305	6,299 3,728	5,118 2,071	5,043 1,683
Returns with net income:				····	(Thousand	dollars)				
Total compiled receipts Net income	9,236,669 756,314	8,391,809 746,119	8,064,981 849,821	6,961,981 773,762	5,403,832 488,741	6,061,379 617,941	5,655,473 588,477	4,972,777 540,385	4,859,467 462,531	5,198,435 629,025
Total tax	412,810	409,029	463,563	337,566	175,656	218,478	211,914	196,258	272,289	402,799
Income tax Excess profits taxes	362,476 50,334	357,345 51,684	398,250 65,313	303,613 33,953	175,656	218,478 -	211,914 -	191,600 4,658	81,490 190,799	83,474 319,326
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	844,287 65,021	790,396 47,465	615,694 42,080	449,925 40,725	966,948 84,683	789,299 79,993	693,954 93,665	. 686,078 113,018	290,209 22,088	173,700 13,073
TOTAL PUBLIC UTILITIES					****					
Total number of returns of active corporations:		ĺ								
With net income With no net income	18,688 11,249	18,082 10,378	17,189 9,639	16,452 9,825	14,810 11,098	15,304 9,921	14,857 8,872	14,395 7,428	12,966 6,770	13,067 6,175
Returns with net income:					(Thousand	dollars)				
Total compiled receipts Net income	37,791,542 5,191,336	36,459,420 5,032,841	34,516,766 4,785,134	30,360,679 4,446,153	26,199,477 3,024,043	27,482,955 3,594,232	23,054,434 3,013,672	17,574,664 2,726,169	19,672,756 3,133,895	21,635,269 4,277,770
Total tax	2,550,139	2,479,760	2,305,533	1,763,748	1,056,198	1,204,804	1,013,277	898,063	1,547,605	2,389,327
Income tax Excess profits taxes	2,520,974 29,165	2,439,108 40,652	2,250,154 55,379	1,727,836 35,912	1,056,198 -	1,204,804	1,013,277	895,607 2,456	719,644 827,962	816,251 1,573,076
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	3,018,588 154,220	2,148,244 122,432	1,704,548 99,193	1,776,249 114,143	2,524,271 150,282	2,193,465 146,212	3,742,120 297,565	5,351,782 383,487	2,990,595 196,818	862,140 136,892
NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and										

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
PUPLIC UTILITIES: TRANSPORTATION										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	13,392 8,185	13,124 7,730	12,237 7,117	11,621 7,270	10,274 8,306	10,995 7,060	10,673 6,207	10,027 5,115	8,610 4,583	8,693 4,042
					(l'housand	dollars)		1		
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts Net income	21,026,021 1,870,291	21,058,766 2,030,065	20,555,406	18,047,239 2,169,928	15,714,956 1,296,100	17,105,238 1,846,225	14,599,521 1,445,721	9,416,514 967,153	11,984,273 1,459,866	14,113,400 2,571,867
	889,402				1	649,661	509,281	333,705	799,426	1,591,819
Total tax Income tax Excess profits taxes	872,246 17,156	987,154 959,952 27,202	1,005,941 963,741 42,200	862,261 835,834 26,427	447,853 447,853	649,661	509,281	332,291 1,414	320,058 479,368	422,830 1,168,989
Returns with no net income:						1 044 000	2,802,877	4,961,039	2,621,876	705,799
Total compiled receipts Deficit	2,787,773 129,631	1,997,077 110,371	1,550,834 83,467	1,471,385 98,873	2,092,880 125,981	1,946,229 126,596	256,308	357,498	147,324	115,549
PUBLIC UTILITIES: COMMUNICATION										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	2,964	2,901	2,752	2,655	2,413	2,265	2,118	2,235	2,260	2,299
With no net income	1,836	1,498	1,498	1,572	1,768	1,819	1,834	1,526	1,334	1,261
Returns with net income:	. 7				(Thousand		2,734,834	2,920,553	2,719,948	2,695,741
Total compiled receipts Net income	6,256,352 1,203,838	5,720,214 999,961	5,133,917 898,921	4,542,509 740,037	3,424,906 372,006	3,776,284 539,006	429,517	575,766	703,925	731,259
Total tax	586,996	482,550	423,335	282,773	136,452	135,611	111,066	156,450	315,776	343,251
Income tax	581,132 5,864	478,510 4,040	419,728 3,607	280,818 1,955	136,452	135,611 -	111,066	155,851 599	131,917 183,860	131,754 211,498
Returns with no net income:	00 441	(0.200	77.045	42.25/	327,078	107,629	625,522	239,322	224,457	30 ,97 3
Total compiled receipts Deficit	97,661 14,713	60,206 4,669	74,065 8,348	62,254 8,018	17,334	12,472	18,958	15,682	14,812	2,099
PUBLIC UTILITIES: ELECTRIC AND GAS UTILITIES										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	1,000	779	966	1,000	968	969	985	995	998	1,005
With no net income	266	172	260	261	276	306	270	282	291	320
Returns with met income:	20 154 252	9,454,933	8,604,059	7,583,716	(Thousand	6,436,644	5,587,267	5,122,601	4,850,911	4,717,128
Total compiled receipts Net income	10,274,173 2,069,716	1,961,278	1,749,717	1,503,114	1,324,234	1,177,202	1,110,079	1,157,471	946,526	948,895
Total tax	1,052,634	991,720	85 8, 586	607,550	461,774	409,692	383,484	399,341	422,978	443,540
Income tax Excess profits taxes	1,046,639 5,995	982,516 9,204	849,168 9,418	600,102 7,448	461,774 -	409 , 692	383,484	398,920 421	260,294 162,683	253,911 189,630
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts	91,025	67,648	64,371	226,189	73,202	124,907	284,869	123,560	134,154	118,451
Deficit	7,154	4,413	5,085	5,201	4,070	5,486	20,139	6,798	32,757	18,127
OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	1,332	1,278	1,234	1,176	1,155	1,075	1,081	1,138	1,098	1,070
With no net income	962	978	764	722	748 (Thousand	736	561	505	562	552
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	234,996	225,507	223,384	187,215	161,966	164,789	132,812	114,996	117,623	108,999
Net income	47,491	41,537	44,757	33,074	31,703	31,799	28,355	25,779	23,577	25,747
Total tax	21,107	18,336 18,130	17,671 17,517	11,164	10,119	9,840 9,840	9,446 9,446	8,567 8,545	9,425 7,374	10,717
Income tax Excess profits taxes	20,957 150	206	154	82	10,119	-	7,440	22	2,051	2,960
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	42,129	23,313 2,979	15,278 2,293	16,421 2,051	31,111 2, 8 97	14,700 1,658	2 8,8 52 2,160	27,861 3,509	10,108 1,925	6,917 1,117
	2,722		2,277							
TOTAL TRADE										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	143,672	148,365 72,949	150,670 65,639	148,655 60,684	129,320 74,705	138,304 58,444	133,192 44,105	122,132 29,379	97,550 23,398	93,166 24,197
TO IC TO SECTION TO SE	84,758	1,2,777	1 05,057	1 55,554		l dollars)	1,		1	1
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	147,516,638	150,826,391	152,849,291	145,424,883	116,457,145		115,730,631	92,867,195	64,016,723	59,074,935
Net income Total tax	4,524,569	4,858,728 2,255,861	5,919,667 2,775,747	6,619,727 2,618,569	4,387,406 1,492,595	6,128,574 2,127,938	6,368,344 2,221,121	5,714,298 2,028,250	3,439,123 1,902,014	3,318,799
Income tax	2,068,465 1,984,308	2,255,861	2,775,747	2,618,569	1,492,595	2,127,938	2,221,121	1,946,115	628,993	565,179
Excess profits taxes	84,157	109,316	198,194	187,862	-	-	, , <u>-</u>	82,135	1,273,021	1,344,978
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts	22,482,505	17,830,729	15,416,451	9,677,861 305,019	15,834;124 547,048	11,268,073 370,213	7,601,462 287,417	3,866,349 132,262	2,623,717 76,211	2,648,827 65,537
Deficit	591,929	439,907	426,233	107,019	J47,048	1	201,411	132,202	10,211	1 00,000

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Table 15.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, TOTAL COMPILED RECEIPTS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, AND TAXES—ALL RETURNS BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS AND BY INCOME AND DEFICIT STATUS—Continued

Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
TRADE: TOTAL WHOLESALE										
Total number of returns of active corporations:										
With net income	49,591 24,510	50,178 21,948	52,209 19,383	51,054 17,803	42,346 25,581	44,144 20,696	41,380 14,659	38,416 9,241	28,838 6,843	27,045 6,563
Returns with net income:					(Thousand	dollars)				
Total compiled receipts.	70,856,614 1,898,780	75,380,696 2,076,600	79,250,888 2,882,902	73,619,537 2,919,023	55,759,352 1,694,825	61,360,756 2,415,560	56,499,556 2,638,023	45,508,531 2,329,733	31,011,180 1,249,108	28,636,230 1,241,747
Total tax	855,033	956,908	1,392,825	1,163,956	575,979	840,185	927,875	843,439	675,842	710,542
Income tax Excess profits taxes	816,863 38,170	908,240 48,668	1,266,004 126,821	1,073,904 90,052	575,979 -	840,185 -	927,875 -	791,494 51,945	232,796 443,046	207,930 502,612
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	10,643,400 230,924	9,269,177 178,786	7,990,028 190,557	4,773,416 119,187	8,125,009 257,442	6,501,204 186,272	3,925,883 147,433	2,064,949 61,175	1,277,514 33,274	1,360,070 26,783
TRADE: WHOLESALE: COMMISSION MERCHANTS						ĺ				
Total number of returns of active corporations:	5,978	6,103	6,298	6,396	5,441	5,779	5,412	4,862	3,861	3,715
With no net income	3,962	3,481	2,872	3,192	4,262	3,504	2,751	1,938	1,457	1,420
Returns with net income:	3,234,380	3,878,704	4,062,132	3,747,060	(Thousand	3,402,481	3,193,018	2,274,809	1,598,788	1,487,997
Total compiled receipts	125,666	149,769	200,582	197,007	140,744	175,272	194,251	156,178	95,542	93,712
Total tax	50,255	62,725	86,859	71,778	44,112	56,600	64,015	52,742	46,722	47,462
Income tax Excess profits taxes	47,913 2,342	59,411 3,314	79,482 7,377	66,352 5,426	44,112 -	56,600	64,015	49,906 2,836	17,641 29,081	16,260 31,202
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	804,417 24,940	780,047 17,704	380,119 14,497	383,775 14,564	615,305 24,741	469,702 20,057	338,119 14,313	188,086 7,004	133,321 4,247	123,556 2,905
OTHER WHOLESALERS										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	43,613	44,075	45,911	44,658	36,905	38,365	35,968	33,554	24,977	23,330
With no net income.	20,548	18,467	16,511	14,611	21,319 (Thousand	17,192	11,908	7,303	5,386	5,143
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	67,622,234	71,501,992	75,188,756	69,872,477	52,770,432	57,958,275	53,306,538	43,233,722	29,412,392	27,148,233
Net income	1,773,114	1,926,831	2,682,320	2,722,016	1,554,081	2,240,288	2,443,772	2,173,555	1,153,566	1,148,035
Total tax	804,778	894,183	1,305,966	1,092,178	531,867	783,585	863,860	790,697	629,120	663,080
Income tax Excess profits taxes	768,950 35,828	848,829 45,354	1,186,522 119,444	1,007,552 84,626	531,867	783,585 -	863,860	741,588 49,109	215,155 413,965	191,670 471,410
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	9,838,983 205,984	8,489,130 161,082	7,609,909 176,060	4,389,641 104,623	7,509,704 232,701	6,031,502 166,215	3,587,764 133,120	1,876,863 54,171	1,144,193 29,026	1,236,514 23,878
TRADE: TOTAL RETAIL										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	82,160	86,194	87,593	87,343	75,632	79,067	75,157	68,343	57,682	54,965
With no net income	52,471	45,260	41,635	38,155	43,160 (Thousand	31,748	23,879	16,415	13,527	14,181
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	69,025,683	67,945,544	66,132,301	64,790,656	54,105,286	55,563,939	49,854,715	39,698,040	27,983,634	25,725,219
Net income Total tax	2,389,283	2,555,472 1,203,314	2,770,945 1,269,493	3,392,545 1,340,220	2,449,197 838,773	3,246,640 1,132,177	3,182,265 1,109,272	2,905,584 1,023,157	1,922,222	1,815,432
Income tax	1,074,417	1,147,981	1,205,317	1,249,728	838,773	1,132,177	1,109,272	996,380	334,669	300,77
Excess profits taxes Returns with no net income:	42,503	55,333	64,176	90,492	-	-	-	26,777	765,037	769,992
Total compiled receipts Deficit	10,743,524 316,330	7,546,736 231,946	6,617,613 205,332	4,331,659 162,977	6,553,323 247,296	3,870,917 149,241	2,890,588 106,551	1,374,376 56,343	1,030,694 33,338	986,318 28,331
TRADE: RETAIL: FOOD										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	6,166	6,338	5,553	5,449	5,257	5,006	4,522	4,813	4,199	3,876
With no net income	3,809	3,937	4,054	3,744	3,808	3,604	2,848	1,646	1,353	1,45
Returns with net income:	18,056,998	16,771,339	14,829,198	12,953,945	(Thousand	11,426,685	10,019,503	7,946,405	5,883,869	5 5/0 3/1
Total compiled receipts Net income	394,009	343,324	299,322	336,996	312,969	271,382	269,267	275,960	161,626	5,548,169 148,000
Total tax	202,521	175,022	147,992	142,940	113,290	97,900	97,556	99,962	88,444	80,688
Income tax Excess profits taxes	190,853 11,668	165,323 9,699	142,488 5,504	133,273 9,667	113,290 -	97 , 900 -	97,556 -	99,049 913	35,063 53,380	33,186 47,502
Returns with no net income:				675,913	666,244	692,206	490,792			178,196

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
TRADE: RETAIL: GENERAL MERCHANDISE										
Total number of returns of active corporations:										
With net income	5,208 2,738	4,915 2 , 207	5,550 2,003	5,662 1,969	5,093 2,369	5,291 1,561	5,318 1,236	5,051 843	4,686 641	4,682 657
Returns with net income:		_			(Thousand	dollars)			4.	
Total compiled receipts	16,716,888 991,815	16,485,930 1,039,940	15,956,312 1,033,581	15,723,590 1,249,336	14,111,411 880,480	14,934,673 1,131,960	13,765,796 1,085,585	12,538,956 1,164,066	9,708,976 958,460	9,081,878 931,564
Total tax	517,356	551,436	539,005	551,808	325,096	419,563	401,682	434,672	619,143	618,934
Income tax Excess profits taxes	497,203 20,153	521,354 30,082	506,401 32,604	509,317 42,491	325,096 -	419 , 563 -	401,682	426,5 9 0 8,082	141,650 477,492	128,282 490,652
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	579,888 23,963	493,393 15,203	546,144 19,434	273,325 11,585	632,940 21,356	265,391 9,043	326,668 10,413	87,843 4,771	120,873 2,558	35,848 1,269
TRADE: RETAIL: APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income With no net income	11,010 6,259	11,443 6,384	11,444 5,608	11,094 5,318	9,743 6,213	10,847 3,971	10,446 2,983	10,043 2,015	9,072 1,148	8,701 1,267
Returns with net income:					(Thousand	dollars)				
Total compiled receipts Net income	4,844,426 167,478	5,005,513 180,741	4,684,761 185,556	4,670,031 214,075	4,371,404 172,951	5,007,662 261,267	4,773,003 291,196	4,465,884 354,671	3,428,077 273,824	3,049,428 234,408
Total tax	67,984	73,745	73,750	73,197	54,253	85,276	96,669	124,519	156,678	137,454
Income tax Excess profits taxes	66,802 1,182	72,059 1,686	71,769 1,981	71,460 1,737	54,253 -	85,276 -	96,669 -	115,849 8,670	42,330 114,349	34,311 103,142
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	952,077 32,993	829,503 31,929	846,681 29,303	620,552 26,482	904,260 41,469	445,509 21,888	328,350 15,127	210,392 8,654	67,370 2,594	75,785 2,505
TRADE: RETAIL: FURNITURE AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	7,713 5,063	7,603	8,011	8,338	6,497	6,647	6,145	5,376	3,926	3,532 804
With no net income	7,00	4,080	3,875	3,151	3,766 (Thousand	2,518	1,443	1,022	926	804
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts Net income.	2,585,886 95,015	2,539,891 100,457	2,587,537 120,059	2, 8 06,230 154,471	2,017,865 97,065	2,087,874 125,533	1,998,609 147,715	1,596,226 153,983	886,890 77,920	793,975 86,341
Total tax	35,004	45,429	46,055	51,163	29,462	39,105	47,336	51,365	35,353	41,067
Income tax Excess profits taxes	34 , 545 459	44,460 969	44,748 1,307	49,307 1,856	29,462 -	39,105 -	47,336 -	50,146 1,219	18,710 16,642	21,057 20,009
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	837,434 41,521	667,599 31,215	513,042 23,777	338,385 16,027	515,099 24,015	289,185 13,056	181,330 7,257	60,018 3,057	43,107 2,227	45,963 2,132
TRADE: RETAIL: AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND FILLING STATIONS										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	14,593 10,074	17,277 6,516	18,803 5,266	19,778 4,000	16,756 6,103	18,136 3,284	15,634 2,085	11,873 1,868	7,387 2,181	6,979 2,061
		<u> </u>	L		(Thousand					
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts Net income	15,044,637 332,560	14,841,358 424,122	15,999,287 604,818	17,121,481 872,763	12,704,437 586,696	12,017,520 937,847	9,031,593 837,440	4,688,231 422,639	1,537,349 86,171	1,337,906 77,091
Total tax	137,085	175,336	254,658	332,359	198,549	330,272	294,834	143,232	35,049	31,992
Income tax	134,689 2,396	170,806 4,530	244,723 9,935	307,639 24,720	198,549 -	330,272 -	294,834 -	141,089 2,143	19,761 15,287	17,260 14,732
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	4,712,096 98,912	2,104,638 38,922	1,525,791 29,640	644,378 18,658	1,552,830 50,791	506,955 15,265	189,059 6,770	122,237 5,391	136,055 5,050	115,379 3,507
TRADE: RETAIL: DRUG STORES										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	3,989	4,368	3,970	3,733	3,536	3,521	3,551	3,452	3,383	3,375
With no net income	1,941	1,672	1,638	1,622	1,624	1,384	1,038	796	707	822
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	1,492,987	1,680,697	1,485,442	1,419,854	1,208,115	1,346,633	1,050,278	1,154,408	909,769	884,133
Net income	50,385 21,850	53,928 23,097	55,438 23,843	53,914 18,192	45,739 13,835	47,940 14,769	48,650 15,102	61,116	50,796 26,615	53,186 29,464
Total tax Income tax	20,599	21,859	22,336	17,669	13,835	14,769	15,102	18,845	9,591	8,946
Excess profits taxes Returns with no net income:	1,251	1,238	1,507	523	· -	-	-	1,987	17,023	20,519
	235,810	142,106	254,151	157,922	301,118	130,921	221,167	65,758	39,581	41,520

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Major industrial groups, soloated them	1053	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1044
Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1932	1991	1930	1949	1940	1947	1946	1945	1944
TRADE: RETAIL: EATING AND DRINKING PLACES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	8,602 9,600	8,023	7,544	6,919	6,612	6,563		7,098	6,719	6,209
WITH HO REV INCOME	9,800	8,901	9,087	8,581	8,335	7,442 i dollars)	6,287	4,236	3,031	3,35
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	1,935,117	1,780,401	1,606,198	1,439,681	1,359,135	1,406,114	1,322,238	1,422,149	1,283,792	1,154,87
Net income Total tax	71,033	68,351	62,132	59,210 18,636	57,148 17,102	60,871 18,322	61,285 18,204	80,980 25,459	74,138 36,139	66,255 33,532
Income tax Excess profits taxes	25,900 1,695	26,452	22,207	17,963	17,102	18,322	18,204	24,154	14,092	11,948
Returns with no net income:	1,695	1,727	1,614	673	_	_	-	1,305	22,047	21,584
Total compiled receipts Deficit	806,563 29,558	757,907 30,071	755,592 33,105	685,616 31,130	699,799 31,917	663,439 30,090	576,900 27,680	339,806 16,624	193,355 7,116	225,898 7,715
TRADE: RETAIL: BUILDING MATERIALS AND HARDWARE										
Total number of returns of active corporations:	10,446	11,397	12,060	11,729	8,960	8,120	9,721	8,686	7 665	7 200
With no net income	4,888	3,854	2,759	2,509	2,913	1,474	1,575	1,444	7,665 1,464	7,209 1,616
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	3,952,872	4,430,448	4,599,130	4,377,701	2,766,608	2,691,787	3,120,839	2,302,482	1,636,372	1,404,043
Net income	142,520	187,762	230,359	265,052	148,628	191,341	225,273	167,905	100,172	83,130
Total tax	52,858 51,638	72,842 69,941	91,308 86,008	91,096 85,355	44,635	60,651	71,811	51,657 50,971	40,487	33,747 19,234
Excess profits taxes Returns with no net income:	1,220	2,901	5,300	5,741		-	-	686	17,153	14,514
Total compiled receipts	745,147 29,664	531,715 22,511	328,316 13,241	232,634 9,996	368,557 15,811	151,966 6,100	145,060 4,544	101,174 3,193	102,828 5,683	117,197 3,941
OTHER RETAIL TRADE					1		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3,2.3		3,741
Total number of returns of active corporations:			,							
With net income	14,433 8,099	14,830 7,709	14,658 7,345	14,641 7,261	13,178 8,029	14,936 6,510	13,514 4,384	11,951 2,545	10,645 2,076	10,402 2,148
Returns with net income:				r	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nd dollars)				
Total compiled receipts Net income	4,395,872 144,468	4,409,967 156,847	4,384,436 179,680	4,278,143 186,728	3,746,215 147,521	4,644,991 218,499	4,772,856 215,854	3,583,299 224,264	2,708,543 139,116	2,470,822 135,451
Total tax	54,667	58,228	69,061	60,829	42,551	66,319	66,078	71,459	61,800	63,886
Income tax Excess profits taxes	52,188 2,479	55,727 2,501	64,637 4,424	57,745 3,084	42,551 -	66,319	66,078	69,687 1,772	30,137 31,663	26,548 37,338
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts	1,095,834	989,364	. 800,158	702,934	912,476	725,345	431,262	202,981	164,767	150,531
Deficit	35,880	35,162	29,121	29,181	38,970	28,758	18,081	9,119	4,485	3,928
TRADE NOT ALLOCABLE Total number of returns of active corporations:										
With no net income	11,851 7,777	11,993 5,741	10,868 4,621	10,258 4,726	11,342 5,964	15,093 6,000	16,655 5,567	15,373 3,723	11,030 3,028	11,156 3,453
Returns with net income:			<u> </u>		(Thousand			2,122	3,020	3,423
Total compiled receipts	7,634,341 236,506	7,500,151 226,656	7,466,102 265,820	7,014,690 308,159	6,592,507 243,384	9,312,532 466,374	9,376,360 548,056	7,660,624 478,981	5,021,909 267,794	4,713,486 261,620
Total tax	96,512	95,639	113,429	114,393	77,843	155,576	183,974	161,654	126,466	128,851
Income tax Excess profits taxes	93,028 3,484	90,324 5,315	106,232 7,197	107,075 7,318	77,843	155 , 576	183,974	158,241 3,413	61,528 64,938	56,476 72,375
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts	1,095,581	1,014,816	808,810	572,786	1,155,792	ອີດສຸດສາ	784,991			
Deficit	44,675	29,175	30,344	22,855	42,310	895,952 34,700	33,433	427,024 14,744	315,509 9,599	302,439 10,422
TOTAL FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE AND LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	133,891	128,491	125,858	122,742	116,587	112,038	105,918	102,278	90,568	82,837
With no net income	61,316	57,364	51,974	49,099	49,690 (Thousand	48,605 dollars)	45,125	42,095	45,005	51,042
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	23,654,257	21,329,647	18,379,566	17,382,475	16,182,500	14,548,902	12,091,327	10,829,109	9,734,104	8,834,643
Net income Total tax	7,184,350 1,902,205	6,707,560 1,765,557	6,187,604	5,993,562 1,255,723	5,525,919 1,010,379	4,761,579 813,575	4,113,752 648,027	4,289,105 736,663	3,756,042	3,200,226 553,966
Income tax Excess profits taxes	1,857,697	1,723,260	1,495,524	1,214,064	1,010,379	813,575	648,027	733,346	602,980	493,368
Returns with no net income:	44,508	42,297	47,665	41,659	-	-	-	3,317	63,812	60,599
Total compiled receipts Deficit	2,520,657 263,039	2,339,926 248,619	1,977,044 254,660	1,192,344 274,185	865,559 241, 93 2	925,567 236,402	1,743,622 272,230	1,562,441 284,621	1,092,671 262,141	992,161 304,810
NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and	for "Descript	ion of the Sa	mole and Limi	tations of Da	ta " see n 2	2 for 1953: f	on 1951 and 1	1952 dec Stati	leties of Too	P1 O

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Table 15.—NUMBER OF RETURNS, TOTAL COMPILED RECEIPTS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, AND TAXES—ALL RETURNS BY MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS AND BY INCOME AND DEFICIT STATUS—Continued

Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
TOTAL FINANCE										
Total number of returns of active corporations:						22.412	20.110	20, 424	25, 600	24 616
With net income	31,583 12,583	30,971 11,792	30,219 7,356	29,660 7,306	29,489 8,368	28,843 8,255	28,410 8,317	27,424 7,551	25,600 7,344	24,616 8,339
Returns with net income:					(Thousand			4 025 025	4 245 320	2.507.402
Total compiled receipts Net income	9,643,447 3,010,685	8,670,158 2,933,686	7,493,782 2,763,875	6,763,677 2,578,413	6,303,245 2,282,930	5,419,035 1,902,977	4,879,902 1,683,230	4,835,715 2,018,645	4,145,138 1,753,569	3,507,698 1,358,673
Total fax	1,099,377	1,049,069	907,191	690,009	494,973	424,743	348,655	447,959	406,514	293,637
Income tax. Excess profits taxes.	1,074,718 24,659	1,025,623 23,446	882,162 25,029	668,105 21,904	494,973	424,743	348,655 -	446,103 1,856	385,726 20,789	281,286 12,351
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	1,356,733 61,717	1,091,457 69,023	112,239 47,215	106,628 91,584	136,617 91,087	181,870 89,074	200,079 96,252	108,707 69,857	91,291 67,584	128,012 89,774
FINANCE: BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	13,77L 715	13,989 817	14,180 477	14,262 548	14,235 611	14,212 660	14,222 689	14,298 613	14,038 818	13,679 1,241
Returns with net income:					(Thousand					
Total compiled receipts Net income	6,167,813 1,604,400	5,440,404 1,495,330	4,553,334 1,316,984	4,111,439 1,215,171	3,766,917 1,031,341	3,514,051 931,498	3,288,018 832,027	3,218,966 1,139,053	2,820,124 1,008,291	2,385,516 729,658
Total tax	750,431	690,255	574,787	423,616	310,677	272,283	225,245	329,239	295,960	203,44^
In ome tax Excess profits taxes	728,110 22,321	671,660 18,595	555,576 19,211	408,817 14,799	310,677	272 ,2 83 -	225,245	328,611 625	284,099 11,861	19 8, 061 5,3 8 6
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	254,389 12,089	269,046 23,523	25,155 4,681	25,531 4,526	42,235 13,297	67,883 10,134	59 ,63 4 7,7 97	28,118 12,685	40,449 12,734	69,055 20,324
FINANCE: CREDIT AGENCIES OTHER THAN BANKS					;				i	
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	12,135 9,256	11,151 8,007	9,668 4,208	8,856 4,258	9,128 4,910	8, 577 4 , 663	8,459 5,222	7,209 4,527	5,872 4,362	5,444 4,614
Returns with net income:	-				(Thousand		500, 350	(03.316	289,065	257,673
Total compiled receipts Net income	2,156,514 539,728	1,880,017 515,052	1,543,285 460,019	1,316,493 415,208	964,830 293,141	791,442 233,591	592,359 171,960	421,116 114,841	80,627	71,925
Total tax	249,749	235,163	211,204	161,123	98,199	77,341	52,433	34,747 34,297	27 ,92 3 24 , 680	26,028 22,478
Income tax	248,152 1,597	232,407 2,756	207,450 3,754	155,435 5,688	98,199	77,341	52,433	450	3,241	3,550
Returns with no met income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	1,048,779 31,579	746,118 23,877	31,323 17,747	33,691 18,045	38,944 25,107	49,244 30,938	43,842 32,118	36,620 25,060	26,398 21,326	21,652 22,308
FINANCE: HOLDING AND OTHER INVESTMENT COMPANIES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	4,713 1,958	4,930 2,307	5,430 2,093	5,490 2,024	5,283 2,228	5,267 2,233	4,996 1,745	5,007 1,989	4,699 1,918	4,604 2,144
Returns with net income:	2 000 3/2	1 1// 122	1,213,294	1,132,944	(Thousand	984,657	890,042	1,005,299	827,340	738,160
Total compiled receipts	1,097,342 826,034	1,144,122 878,483	953,554	904,812	929,224	715,851	655,288	716,987	606,594	527,177
Total tax	85,504	108,454	110,628	93,669 92,992	78,732 78,732		65,159 65,159	71,165	64,932 62,024	56,164 53,533
Excess profits taxes	85,128 376	1,529	1,242	677	-		_	455	2,910	2,630
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	18,665 14,160	24,505 13,447	15,871 13,983	24,955 65,376	19,736 47,104		45,030 45,921	24,235 26,637	18,741 31,970	25,475 45, 2 92
FINANCE: SECURITY AND COMMODITY-EXCHANGE BROKERS AND DEALERS						ļ				
Total number of returns of active corporations: With met income With mo met income	964 654	901 661	941 578	1,052 476	843 619		733 661	910 422	991 246	88° 341
Returns with net income:		000 100	100 000	200 453	· ·	dollars)	109,483	190,334	208,608	12€,359
Total compiled receipts. Net income	221,778 40,523	205,615 44,821	183,869 33,318		148,349 29,224	22,037	23,955	47,764	58,059	29,912
Total tax	13,693	15,197	10,572						17,699 14,921	7,21
Income tax Excess profits taxes	13,328 365	14,631 566	9,750 822			5,310	- 5,018	323	2,778	
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	34,900 3,8 8 9	51,788 8, 1 76	39,890 10,804				51,573 10,416		5,702 1,553	

NCTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

NYAL	Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
Total part Incomes	TOTAL INSURANCE CARRIERS AND AGENTS										
## With an in the increase									1		
Returns with not income:	With net income						7,232 2,101				5,331 2,178
Section Sect		0 495 420	0.000.050	G 100 MMs				, , ga dga	2 205 004	2 522 8/0	3,478,155
Secure Security Langest 1,00,190				2,411,079							1,396,996
Excess profite taxes											110,137
Total complete receipts						_	133,035	- 66,613			92,461 17,676
Total number of returns of active corporations: **Total compiled receipts.** **19,272,977 8,280,088 6,699,672 6,660,125 6,300,697 5,706,382 4,003,203 3,090,477 3,130,697 7,081 tocome. **Total compiled receipts.** **19,272,977 8,280,088 6,699,672 6,660,125 6,300,697 5,706,382 4,003,203 3,090,477 1,1646,282 1,1646,2	Total compiled receipts										296,220 24,621
With net incomes.	INSURANCE CARRIERS										
Returns with not income:	With net income										1,582 327
Total compiled receipts 9,272,877 8,280,086 6,699,677 6,665,125 6,330,697 5,700,308 1,090,427 1,146,697 Total tax 40,2189 326,450 248,233 227,076 244,030 111,449 47,835 55,100 75,887 Income tax 30,306 24,307 3,307,487 1,464,692 6,771 6,927 6,931 244,030 111,449 47,835 55,100 75,887 Income tax 30,306 24,307 3,309,427 1,772,480 326,450 244,030 111,449 47,835 55,100 75,887 Income tax 30,306 24,307 3,309,427 1,772,480 392,393 119,457 173,488 1,011,961 981,795 464,936 177,488 1,011,961 981,795 464,936 177,488 1,011,961 981,795 464,936 177,488 1,011,961 981,795 464,936 27,797 12,277 12,273 15,523 45,530 681,22 27,100 1816 and the time time time to returns of active corporations: % 1,000	leturns with not income.					(Thousand	dollars)				
Income tax	Total compiled receipts										3,273,765 1,365,349
Excess profits taxes	Total tax	402,189	324,560	248,233	227,076	244,030	111,449	47,835	55,103	75,887	98,215
Total tax						244,030	111,449	47,835		68,390 7,498	84,836 13,379
INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS	Total compiled receipts										262,277 22,635
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income. 2,742 2,773 2,088 2,185 2,078 1,746 1,512 1,972 1,689	INSIDANCE ACEMPS AND RECEPS										
Returns with not income:											
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts. (a) 28,962 27,301 26,466 20,244 17,388 21,586 18,778 12,453 10,270 1,681 1,691 7						2,078	1,746				3,749 1,851
Net income 76,663 72,328 71,216 65,685 60,615 72,408 63,805 44,881 29,813 Total tax		402.012	510 166	/8/ 103	/06 575	,		390 664	29/ 579	213 151	204,390
Income tax	Net income	76,663	72,328	71,216	65,685	60,615	72,408	63,805	44,881	29,813	31,647
Excess profits taxes.				·							11,922 7,625
Total compiled receipts	Excess profits taxes					-	-	-			4,297
Total number of returns of active corporations: With no net income. 89,493 85,189 83,794 81,650 76,010 72,099 67,047 65,248 55,955 With no net income. 89,493 85,189 83,794 81,650 76,010 72,099 67,047 65,248 55,955 With no net income. (Thousand dollars) Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts. 896,199 360,978 860,978 884,629 741,256 724,966 672,786 668,693 423,177 Total tax	Total compiled receipts	88,503 8,675				55,842 5,489					33,944 1,986
## With net income.										·	
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	With net income			83,794			72,099		65,248		49,372
Total compiled receipts. 3,830,579 896,199 860,978 860,492 886,492 741,256 724,966 672,786 668,693 423,177 Total tax. 299,681 295,444 290,258 260,937 201,923 198,490 183,821 178,742 131,643 Income tax. 293,448 288,231 280,484 250,544 201,923 198,490 183,821 177,364 108,465 Excess profits taxes. 6,233 7,213 9,774 10,393 - 1,378 23,178 Returns with no net income: 849,449 784,002 704,842 593,947 523,118 497,584 452,478 409,929 464,073 155,160 143,915 146,115 140,478 123,143 115,518 112,109 126,105 124,556 Total number of returns of active corporations: With no net income. 3,624 3,540 3,540 3,512 3,529 3,589 3,864 3,745 3,475 3,484 With no net income. 3,624 1,877 1,720 1,907 2,304 2,247 2,947 2,662 2,800	With no net income	43,467	40,948	40,366	37,292			31,934	30,043	32,796	37,414
Total tax	Total compiled receipts										1,617,801
Excess profits taxes											334,830 103,182
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts						201,923	198,490	183,821			85,139 18,043
Deficit	Returns with no net income:					_	_	_		·	·
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income											533,423 163,105
With net income. 3,624 3,540 3,512 3,529 3,589 3,864 3,745 3,475 3,484 With no net income. 2,164 1,877 1,720 1,907 2,304 2,247 2,947 2,662 2,800	LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY, EXCEPT BUILDINGS										
With no net income. 2,164 1,877 1,720 1,907 2,304 2,247 2,947 2,662 2,800		3,624		3,512		3,589					3,518
\	With no net income	2,164	1,877	1,720	1,907	l		2,947	2,662	2,800	3,111
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts	Total compiled receipts					272,285	296,576				230,988
Net income		'					·			1	109,728
Income tax	Income tax	69,332	65,767	66,457	55,980			-	42,375	33,130	34,483
Excess profits taxes	-	2,664	3,416	4,584	1,477	-	-	-	31	9,349	12,529
Total compiled receipts	Total compiled receipts										34,505 27,310

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
TOTAL SERVICES										
Total number of returns of active corporations:										
With net income	35,477 28,040	35,084 26,563	33,265 25,003	30,164 25,069	29,468 24,510	29,412 21,044	28,154 17,821	26,169 13,479	22,977 12,130	22,098 12,614
Returns with net income:	-				(Thousand	dollars)				
Total compiled receipts Net income	9,982,826 749,682	9,680,232 761,988	8,862,184 768,450	7,855,853 693,381	7,556,431 682,310	7,460,049 755,282	7,401,951 815,255	6,600,362 874,592	5,374,674 648,697	5,053,519 625,563
Total tax	323,832	331,965	329,074	240,530	223,745	245,907	263,800	293,069	316 ,5 19	321,359
Income taxExcess profits taxes	302,002 21,830	309,652 22,313	306,806 22,268	230,868 9,662	223,745	245,907	263,800	276,818 16,251	131,970 184,548	117,357 204,002
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	2,117,724 141,331	1,920,334 132,233	1,809,810 135,793	1,737,435 121,309	1,729,144 124,911	1,557,925 124,931	1,094,352 91,681	773,183 72,068	597,319 47,002	583,536 46,770
SERVICES: HOTELS AND OTHER LODGING PLACES			-							
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	3,678 3,276	3,912 2,915	3,784 2,864	3,599 2,703	3,584 2,547	3,667 2,160	3,547 1,809	3,469 1,336	3,129 1,105	2,900 1,243
Returns with net income:					(Thousand	dollars)		 -		
Total compiled receipts Net income	1,365,023 108,170	1,408,594 118,985	1,325,004 119,839	1,274,887 117,892	1,267,249 115,486	1,314,562 131,851	1,279,380 131,831	1,206,243 1 3 9,764	1,004,424 111,990	924,574 103,983
Total tax	45,984	51,295	50,036	41,334	37,904	43 ,73 9	44,077	46,698	53,262	48,765
Income tax Excess profits taxes	44,508 1,476	49,644 1,651	48 ,28 6 1,750	39,990 1,344	37,904 -	43,739 -	44,077 -	45,071 1,627	25,533 27,729	22,761 26,004
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	375,774 24,720	280,039 16,934	315,454 20,861	265,126 19,528	264,255 18,944	231,131 16,608	169,270 16,878	132,701 11,496	91,747 8,859	94,999 10,192
SERVICES: PERSONAL SERVICES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	7,576 5,154	7,156 5,093	7,278 4,785	6,597 5,031	6,689 4,922	6,796 4,467	6,515 3,490	6,165 2,703	5,679 2,274	5,652 2,308
Returns with net income:			·		1	dollars)				
Total compiled receipts Net income	1,467,957 80,917	1,346,741 78,664	1,324,683	1,205,996 74,077	1,191,893 78,044	1,206,188 80,430	1,166,970 83,974	1,010,312 74,887	821,866 59,553	789,425 61,632
Total tax	30,718	30,438	29,658	22,663	22,765	23,180	24,483	21,861	23,375	25,778
Income tax Excess profits taxes	29,099 1,619	28,607 1,831	27,680 1,978	21,906 757	22,765	23,180	24 , 483 -	21,303 558	13,466 9,909	13,340 12,439
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	398,043 17,808	350,604 15,816	384,308 16,401	341,716 16,173	316,611 16,048	285,781 15,150	211, 2 93 11,397	153,850 8,231	136,190 5,432	120,451 5,007
SERVICES: BUSINESS SERVICES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	8,748 5,698	9,065 5,329	7,671 4,954	6,673 4,699	6,067 4,737	5,811 4,083	5,359 3,570	4,598 2,878	4,080 2,548	3,960 2,453
Returns with net income:		1			r	dollars)				
Total compiled receipts Net income	3,108,944 227,053	2,862,526 215,342	2,506,514 216,543	2,097,004 179,725	1,827,037 153,279	1,714,722 152,735	1,513, 7 00 135,000	1,244,683 111,149	1,041,843 83,389	940,552 79,979
Total tax	101,016	94,482	98,063	65,743	51,076	51,151	44,703	36,840	39,899	38,402
Income tax Excess profits taxes.	92,863 8,153	86,861 7,621	88,952 9,111	61,714 4,029	51,076 -	51,151	44,703 -	36,076 764	18,981 20,919	18,104 20,298
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	341,377 24,521	419,083 30,985	330,867 24,446	324,551 16,535	332,179 23,039	269,707 15,273	248,883 13,910	203,643 10,939	115,539 5,829	95,985 7,146
SERVICES: AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SERVICES AND GARAGES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	3,769 2,400	3,593 2,036	3,165 1,758	2,726 1,647	2,488 1,776	2,598 1,407	2,497 1,056	2,244 865	1,982 993	1,834 1,156
Returns with net income:					(Thousand	dollars)				
Total compiled receipts	533,963 40,870	509,395 43,926	461,572 39,038	348,277 32,922	295,286 27,911	309,205 33,489	302,978 31,418	237,330 25,586	149,033 10,487	127,484 8,791
Total tax	14,042	15,263	13,113	9,904	7,911	9,356	8,696	7,046	3,479	2,976
Income tax Excess profits taxes	13,567 475	14,574 689	12,517 596	9,504 400	7,911 -	9,356	8,696	6, 8 93 153	2,286 1,192	1,868 1,109
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts	160,187	87,584	74,815	72,861 4,105	86,292 5,445	62,007 3,684	43,669 2,675	29,123 1,868	32,584	38,737 2,041

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Major industrial groups, selected items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
SERVICES: MISCELLANEOUS REPAIR SERVICES, HAND TRADES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	2,078 1,922	1,877	1,780 1,131	1,462 1,125	1,190 1,174	1,232 854	1,319 821	1,068	961 528	1,027 476
					(Thousand	dollars)				
Returns with net income: Total compiled receipts Net income	401,493 20,928	320,231 20,106	355,312 22,234	237,415 18,917	203,081 14,145	214,880 16,110	181,432 13,756	110,110 8,136	104,609 7,363	142,809 16,078
Total tax	8,514	7,829	9,042	6,3 6 8	4,543	5,071	4,048	2,239	3,187	9,200
Income tax Excess profits taxes	7,765 749	7,196 633	8,232 810	6,064 304	4,543 -	5,071 -	4,048	2,210 29	1,361 1,825	1,862 7,338
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	89,083 7,610	108,615 4,174	57,265 3,336	63,244 4,710	65,845 4,849	33,575 3,310	33,251 2,246	20,889 2,039	17,571 1,145	17,746 1,480
SERVICES: MOTION PICTURES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	3,215 2,903	3,225 2,865	3,320 2,769	3,314 2,567	3,558 1,967	3,551 1,606	3,415 1,190	3,424 854	3,167 767	3,039 829
Returns with net income:					(Thousand					
Total compiled receipts	1,550,103 120,092	1,754,733 131,331	1,618,094 149,506	1,608,064 156,368	1,731,826 182,736	1,630,955 211,410	1,926,367 289,715	1,890,731 369,575	1,606,587 273,440	1,493,404 269,044
Total tax	52,407	58,514	64,009	53,344	60,683	70,885	94,919	128,316	136,675	146,978
Income tax Excess profits taxes	49,864 2,543	55,974 2,540	62,214 1,795	52,551 793	60,683	70,885	94,919 -	116,746 11,570	53,325 83,350	46,816 100,162
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	426,612 26,077	312,372 25,941	319,231 32,943	347,240 24,569	313,393 22,770	404,461 38,503	146,832 14,636	58,643 13,408	63,754 7,612	79,509 4,903
SERVICES: AMUSEMENT, EXCEPT MOTION PICTURES										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	2,987 3,436	3,012 3,691	2,732 3,607	2,687 4,053	2,822 4,008	2,498 3,312	2,471 2,724	2,622 1,956	1,881 1,844	1,722 1,959
Returns with net income:					(Thousand	I			010.076	0/2 00/
Total compiled receipts	660,685 78,991	633,279 81,416	523,216 75,425	493,686 61,281	505,034 62,262	532,702 7 6, 507	518,727 77,384	525,508 103,683	340,816 74,957	263,026 51,194
Total tax	36,505	38,856	34,800	23,098	23,955	26,178	26,723	37,092	43,822	30,642
Income tax Excess profits taxes	34,249 2,256	36,426 2,430	32,563 2,237	22,285 813	23,955	26,178	26,723	35,680 1,412	11,695 32,127	7,001 23,641
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	151,106 14,651	175,448 16,353	173,249 19,152	166,278 19,748	178,909 19,188	142,924 17,653	115,546 14,992	74,007 12,208	56,700 5,779	61,043 8,924
OTHER SERVICES, INCLUDING SCHOOLS										•
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	3,426 3,251	3,244 3,321	3,535 3,135	3,106 3,244	3,070 3,379	3,259 3,155	3,031 3,161	2,579 2,258	2,098 2,071	1,964 2,190
Returns with net income:						dollars)	1	l .	Г	
Total compiled receipts Net income	894,658 72,661	844,733 72,218	747,789 66,682	590,524 52,199	535,025 48,447	536,835 52,750	512,397 52,177	375,445 41,812	305,496 27,518	372,246 34,862
Total tax	34,646	35,288	30,353	18,076	14,908	16,347	16,151	12,977	12,819	18,618
Income tax Excess profits taxes	30,087 4,559	30,370 4,918	26,362 3,991	16,854 1,222	14,908	16,347	16,151	12,839 138	5,324 7,496	5,605 13,013
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	175,542 18,300	186,589 16,209	154,621 13,953	156,419 15,941	171,660 14,628	128,339 14,750	125,608 14,947	100,327 11,879	83,235 10,740	75,066 7,077
NATURE OF BUSINESS NOT ALLOCABLE										
Total number of returns of active corporations: With net income	1,089 5,361	987 4 , 668	1,069 4,511	1,145 4,557	902 3,579	953 3 , 213	2,047 3,622	2,211 3,268	1,908 3,459	1,82 ² 3,27
Returns with net income:		r			·	d dollars)	T	1	T	
Total compiled receipts	67,554 9,862	89,162 10,429	89,319 14,006	97,071 17,157	83,570 9,420	99,225 12,345	172,597 25,153	181,875 24,007	139,661 15,283	142,901 17,875
Total tax	4,118	3,961	4,771	4,525	2,711	3,602	6,959	6,530	5,362	6,90
Income tax Excess profits taxes	3,634 484	3,719 242	4,597 174	4,386 139	2,711	3,602	6,959	6,412 118	3,492 1,870	3,775 3,121
Returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts	31,853 16,152	14,036 8,875	29,353 13,593	20,980 10,292	25,375 7,586	22,882 12,767	33,268 9,554	31,005 7,203	26,563 10,949	18,021 9,111

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms" and for "Description of the Sample and Limitations of Data," see p. 22 for 1953; for 1951 and 1952, see Statistics of Income, Part 2, for those years.

Table 16.—NUMBER OF RETURNS AND SUBSIDIARIES, TOTAL COMPILED RECEIPTS, NET INCOME OR DEFICIT, NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION, AND TAXES, BY INCOME AND DEFICIT STATUS—CONSOLIDATED RETURNS

	CONCEDENTED IN CONTROL													
Items	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944				
Number of consolidated returns: With net income	1,466 942 9,670	1,351 818 9,019	1,180 760	998 613	936 743	878 540	767 443	763 385	1,080 329	1,009 289				
	9,070	9,019	7,551	6,692	6,825	6,373	5,349	5,037	6,093	5 ,78 0				
	(Thousand dollars)													
Consolidated returns with net income: Total compiled receipts Net income Net operating loss deduction	4.186.409	49,964,149 3,863,462 31,234	45,383,887 4,186,920 30,027	30,926,757 3,313,568 28,369	27,273,775 2,220,950 14,302	29,425,463 2,608,552 23,190	24,805,621 2,026,690 39,253	18,260,859 1,452,521 8,400	29,702,047 2,035,203 9,016	31,508,016 3,047,526 29,100				
Total tax	1,894,963	1,701,228	1,955,174	1,250,111	733,637	880,543	674,522	476,885	984,846	1,688,325				
Income tax Excess profits taxes	1,876,302 18,661	1,684,081 17,147	1,853,271 101,903	1,217,534 32,577	733,637	880,543	674,522	474,164 2,721	485,060 1499,786	630,111 11,058,214				
Consolidated returns with no net income: Total compiled receipts Deficit	4,476,498 180,803	3,998,378 128,096	2,168,496 93,172	3,909,531 74,392	2,873,026 187,396	1,850,004 102,284	2,601,920 169,748	2,955,528 224,933	1,871,296 149,595	674,033 51,725				

Includes declared value excess-profits tax of \$4,723,000 for 1944, and \$2,201,000 for 1945.

NOTE: See p. 19 for "Explanation of Terms." Data not subject to sampling variability since all these returns were tabulated.

Source Book of Statistics of Income 1926–51, 1953

SOURCE BOOK OF STATISTICS OF INCOME	
Description and use	Page 135
Chart I.—Data available in the Source Book of Statistics of Income from corporation returns for the years 1926-51, 1953	
Chart II.—Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-51, 1953: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables	138
134	

SOURCE BOOK OF STATISTICS OF INCOME

The Source Book consists of a series of unpublished volumes containing tabulations of financial information from income and profits tax returns, by more detailed classifications than in the published reports, *Statistics of Income*. The Source Book volumes are maintained in the Statistics Division of the Internal Revenue Service, and are available for research purposes to officials of the Federal, State, and other governmental units and to qualified representatives of accredited organizations. Permission to copy data from the Source Book may be obtained upon presentation of a written request addressed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The corporation data in the Source Book are from the income and profits tax returns for 1926 through 1951 and 1953. As an aid to acceleration of the published data, the Source Book was not prepared for 1952 data. The data are tabulated in aggregate (1) for all returns and (2) for returns with balance sheets, also segregated in both instances as to returns with net income and returns with no net income.

For the years 1932-34, tabulations of data from consolidated returns are also shown. A considerable number of corporations filing consolidated returns for 1932 and 1933 were denied this-privilege for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1933, by section 141 of the Revenue Act of 1934, which limited the filing of consolidated returns to common carriers by railroad and their related holding and leasing companies. These tabulations were made to show the shift effected by this provision of the Revenue Act of 1934 on data from the returns for 1934 as compared with corresponding items from the returns for prior years. (Beginning in 1942, the privilege of filing consolidated returns is again extended, in general, to all corporations.)

Beginning with 1951, a probability sample has been used as the basis of the tabulated data. Description of the sample and limitations of data for each year may be found in the published volume for the year.

A summary description of the data contained in the Source Book is presented in Charts I and II. The first chart shows the years and classifications for which the items are available and the second is a detailed presentation of the industries for which the items are available in the major group tables and in the minor group tables. By use of these two charts one can quickly determine whether or not the desired data are available in the Source Book. For example: To determine the availability of figures representing gross sales of anthracite coal mining companies for the years 1926 through 1951 and 1953, the first chart shows that gross sales will be found for the years 1926 through 1951 and 1953 for major and minor industrial groups; the second chart (items 17–19, under "Mining and quarrying") shows that anthracite mining is included with bituminous, etc., for the years 1926–27 but is tabulated separately for 1928–51 and 1953.

SOURCE BOOK, 1926-1951, 1953

Chart I.—DATA AVAILABLE IN THE SOURCE BOOK OF STATISTICS OF INCOME FROM CORPORATION RETURNS FOR THE YEARS 1926-51, 1953

[Under each classification data are shown (1) for returns with net income and (2) for returns with no net income. For list of major and minor industrial groups, see chart H]

		All returns						Retur	ns with balance		Consolidated returns							
		Major and	Major in- dustrial	Minor in-	State Terri	s and tories	Major in-	Minor	industrial gr	oups		es and tories		Minor industri		trial grou	ps	1
	Item	minor industrial groups in aggregate	groups by net in- come and deficit	dustrial groups by States and Ter-	By minor indus- trial	By major indus- trial	dustrial groups by total assets	oups by cotal In By total By States By minor By sets and Ter-	By major indus- trial	In aggregate				olidated 33				
		agg/	classes	ritories	groups	groups	classes	aggregate	classes	ritories	groups	groups		By 1933 industry	By 1934 industry		By 1934 industr	,
1	Number of returns	1926-51; 5 3	{ 1926-43 1950-51	} 1926 -3 6	1926-37	1938-41	1931-51;53	1930-51;53	1942-51;53	1931-36	1931-37	1938-41	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	
2 3 4	Gross sales	1926-51;53 1932-51;53 1926-31		1926-36 1932-36 1926-31	1926-37 1932-37 1926-31	1938-41 193 8 -41	1931-51;53 1932-51;53 1931	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	•••	:::	:::	1932-33 1932-33	44 1934 1934 •••	1934 1934	1933 1933	1934 1934	
5	Interest on Government obligations: Wholly taxable	1941-51;53 1936-40		1936	1936-37	1941 1938-40	1941-51;53 1936-40	1942-51;53	1942-51;53	•••	:::	:::	:::	:::	:::	:::	•••	
7	Subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax.	1941-45				1941	1941-45	1942-45	1942-45								•••	
8 9 10	Subject to surtax only	1941-51;53 1936-51;53 1926-35	:::	1936 1926-35	1936-37 1926-35	1941 1938-41	1941-51;53 1936-51;53 1931-35	194 2- 51;53 1942-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	•••		:::	1932-33	1934	 1934	 1933	1934	
11	Other interest	1926-51;53 1929-37	<u> </u>	1926-36	1926-37	1938-41	1931-51;53 1931-37	1942-51;53	1942-51;53	•••			1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	1
12 13	Rents and royalties.	1944-51;53 1938-43	}	1929-36	1929-37	1938-41	1944-51;53 1938-43	1944-51;53 1942-43	1944-51;53 1942-43				1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	
14 15	Royalties Profit, sale of capital assets	1944-51;53 1928-33	:::	1928-33	1928-33	:::	1944-51;53 1931-33	1944-51;53	1944-51;53		:::	:::	1932-33	:::	:::	1933		.]
16 17	Net capital gain Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss.	1934-43 1944 - 51;53	:::	1934-36	1934-37	1938-41	1934-43 1944-51;53	1942-43 1944-51;53	1942-43 1944-51;53	•••	:::		:::	1934	1934	:::	1934	
18	Excess of net long-term capital loss. Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss.	1944-51;53					1944-51;53	1944-51;53	1944-51;53	•••							•••	. ;
19 20	Net gain, sales other than capital assets Dividends from domestic corporations	1938-51;53 1926-51;53	:::	1926-36	1926-37	1938-41 1938-41	1938-51;53 1931-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53		:::	:::	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	
21 22	Dividends from foreign corporations Other receipts	1937-51;53 1926-51;53	:::	1926~36	1937 1926 - 37	1938-41 1938-41	1937-51;53 1931-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	•••		:::	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	
23	Total compiled receipts	1926-51;53		1926-36	1926-37	1938-41	1931-51;53	1942-51;53	1942-51;53	•••	•••	•••	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	2
24 25	Cost of goods sold	1926-51;53 1932-51:53		1926-36 1932-36	1926-37 1932-37	1938-41 1938-41	1931-51;53 1932-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53				1932-33 1932-33	1934 1934	1934 1934	1933 1933	1934 1934	2
26 27	Compensation of officers	1928-51;53 1933-51;53	:::	1928-36 1933-36	1928-37 1933-37	1938-41 1938-41	1931-51;53 1933-51:53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53		:::	:::	1932-33 1933	1934 1934	193- 1934	1933 1933	1934 1934	
28	Rent paid on business property Repairs Bad debts.	1933-51;53 1939-51;53 1927-51;53	:::	1927-36	1933-37	1938-41 1938-41	1939-51;53	1942-51;53	1942-51;53		:::		1933		1934	1933	1934	1 2
30	Interest paid.	1927-51;53		1927-36	1927-37	1938-41	1931-51;53 1931-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53				1932-33	1934 1934	1934	1933	1934	
31 32	Taxes paid	1926-51;53 1936-51;53		1926-36	1926-37 1936-37	1938-41 1938-41	1931-51;53 1936-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	•••			1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	
33 34	Depreciation. Depletion.	1926-51;53 1926-51;53		1926-36 1926-36	1926-37 1926-37	1938-41 1938-41	1931-51;53 1931-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	•••			1932-33 1932-33	1934 1934	1934 1934	1933 1933	1934 1934	
35 36	Amortization	1940-51;53 1945-51;53				1940-41	1940-51;53 1945-51;53	1942-51;53 1945-51;53	1942-51;53 1945-51;53									3 3
37 38	Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. Amounts contributed under other employee	1945-51;53 1953					1945-51;53 1953	1945-51;53 1953	1945-51;53 1953	•••	:::	:::		:::	•••		•••	3
39	benefit plans. Loss, sale of capital assets	1930-33		1930-33	1930-33		1931-33	•••		•••			1932+33			1933		
40 41	Net capital loss	1934-39 1940-41		1934-36	1934-37	1938-39 1940-41	1934-39 1940-41	•••		•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••		1934	1934		1934	4
2 43	Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions	1938-51;53 1926-51;53	:::	1926-36	1926-37	1938-41 1938-41	1938-51;53 1931-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	•••	•••		1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	4
444	Total compiled deductions	1926-51;53		1926-36	1926-37	1938-41	1931-51;53	1942-51;53	1942-51;53	•••		•••	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	4
45	Compiled net profit or net loss	1926-51;53	∫1926-43	1926-36	1926-37		1931-51;53	1942-51;53	1942-51;53	•••	•••		1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	1
46 47	Net income or deficit	1926-51;53 1926-32	1950-51	1926-36 1926-32	1926-37 1926-32	1938-41	1931-51;53 1931-32	1942-51;53	1942-51;53	•••			1932-33 1932	1934	1934	1933	4ز19	
48 49	Net operating loss deduction	1940-51;53 1942-43		1926=32	1920=32	1940-41	1940-51;53 1942-43	1942-51;53 1942-43	1942-51;53 1942-43	•••	•••		1932				•••	-
50	Adjusted excess profits net income	1944-45 1950-51;53	}				1944-45 1950-51;53	1944-45 1950-51:53	1944-45 1950-51;53	}					•••			5

SOURCE BOOK, 1926-1951, 1953

Chart I.-DATA AVAILABLE IN THE SOURCE BOOK OF STATISTICS OF INCOME FROM CORPORATION RETURNS FOR THE YEARS 1926-51, 1953-Continued

[Under each classification data are shown (1) for returns with net income and (2) for returns with no net income. For list of major and minor industrial groups, see chart II]

\exists			Al	l returns				Retur	ns with balanc	e sheets				Consc	lidated re	turns		
		Major and	Major in-	Minor in-	State Terri	s and tories	Major in-	Minor	industrial gro	oups	State Terri	s and tories		M	inor indust	rial group	s	Ì
	Item	minor industrial	dustrial groups by net in-	dustrial groups by States	By minor	By major indus-	dustrial groups by total	In	By total	By State	By minor	By major	In aggregate		idated 933	Not conse		
		groups in aggregate	come and deficit classes	and Ter- ritories	trial groups	trial groups	assets classes	aggregate	assets classes	and Ter- ritories	trial groups	trial groups		By 1933 industry	By 1934 industry	In aggregate	By 1934 industry	
51	Normal tax	{ 1936-37 1941	1936-37 1941 1926-32	} 1936	1936-37	1941	{1936-37 1941	}		•••							•••	51
52	Income tax	1926-35 1938-40 1942-51;53	1934-35 1938-40 1942-43 1950-51	1926-35	1926-35	1938-40	1931-35 1938-40 1942-51;53	1942-51;53	1942-51;53				1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	52
53	Surtax (on undistributed profits for 1936-37).	{1936-37 1941	1936-37 1941	1936	1936-37	1941	{1936-37 1941	}					•••					53
54	Declared value excess-profits tax	1933-45 (1940-46	1934-43 1941-43	1933-36	1933-37	1938-41	1933-45 1940-46	1942-45 1942-46	1942-45 1942-46	····			1933	1934	1934	1933	1934	54 55
55	Excess profits tax	1950-51;53	1950-51	}		1940-41	1950-51;53	1950-51;53	1950-51;53	}		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						,
56	Total tax	1926-51;53	1926-33 1936-43 1950-51	1926-36	1926-37	1938-41	1931-51;53	1942-51;53	1942-51;53			•••	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	56
57 58	Compiled net profit less total tax Dividends paid in cash and assets other than	1926-51;53 1926-51;53	1950-51	1926-36 1926-37	1926-37 1926-37	1938-41	1931-51;53 1931-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53				1932-33 1932-33	1934 1934	1934 1934	1933 1933	1934 1934	57 58
59	own stock. Dividends paid in corporation's own stock	1926-51;53		1926-36	1926-37	1938-41	1931-51;53	1942-51;53	1942-51;53				1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	59
60 61	Cash Notes and accounts receivable less reserve	:::	:::	:::	:::	•••	1931-51;53 1931-43	1930-51;53 1930-43 1944-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-43 1944-51;53	1931-36 1931-36	1931-37 1931-37	1938-41 1938-41	1932-33 1932-33	1934 1934	1934 1934	1933 1933	1934 1934	60 61 62
62 63	Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debts		:::	:::	:::		1944-51;53 1944-51;53	1944-51;53	1944-51;53	1931-36	1931-37	1938-41	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	63 64
64 65	Inventories			:::	:::		1931-51;53 1931-51;53	1930-51;53 1930-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1931-36	1931-37	1938-41	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	65
66	exempt investments 1926-36). Other investments						1931-51;53	1930-51;53	1942-51;53	1931-36	1931-37	1938-41	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	66
67 68	Capital assets—land, buildings, equipment: Less depreciation						1931-33 1934-39	1930-33 1934-39		1931-33 1934 - 36	1931-33 1934-37	 1938-39	1932-33	 1934	 1934	1933	1934	67 68
69	Gross capital assets (except land)						1940-51;53	1938-51;53	1942-51;53			1940-41						69
70 71	Reserves.					:::	1940-51;53 1940-51;53	1938-51;53 1938-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53		1934-37 1933-37	1940-41 1940-41		:::	:::			70 71
72	Other assets						1931-51;53	1930-51;53	1942-51;53	1931-36	1931-37	1938-41	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	72
73	Total assets, total liabilities				•••		1931-51;53	1930-51;53	1942-51;53	1931-36	1931-37	1938-41	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	4
74 75	Bonded debt and mortgages	:::	:::		:::	:::	1931-36 1937-51;53	1930-36 1937-51;53	1942-51;53	1931-36	1931-36 1937	1938-41	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	74 75
76 77	Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year Maturity 1 year or more	:::			:::	:::	1937-51;53 1937-51;53	1937-51;53 1937-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53		193 7 1937	1938-41 1938-41			:::	:::	:::	76 77
78	Notes and accounts payable	l .					1931-36	1930-36		1931-36	1931-36		1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934 1934	
79 80	Other liabilities				:::	:::	1931-51;53 1931-51;53	1930-51;53 1930-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1931-36 1931-36	1931-37 1931-37	1938-41 1938-41	1932-33 1932-33	1934 1934	1934 1934	1933 1933	1934	79 80
81 82	Capital stock, common	:::				:::	1931-51;53 1938-51;53	1930-51;53 1938-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1931-36	1931-37	1938-41 1938-41	1932-33	1934	1934	1933	1934	82
83 84	Surplus and undivided profits	:::					1931-51;53 1931-51;53	1930-51;53 1930-51;53	1942-51;53 1942-51;53	1931-36 1931-36	1931-37 1931-37	1938-41 1938-41	1932-33 1932-33	1934 1934	1934 1934	1933 1933	1934 1934	
٠,	Returns with excess profits tax liability:		1	+					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1							1
85	Number of returns	1943-45 1950-51:53	}				1943-45 1950-51:53	1943-45 1950-51;53	1943-45 1950-51;53]}							···	85
86 87	Excess profits net income	1950-51;53 1950-51;53	ľ ···				1950-51;53 1950-51;53	1950-51;53 1950-51;53	1950-51;53 1950-51;53	ľ :::								86 87
88	Excess profits credit	1951;53		:::	:::	:::	1951;53	1951;53	1951;53 1943-45	, :::	:::		•••					88
89	Adjusted excess profits net income	1943-45 1950-51;53	 }				1950-51;53	1950-51;53	1950-51;53	}								
90	Income tax	1943-45 1950-51;53 1943-45	 				1943-45 1950-51;53 1943-45	1943-45 1950-51;53 1943-45	1943-45 1950-51;53 1943-45]}								90 91
91	Excess profits tax	{1950-51;53]}	İ			{1950-51;53	1950-51;53	1950-51;53	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	L	Щ.

Chart II.-INDUSTRIAL GROUPS FOR WHICH DATA FROM CORPORATION RETURNS ARE SHOWN IN THE SOURCE BOOK OF STATISTICS OF INCOME, FOR THE YEARS 1926-51, 1953: YEARS FOR WHICH DATA ARE AVAILABLE IN MINOR GROUP TABLES

[For list of items available, see Chart I]

-		Years for					or which
	Industrial groups	Major group tables		1	Industrial groups		Minor group tables
1	Agriculture, forestry, and fishery	1926-51;53		69	Silk manufactures (includes rayon goods for 1926-37)	tables	1926-40
2	Farms and agricultural services.	1938-51;53		70 71	Rayon and other synthetic textile-mill manufactures Rayon and silk manufactures		1938-40 1941-47
4	Farming—Fruit, cotton, grain, stock, and all other farm- ing, including lessors	 193 8- 51;53	1926-37	72	Broadwoven fabrics (woolen and worsted)		1948-51;53 1948-51;53
5	Fishery. Related industries—Forestry, fishing, ice harvesting.	1938-51;53	•••	74 75	Narrow fabrics and other smallwares (cotton, wool, silk,		1948-51;53
	agricultural industries, not precisely defined; holders and lessors.		1926-37	76		•••	1948-51;53 1926-51;53
7	Agriculture, forestry, and fishery not allocable	1938	1920-37	77	1926-37)		1938-51;53
8	Mining and querrying	1926-51;53		70	in No. 68 for 1926)		1927-51;53
9 10	Metal mining	1938-51;53	1926-37 1938-51;53	80		:::	1938-47 1948-51;53
11 12	Copper Lead and zinc		1938-47 1938-47	82	pital and surgical supplies, linen, other textiles, etc.		1926-37
13 14	Gold and silver		1938-47 1948-51;53	83	Textile-mill products not allocable	:::	1938-51;53 1938-51;53
15 16	Other metal mining	•••	1938-51;53	84 85	Men's clothing	1936-51;53	1926-35 1938-51;53
	53)	• • •	193 8-47	86 87	Fur goods		1938-51;53 1938-51;53
17 1 8	Coal mining—Anthracite, bituminous, peat, coke	1938-51;53	1926-27 1928-37	88	Other apparel and products made from fabrics		1938-51;53 1938-47
19	Bituminous coal and lignite (includes peat for 1928-47; see	1938-51;53	1928-37	90 91	Other fabricated textile products		1948-51;53 1948-51;53
20	Crude petroleum and natural gas production	1938-51;53		92 93	The same because when the same and allocable.		1938-51;53
21	Crude petroleum, natural gas and natural gasoline produc- tion (Oil and gas for 1926-37)		1926-51;53	93 94 95	Sawmill and planing mill products	1926-37	1926-37
22	Oil- and gas-field service operations		1938-51;53	96	etc	1938-51;53	1926-37
24	Normetallic mining and querrying Quarrying—Asbestos, stone, clay, sand, gravel, precious and semiprecious stones, sait mines, etc., (includes lessors	1938-51;53	•••	97 98	Logging (camps) and sawmills		1938-47 1938-47
25	and holders for 1926)		1926-37	99	Logging camps, logging contractors, sawmills, and planing mills		1938-47
	Other mining and quarrying (nonmetallic) (includes peat for 1948-51;53)	••••	1938-51;53 1938-51;53	100 101	Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated wood products		1948-51;53
27	Nonmetallic mining and quarrying not allocable (included in No. 26 for 1948-51;53)	•••	1938-47	102	for 1938-47)		1938-51;53 1938-39
28			1926-37	103	Other wood products		1948-51;53
29	Mining and quarrying not allocable (included in No. 26 for		1720-57	105	No. 93 for 1926-37)	1938-51;53	
	1948-51;53)	1938-47		106	ing, and professional		1938-51;53
30 31	Construction Building and construction above ground, including equipping	1926-51;53		100	Partitions, shelving, lockers; and office and store fix- tures		1938-51;53
32	and installing machinery, wrecking, razing, or moving, etc. Other construction underground or on surface—Bridge build-		1926-37	108			1938-47 1948-51:53
	ing, waterfront construction, related industries, etc. (includes shipbuilding for 1926, see No. 241 for 1927-51;			109 110	Other finished lumber products; cork products	:::	1938-47 1948-51;53
33	53) General contractors		1926-37 1938-47	111	Furniture and finished lumber products not allocable		1938-47
34 35	General building contractors		1948-51;53 1948-51;53	113	Pulp, paper, and paperboard	1926-51;53	1938-51;53
36 37	General contractors not allocable		1948-51;53 1938-51;53	115	Paper bags and paperboard containers and boxes		1938-47 1948-51;53
38 39	Other construction (not allocable)	•••	1938-51;53	117	Paper and products not allocable (included in No. 116 for 1948-51;53).		1948-51;53
	Manufacturing	1926-51;53		118	Printing, publishing, and allied industries	1926-51;53	1938-47
41	Food and kindred products.	1926-30 1931-32		119	Newspapers Periodicals		1938-51;53 1938-51;53
43	Bakery products	1933-51;53	1926-37 1938-51;53	121	Books	• • • •	1938-39 1948-51;53
45	Confectionery Canning fruits, vegetables, and seafoods (included in No. 52	:::	1938-51;53	122 123 124	Books and music Commercial printing, including lithographing		1940-47 1938-51;53
47	for 1926)		1927-51;53 1926-51;53	125	Other printing and publishing Printing, publishing, and allied industries not allocable	•••	1938-51;53 1938-51;53
48 49	Grain mill products, except cereal preparations	:::	1926-51;53 1938-51;53	126 127	Chemicals and allied products	1926-51;53	1938-47
50 51	Dairy products (included in No. 52 for 1926-37)		1938-51;53 1926-51;53	128	Chemicals proper, acids, compounds, etc		1927-37 1948-51;53
52 53	Other food products (includes No. 54 for 1926)	•••	1926-51;53	130	synthetic rubber, and synthetic fibers		1948-51;53
i	for 1926–37)	•••	1938-51;53	131	other chemical substances not elsewhere classified		1927-37
54 55	Beverages Soft drinks, wine, cereal beverages, mineral water, brewing	1933-51;53		132	Paints, varnishes, lacquers, etc		1934-51;53 1938-51;53
	and distilling		1927-32 1933-37	134 135 136	Drugs, toilet preparations, etc		1938-47 1948-51;53
58	Liquors—Wines, beer, malt extract, malt yeast, alcohol Malt (breweries) and malt products		1933-37 193 8- 51;53	137	Oils and fats, animal and vegetable, except edible cooking oils		1948-51;53
59 60 61	Distilleries, rectifiers, blenders	:::	1938-51;53 1938-51;53	138	Rayon (raw material) and allied products (included in No.130 for 1948-51;53)		1938-51;53
	Nonalconolic beverages. Beverages not allocable (included in No. 61 for 1948-51; 53)		1938-51;53	139 140	Fertilizers. Plastic materials (included in No. 130 for 1948-51;53)		1938-47 1927-51;53 1938-47
63	Tobacco manufactures	1021 51.52	1938-47	141 142	Other chemical products	:::	1938-51;53 1938-51;53
64	Other tobacco manufactures.	1931-51;53	1926-30 1948-51;53	143	Chemical products (except Petroleum and mineral oil refining)		1926
	Textile-mill products (excludes No. 67 for 1941-47)	1926-51;53	1948-51;53	144 145 146	Petroleum and cosl products	1938-51;53 1936-37	1926-35
67	Cotton manufactures	1941-47	1926-40	146 147 148	Petroleum refining. Other petroleum and coal products. Petroleum and coal products not allocable (included in	:::	1938-51;53 1938-51;53
ļ	ishing (includes wool carpets for 1926)	1	1926-47	- 10	No. 147 for 1948-51;53)		1938-47

Chart II.—INDUSTRIAL GROUPS FOR WHICH DATA FROM CORPORATION RETURNS ARE SHOWN IN THE SOURCE BOOK OF STATISTICS OF INCOME, FOR THE YEARS 1926-51, 1953: YEARS FOR WHICH DATA ARE AVAILABLE IN MAJOR GROUP TABLES AND YEARS FOR WHICH DATA ARE AVAILABLE IN MINOR GROUP TABLES—Continued.

[For list of items available, see Chart I]

		Years fo data avail				Years fo		
	Industrial groups	Major group tables	Minor group tables		Industrial groups	Major group tables	Minor group tables	
ا , ,	hubber products	1926-51;53		217	Other electrical machinery		1938-3	
50 '	Tires (auto) and (inner) tubes		1926-51;53	218	Other electrical machinery and equipment	• • • •	1940-4 1948-51;5	
51 0	Other rubber productsBone, celluloid, and ivory products (included in No.151 for	•••	1926-51;53	219 220	Other electrical products, including batteries Electrical machinery and equipment not allocable		1938-51;5	
	1926; bone and ivory products in No. 266 for 1938-49;			221	Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical	1938-51;53		
1	celluloid in No.140 for 1938-47, and No.130 for 1948-51; 53)		1927-37	222	Special industry machinery		1938-51;5	
53	Rubber products not allocable (included in No. 151 for 1926-37, and 1940-51;53)		1938-39	223 224	General industry machinery Metalworking machinery, including machine tools	1 :::	1938-51; 1938-51;	
	•			225	Engines and turbines, except automotive, aircraft, and	1	1938-51;	
55	Stone, clay, and glass products	1926-51;53	1938-51;53	226	railway Construction and mining machinery	•••	1938-51;	
6	Structural clay products		1938-51;53 1938-51;53	227 228	Agricultural machinery and tractors		1926-51; 1927-	
8	Pottery and related products	:::	1938-51;53	229	Office and store machines		1938-51;	
9	Cement (hydraulic)		1938-51;53 1938-51;53	230 231	Household machinery and equipment		1926- 1938- <i>5</i> 1;	
ĭ	Abrasives, asbestos, and other nonmetallic mineral prod-			232	Other machinery parts and machine shops (included in		1948-51;	
2	ucts Stone, clay, and glass products not allocable (included in		1938-51;53	233	No. 223 for 1938-47)		1940-31,	
1	No. 161 for 1948-51;53)		1938-47		metal, paper, printing, textile, and woodworking ma-	1	1926-	
3 1	Lesther and products	1926-51;53		234	Miscellaneous machinery-Building, construction, gas, min-			
	Footwear, except rubber		1926-51;53	235	ing machinery and equipment		1926-	
1	for 1926-37)		1938-51;53		not allocable		1938-51;	
7	Other leather productsLeather and products not allocable (included in No. 166 for	•••	1926-51;53	236	Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles	1938-51;53		
1	1926-37, 1948-51;53)		1938-47	237			1926-51;	
8 1	Metal manufacture (products and processes)	1926-37		236	1927).			
9 [Iron, steel, and products	1938-47 1948-51;53		239 240	Aircraft and parts, including aircraft engines Shipbuilding (included in No. 32 for 1926).		1928-51;	
ŭ	Blast furnaces, steelworks, and rolling mills (includes			241	Ship and boatbuilding and repairing	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1927-51; 1938-51;	
/2	foundries for 1926-37, for locomotives, see No. 237) Metal building material and supplies (equipment)		1926-51;53 1926-37	242 243	Other transportation equipment, except motor vehicles		1938-51;	
73	Fabricated structural metal products		1938-51;53 1938-51;53	244			1938-	
75	Tin cans and other tinware		1938-51;53	li				
	Hardware, tools, etc		1927-37 1938-39		Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical		1926-	
8	Cutlery, handtools, and general hardware		1940-51;53	H	tanks, see No. 181 for 1942-47)		1938-51; 1938-	
1	(Nos. 173, 174, 175, and 178 tabulated under "Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and trans-			248	Trailers for passenger cars		1938-	
9	portation equipment" for 1948-51;53) Firearms, guns, howitzers, mortars, and related equipment	1		249	Motor vehicles (automobile) parts and accessories, and passenger trailers		1940-51;	
	(see No. 252 for 1948-51;53)		1942-47	250			1938-	
	Ammunition (see No. 253 for 1948-51;53)		1942-47 1942-47			1	1750-	
	Sighting and fire-control equipment (except optical) (included in No. 254 for 1948-51;53)		1942-47	251 252				
13	Ordnance and accessories not elsewhere classified (includ-			}	small arms (see No. 179 for 1942-47)		1948-51;	
4	ed in No. 254 for 1948-51;53)	•••	1942-47	253 254	Small arms ammunition (see No. 180 for 1942-47) Other ordnance and accessories (see Nos. 180-183 for		1948-51	
35	1938-47)		1948-51;53 1938-47		1942-47)		1948-51	
6	Other primary metal industries		1948-51;53	255		30/8 53 53		
88	Iron, steel, and products not allocable		1938-47 1948-51;53	256	Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments, in-			
-	·			257	cluding photographic and optical goods		1948-51	
- 1	Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment	1948-51;53		25/	No. 197 for 1938-47)		1948-51	
00	Metal stamping, coating, and engravingLighting fixtures	:::	1948-51;53 1948-51;53	258	All other manufacturing-Airplanes, optical products, mu-	.		
2	Fabricated wire products		1948-51;53		sical instruments, metal processes, etc	1926		
4	Other fabricated metal products		1948-51;53 1948-51;53	259 260	Airplanes, musical instruments, optical goods, cances, manu-	. [
15	Metal and metal products, other than iron and steel; re- fining of precious metals, manufacturing jewelry, etc		1926	261	facturing not elsewhere specified		1928	
	Precious metal products and processes, jewelry, etc		1927-37	262	Other manufacturing	1938-51;53		
	Clocks and watches (see No. 257 for 1948-51;53) Jewelry (except costume), silverware, plated ware (see		1938-47	263	1940-51;53)		1938	
	No. 264 for 1948-51;53) (Silverware and plated ware included in No. 204 for 1938-39; No. 196 for 1927-37;			264	Jewelry (precious metal), silverware, plated ware (see No. 198 for 1940-47)		1948-51	
-	No. 195 for 1926)		1938-47	265	Costume jewelry, except precious metal(included in No. 262	?	1	
9	Other metal products and processes; combinations of foundry and machine shops		1927-37	266	for 1938-47)	.	1948-51	
إړ	Nonferrous metals and their products	1938-47		267	cluded in No. 262 for 1938-47)		1948-51	
1	Nonferrous metal basic products	1938-47	1938-47	207	for 1940-47)		1938- 1948-51;	
)2	Smelting, refining, rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals (Primary metal industries)	l	1948-51:53	268	Manufacturing not allocable (included in No. 267 for		(1940-71	
	Nonferrous foundries (Primary metal industries)		1948-51;53 1938-47		1948–51;53)	1938-47		
5	Other manufactures of nonferrous metals and their alloys. Nonferrous metals and their products not allocable		1938-47	269	Public utilities (Transportation and other public utili-			
اء	Electrical machinery and equipment (Metal manufacturing,]		270	ties)			
	1926-37)	1938-51;53	1926-37		1927-37).	ļ.	}	
7	Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and in- dustrial apparatus (Wire and cable in No. 217 for			271 272	Steam railroads	. •••	1926	
ا ۾	1938-39)		1938-51;53	273			1938	
- 1	railway locomotives and cars		1938-51;53	274	Railroads, railway express		1948-51	
9	Radios, complete or parts (All other manufacturing) Radio apparatus and phonographs		1927-37 1938-39	275			1938	
1	Communication equipment and phonographs		1940-47		frigerator, stock, poultry and fruit cars; lessors	.	1926	
12	Radio, radar, and television equipment (except radio tubes), and phonographs		1948-51;53	277	out buses	.	1938-51	
	Other communication equipment and related products Electrical (household) appliances		1948-51;53 1938-51;53	278	Local transportation, taxicab, and sightseeing buses, drayage and delivery service; special feed storage and]	
		1		П			Ι,	
15	Insulated wire and cable (included in No. 207 for 1940-47) Electric lamps (included in No. 217 for 1938-39; No. 218		1948-51;53	279	packers, garages, etc		1 1927	

Chart II.—INDUSTRIAL GROUPS FOR WHICH DATA FROM CORPORATION RETURNS ARE SHOWN IN THE SOURCE BOOK OF STATISTICS OF INCOME, FOR THE YEARS 1928-51, 1953: YEARS FOR WHICH DATA ARE AVAILABLE IN MAJOR GROUP TABLES AND YEARS FOR WHICH DATA ARE AVAILABLE IN MINOR GROUP TABLES—Continued

[For list of items available, see Chart I]

	Industrial groups		Years for which data available in—			Years for which data available in—		
	Industrial groups	Major group tables	Minor group tables		Industrial groups		Minor group tables	
2 8 1 282 283	Taxicab companies (included in No. 283 for 1948-51;53 Other highway passenger transportation Other motor vehicle transportation, including taxicabs		1938-47 1940-47	356 357	Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property (excludes lessors of real property prior to 1938). Finance (subgroup total, 1940-51;53).	1926-51;53		
284	and buses. Cartage and storage—Food storage; packing and shipping; local transportation and related industries not elsewhere classified (specified).		1948-51;53	358 359 360	Banking and related industries (subgroup total, 1927-37). National banks. Banks and trust companies. State and private banks.	1938-51;53	1926-37	
285 286 287	Trucking, interstate and interurban. Trucking, local; and warehousing. Trucking and warehousing.		1938-39 1938-39 1940-51;53	362	State and private banks, savings banks, loan and trust companies. Bank and trust companies, savings banks.	:::	1926 1927-37 1926	
288 289	Air (aerial) transportation (and allied services,1938-51; 53) (included in No. 307 for 1926)		1927-51;53	364 365 366			1928-37 1953 1953	
290 291 292 293	Water transportation Other transportation and allied services. Services incidental to transportation. Transportation not allocable (included in No. 294 for		1926-51;53 1938-39 1940-51;53	368 369	etc. (included in No. 405 for 1930-37)	193 8- 39 1938-39	1926-29 	
294	1948-51;53) Other transportation.		1938-47 1948-51;53	370 371	Sales finance and industrial credit (installment sales finance companies in No. 373 for 1948-51;53)	1940-47	1940-47	
295 296 297 298	Communication Telephone, telegraph, and radio companies Telephone and telegraph companies Telephone (wire or radio)	1938-51;53	1926 1927+37 1938-51;53	372 373 374 375	Personal credit. Personal credit agencies (see No. 371). Other short-term credit agencies. Short-term credit agencies, except banks, not allocable.		1940-47 1948-51;53 1940-47 1940-47	
300 301	Telegraph (wire and radio). Radio broadcasting and television(includes television for 1940 and subsequent years). Other communication.		1938-51;53 1927-51;53	376 377	Long-term credit agencies, mortgage companies, except banks (Mortgage and title companies, 1938-39)	1938-47		
302 30 3	Other public utilities (subgroup total, 1927-37) Electric and gas utilities	1938-51;53 1948-51;53	1938-51;53	378 379 380	Other credit agencies	1948-51;53	1948-51;53 1948-51;53 1948-51;53	
304 305 306	Electric light and power. Electric light and power companies and combined electric light and gas companies. Gas distribution and manufacture.		1926 1927-51;53 1926-51;53	381 382	Savings and loan, building and loan associations		1953 1934-37	
307	All other public utilities, aerial transportation, water- works, irrigation systems, pipelines, pneumatic tube systems, toll bridges, etc	***	1926	383 384 385	Investment trusts and investment companies. Holding and other investment companies. Management type.	1938-47 1948-51;53	 1938-47	
308 309 310	Water (companies) supply All other public utilities—Terminal stations, toll bridges, and toll roads, irrigation systems, etc Public utilities not elsewhere classified	•••	1927-51;53 1927-37 1938-51;53	386 387 388	Installment investment plans and guaranteed face amount certificates	:::	1938-47 1938-47 1938-47	
311	Other public utilities not allocable (included in No. 310 for 1948-51;53)	•••	1938-47	389 390	Investment trusts and investment companies not allocable. Holding companies, real estate, patents, investments, concessions, etc. (Holding companies included in No. 419	:::	1938-47	
313 314	Wholesale Commission merchants (included in No. 313 for 1938-39)	1926-51;53 1938-51;53 1940-51;53	1926-37 1926-37	391 392	for 1927-29; No. 405 for 1930-33; No. 382 for 1934-37). Holding companies	193 8 -39	1926-28 1940-47 1940-51;53	
315 316 317 318	Other wholesalers. Food (stores), wholesale. Alcoholic beverages, wholesale. Apparel and dry goods, wholesale.	1940-51;53	1940-51;53 1940-51;53 1940-51;53	393 394 395 396	Railroad securities. Other public utilities securities. Industrial securities. Bank securities.	···	1938-39 1938-39 1938-39 1938-39	
319 320 321	Chemicals, paints, and drugs, wholesale		1940-51;53 1940-51;53 1940-51;53	397 398 399 400	Other specified securities. Securities not specified. Other corporations holding securities.	1938-39	1938-39 1938-39	
322	Machinery and equipment, wholesale (included in No. 324 for 1940-47). Farm products (raw materials), wholesale (included in		1948-51;53	400 401 402		1940-47	1948-51;53	
324 325	No. 324 for 1940-47). Wholesalers not elsewhere classified. Wholesalers not allocable.		1948-51;53 1940-51;53 1940-51;53	403	1927-29). Stock and bond brokers, investment brokers, investment bankers (includes investment trusts for 1930-33; see No. 382)		1926-29 1930-37	
327 328 329	Retail General merchandise, department, dry goods, retail General merchandise, retail. Department stores. Other general merchandise (included in No. 327 for 1938-47).	1938-51;53 1938-39 1940-51;53	1926-37 1940-47 1948-51;53	404 405	Security and commodity-exchange brokers and dealers Loan companies (Other finance)—Building and loan associations; mortgage, note, or pawhbrokers; holding companies (1930-33); insurance agents, promoters; foreign exchange; financing sales of automobiles, etc. (see No. 367 for 1926-29) (includes stock syndicates for	1938-51;53		
333 334	(Limited-;rice) variety stores, retail	1938-39 1938-39 1938-51;53 1938-47	1940-51;53 1940-51;53 1948-51;53	406 407	1926-33; see No. 382)	193 8- 47 1940-47	1926-37 	
336 337 338	Drug stores, retail	1938-51;53 1938-51;53 1938-51;53 1938-51;53		408 409 410 411	Insurance companies (subgroup total, 1927-37). Insurance carriers and agents	1938-51;53 1940-51;53 1940-51:53	1938-39	
340 341	Automotive dealers, retail	1938-47 1948-51;53	 1938-51;53 1938-51:53	412 413 414 415	Life insurance companies (mutual or stock)	 	1926-51;53 1926-39 1940-41	
343 344	Dealers in automobiles, etc., not allocable	1938-47	1938-39 1948-51;53	416	Mutual insurance, except life or marine or fire insurance companies issuing perpetual policies		1942 1943-51;53 1940-51;53	
347 348	and 1948-51;53) Building materials and hardware Hardware (and farm equipment), retail. Lumber and building materials.	1938-47 1948-51;53 1938-47	1948-51;53 1948-51;53				1927-37	
350 351	Other retail trade. Other retail stores (included in No. 349 for 1938-47) Retail stores not allocable Jewelry stores (included in No. 329 for 1926-27; No. 349	1938-51;53 1938-47	1948-51;53 1948-51;53	421 422	buildings. Dealers and development companies, lessors of buildings, lessee and owner operators of buildings. Real estate agents, brokers, and managers.	1938-51;53	 1938-39 1938-51;53	
	for 1938-47; No. 350 for 1948)	:::	1949-51;53 1927-37	423 424 425 426	Owner operators and lessors of buildings Real estate operators, including lessors of buildings Lessee operators of buildings Owners for improvement	•••	1940-47 1948-51;53 1940-47 1940-47	
	tubes, trading stamps, garages for storage, repair service, etc.		1926-37	427	Trading for own account	•••	1940-47 1940-47	

Chart II.-INDUSTRIAL GROUPS FOR WHICH DATA FROM CORPORATION RETURNS ARE SHOWN IN THE SOURCE BOOK OF STATISTICS OF INCOME, FOR THE YEARS 1928-51, 1953: YEARS FOR WHICH DATA ARE AVAILABLE IN MAJOR GROUP TABLES AND YEARS FOR WHICH DATA ARE AVAILABLE IN MINOR GROUP TABLES—Continued

[For list of items available, see Chart I]

=	T		r which				or which lable in
ł	Industrial groups		r group Minor group		Industrial groups	Major group tables	Minor group tables
	Real estate, including lessors of buildings not allocable (included in No. 431 for 1948-51;53)		1938-47 1948-51;53	450	Business services	1938-51;53 	1938-51;53 1938-51;53 1938-47
2331	Lessors of real property, except buildings	1938-51;53	1938-51;53 1938-51;53	453	Automotive repair services and garages (see No. 354)	1938-51;53	
434 435 436	Mining, oil, and similar properties		1938-51;53 1938-51;53	ll .	Miscellaneous repair services, hand trades	1940-51;53	
	Other real property, except buildings		1938-51;53	456 457	Amusement, except motion pictures Theaters, motion pictures, all other amusements, etc Theaters, legitimate, vaudeville, etc	1940-51;53	1926 1927-37
	Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property not allocable	1938-39		459	Other amusements—Circuses, golf links, racetracks, pleasure resorts, etc.		1927-39 1938-39
440	Services	1926-51;53		II		!	
441		1940-51;53	1938-39	II 462	Motion pictures (production and theaters)	1940-51;53	1927-51;53 1927-51;53
442 443	Personal services. Domestic service—Laundries, hotels, restaurants, operating apartments or office buildings, etc. (Restaurants included in No. 338 for 1938-51;53)	1938-51;53	1926-37 1938-51;53	464	Other services not elsewhere specified—Auto camps, cemeteries, boards of trade, newspaper syndicates, photographers concessionaires—amusement, cloakrooms, etc		1927-37
444 445 446	Laundries, cleaners, and dyers Photographic studios (including commercial photography)		1938-51;53 1938-51;53	466	Other services, including schools		1926-37
447	Personal services not allocable (included in No. 446 for 1948-51;53)		1938-47	467	Services not allocable (included in No. 465 for 1948-51; 53)	1938-47	
448	Business services—Detective bureaus, trade shows, mimeo- graphing, publishing directories, etc. (includes elec- trical advertising)		1927-37	468	Nature of business not allocable (not given)	1926-51;53	

Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws 1944–53

SYNOPSIS OF FEDERAL TAX LAWS, 1944-53

Affecting the Comparability of Historical Data in Statistics of	Income
	Page
Corporation income and profits tax returns:	
A. Tax rates	. 145
B. Capital gain and loss provisions	. 147
C. Consolidated returns—provisions for filing and tax rates	. 148

Table A.—TAX RATES UNDER CORPORATION INCOME AND PROFITS TAX LAW, 1944-53 1

Federal tax law: 2 Revenue Acts amending Code (date of enactment)	Income year 3	Tax base by type of tax 4	Tax rate 5 (percent)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	1952-53	Calendar year returns and returns with fiscal year beginning in income year	
		Income tax: Normal tax: Normal-tax net income, entire amount. Surtax: Surtax net income: \$25,000 or less. Excess over \$25,000. Consolidated return (additional tax): Surtax net income, entire amount. Alternative tax: Net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss. All other normal-tax net income and surtax net income. Excess profits tax: Adjusted excess profits net income, entire amount (terminated Dec. 31, 1953 *)	22 2 26 (Same as immediately above.)
Revenue Act of 1951 (Oct. 20, 1951).	1951	Calendar year returns	9 30
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			1
		Income tax: Normal tax: Normal-tax net income, entire amount. Surtax: Surtax net income: \$25,000 or less Excess over \$25,000. Consolidated return (additional tax): Surtax net income, entire amount. Alternative tax: Net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss.	22 2
		All other normal-tax net income and surtax net income. Excess profits tax:	(Same as immediately above).
		Adjusted excess profits net income, entire amount.	6 30
		Returns with fiscal year beginning in 1951 7	
		Period ending March 31, 1951: Tax bases and rates same as income year 1950 fiscal year period beginning July 1, 1950, and ending March 31, 1951. Period beginning April 1, 1951: Income tax: Normal tax: Normal-tax net income, entire amount. Surtax: Surtax net income: \$25,000 or less. Excess over \$25,000. Consolidated return (additional tax): Surtax net income, entire amount. Alternative tax: Net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss: Taxable year beginning before April 1, 1951. Taxable year beginning after March 31, 1951. All other normal-tax net income and surtax net income. Excess profits tax: Adjusted excess profits net income, entire amount.	22 2 2 25 36
Revenue Act of 1950 (Sept. 23, 1950).	1950	Calendar year returns	I
Excess Profits Tax Act of 1950 (Jan. 3, 1951). Revenue Act of 1951, excess profits tax provisions only (Oct. 20, 1951).		Income tax: Normal-tax net income, entire amount. Surtax: Surtax net income: \$25,000 or less Excess over \$25,000. Consolidated return (additional tax): Surtax net income, entire amount. Alternative tax: Net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss. All other normal-tax net income and surtax net income. Excess profits tax (effective July 1, 1950): Adjusted excess profits net income, entire amount.	23 5 19 2 25 (Same as immediately above). 6 30

Table A.—TAX RATES UNDER CORPORATION INCOME AND PROFITS TAX LAW, 1944-53 1—Continued

Federal tax law: 1 Revenue Acts amending Code (date of enactment)	Income year ³	Tax base by type of tax 4	Tax rate 5 (percent)						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)						
	1950—Con.	0—Con. Returns with fiscal year beginning in 1950 ?							
	f 	Period ending June 30, 1950: Tax bases and rates same as income year 1949.							
		Period beginning July 1, 1980, and ending March 31, 1981: Income tax: Normal tax:							
	ļ	Normai tax: Normal-tax net income, entire amount	25						
	ĺ	\$25,000 or less	20						
		Taxable year beginning before July 1, 1950	20 22						
	į	Surtax net income, entire amount	2 25						
		Net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss. All other normal-tax net income and surtax net income	(Same as immediately above).						
		Excess profits tax: Adjusted excess profits net income, entire amount	⁶ 30						
		Period ending after March 31, 1951: Tax bases and rates same as income year 1951 fiscal year period beginning April 1, 1951, except surtax rate which is the same as that shown immediately above.							
Revenue Act of 1945 (Nov. 8, 1945).	10 1949								
	1948 1947 1946	Income tax: Normal tax: Tax base and rates same as income year 1945. Surtax:							
		Surtax net income in total amount: Not over \$50,000— First \$25,000. Next \$25,000. Over \$50,000	6 22 14 of entire surtax ne income.						
		Consolidated return (additional tax): Surtax net income, entire amount	2						
		Alternative tax: Net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss. All other normal-tax net income and surtax net income.	25 (Same as immediatel above).						
Revenue Act of 1943 (Feb. 25, 1944).	11 1945 1944	Income tax: Normal tax: Domestic corporations:							
		Normal-tax net income in total amount: Not over \$50,000— First \$5,000	15 17						
		Next \$15,000 Next \$5,000 Next \$5,000	19 31						
		Over \$50,000.	net moome.						
		Normal-tax net income, entire amount. Surtax: Surtax net income in total amount:	24						
		Not over \$50,000— First \$25,000. Next \$25,000.	10 22						
		Over \$50,000	16 of entire surtax no income.						
		Consolidated return (additional tax): Surtax net income, entire amount							
		Net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss. All other normal-tax net income and surtax net income.	(Same as immediatel above.)						
		Excess profits tax: Adjusted excess profits net income, entire amount							
		Declared value excess-profits tax: Net income (for declared value excess-profits tax computation): Net income in excess of 10 percent and not in excess of 15 percent of declared value of capital							
		stock. Net income in excess of 15 percent of declared value of capital stock.	13.2						

Table B.—PROVISIONS PERTAINING TO CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES UNDER CORPORATION INCOME AND PROFITS TAX LAW, 1944–53 $^{\rm 1}$

Federal tax law: 2 Revenue Acts am ending Code (date of enactment)	Income year ³	Definition of capital assets	Period held 12	Treatment of net capital gain 13	Treatment of net capital loss 13
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
` ,	1950-53	(1) All property, whether or not connected with trade or business, except (a) Stock in trade or other property which would properly be included in inventory, or property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of trade or business. (b) Property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to allowance for depreciation. (c) Real property used in trade or business. (d) Government obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding one year from date of issue. (e) Certain copyrights, literary, musical, or artistic compositions, or similar properties (but not a patent or invention). (d) Retirement of certain bonds, etc. (b) Short sales. (c) Failure to exercise options. (d) Involuntary conversion and sale or exchange of certain business property, if a net gain is realized. (et and other securities. (3) Gains and losses are not considered as from capital assets, under certain conditions, with respect to: 15 (e) Securities held for investment by security dealers. (f) Worthless stocks and other securities. (3) Gains and losses are not considered as from capital assets, under certain conditions, with respect to: 13 (a) Certain gain on property to which amortization deduction (sec. 124A) is applicable. (b) Net loss from sales or exchanges of certain bonds, etc., by banks. (c) Involuntary conversion and sale or exchange of certain business property if a net loss is realized. (etc.)	Short-term: 6 months or less. Long-term: More than 6 months.	Included in net income and taxed at regular rates unless the net long-term capital gain exceeds the net short-term capital loss in which case the alternative tax may be used if it is less than the regular tax. The alternative tax is the sum of (1) the regular tax on net income reduced by the amount of the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss and (2) 25 percent of such excess (taxable years beginning after March 31, 1951, 26 percent of such excess). Excluded from the excess profits net income for taxable years ending after June 30, 1950.	Carried forward and treated as a net short-term capital loss (deductible against any capital gains) for a period not to exceed 5 years. Capital gains and losses are excluded in the computation of the excess profits net income for taxable years ending after June 30, 1950.
Revenue Act of 1943 (Feb. 25, 1944).	1944-49	(d) Certain sales or exchanges of stock in a collapsible corporation. (e) Certain sales or exchanges of depreciable property of a controlled corporation. ¹⁵ (f) Wash sales of stock or securities. Same as 1950-53, except: 1(e), 2(e), and 3(e) are not applicable. 3(a) and 3(d) are applicable after December 31, 1949, with respect to taxable years ending thereafter.	Same as 1950–53	Same as 1950–53, except that for 1944–1945 the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss is excluded from net income for declared value excess-profits tax. The treatment for income tax purposes is not affected by this change.	Same as 1950–53.

Table C.—CONSOLIDATED INCOME AND PROFITS TAX RETURNS—PROVISIONS FOR FILING AND TAX RATES, $1944-53\ ^{\rm t}$

Federal tax law: 2 Revenue Acts amend- ing Code (date of enactment)	Income year ³	Type of tax for which a consolidated re- turn was permitted	Type of corporation permitted to file a consolidated return	Criterion of affiliation	Consolidated return required or optional	Tax rate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Revenue Act of 1951 (Oct. 20, 1951). Excess Profits Tax Act of 1950 (Jan. 3, 1951, effective as of July 1, 1950). Revenue Act of 1950 (Sept. 23, 1950).	1950-53	Income tax, and excess profits tax imposed by sec. 430 of the Internal Revenue Code (1939).	Any corporation except: (1) Corporations exempt under 1939 Code sec. 101. (2) Life and mutual insurance companies, but they were considered as includible corporations if two or more such companies alone filed a consolidated return and each was subject to tax under the same section of chapter 1 of the 1939 Code. (3) Foreign corporations other than certain Canadian and Mexican corporations. If (4) Corporations subject to section 251 (relative to income from sources within possessions of the United States). (5) Corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922. (6) Regulated investment companies (taxable under supplement Q of 1939 Code). (7) Personal service corporations, personal holding companies, foreign trade corporations, personal service corporations, personal service corporations as defined in 1939 Code section 454(f); but such a corporation may be included in a consent to be treated as an includible corporation. (8) Regulated public utilities which elect to compute their excess profits credit under the alternative method provided for such companies in sec. 448 of the Internal Revenue Code (1939). However, two or more such companies alone may file a consoli-	One or more chains of includible corporations connected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation which is an includible corporation if (1) stock possessing at least 95 percent of the voting power of all classes of stock and at least 95 percent of each class of the nonvoting stock of each of the includible corporations (except the common parent corporation) is owned directly by one or more of the other includible corporations, and (2) the common parent corporation owns directly stock possessing at least 95 percent of the voting power of all classes of stock and at least 95 percent of each class of the nonvoting stock of at least one of the other includible corporations. The term "stock" does not include nonvoting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends.	Optional upon consent of all members of affiliated group. Election is binding for subsequent taxable years of the affiliated group unless (1) a corporation (other than one created directly or indirectly by a member of the group) becomes an affiliate during a subsequent taxable year, (2) the Commissioner, for good cause, grants permission to change, or (3) amendment to the Code or regulations makes filing of consolidated returns less advantageous to affiliated groups as a class. Because of such amendments affiliated groups filing consolidated returns for the preceding taxable year were given new option with respect to— First return due to be filed after August 16, 1954 (including those filed under an extension of time for filing) or with respect to the first taxable year ending after August 16, 1953. First terurn due to be filed after July 16, 1953. First taxable year ending after March 31, 1951. First taxable year ending after June 30, 1950.	Same as nonconsolidated returns plus 2 percent of surtax net income. However, if Western Hemisphere trade corporations are included, the 2 percent additional tax is applied on the amount by which the consolidated corporation surtax net income of the affiliated group exceeds the portion of the consolidated corporation surtax net income attributable to the Western Hemisphere trade corporation. (See table A, pp. 145-146.)
Revenue Act of 1945 (Nov. 8, 1945).	1946-49	Income tax	dated return. Same as 1950-53, (1) through (7). Substitute 1939 Code sections 727(g) and (h) for 1939 Code sections 454(f) and (g) in (7) above.	Same as 1950–53	Sce 1950-53. New option granted for the— Fiscal years ending in 1949. Calendar year or fiscal years ending in 1948. Calendar year or fiscal years ending in 1947. Calendar year or fiscal years ending in 1946.	Same as nonconsolidated returns plus an additional surtax equal to 2 percent of surtax net income. However, an adjustment to the surtax is necessary if the affiliated group includes Western Hemisphere trade corporations since such corporations are exempt from surtax. (See table A,
Revenue Act of 1943 (Feb. 25, 1944).	1944-45	Income tax, and excess profits tax under sec. 710 of Code.	Same as 1946–49	Same as 1950–53	See 1950-53. New option granted for the— Fiscal years ending in 1945, unless, under an extension of time, the fiscal 1944 return was not required to be filed until after March 1, 1945. Calendar year 1944.	pp. 145-146.) Same as 1946-49.

- ¹ For income years 1909 through 1943, see Statistics of Income for 1950, Part 2, pp. 247-282.
- ² Returns for 1944-53 are filed under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code approved February 10, 1939, and the various amendments thereto. There is no one effective date for all provisions of a revenue act amending the Code—some of the provisions may be retroactive, some apply to the current tax period, and some to a
- 3 The income year is the calendar year and fiscal years beginning therein.
- 4 The tax bases are, in general, the same for all corporations and are derived from the corporation's net income after allowance of certain credits. Net income is the gross income less the deductions allowed. (See secs. 22 and 23 of the 1939 Code.) Treatment of the net operating loss deduction, derivation of the tax bases from net income, and significant variations in the bases applicable to certain classes of corporations are shown in (a) through (k) below.
- (a) The net operating loss deduction is allowed as a deduction against the gross income by sec. 23 (s) of the 1939 Code. The net

income as tabulated in Statistics of Income is the net income for the current year, i.e., before deduction due to prior year loss. Therefore, the net operating loss deduction must be taken into account in relating the tabulated net income to the tax base. The net operating loss of any taxable year is first carried back against the net income of certain preceding taxable years and the excess, if any, may then be carried over to certain succeeding taxable years. The amount reported on the return and tabulated for Statistics of Income is the net operating loss carryover from prior taxable years. The carryback and carryover periods for a net operating loss sustained in 1950-53 are, carryback 1 year, carryover 5 years; 1948-49, carryback 2 years, carryover 3 years; and 1944-47, carryback 2 years, carryover 2 years, except that for corporations commencing business after December 31, 1945, the carryover for 1947 is 3 years. (For definitions and computations, including certain exceptions, additions, and limitations, see sec. 122.)

(b) Normal-tax net income and surtax net income result from application of specific credits, shown in the following table, to the The credits used in deriving normal-tax net income are identified by the symbol (N) in the table column and those used in deriving surtax net income are identified by the symbol (S).

				Percent of	item dedu	ctible as a	credit for-	-		
			1951			19	50			
				Fiscal year *		Fiscal year a				
Items for which credit is allowed	1952-53	Calen- dar year	Part	Part	Calen- dar year	Begin-	Beginning before July 1		1946–49 a c	1944-45
			prior to April 1	after March 31		ning after June 30 b	Part prior to July 1	Part after June 30 b		
•	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Partially tax-exempt interest d	100 (N)	100 (N)	100 (N)	100 (N)	100 (N)	100 (N)	100 (N)	100 (N)	100 (N)	100 (N)
2 Dividends received from a domestic corporation subject to the income tax (other than dividends on certain preferred stock of a public util- ity).*	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)
3 Dividends received on certain preferred stock of a public utility *	62 (N)(S)	61 (N)(S)	59 (N)(S)	62 (N)(S)	57 (N)(8)	59 (N)(S)	85 (N)	59 (N)(S)	85 (N)	85 (N)
4 Dividends received from certain foreign corporations doing a substantial volume of business within the United States and derived from income earned in the United States.	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)	85 (N)(S)	None	None	None	None	None	None
5 Dividends paid on certain preferred stock of a public utility or the net income of the public utility minus the credits provided in 1 through 4 above, whichever is the lower.	27 (N)(S)	28 (N)(S)	30 (N)(S)	27 (N)(S)	33 (N)(S)	30 (N)(S)	100 (S)	31 (N)(S)	100 (S)	100 (S)
6 Western Hemisphere trade corporation normal-tax net income computed without regard to this credit. $\mathfrak s$	27 (N)(S)	28 (N)(S)	30 (N)(S)	27 (N)(S)	33 (N)(S)	30 (N)(S)	None	31 (N)(S)	None	None
7 Adjusted excess profits net income as defined in section 710 (b) b	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	100 (N)(S)

(c) Net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital -Capital gain and loss provisions are shown in table B of this

- (d) Consolidated return tax, imposed on an affiliated group of corporations electing to file a consolidated return as an addition to the surtax, is not effective with respect to Western Hemisphere trade corporations included in the affiliated group. Net income of such corporations was exempt from surtax in 1944-49 and beginning with 1950 is exempt from the 2 percent addition to the surtax. (See Regulations 129, sec. 24.30 (b).)
- (e) The adjusted excess profits net income for 1950-53 is the excess profits net income less the amounts of the excess profits credit and the unused excess profits credit adjustment. A minimum credit of \$25,000 is provided. Excess profits net income and methods of credit computation are discussed on pages 9-11 of Statistics of Income for 1951, Part 2. A change in the percentage of average base period net income used in computing the excess profits credit under the income credit method was made on July 1, 1951. For the period July 1, 1950 through June 30, 1951, this percentage is 85 percent.

I For treatment of dividends paid with respect to dividends unpaid and accumulated for prior taxable years, and for d finitions of public utility and preferred stocks as used for this credit, see sec. 26 (h) of the Code (1939).

♣ A domestic corporation, all of whose business is done in any country or countries of North, Central, or South America or in the West Indies, or in Newfoundland is classified as a Western Hemisphere trade corporation if (1) 95 percent or more of its gross income for the 3-year period immediately preceding the close of the taxable year (or for such part of that period as the corporation was in existence) was derived from sources outside the United States; and (2) 90 percent or more of its gross income for such period was derived from the active conduct of a trade or business.

▶ For 1944-45, if the excess profits tax is computed under certain special provisions of the 1939 Code (shown in section 26 (e)), the credit is 100/95 of such tax before the application of the 80 percent limitation (footnote 6), before the credit for foreign taxes paid (footnote 5 (a)) and before any adjustment in case of position inconsistent with prior income tax liability (sec. 734).

Beginning July 1, 1951, it is 83 percent. The credit is prorated for fiscal years beginning before and ending after July 1, 1951, and an 84 percent intermediate rate is provided for the calendar year 1951 by the 1939 Code.

Special provisions applicable to computation of excess profits credit of certain companies are shown in Statistics of Income for 1951, Part 2, pages 11-12.

For 1944-45 the adjusted excess profits net income is the excess profits net income minus a specific exemption of \$10,000 (\$50,000) for certain mutual insurance companies) and minus the amounts of the excess profits credit and the unused excess profits credit adjustment. The excess profits net income is obtained from the normal-tax income (computed without allowance of credit for income subject to excess profits tax and without allowance of divi-

- dends received credit) by making the following adjustments:
 (1) Under the income credit method there are added the net short-term capital gain and the adjustment to net operating loss deduction and there is subtracted the sum of,
 - (a) Net gain from sale or exchange of capital assets.

^{*} See footnote 7 for proration of credits.

b For credits after Mar. 31, 1951, see col. (4).

c For a fiscal year 1949 ending after June 30, 1950, see col. (8) for credits applicable after that date.

d The net income less the credit for partially tax-exempt interest is designated "Adjusted net income." (Sec. 13 (a) of 1939 Code.)

The total credit claimed for dividends received (lines 2 through 4) may not exceed for each base: 1950-53, 85 percent of the net income adjusted by the credit for partially tax-exempt interest (line 1) but before any allowance for net operating loss deduction; 1946-49, 85 percent of the net income adjusted by the credit for partially tax-exempt interest and after the allowance of net operating loss deduction; and 1944-45, 85 percent of the net income after net operating loss deduction adjusted by the credit for income subject to the excess profits tax (line 7), plus, for normal-tax net income only, the credit for partially tax-exempt interest.

- (b) Income from retirement or discharge of bonds.
- Refunds and interest on Agricultural Adujustment Act taxes.
- (d) Recoveries of bad debts.
- Dividends received credit adjustment.
- (f) Nontaxable income of certain industries with depletable resources.
- (2) Under the invested capital credit method, the excess profits net income is computed as in (1) above plus (a) 50 percent of interest on borrowed capital and (b) interest on Government obliga-

The excess profits credit provisions for the years 1944 and 1945 are alike and are discussed on pp. 64-65 of Statistics of Income for 1945, Part 2 (pp. 44-45 of the 1944 volume). Under these provisions the excess profits credit based on income consists of 95 percent of the average base period net income and 8 percent of the net capital addition, reduced by 6 percent of the net capital reduction. excess profits credit based on invested capital is the sum of the following percentages:

	Percen
First \$5,000,000 of invested capital	8
Next \$5,000,000 of invested capital	
Over \$10,000,000 of invested capital	5

The unused excess profits credit, which is the excess of the excess profits credit over the excess profits net income for the taxable year, is, for 1950-53, carried back as an unused excess profits credit adjustment to the first preceding taxable year, and the remainder, if any, may then be carried forward as an adjustment to succeeding years. The carryforward period is 5 years. No carryback of unused excess profits credit computed under the provisions of the Excess Profits Tax Act of 1950 may be made to taxable years ending before July 1, 1950, and no portion of the minimum \$25,000 credit may be considered as unused excess profits credit. For 1944-45 the carryback period was 2 years and the carryforward period 2 years. For computation of the unused excess profits credit adjustment for the years 1950-53, see sec. 432 of the 1939 Code, and for the years 1944-45, sec. 710(c) of such Code. The unused excess profits credit adjustment shown in Statistics of Income is the unused excess profits credit carryforward applicable to the year for which it is

- (f) Declared value excess-profits tax.—The net income used for the computation of this tax differs from that used for income tax by (i) the disallowance of the deduction for the declared value excess-profits tax, and (ii) exclusion from gross income of the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. The 85 percent credit for dividends received is allowed against the net income. This tax was imposed on corporations subject to the capital stock tax under sec. 1200 of the 1939 Code. Insurance companies were exempt. The declared value excess-profits tax was repealed, effective for income-tax taxable years ending after June 30, 1946.
- (g) Life insurance companies.-For 1944-53 the net income reported by a life insurance company is the net investment income (the gross amount of interest, dividends, and rents less investment and real estate expenses, tax-free interest, and depreciation). Normal tax, surtax, and excess profits tax net incomes are derived in the same manner as for other corporations, except that no deduction is allowed for a net operating loss. Before imposition of tax, however, recognition is made of requirements for reserve earnings, deferred dividends, and interest paid. In lieu of deductions for these items, for 1951-53 special income tax rates and a reserve interest credit for companies whose adjusted net income was less than 105 percent of their required interest are used. For 1944-50, a reserve and other policy liability credit based on representative data for the preceding year was allowed. These provisions are offset, in case of nonlife insurance business, by an adjustment for certain nonlife insurance reserves. In computing the excess profits net income for 1950-53 and 1944 45, a deduction based on a reserve and other policy liability credit is allowed. The regular excess profits tax rates are imposed. (Income tax rates applicable to 1951-53 are shown in note 5 below and computation of credits and other provisions are shown in sections 201-203A of the 1939 Code.)
- (h) Mutual insurance companies.-See footnote 5(c)
- (i) Insurance companies other than life or mutual.—For income and deductions, see sec. 204 of the Code (1989).
- (1) Regulated investment companies as defined in sec. 361 of the 1939 Code may compute a tax under the provisions of Supplement Q of such Code if not less than 90 percent of certain net income is distributed to shareholders as taxable dividends. The computation of the Supplement Q net income and Supplement Q surtax net income, which are in general the same for 1944 through 1953, is shown in the facsimile of Form 1120, p. 166. This computation and the tax rates, which are similar to the regular rates, are shown in sec. 362 of the 1939 Code.
- (k) Mutual savings banks conducting separate life insurance departments compute net income and tax for such departments under the 1939 Code provisions applicable to life insurance companies (see paragraph (g) above). In tabulating the data for Statistics of Income, the life insurance department income and tax are added to those reported for the bank department. These banks were exempt from taxation under section 101 prior to 1952 and are now exempt from excess profits tax under section 454 of the 1939 Code.

- ⁵The tax rates shown are those applicable, in general, to all corporations, domestic and foreign. Credits against the tax and certain exceptions to the rates are shown in (a) through (i) below
- (a) Credits against the tax.—(1) Income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries and possessions of the United States may be used as a credit against the income and excess profits taxes in the manner and to the extent allowed by sec. 131 of the 1939 Code. The allowance of this credit, and the limitations thereon, as applicable for the year 1953, are discussed on pp. 13-17 of this volume
- (2) For 1944 45 a credit of 10 percent of the excess profits tax was allowed against the excess profits tax due for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1943. However, the majority of the returns for 1944 was filed prior to the enactment of the law (Tax Adjustment Act of 1945) allowing this 10 percent credit and accordingly the data tabulated in Statistics of Income for 1944 reflect the post-war refund and credit for debt retirement previously in effect.
- (b) Life insurance companies.—Beginning 1951 special income tax rates are provided. These rates, which are the same for 1951-53 are: 3¾ percent on the first \$200,000 of adjusted normal-tax net income and 61/2 percent on such net income in excess of \$200,000. (As an offset to these rates, adjustments for nonlife reserves are multiplied For 1944-45, the declared value excess-profits tax is not applicable to life insurance companies.
- (c) Mutual insurance companies, except life or marine, or fire insurance companies issuing perpetual policies.—Sec. 101 (11) of the 1939 Code exempts these companies from taxation if their gross income from interest, dividends, rents, and rremiums (including deposits and assessments) does not exceed \$75,000. When such gross income exceeds \$75,000, Supplement G of the 1939 Code provides income taxation based, in general, on the regular corporate rates, but with certain alternative provisions and limitations (see sec. 207 (a) of the 1939 Code). The excess profits tax rate is the same as that for regular corporations with the exception of a limitation for companies whose gross income from the sources shown above is less than \$125,000. See sec. 430 (d) of the 1939 Code.

Mutual insurance companies are not subject to the declared value excess-profits tax, 1944-45.

(d) Nonresident foreign corporations, not engaged in trade or business within the United States, are taxed, under sec. 231 (a) of the 1939 Code, on income (except interest on bank deposits) from sources within the United States. The tax is 30 percent of such income except as modified by treaties with other nations. Such corporations are not subject to the excess profits and declared value excess-profits taxes. The returns of nonresident foreign corpora-

tions are not included in Statistics of Income.
Under the provisions of Supplement P of the 1939 Code, income of certain foreign personal holding companies is includible in the income of the shareholders and is not reported by the company for taxation.

- (e) Corporations exempt from taxation under sec. 101 of the 1939 Code, such as labor, agricultural or horticultural organizations, certain types of cooperative and mutual organizations, corporations organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific literary, or educational purposes, nonprofit, civic, business, and social organizations, and for 1944-51, certain mutual savings banks, building and loan associations, and cooperative banks. Beginning with 1951 a normal tax and surtax is imposed on the unrelated business net income in excess of \$1,000 of certain of these corporations by Supplement U of the 1939 Code. The rates are similar to the regular corporate income tax rates. However, the returns filed by these corporations are not included in Statistics of Income, Part 2.
- (f) Additional corporations exempt from the excess profits tax (unless a member of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated return).—(1) Regulated investment companies (defined in sec. 361 of the 1939 Code); (2) personal holding companies (defined in sec. 501); (3) domestic corporations if 95 percent of gross income for the 3-year period immediately preceding the close of the taxable year was derived from sources outside the United States and 50 percent of such income was derived from active conduct of a trade or business; (4) certain corporations subject to provisions of Title IV of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938; and (5) beginning 1952, certain mutual savings banks, building and loan associations, and cooperative banks formerly exempt from taxation under section 101. In addition, personal service corporations may elect to be exempt from the tax on excess profits, tax being imposed under Supplement S on the individual shareholders.
- (g) Western Hemisphere trade corporations (defined in footnote 'g" of note 4 (b) above) are exempt from the surtax for 1944-49. For exemption from the consolidated return tax for 1950-53, see table C
- (h) Corporations subject to additional tax.—Personal holding companies are subject to an additional surtax, imposed under ch. 2, subch. A of the 1939 Code, and based on the undistributed subch. A net income. For the years 1944-53 the tax is 75 percent of the undistributed subch. A net income not in excess of \$2,000 plus 85 percent of such income in excess of \$2,000. (See pp. 116-117 of the 1952 volume for general definitions and discussion.)

Corporations (other than personal holding companies) improperly accumulating surplus are subject to an additional surtax imposed by sec. 102 of the 1939 Code. The effects of the provisions of this section are not reflected in Statistics of Income.

(1) Mutual savings banks conducting separate life insurance departments.—See note 4 (k).

climitations on the excess profits tax.—The excess profits tax under the Excess Profits Tax Act of 1950 became effective July 1, 1950, and ended December 31, 1953. Ceiling rates and the alternative tax for new corporations under this act are shown on pp. 12–13 of Statistics of Income for 1951, Part 2. For 1944–45 the excess profits tax imposed by sec. 710 of the 1939 Code is limited to the difference between the income tax (other than that shown in footnote 5 (h)) and 80 percent of the surtax net income (computed before the credit for income subject to the excess profits tax and without regard to 80 percent of credit for dividends paid on certain preferred stock). For 1944–45 certain corporations claiming relief under the provisions of sec. 722 of the 1939 Code are permitted to defer payment of 33 percent of the reduction claimed in tax. The privilege is confined to corporations whose adjusted excess profits net income for the taxable year, computed without the benefits of sec. 722, is in excess of 50 percent of the normal-tax net income (computed without the credit for income subject to the excess profits tax). The amount tabulated for Statistics of Income is the excess profits tax after this deferment. The excess profits tax effective in 1944–45 was repealed January 1, 1946.

For proration of the excess profits tax for 1953-54, 1949-50, and 1945, see footnote 7.

For special provisions affecting certain companies, see p. 12 of Statistics of Income for 1951, Part 2, and the 1939 Code.

When a return is filed for a taxable year during which a change in tax rates occurs, tentative taxes are computed applying each rate in effect during the taxable year to the entire taxable income. The amounts so determined are then prorated on the basis of the number of days in the year during which each rate is in effect. The prorated portions of the tentative taxes are then combined to determine the actual liability which is the amount tabulated in Statistics of Income. Since the computation of credits against net income, used in the tax computation, changes in such adjustments during the taxable year are reflected in the tentative taxes.

⁸ A tentative surtax is computed at 19 percent of the surtax net income in excess of \$25,000. The actual liability is then determined by reducing this amount by 1 percent of the lower of (a) partially tax-exempt interest, or (b) surtax net income in excess of \$25,000.

⁹The excess profits tax imposed by the Excess Profits Tax Act of 1950 was in effect from July 1, 1950 through December 31, 1953. For taxable years beginning before or ending after these dates, the tax is the prorated portion applicable to that part of the year the tax was in effect. See footnote 7.

 10 For fiscal years beginning in 1949 and ending after June 30, 1950, the rates shown for the income year 1950 fiscal year period beginning

July 1, 1950, and ending March 31, 1951, are effective after June 30, 1950. For proration of tax, see footnote 7.

¹¹ For income year 1945 returns ending after December 31, 1945, see footnote 7 for proration of surtax.

The excess profits tax effective in 1945 was repealed January 1, 1946, and the tax for fiscal year returns was prorated according to the number of days before that date.

The declared value excess-profits tax was repealed for income-tax taxable years ending after June 30, 1946, and was not subject to proration.

¹² For specific instructions for determination of period held with respect to certain items in parts (2) and (3) of col. 3, see appropriate subsection of sec. 117 of the 1939 Code.

¹² Net capital gain is the excess of gains from sales or exchanges of capital assets over losses from such sales or exchanges. Both short- and long-term gains and losses are included. Conversely net capital loss is the excess of losses over gains.

14 Effective for taxable years beginning after September 23, 1950.

15 See sec. 117 (f) through (o) and sec. 23 (g), (j), and (k).

¹⁶ Applicable to involuntary conversion of capital assets, involuntary conversion, sale, or exchange of real property and property subject to depreciation which was used in the trade or business, amounts received for timber and amounts received or accrued for coal after December 31, 1950, where disposal was by contract under which owner retained an economic interest, all of above property having been held for more than 6 months; timber held for more than 6 months before beginning of taxable year in which cut, if taxpayer so elects; certain unharvested crops on business real property held for more than 6 months and sold in a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1950; and livestock, except poultry, held for draft, breeding, or dairy purposes for 12 months (prior to December 31, 1950, holding period was 6 months and poultry was not excluded). Depreciable property in items 3 (a) and (e) of table are excluded.

- ¹⁷ Applicable to sales or exchanges made after November 19, 1951.
- ¹⁸ Applicable to sales or exchanges made after May 3, 1951.

¹⁹ In the case of a domestic corporation owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, 100 percent of the capital stock (exclusive of directors' qualifying shares) of a corporation organized under the laws of Canada or of Mexico and maintained solely for the purpose of complying with the laws of such country as to title and operation of property, such foreign corporation may, at the option of the domestic corporation, be treated as a domestic corporation.

Facsimiles of
Corporation
Return Forms
for 1953

CORPORATION RETURN FORMS, 1953

	rage
Form 1120: Corporation income tax return	155
Form 1120L: Life insurance company income tax return	199
Form 1120M: Mutual insurance company income tax return	203
Form 1118: Statement in support of credit claimed for foreign taxes paid	209
154	

FORM 1120

U. S. CORPORATION INCOME TAX RETURN

Page 1

	or fiscal year beginning, 1953, and ending	File Code
	The state of the s	
		Serial No.
	(Name)	
	(Street and number)	(Cashier's stamp)
	(City or town, postal zone number) (State)	
	Date incorporated	
	Principal business activity (See Instruction N) Business group code No. No. of places FICA	First Payment
	Business group code No. No. of places FICA (from Instruction N) of business employer No.	\$
em and	GROSS INCOME	
Gross sales (where invent	tories are Less' Returns and	
an income-determining Less: Cost of goods s	factor). \$; allowances \$\$. sold. (From Schedule A).	
Less: Cost of goods s Gross profit from sales	\$\$	
Gross receipts (where is	nventories are not an income-deter-	••••••
mining factor)	\$	
Gross professible invent	ons. (From Schedule B)	
Dividends. (From Sched	sule C)	
Interest on loans, notes, n	nortgages, bonds, bank deposits, etc.	
Interest on corporation b	onds, etc. (From Schedule C-1)	
Interest on obligations of	the United States, etc. (From Schedule C-1)	
Rents		
Gains and losses (From S	chadula Div	•**•••
(a) Net short-term capital	l gain reduced by any net long-term capital loss	
(b) Net long-term capital	gain reduced by any net short-term capital loss	
(c) Net gain (or loss) fro	om sale or exchange of property other than capital assets.	1
Other income. (State na	ture)	
Total income in ite	ms 3, and 6 to 14, inclusive	· · · · · · · · \$
Compensation of officers	DEDUCTIONS (From Schedule E)\$	
Salaries and wages (not de	educted elsewhere)	
Rent		
Repairs (do not include co	ost of improvements or capital expenditures)	
Bad debts. (From Schedi	ule F)	
Interest		
Contributions on sifts pai	G)	
Losses by fire storm shin	d. (From Schedule H)	
Depreciation. (From Sch	redule I)	
Depletion of mines, oil an	d gas wells, timber, etc. (Submit schedule)	
Amortization of emergency	y and grain storage facilities. (Submit schedule)	
Advertising		
(a) Amounts contributed to	under a pension, annuity, stock bonus, or profit-sharing plan	
Other deductions authorize	under other employee benefit plansed by law. (From Schedule J)	
Total deductions in	items 16 to 30, inclusive	1
Net income before net oper	rating loss deduction (item 15 less item 31)	ls.
Less: Net operating los	ss deduction. (Submit statement)	
iver income	NOONE AND EVALUE DANGE TO SEE THE SECOND SEC	s
	NCOME AND EXCESS PROFITS TAX	
Less: Credit for incor	me taxes paid to a foreign country or United States pos-	
session allowed	a domestic corporation. (Submit Form 1118)	
Balance of income tax due		************
Excess profits tax due (line	e 39, Schedule EP (Form 1120))	•
LOTAL INCOME and excess pro	ofits tax due (item 37 plus item 38) (For installment payments, see Instructi	ons)\$
We, the undersigned, president (or eturn is made, each for himself d and is, to the best of his knowled, and the regulations issued thereu	DECLARATION. (See Instruction E) vice president, or other principal officer) and treasurer (or assistant treasurer, or chief accounceclares under the penalties of perjury that this return (including any accompanying schedul ge and belief, a true, correct, and complete return, made in good faith, for the taxable year nder.	ting officer) of the corporation for we es and statements) has been examined stated, pursuant to the Internal Revo
	(President or other principal officer) (State ti	itle)
	(Treasurer, Assistant Treasurer, or Chief Accounting Office	CORPORAT
(Date)	I resturer Acticiant Trecover or Chiaf Assessation Office	
	DECLARATION. (See Instruction F)	
/we declare under the penalties of	DECLARATION. (See Instruction E) perjury that I/we prepared this return for the person named herein and that the return (in plete statement of all the information respecting the tax liability of the person for whom this	

FACSIMILES OF TAX RETURNS FOR 1953

nventory at beginning of year			<u> </u>	(100,000 (100,000)				
	. \$		Salari	es and wages			\$	
ferchandise bought for manufacture or sale.			. Other	costs (to be der	ailed):			
laries and wages			- (a)					
ther costs per books. (Submit schedule)	4.		(b)					
Total	1.		· (6)					
Less: Inventory at end of year ost of goods sold (enter here and as item 2,			()					
page 1)				al (enter here an	d as ite	m 5, page 1).	\$	
		- mcom		DIVIDEND6		211 0 _ 2	<u></u>	
	3000000 (3. Cartain Professor St	ek of		<u> </u>	
1. Hame of Declaring Corporation	i	2. *Demestic Corpora able Under Chapter Stavenso Co	1. internal	Public Utilities Taxable Chapter I, internal Sec		4. Fereign Corporati	- !	5. Other Corporations
				<u> </u>	_			
		4		—	•			
					_			
					-			
Totals		<u> </u>		\$	1\$		<u> </u>	
Total of columns 2, 3, 4, and 5. (Ente	r here and	as item 7, pa	ge 1)				\$	1.6
*Brough dividends on certain preferred stock of public utilit stitled to the hunefits of section 231 of the Internal Revenue Co Dividends on stare accounts in Poderal sevings and Iona line (b) of Schedule C-1; dividends on share accounts issued	ties which show ode, which sho	ld be entered in o	obume 5, a	nd dividends received	trom Chi	na Irade Act com	peninoes,	and men corporat
Dividends on store accounts in Pederal savings and loan a line (b) of Schedule C-1; dividends on share accounts issued	d on or after M	arch 28, 1942, sh	ould be rep	erted in column 5.	A2, 1110E	d mot be risten, be	. (1): 1100	IN MOUNT OF BUILD
Schedule C-L-INTEREST ON								
	(3	ee Instructi)	nd 16)				
				1. Gross Amount o	f Interest	2. Amerikasido ilond l	Temium 3.	Colomo 1 loss Colom
nterest on corporation bonds, etc. (Enter amount in	column 3 as i	cem 9, page 1).		\$		\$	\$	
nterest on obligations of the United States, etc.:								
s) U. S. savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in a		briocibel was	at of \$5,	000	į	•	-	
issued prior to March 1, 1941			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	···· \$				
 Obligations of certain instrumentalities of the U. S. i Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, a 								
1941, by the U. S. or any agency or instrumentality								
oral of lines (s) (b) and (c). (Enter total in column)				\$		\$	\$	·
ichedule D.—Separate Schedule D (Form 11					nges of	property and	l filed w	rith this retu
		(See Instru	Hen 13	<u>}</u>			····	
S.	shodule L	COMPENS	ATION	of OFFICERS	1 8	up of Corporation's	-	
1. Home and Address of Officer		2. Official	Title	3. Time Develop to		Owned 5. Profe		Amount of Compound
					4.0	3. 77070		
					-		-	
				-	-			
							<u> </u>	
Total compensation of officers. (Ente	r here and	as item 16, 1	nage 1)				\$	
				Instruction 20				
Assessed of males and accounts recolvable outstanding at-				a sed Date of Car		If Carpo	ration Carrie	n a Mourve
A H	ist Jacomo Diguel	nd 5. Salme	m Account	if No Reserve to C	erried	7. Gross Assessed Add	m) to 8.	Amount Charged Age
1949 \$ \$		 \$		 \$				
iosol I								
1950 1951 1952								
1951 1952 1953	ane worthless v	rithin the taxable	year should	f be reported in separa	te Schedul	e D.		
1952 1953 Norm: Securities which are capital assets and which becau		1	year should	Sebadada IIG	CHITIES	evriens e	R GIFT	rs PAID.
1951 1952 1953 Nors: Securities which are capital assets and which beca- Schoolube &.—TAXES. (See Insti-	ruction 22		year should	Schedule M.—C	ONTIN (See in	SUTIONS 0 struction 23)	REIFI	
1952 1953 Nors: Securities which are capital assets and which becau			year should	Sebadada IIG	ONTIN (See in	SUTIONS 0 struction 23)	REIFI	rs PAID.
951	ruction 22		year shoul	Schedule M.—C	ONTIN (See in	SUTIONS 0 struction 23)	R GIFT	
1952 1953	ruction 22)		year shoul	Schedule M.—C	ONTIN (See in	SUTIONS 0 struction 23)	R CIFT	
951 952 953	ruction 22)		year should	Schedule M.—C	ONTIN (See in	SUTIONS 0 struction 23)	R CIFT	
1952 1953	ruction 22)		year should	Schedule M.—C	ONTIN (See in	SUTIONS 0 struction 23)	R GIFT	
1952 1953	ruction 22)		year shoul	Schedule M.—C	ONTIN (See in	SUTIONS 0 struction 23)	R CIFI	
1952 1953	ruction 22)			Schedule M.—C	OCTURE (See lim of Organizal	BUTTIONS © struction 23) in	R CIFI	
1952 1953	A		Total	Rome and Address	Off The (See In a furnish of Organizal and as i	estruction 23)	\$	
1951 1952 1953 Norn: Securities which are capital assets and which because the security of the	A		Total	Rome and Address (Enter here a	Offrice (See In d Organizati and as it	estruction 23)	\$	
1951 1952 1953 Norn: Securities which are capital absets and which because the capital absets and capital absets	An S		Total 1, s	Rane and Address (Enter here a subject to 5 pers (See Instructional 5. Its	Ott Title (See Im f Organizat nd as it cent lin in 25)	extraction 23; inc.	\$\$	Amount
1951 1952 1953 Nors: Securities which are capital assets and which because the company of the co	A		Total. 1, s	Rane and Address (Enter here a subject to 5 per (See Instruction	Off The (See In a function of Organization of	extraction 23; inc.	\$	Amount
951 952 953 Norn: Securities which are capital assets and which beca Schoolade 6.—TAXES. (See Incol Hotare Total. (Enter here and as item 22, page 1).	An S		Total. 1, s	Rane and Address (Enter here a subject to 5 per (See Institutella infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity in finit	Ott Title (See Im f Organizat nd as it cent lin in 25)	extraction 23; inc.	\$\$	Amount
1952 1953 Nors: Securities which are capital assets and which because the securities which are capital assets and which because the securities which are capital assets and which because the securities of the se	An S		Total. 1, s	Rane and Address (Enter here a subject to 5 per (See Institutella infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity in finit	Ott Title (See Im f Organizat nd as it cent lin in 25)	extraction 23; inc.	\$\$	Amount
1952 1953 Nors: Securities which are capital assets and which because the securities which are capital assets and which because the securities which are capital assets and which because the securities of the se	An S		Total. 1, s	Rane and Address (Enter here a subject to 5 per (See Institutella infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity in finit	Ott Title (See Im f Organizat nd as it cent lin in 25)	extraction 23; inc.	\$\$	Amount
1952 1953 Nors: Securities which are capital assets and which because the securities which are capital assets and which because the securities which are capital assets and which because the securities of the se	An S		Total. 1, s	Rane and Address (Enter here a subject to 5 per (See Institutella infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity in finit	Ottrici (See Im f Organizat and as it cent lin in 25)	extraction 23; in the struction 23; in the struction 23; page nitation.)	\$\$	Amount
1952 1953 Norw: Securities which are capital assets and which because the securities which are capital assets and which because the securities which are capital assets and which because the securities of the se	An S		Total. 1, s	Rane and Address (Enter here a subject to 5 per (See Institutella infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity in finit	Ottrici (See Im f Organizat and as it cent lin in 25)	extraction 23; in the struction 23; in the struction 23; page nitation.)	\$\$	Amount
1952 1953 Norw: Securities which are capital assets and which because the securities which are capital assets and which because the securities which are capital assets and which because the securities of the se	An S		Total. 1, s	Rane and Address (Enter here a subject to 5 per (See Institutella infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity and infinity in finit	Ottrici (See Im f Organizat and as it cent lin in 25)	extraction 23; in the struction 23; in the struction 23; page nitation.)	\$\$	Amount

Schedule J.—OTHER DEDU	UCTIONS. (See Instruction 30):	Page 2
	7.000	
NOTE: If taking expense deductions for development and exploration of mines, a of oil and gas wells; (2) development expense of mines; and (3) exploration expen	and oil and gas wells, show separately: (1) intangible dril	ling and development coars
or ou and gas wells; (2) development expense of mines; and (3) exploration expen	se subject to limitation. Show separately deductions, if any	, computed on ratable basis.
Schedule K.—COMPUTATION TO DETERMINE NECE	ESSITY FOR FILING EXCESS PROFITS TAX	SCHEDULE
Line No.		
 Net income before net operating loss deduction (item 32, pag CTaxpayers which have elected under section 455 to accrue income from installm 	ge 1)	i
2. Deductions for interest (item 21, page 1) (banks should exclu-	ide interest on denosirs)	
3. Deductions on account of retirement or discharge of bonds, et	tc	
4. Deductions attributable to a grant or loan by a governmental ag	ency to encourage mining of certain minerals	
 Deductions attributable to technical services rendered to rela In the case of banks, the excess of the deduction for bad debt 	ts under the reserve method over daher which	
actually became worthless during the year		
1. Federal income and excess profits taxes paid by lessee under lo	ong-term lease	
9. Total of lines 1 to 7, inclusive	t be filed with this server. If the 0 is server	
\$25,000, Schedule EP (Form 1120) must be filed. Schedule El	P may be obtained from your District Director	
TAX COMPUTATION FOR CALENDAR YEA		ions)
For other taxable yz	ears attach Form 1128FY	
1. Net income (item 34, page 1)	·s	
2. Less: Dividends received credit:		
(a) Enter 85 percent of column 2, Schedule C	•	
(b) Enter 62 percent of column 3, Schedule C		
(c) Enter 85 percent of dividends received from		
certain foreign corporations	b) and (2) about 1	
not to exceed 85 percent of the excess of item 32.	nage 1 over the sum	
or lines (a) and (b) in column 3 of Schedule C-1	s	
 Credit for dividends paid on certain preferred stock if tax Credit for Western Hemisphere trade corporations 	rpayer is a public utility.	
5. Surtax net income		
6. Combined normal tax and surtax. If amount of line 5 is:		
Not over \$25,000; enter 30 percent of line 5 (32 percent if a	consolidated return)	
Over \$25,000. Compute 52 percent of line 5 (54 percent if Enter difference	a consolidated return). Subtract \$5,500.	**********
Less: Normal tax adjustment for partially tax-exempt into	crest; enter 30 percent of the sum of lines (a)	
and (b) in column 3 of Schedule C-1, but not in ea	xcess of 30 percent of line 5	
8. Normal tax and surtax 9. Total tax (line 8, or line 20 of separate Schedule D). Enter her	re and as item 35, page 1	
	TIONS	
I. If this is the corporation's first return, indicate whether (a)	(If either answer is "yes," atta	ch separate schedule
completely new business [], or (b) successor to previously existing business, which was organized as (1) corporation [],	snowing: (1) Name and address: (2) percent	tage of stock owned.
(2) partnership \square , or (3) sole proprietorship \square , or (4) other	(3) date stock was acquired; and (4) the Dis in which the income tax return of such corp	noration individual
(indicate) If successor to previously existing business	partnership, trust, or association for the l	ast taxable year was
give name and address of the previous business organization	filed.) 9. Check whether this return was prepared of	
	or accrual pasis [].	
District Director's office where the corporation's return for the	10. Check basis of valuing or method of invenment and seat the beginning and end of the	torying material or
preceding year was filed	cost []; (b) cost or market, whichever is l	ower []: (c) elective
1120 for 1952 \$	method provided in section 22 (d) ; (d) or	ther basis or method
. The corporation's books are in care of	statement, giving date inventory was last re	conciled with stock
Located at	(see Specific Instructions 2). 11. Did the corporation make a return of inf	ormatica on Forma
. Check if the corporation is a farmers' marketing or a farmers'	1090 and 1099 or Form W-22 for the calend	lar year 1953? (See
purchasing cooperative association , a consumers' cooperative	General Instruction G-(1))	
association , or other cooperative association . Is the corporation a personal holding company within the	 Has any transaction described in General In curred on or after October 8, 1940? (Answ 	ver "ves" or "no")
meaning of section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code?		
(If so, an additional return on Form 1120 H must be filed.)	13. Has any transaction described in General occurred on or after January 1, 1951? (Instruction G-(4)
Is this a consolidated return? (If so, procure from the District Director of Internal Revenue for your district Form	``no``)	
851, Affiliations Schedule, which shall be filled in and filed as a	14. Did the corporation, during the taxable ye	ear, have any con-
part of this return; each subsidiary should procure Form 1122 and file in accordance with Instruction I.)	(Answer "yes" or "no") If answer	tiation Act of 1951?
. If this is not a consolidated return: (a) Did the corporation at	the approximate aggregate gross dollar an	nount hilled during
any time during the taxable year own 50 percent or more of the voting stock of another corporation either domestic or	the taxable year under all such contracts a See General Instruction	nd/or subcontracts.
foreign?; (b) did any corporation, individual, partner-	15. Did the corporation at any time during the	taxable year own
ship, trust, or association at any time during the taxable year own 50 percent or more of the corporation's voting stock?	directly or indirectly any stock of a foreign of (If so, attach statement as required by Gene	nemnessina)
<u>-</u> .		HISH WCHON K.)

, age	Schedule L.—BALAN	CE SHEE	ŢS. ((500	Instruction L)			
_	ASSETS		bogin: oynt	ning of	Taxable Year Total	End of Amount	Taxable Year	Total
,	Cash		-v::\		s		S	
	Notes and accounts receivable	s			*	\$		
	Less: Reserve for bad debts							
3.	Inventories: (s) Raw materials	\$				\$		
	(b) Work in process							
	(c) Finished goods							
	(d) Supplies				********************************		-	
4.	Investments in governmental obligations: (4) Obligations of a State. Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the	l <u>.</u>						
	District of Columbia, or United States possessions	\$				\$		
	 Obligations issued on or before September 1, 1917; all postal sav- ings bonds; Treasury notes issued prior to December 1, 1940; and 						1	
	Investments in governmental obligations: (a) Obligations of a State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or United States possessions. (5) Obligations of the United States: (1) Obligations issued on or before September 1, 1917; all postal savings bonds; Treasury notes issued prior to December 1, 1940; and Treasury holds: issued prior to March 1, 1941. (2) United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to (3) Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940; and all other obligations of the United States issued on or after March 1, 1941.	************		****			·	
	(3) Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940; and all other							
	(c) Obligations of instrumentalities of the United States:							
	(c) Obligations of instrumentalities of the United States: (1) Obligations of Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks issued prior to March 1, 1941.							
	Obligations issued by other instrumentalities of the United States prior to March 1, 1941 Obligations of all instrumentalities of the United States issued on							
	or after March 1, 1941							
	Other investments (attach schedule)							
о.	Capital assets: (a) Depreciable assets (attach schedule)					s		
	Less: Reserve for depreciation				~~~~	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	(b) Depletable assets	\$				\$		
	Less: Reserve for depletion						-	
	(c) Land			İ				•••••
	Other assets (attach schedule)				•		-	
8.	TOTAL ASSETS						<u> </u>	
۵	LIABILITIES Accounts payable			l	S		S	
	Bonds, notes, and mortgages payable:				7		*	
	(a) With original maturity of less than 1 year	\$				\$		
	(b) With original maturity of 1 year or more						-	
	Accrued expenses (attach schedule)							
	Other liabilities (attach schedule)	. !						
	Surplus reserves (attach schedule)							
14.	Capital stock: Enter number as at end of year— (Shares) (Shareholders) (A) Preferred stock(s		
	(b) Common stock (Y	_	
15.	Paid-in or capital surplus				*			
	Earned surplus and undivided profits							
17.	Total Liabilities				\$	<u>l</u>	\$	
	Schedule M.—RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME	AND AN					VIDED P	ROFITS
1.	Total distributions to stockholders charged to earned surplus during the		17. E	arno	ed surplus and undi of preceding taxab	vided profits at		
	taxable year:			ule	L)		L	
	(a) Cash\$		18. N	let i	income before net	operating loss		
	(b) Stock of the corporation			ded	luction (item 32, pa	age 1)		
_	(c) Other property				axable interest on:			
	Contributions in excess of 5% limitation.		(4		Obligations of a Stat			
3.	Federal income and excess profits taxes.			po.	litical subdivision th ct of Columbia, or U	J. S. possessions		
4.	Income taxes of foreign countries or		(b) (Obligations of the U	Inited States:		
	United States possessions if claimed as a credit in whole or in part in item 36,			(1)	Obligations issue			
	page 1				Sept. 1, 1917; all bonds; Treasury no			
5.	Federal taxes paid on tax-free covenant		I		to Dec. 1, 1940; an	id Treasury bills		
	bonds				issued prior to M	arch 1, 1941		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6.	Special improvement taxes tending to in-			(2)	U.S. savings bon			
_	crease the value of the property assessed				bonds owned in amount of \$5,000			
7.	Capital expenditures charged to expenses on the books				prior to March 1			
_			,	~ ·	•	·		
8.	Insurance premiums paid on the life of any officer or employee where the cor-		۱ ٬		Obligations of Fede int stock land banl			
	poration is directly or indirectly a			in	termediate credit ba	nks issued prior		
	beneficiary				March 1, 1941	1		
9.	Unallowable interest incurred to purchase		20. C		r nontaxable incom			
10	or carry tax-exempt interest obligations				:)	1		
	Excess of capital losses over capital gains	••	71. (ges against surplus r om income in the			
11.	Additions to surplus reserves (attach schedule)				hedule)		·	
12	Other unallowable deductions (attach	,	22. /		stments for tax pur	- 1		
	schedule)		1		on books (attach so			
13.	Adjustments for tax purposes not record-		23. 8		ry credits to earned			
	ed on books (attach schedule)		1		hedule)			
14.	Sundry debits to earned surplus (attach		1					
1	Schedule)		1					
15.	Earned surplus and undivided profits at close of the taxable year (Schedule L).		1					
	Total of lines 1 to 15\$		1 24.	Tota	l of lines 17 to 23.		S	

PAGE 1

How To Prepare Your 1953 Corporation Income Tax Return on form 1120 References are to the Internal Revenue Code, unless otherwise indicated

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Corporations required to make a return on Form 1120.— Every domestic and every resident foreign corporation not expressly exempt from taxation under chapter 1 (see section 101), whether or not having any net income, must file a return. The term "corporation" is defined by the Code to include associations, joint-stock companies, and insurance companies.

Receivers, trustees in dissolution, trustees in bankruptcy, and assignees, operating the property or business of corporations, must assignees, operating the property or business of corporations, must make returns of income for such corporations. If a receiver has full custody of and control over the business or property of a corporation, he shall be deemed to be operating such business or property, whether he is engaged in carrying on the business for which the corporation was organized or only in marshaling, selling, disposing of its assets for purposes of liquidation.

A mutual savings hapk not having conital stock represented by

A mutual savings bank not having capital stock represented by shares; a domestic building and loan association, a domestic savings and loan association, a Federal savings and loan association, substantially all the business of which is confined to making loans to members; and a cooperative bank without capital stock and operated for mutual purposes and without profit are subject to income tax (except excess profits tax) and must file returns.

B. Period to be covered by return.—Returns shall be filed for the calendar year 1953 or fiscal year beginning in 1953 and ending in 1954. A fiscal year is an accounting period of 12 months ending on the last day of a calendar month other than December.

A change in the established accounting period may be made without prior permission if (1) no change in accounting period has been made within the 5 calendar years ending with the calendar year which includes the beginning of the short taxable year required to effect the change and (2) if such short taxable year embraces a period of 3 months or less or a period of 9 months or more and (3) if net income for the short period, computed on an annual basis, is at least 80 percent of net income for the full taxable year immediately preceding the short period. A return filed under these provisions must be filed on or before the 15th day of the third full calendar month following the close of the short taxable year, together with a statement that it is made under the authority of section 39.46-1 of Regulations 118. Further information with respect to these provisions may be obtained from the office of the District Director of Internal Revenue.

If the above conditions are not met, prior approval must be secured in order to change the accounting period. Such approval may be secured by filing an application on Form 1128 with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington 25, D. C., on or before the 15th day following the close of the short taxable year required to effect the change.

C. Basis of return.—If your books of account are kept on the accrual basis, report all income accrued, even though it has not been actually received, and expenses incurred instead of expenses paid. If your books are not kept on the accrual basis or if you kept no books, make your return on a cash basis and report all income received or constructively received, such as bank interest credited to your account and coupon bond interest matured, and report expenses actually paid.

See section 24 (c) for limitation on deductions for unpaid expenses and interest applicable to taxpayers on the accrual basis.

D. Filing of return and payment of tax.—Returns of domestic and resident foreign corporations must be filed on or before the 15th day of the third month following the close of the taxable year with the District Director of Internal Revonue for the district in which the corporation's principal place of business or principal office or agency is located.

The tax must be paid in full when the return is filed, or in four installments, as follows: 45 percent on or before the 15th day of the third month; 45 percent on or before the 15th day of the sixth month; 5 percent on or before the 15th day of the ninth month; and 5 percent on or before the 15th day of the twelfth month following the close of the taxable year. If any installment is not paid on or before the date fixed for its payment, the whole amount of the tax unpaid shall be paid upon notice and demand by the District Director. The tax may be paid by sending or bringing with the return a check or money order drawn to the order of

"District Director of Internal Revenue." Do not send cash by mail, nor pay it in person except at the District Director's office.

E. Declaration.—The return must be signed by the president, vice president, or other principal officer, and by the treasurer, assistant treasurer, or chief accounting officer. When the return is actually prepared by some person or persons other than officers or employees of the corporation, such person or persons must also sign the declaration at the foot of page 1.

F. Penalties.—Severe penalties are imposed for failing to file a return, for late filing, and for filing a false or fraudulent return.

G-(1). Information at the source.—Every corporation making payments of (1) interest, rents, commissions, or other fixed or determinable income of \$600 or more during the calendar year 1953 to an individual, a partnership, or a fiduciary, or (2) salaries or wages of \$600 or more shall make a return on Forms 1096 and 1099, except that the making of such return will not be required with respect to salary or wage payments included on Form W-2, provided copies of withholding statements on Form W-2a refurnished. If a portion of such salary or wage payments was reported on a Withholding Statement (Form W-2a), only the remainder must be reported on Form 1099.

Except as stated below, the returns on Forms 1096 and 1099 shall also include dividend payments totaling \$10 or more during the calendar year 1953 to each shareholder who is an individual (citizen or resident of the United States), a resident fiduciary, or a resident partnership any member of which is a citizen or resident. In the case of a building and loan association, a cooperative bank, a homestead association, a credit union, or a savings and loan association, such total shall be \$600 or more, and in the case of a corporation described in section 101 (10), (11), (12), or (13),

such total shall be \$100 or more.

The returns on Forms 1096 and 1099 shall also include (except in the case of insurance companies taxable under Supplement G and corporations exempt under section 101 (10) or (11) patronage dividends, rebates, and refunds totaling \$100 or more during the calendar year 1953. Include all amounts allocated as patron-age dividends, rebates, and refunds, whether in cash, merchandise, capital stock, revolving fund certificates, retain certificates, certificates of indebtedness, letters of advice, or in some other manner.

G-(2). Information regarding dissolution or liquidation.— Every corporation shall, within 30 days after the adoption by the corporation of a resolution or plan for the dissolution of the corporation or for the liquidation of the whole or any part of its capital stock, render a correct return on Form 966 setting forth the terms of such resolution or plan the terms of such resolution or plan.

Every corporation making distributions in liquidation of the whole or any part of its capital stock shall also make returns on Forms 1096 and 1099L, as required by instructions on Form 1096, for the calendar year 1953.

G-(3). Acquisition of interest in or control of a corporation or property after October 8, 1940.—The transactions to which reference is made in question 12 on page 3 are the following:

Any acquisition, directly or indirectly, on or after October

(a) Any acquisition, directly or indirectly, on or after October 8, 1940, by a corporation filing a return, or by any person or interest controlling it, or by any corporation or interest which it controls, of control of a corporation; or

(b) Any acquisition, directly or indirectly, on or after October 8, 1940, by a corporation filing a return, or by any corporation or interest which it controls, of property of another corporation not controlled, directly or indirectly, immediately prior to such acquisition, by such acquiring corporation or its stockholders the quisition, by such acquiring corporation or its stockholders, the basis of which property, in the hands of the acquiring corporation, is determined by reference to the basis in the hands of the transferor corporation.

For the purpose of the above, control means the ownership of stock possessing at least 50 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or at least 50 percent of the total value of shares of all classes of stock of the corporation.

G-(4). Certain transfers of property on or after January 1, 1951.—Under certain circumstances the \$25,000 exemption from surtax and the minimum excess profits credit of \$25,000 are not allowed or they may be reduced to a lesser figure.

PAGE 2

Section 15 (c) provides that if a corporation on or after January 1, 1951, transfers all or part of its property (other than money) to another corporation which was created for the purpose of acquiring such property or which was not actively engaged in business at the time of such acquisition and if after such transfer the transferor corporation or its stockholders, or both, are in control of such transferee corporation during any part of the taxable year of such transferee corporation, the transferee corporation shall not for such taxable year be allowed either the \$25,000 exemption from surtax or the \$25,000 minimum excess profits credit provided in the last sentence of section 431, unless such transferee corporation shall establish by clear preponderance of the evidence that the securing of such exemption or credit was not a major purpose of such transfer. Rules are provided for the determination of the ownership of stock for the purposes of the subsection. For allocation of the surtax exemption and minimum excess profits credit in certain cases, see section 129 (b). For the purposes of the above, control means the ownership of stock possessing at least 80 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or at least 80 percent of the total value of shares of all classes of stock of the corporation.

G-(5). Information regarding renegotiable contracts.—Every corporation which held, during the taxable year, contracts or subcontracts which were designated as subject to the Renegotiation Act of 1951, shall, in answer to question 14, page 3, state the actual, or if not accurately determinable, its best estimate of the aggregate gross dollar amount billed during the current taxable year under all contracts and/or subcontracts. The gross contract amount billed on cost-plus-fixed-fee contracts, and not merely the fixed fee, shall be included. The term "subcontract" may be defined as any purchase order or agreement to perform all or any part of the work, or to make or furnish any article, required for the performance of another contract or subcontract.

H. Returns of certain corporations. Domestic corporations entitled to benefits of section 251.—Domestic corporations within the possessions of the United States (except the Virgin Islands) may report as gross income only gross income from sources within the United States, provided (a) 80 percent or more of the gross income for the 3-year period immediately preceding the close of the taxable year (or such part thereof as may be applicable) was derived from sources within a possession of the United States, and (b) 50 percent or more of the gross income for such period or such part thereof was derived from the active conduct of a trade or business within a possession of the United States. (See section 251.)

Resident foreign corporations.—Foreign corporations which at any time within the taxable year are engaged in trade or business within the United States shall make returns on Form 1120 of income received from sources within the United States.

Nonresident foreign corporations.—Foreign corporations not engaged in trade or business within the United States at any time within the taxable year are subject to tax upon gross income from sources within the United States (determined under the provisions of section 119) which is fixed or determinable, annual or periodical gains, profits, and income, and are required to make returns on Form 1120NB with respect to such income only in the event their tax liability has not been fully satisfied at the source.

Insurance companies.—Life insurance companies subject to tax imposed by section 201 shall make returns on Form 1120L. Mutual insurance companies subject to tax imposed by section 207 shall make returns on Form 1120M. Insurance companies described in section 204 (a) (1) and certain mutual savings banks conducting life insurance business shall make returns on Form 1120, and there should be filed with the return a copy of the 1953 annual statement approved by the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners which contains the underwriting and investment exhibit. A copy of such annual statement for 1952 should also be furnished if not filed for such year.

Regulated investment companies.—An investment company will not satisfy the requirements of section 361 so as to come within the term "regulated investment company" for any taxable year unless it files with its return for the taxable year an irrevocable election to be a regulated investment company. If for any given year the investment company satisfies the other requirements of section 361 it will be considered a regulated investment company.

Personal holding companies.—Section 500 imposes a surtax upon the undistributed subchapter A net income of corporations, classified as personal holding companies. Every personal holding company must file an additional return on Form 1120H.

Section 501 (a) (1) and (2) defines a "personal holding company" as a corporation if at least 80 percent (see modifications in section 501 (a) (1)) of its gross income for the taxable year is personal holding company income as defined in section 502, and at any time during the last half of the taxable year more than 50 percent in value of its outstanding stock is owned, directly or indirectly, by or for not more than five individuals. (See sections 500-511.)

Foreign personal holding companies.—Section 337 (a) requires that the undistributed supplement P net income of a foreign personal holding company, as defined in section 331, shall be inclu as a dividend in the gross income of the United States shareholders in the amount provided by subsection (b). Form 1120H is not required, but monthly and annual information returns on Forms 957 and 958 must be filed by the officers, directors, and certain

United States shareholders as provided by sections 338 and 339.

A foreign corporation which is a personal holding company, as defined in section 501 but not within the definition of section 331, is subject to the surtax imposed by section 500 and must file an additional return on Form 1120H.

I. Consolidated returns.—Subject to the provisions of section 141 and the regulations, an affiliated group of corporations may make a consolidated income tax (including excess profits tax) return in lieu of separate returns. The making of a consolidated return shall be upon the condition that all corporations which at any time during the taxable year have been members of the affiliated group making a consolidated return consent to all the consolidated returns regulations prescribed under section 141 (b) prior to the last day prescribed by law for filing such return. common parent corporation, when filing a consolidated return, shall attach thereto a schedule showing the names and addresses of all the corporations included in the return. Each subsidiary must prepare two duplicate originals of Form 1122 consenting to regulations and authorizing the making of the return on its behalf. One such form shall be attached to the consolidated return as a part thereof, and the other shall be filed, at or before the time the consolidated return is filed, in the office of the District Director for the subsidiary's district.

Supporting schedules shall be filed with the consolidated return. These schedules shall be prepared in columnar form, one column being provided for each corporation included in the consolidation, ing in detail the items of gross income and deductions and the computation of net income; one column for a total of like items before adjustments are made; one column for intercompany eliminations and adjustments; and one column for a total of like items after giving effect to the eliminations and adjustments. The items included in the column for eliminations and adjustments should be symbolized to identify contra items affected, and suitable explanations appended, if necessary. Similar schedules shall also contain in columnar form a reconciliation of surplus for each corpo-

ration, together with a reconciliation of the consolidated surplus.

Consolidated balance sheets as of the beginning and close of the taxable year of the group shall accompany the consolidated return in a form similar to that required for reconciliation of surplus.

J. Surtax on improperly accumulated surplus.—In order to prevent accumulation of earnings or profits for the purpose of enabling shareholders to avoid the surtax on individuals, section 102 provides an additional tax upon the net income of corporations formed or utilized for the purpose of such tax avoidance. This additional tax is equal to the sum of the following:

Twenty-seven and one-half percent of the amount of the undistributed section 102 net income not in excess of \$100,000, plus 381/2 percent of such net income in excess of \$100,000.

K. Stock ownership in foreign corporations.—In addition to the information to be shown in Schedule C of the return, a corporation owning any stock of a foreign corporation must attach a statement showing the name and address of each company and the total number of shares of each class of outstanding stock owned during the taxable year. If the corporation owned 5 percent or more in value of the outstanding stock of a foreign personal holding company, attach a statement setting forth in complete detail the information required by section 337 (d).

L. Balance sheets.—The balance sheets, Schedule L, should agree with the books of account or any differences should be reconciled. The balance sheets for a consolidated return of affiliated corporations should be furnished in accordance with All corporations reporting to the Interstate Commerce Commission or to any National, State, municipal, or other public officer, may submit, in lieu of Schedule L, copies of their balance sheets prescribed by said Commission or State and mu-nicipal authorities as at the beginning and end of the taxable year.

In case the balance sheet as at the beginning of the current taxable year does not agree in every respect with the balance sheet which was submitted as at the end of the previous taxable

year, the differences should be fully explained.

M. Forms other than prescribed by return.—Banks, insurance companies, and other corporations required to submit statements of income and expenses to any National, State, municipal, or other public officer may submit with the return a statement of income and expenses in the form furnished to such officer, in lieu of the information requested in items 1 to 34, page 1, except that a railroad company may submit with the return a statement on Form 1090. In such cases the net income will be reconciled by means of Schedule M with the new profit shown by the income and expense statement submitted, and should be entered as item 34, page 1.

N. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITY

In reporting the "Principal business activity," on page 1, give the one business activity that accounts for the largest percentage of "total receipts." "Total receipts" means gross sales (line 1), plus gross receipts (line 4), plus all other income (lines 7 through 14). State the broad field of business activity as well as the specific product or service, such as "Mining copper," "Manufacturing cotton broad woven fabric," "Wholesale food," or "Retail apparel." Where receipts are derived from two or more of the detailed industry groups listed below, show only one which is the major source of receipts. Use the appropriate group under the heading "FINANCE" if over 50 percent of "total receipts" consists of investment income.

Enter the "business group code number" on page 1 from the following list. Give the code for the specific industry group from which the largest percentage of "total receipts" is derived.

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERIES

Code

011 Farms and agricultural services. 081 Forestry, excluding lagging camps. 091 Figheries.

MINING

101 Iron ore. 102 Copper, lead, zinc, gold, silver ores. 109 Other metal mining.

Coal mining: 111 Authracite coal. 121 Bituminous coal and lignite.

Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction: 131 Crude petroleum, natural gas, and

natural gasoline.
138 Oil- and gas-field contract services.

Nanmetallic mineral mining:

141 Stone, sand, gravel.
 149 Other nonmetallic minerals, except fuels.

CONSTRUCTION

151 General contractors: buildings.
152 General contractors: other.
153 Special trade contractors.
159 Other construction.

MANUFACTURING

Reversees

191 Bottled soft drinks and carbonated

192 Malt liquors and malt.

194 wines. 195 Distilled, rectified, blended liquors.

195 Distilled, rectified, blended liquors.
Feed and kindred products:
201 Meat products,
202 Dairy products, except market
milk dealers.
203 Canning and preserving fruits,
vegetables, and seafoods.
204 Grain-mill products, except cereal
preparations.
205 Bakery products.
206 Sugar, cane and beet.
207 Confectionery, related products.
208 Cereal preparations.
209 Other, including manufactured ice
and flavoring sirups.
Tebacce manufacturers:

Tebacce manufacturers:

219 Other.

Textile-mill products:
221 Yarn and thread (cotton, wool, silk, and synthetic fiber).

222 Broad-woven fabric (woolen and worsted).

223 Broad-woven fabric (cotton).

224 Narrow fabrics and other small wares (cotton, wool, silk, and synthetic fiber).

225 Knitting mills.

226 Dyeing and finishing textiles (except knit goods).

227 Carpets, rugs, and other floor coverings.

228 Hats, except cloth and millinery.

229 Other, including rayon and silk broad-woven fabric.

Apparel and ether finished products made

Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials:

frem fabrics and similar materials:
231 Men's and boys' clothing and
furnishings, except fur and
rubber.
233 Women's clothing, and children's
and infants' wear, except fur and
rubber.
235 Millinery.
237 Fur goods.
238 Other apparel and accessories
including gloves, robes, and
raincoats.

raincoats.
239 Other fabricated textile products including curtains, bags, and awnings.

Lumber and wood products (except fur-

niture):
241 Logging camps, logging contractors, sawmills, and planing mills.
243 Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated structural wood products.
244 Wooden containers.
249 Other wood products.

Furniture and fixtures (weed or metal): 251 Furniture—household, office, pub-lic building, and professional.

254 Partitions, shelving, lockers; and office and store fixtures.
256 Window and door screens, shades and venetian blinds.
259 Other, including restaurant furniture.

Paper and allied products:
261 Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills,
266 Paper bags and paperboard containers and boxes.
269 Pulp goods, and other converted paper products.

paper products.

Printing, publishing, and affied industries:

271 Newspapers.

272 Periodicals.

273 Books.

275 Commercial printing, including lithographing.

279 Other publishing, bookbinding, and service industries for the printing trade.

Chemicals and afficial read-area.

micals and allied preducts:
Industrial inorganic chemicals.
Industrial organic chemicals, including plastic materials, synthetic rubber, and synthetic

fibers.

283 Drugs and medicines.

284 Soap and glycerine, cleaning and polishing preparations, etc.

285 Paints, varnishes, lacquers, etc.

286 Perfumes, cosmetics, and other tollet preparations.

287 Fortilisers

287 Fertilizers.
288 Vegetable and animal oils and fats, except edible cooking oils.
289 Other, including gum and wood chemicals.

Products of petroleum and coal: 291 Petroleum refining. 299 Other.

Robber products:
301 Tires and inner tubes.
309 Other rubber products.

Leather and leather products:
311 Leather: tanned, curried, etc.
314 Footwear (except rubber).
319 Other leather goods.

319 Other leather goods.

Stene, clay, and glass products:
321 Glass and glass products.
324 Cement (hydraulic).
325 Structural clay products.
326 Pottery and related products.
327 Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products, including lime.
328 Cut-stone and stone products.
329 Abrasive ashestos and other non-

Abrasive, asbestos, and other non-metallic mineral products.

ary metal industries:

Primary metal industries:
331 Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills.
332 Iron and steel foundries.
333 Primary and secondary smelting, refining, rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals and alloys.
336 Nonferrous foundries.
339 Other, including iron and steel forgings and wire drawing.
Fabricated metal weducts (greent and

forgings and wire drawing.

Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation
equipment):

341 Tin cans and other tinware.

342 Cutlery, hand tools, and general
hardware.

343 Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers' supplies.

344 Fabricated structural metal products, including boiler shop
products.

ucts, in products. 346 Metal stamping, coating, and en-

346 Metal stamping, coating, and engraving.
347 Lighting fixtures.
348 Fabricated wire products.
349 Other, including screw machine products.

Machinery (except electrical):
351 Engines and turbines, except automotive, aircraft, and railway.
352 Agricultural mehy. and tractors.
353 Construction and mining machinery and except automotive and mining machinery.

ery and equipment.
354 Metalworking machinery including machine tools.
355 Special-industry machinery.
356 General industry machinery and

So office and store machines and devices.
 Service industry and household machines.
 So Other machinery parts, and machine shops.

Electrical machinery, equipment, and sup-

Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies:
361 Electrical generating, transmission, distribution and industrial
apparatus.
362 Electrical appliances.
363 Insulated wire and cable.
364 Electrical equipment for motor
vehicles, aircraft, and railway
locomotives and cars.
365 Electric lamms.

10comotives and cars.
366 Electric lamps.
366 Radio, radar, and television equipment, and phonographs (except radio tubes).
367 Other communication equipment and related products.
369 Miscellaneous electrical products

including batteries.

Transportation equipment (except electri-cal and meter vehicle equipment): 372 Aircraft and parts, including air-

372 Aircraft and parts, including aircraft engines.
373 Ship and boat building, repairing.
374 Railroad equipment, including locomotives, and street cars.
375 Motorcycles, bicycles and parts.
379 Other transportation equipment.
Meter vehicles and meter vehicle equipment (except electrical equipment):
381 Motor vehicles, including bodies and truck trailers.
384 Motor vehicle parts and accessories, including engines, and trailers for passenger cars.

ers for passenger cars.

Ordnance and accessaries:
391 Guns, and related equipment including small arms.
396 Small arms ammunition.

396 Small arms ammunition.
399 Other.

Prefessional, scientific, and centrelling instruments; photographic and optical goods:
401 Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments, including photographic and optical goods.
407 Watches, clocks, and clockwork-operated devices.
6ther manufacturing industries:
411 Jewelry (precious metal), silverware and plated ware.
412 Costume jewelry (except precious metal).

metal).
413 Fabricated plastic products, except plastic materials.
419 Other, including matches.
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION, AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES

AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES
Transpertation:
461 Railroads, railway express.
462 Urban, suburban, and interurban
railways (with and without
busses).
463 Trucking and warehousing.
464 Other motor vehicle transportation, including taxicabs and
busses.
465 Petroleum pipelines.
466 Water transportation.
467 Air transportation.
468 Services, supplementary to transportation.
469 Other transportation.
469 Other transportation.
469 Communication.

Telephone (wire or radio).
472 Telephone (wire or radio).
473 Radio broadcasting and television.
479 Other communication.

481 Water supply.

482 Gas production and distribution, except natural gas production.

Other public stillies:
491 Water supply.

499 Other public utilities.

499 Other public utilities.

WHOLESALE TRADE

501 Commission merchants.
Other wholesalers:
511 Food, including milk.
512 Alcoholic beverages.
513 Apparel and dry goods.
514 Chemicals, paints, and drugs.
515 Hardware, electrical goods, plumbing and heating equipment, etc.

516 Lumber, millwork, and construc-tion materials.
517 Machinery, equipment, supplies.
518 Farm products—raw materials:
cotton, grain, wool, leaf tobacco, livestock, etc.
519 Other wholesalers.

RETAIL TRADE

521 Food, including milk, General Merchandice:

Sal Department stores.
531 Department stores.
532 Mail-order houses.
533 Variety stores.
539 Other general merchandise.
541 Apparel and accessories.
551 Familiare, home furnishings, etc.

Automotive dealers, dealers in parts and accessories, and filling stations:
561 Automobiles and trucks.
563 Parts, accessories, tires, batteries.
564 Filling stations.
571 Drug stores.
581 Eating and drinking places.

Lumber, building materials, and hardware: 591 Lumber and building materials. 595 Hardware and farm implements.

Other retail trade: 601 Liquor stores. 607 Jewelry stores. 609 Other retail stores.

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL

ESTATE
621 Banks and trust companies. Credit agencies other than banks: 634 Personal credit agencies.

635 Business credit agencies. 639 Other credit agencies. 639 Other credit.agencies.

Helding and other investment companies:
641 Operating-holding companies
(companies which derived less
than 99 percent but more than
50 percent of "total receipts"
from investments).

642 Other investment and holding
companies (companies which derived 90 percent or more of total
receipts from investments).

651 Security and commedity brakers,
dealers, exchanges, and services.
Insurance carriers:
661 Life insurance.

661 Life insurance.

662 Mutual, except life or marine, and except mutual fire insurance com-panies issuing perpetual policies. 669 Other. 671 Insurance agents, brokers, and service.

871 Instrance agents, wrater, and service.
Real estate:
681 Real estate owners and operators, including lessors of buildings (excludes developers of real property and lessors of real property other than buildings).
683 Developers of real property, including traders on own account.
684 Agents, brokers, managers, etc.
685 Title abstract companies.
689 Other real estate.

Lessers of real property, except buildings: 691 Agricultural, forest, and similar

691 Agricultural, forest, and similar properties. 692 Mining, oll, and similar properties. 693 Railroad property. 694 Public-utility property. 696 Other real property except build-ings.

SERVICES 701 Hetels, reaming and hearding be camps.

Personal services:

721 Laundries, cleaning and dyeing.
 723 Photographic studies including commercial photography.
 729 Other personal service.

Passiness services:
731 Advertising.
739 Other business services.
751 Autsmobile repair services and garages.
761 Other repair services.

Metian pictures:
781 Motion picture production, distribution and service industries.
783 Motion picture theaters.

791 Amusement and recreation services.
except motion pictures.
801 Other services, including schools.

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SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS (Numbered to correspond with item numbers on page 1 of return)

2. Cost of goods sold.—If the production, manufacture, purchase, or sale of merchandise is an income-producing factor in the trade or business, inventories of merchandise on hand should be taken at the beginning and end of the taxable year, which may be valued at (a) cost, or (b) cost or market, whichever is lower. The basis properly adopted is controlling until permission to change is obtained from the Commissioner. Application for permission to change the basis of valuing inventories shall be made in writing and filed with the Commissioner within 90 days after the beginning of the taxable year in which it is desired to effect a change. Enter the letters "C" or "C or M" immediately before the amount column in Schedule A, if the inventories are valued at either cost, or cost or market, whichever is lower. Indicate in answer to question 10, on page 3, the basis of valuing or method of inventorying merchandise and furnish the information required by such question. In case the inventories reported do not agree with the balance sheet, attach a statement explaining the difference.

A corporation electing to have applied the method of taking inventory provided for in section 22 (d) should file Form 970 with the return for the first year of the election. Thereafter, attach separate schedule showing: (1) a summary of all inventories; (2) with respect to inventories computed under section 22 (d), if any, the computation of the quantities and cost by acquisition levels.

9. Interest on corporation bonds, etc.—Enter net amount of interest from column 3 of Schedule C-1, page 2, on bonds, debentures, notes, or certificates or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation and bearing interest, with interest coupons or in registered form. Do not include interest on any such obligations which constitute stock in trade of the taxpayer or any such obligations of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or any such obligations held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of his trade or business. Such interest should be entered in item 8. For provisions relating to amortizable bond premium by the owner of a bond, see sections 23 (v) and 125.

10. Interest on obligations of the United States, etc.—Enter from column 3, Schedulc C-1, the total of lines (a), (b), and (c). Also enter on line 4, Schedule L, the amounts of the various obligations owned. Enter on line 19, Schedule M, all interest received or accrued during the year on the various obligations listed therein. The total amount of interest reported on lines (a) and (b) in column 3 of Schedule C-1, page 2, is allowable as a credit against net income. The amount of interest received or accrued on obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof should be entered on line (c), Schedule C-1. For provisions relating to amortizable bond premium by the owner of a bond, see sections 23 (v) and 125.

For special rules applicable, in the case of dealers in securities, with respect to premium attributable to certain tax-exempt securities, see section 22 (0).

Non-interest-bearing obligations issued at a discount.—Tax-payers on the cash basis may elect, as to all non-interest-bearing obligations issued at a discount and redeemable for fixed amounts increasing at stated intervals (for example, United States Saving Bonds), to include the increase in redemption price applicable to the current year. For the year of election the total increase in redemption price of such obligations occurring between the date of acquisition and the end of the year must be included. Taxpayers so electing shall report such income as interest in item 8, 9, or 10, page 1, whichever is applicable, and attach statement listing obligations owned and computation of accrued income.

- 11. Rents.—Enter the gross amount received for the rent of property. Any expenses, including repairs, interest, taxes, and depreciation, should be included in the proper items of deductions on page 1.
- 12. Royalties.—Enter the gross amount received as royalties. It a deduction is claimed for depletion, it should be reported as item 26, page 1.
- 13. Gains and losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets and other property.—The computation of gains and losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets and property other than capital assets should be made on separate Schedule D. Every sale or exchange of property, even though no gain or loss is indicated, must be reported in detail. If for any taxable year the net long-term capital gain exceeds the net short-term capital loss, or in case of only a net-long term capital gain, a computation of the alternative tax should be made on separate Schedule D.

The results computed on separate Schedule D must be shown in appropriate item and line, pages 1 and 3 of Form 1120.

For further information relating to gains and losses from sales or exchanges of property, see instructions on back of separate Schedule D.

- 14. Other income.—List all other income not reported elsewhere in the return. War loss recoveries received during the year should be determined in accordance with section 127 (c) and the applicable regulations.
- 18. Rent.—Enter rent paid or accrued for business property in which the corporation has no equity.
- 19. Repairs.—Enter the cost of incidental repairs, including labor, supplies, and other items, which do not add to the value or appreciably prolong the life of the property. Expenditures for new buildings, machinery, equipment, or for permanent improvements or betterments which increase the value of the property are chargeable to capital account. Expenditures for restoring or replacing property are not deductible, as such expenditures are chargeable to capital accounts or to depreciation reserve, depending on how depreciation is charged on the books of the corporation.
- 20. Bad debts.—Bad debts may be treated in either of two ways—(1) by a deduction from income in respect of debts which become worthless in whole or in part, or (2) by a deduction from income of a reasonable addition to a reserve for bad debts.

A taxpayer filing a first return of income may select either of the two methods, which method must be followed in returns for subsequent years, unless permission is granted by the Commissioner to change to the other method. Application for permission to change the method shall be made in writing at least 30 days prior to the close of the taxable year for which it is desired to effect the change.

Worthless debts arising from unpaid wages, salaries, rents, and similar items of taxable income, will not be allowed as a deduction unless the income such items represent has been included in the return of income for the year for which the deduction as a bad debt is sought to be made or for a previous year.

For treatment of bad debts of a mutual savings bank not having capital stock represented by shares, a domestic building and loan association, and a cooperative bank without capital stock organized and operated for mutual purposes and without profit, see section 23 (k) (1) and the regulations thereunder.

- 21. Interest.—Enter interest paid or accrued on business indebtedness. Do not include in item 21 interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations (other than obligations of the United States issued after September 24, 1917, and originally subscribed for by the taxpayer) the interest upon which is wholly exempt from taxation.
- 22. Taxes.—Enter taxes paid or accrued during the taxable year and fill in Schedule G. Do not include Federal income, warprofits, and excess-profits taxes; estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes; foreign or possession income taxes if any credit is claimed in item 36, page 1; taxes assessed against local benefits tending to increase the value of the property assessed; Federal taxes paid on bonds containing a tax-free covenant, nor taxes not imposed upon the taxpayer.
- 23. Contributions or gifts paid.—Enter contributions or gifts actually paid within the taxable year to or for the use of (1) the United States, any State, Territory, or any political subdivision thereof or the District of Columbia, or any possession of the United States, for exclusively public purposes; (2) a corporation, trust, or community chest, fund, or foundation, created or organized in the United States or in any possession thereof or under the law of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or of the District of Columbia, or of any possession of the United States, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, veteran rehabilitation service, literary, or educational purposes or the prevention of cruelty to children (but in the case of contributions or gifts to a trust, chest, fund, or foundation only if such contributions or gifts are to be used within the United States or any of its possessions exclusively for such purposes), no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation; or (3) posts or organizations of war veterans, or auxiliary units of, or trusts or foundations for, any such posts or organizations, if such posts, organizations, units, trusts, or foundations are organized in the United States or any of its possessions, and if no part of their net earnings inure to the

benefit of any private shareholder or individual. The amount claimed shall not exceed 5 percent of the corporation's net income as computed without the benefit of this deduction. In the case of a corporation on the accrual basis, any contribution or gift will, at the election of the taxpayer, made at the time the return is filed, be considered as paid during the taxable year if payment is actually made on or before the fifteenth day of the third month following the close of the taxable year, and if the contribution or gift has during the taxable year been authorized by the board of directors of the corporation. A copy of such authorization must be attached to the return. Do not deduct as a business expense charitable contributions which come within the above description, but which might be unallowable in whole or in part, because of the limitation contained in section 23 (q). List organizations and amounts contributed to each in Schedule H.

- 24. Losses by fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or theft.—Enter losses of property sustained during the year, arising from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft. Losses should be explained in an attached schedule setting forth a description of the property, date acquired, cost, subsequent improvements, depreciation allowable since acquisition, insurance, salvage value, and deductible loss.
- 25. Depreciation.—The amount deductible on account of depreciation is an amount reasonably measuring the portion of the investment in depreciable property (1) used in the trade or business, or (2) held for production of income, by reason of exhaustion, wear and tear, including a reasonable allowance for obsolescence, which is properly chargeable for the year. If the property was acquired by purchase on or after March 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation should be determined upon the basis of the original cost (not replacement cost) of the property, and the probable number of years remaining of its expected useful life. In case the property was purchased prior to March 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation will be determined in the same manner, except that it will be computed on its original cost, less depreciation sustained prior to March 1, 1913, or its fair market value as of that date, whichever is greater. If the property was acquired in any other manner than by purchase, see section 114. The capital sum to be recovered should be charged off ratably over the useful life of the property. Whatever plan or method of apportionment is adopted must be reasonable and must have due regard to operating conditions during the taxable year and should be described in the return. Stocks, bonds, and like securities are not subject to depreciation within the meaning of the law.
- If a deduction is claimed on account of depreciation, fill in Schedule I. In case obsolescence is included, state separately amount claimed and basis upon which it is computed. Cost or value of land must not be included in this schedule, and where land and buildings were purchased for a lump sum the cost of the building subject to depreciation must be established. The adjusted property accounts and the accumulated depreciation shown in the schedule should be reconciled with those accounts as reflected on the books of the taxpayer. (See sections 23 (1) and 114.)

For treatment of depreciation allowed (in excess of amount allowable) which did not result in reduction of income or excess profits taxes, see instructions on back of separate Schedule D.

- 26. Depletion of mines, oil and gas wells, timber, etc.—If a deduction is claimed on account of depletion, procure from the District Director: Form M (mines and other natural deposits), Form O (oil and gas), or Form T (timber), fill in and file with return. If complete valuation data have been filed with questionnaire in previous years, then file with your return information necessary to bring your depletion schedule up to date, setting forth in full statement of all transactions bearing on deductions from or additions to value of physical assets during the taxable year with explanation of how depletion deduction for the taxable year has been determined. (See section 23 (m) and section 114 (b).) For any taxable year ending after December 31, 1950, expenditures to be deferred and deducted ratably under the election provided in sections 23 (cc) (2), relating to certain expenditures in the development of mines, and 23 (ff) (2), relating to deductions for mine exploration, are not to be taken into account in determining the adjusted basis for property for the purpose of computing a deduction for depletion under section 114. See note under Schedule J for information to be submitted in the case of expense deductions for development and exploration of mines, and oil and gas wells.
- 27. Amortization.—If the corporation elects the deduction with respect to the amortization of the adjusted basis of (a) any emergency facility with respect to which the Government has issued a certificate of necessity, or (b) a grain storage facility, a statement of the pertinent facts should be filed with its election. (See sections 124A and 124B and the regulations thereunder.)

- 28. Advertising.—Enter in item 28 the total amount paid or incurred during the year for advertising. Expenditures for advertising, to be deductible, must be ordinary and necessary and bear a reasonable relation to the business activities in which the corporation is engaged.
- 29 (a). Amounts contributed under a pension, annuity, stock bonus, or profit-sharing plan.—Enter in item 29 (a) the total amount deductible under section 23 (p). A corporation claiming a deduction under section 23 (p) must submit with its return, in addition to the information specified in the regulations concerning such deduction, a statement with respect to each plan showing the type of plan, i. e., pension, annuity, profit-sharing, stock bonus, or other plan deferring the receipt of compensation, whether or not the plan is qualified under section 165 (a), and the method of funding, i. e., individual annuity or insurance contracts, group annuity contract, group permanent contract, or self-insured trust. If not funded, so indicate.
- 29 (b). Amounts contributed under other employee benefit plans.—Enter in item 29 (b) deductions for contributions to employee benefit plans other than those claimed in item 29 (a), such as insurance, health, or welfare plan. Submit with the return a schedule for each plan showing (1) the nature of benefits, i. e., group term life insurance, group permanent life insurance, non-insured death benefit, hospitalization, surgical, medical, sickness, accident, major medical expense, or other welfare benefits; (2) method of financing, i. e., insured, industry or area wide fund, self-insured fund, or direct benefit payments; (3) the amount of deduction; (4) the amount of employee contributions; (5) the number of employees covered; and (6) if a self-insured plan, the amount of benefits paid during the taxable year. Also show the number of employees employed by the corporation.
- 30. Other deductions authorized by law.—Enter in item 30 any other authorized deductions for which no space is provided on the return. Any deduction claimed should be explained in Schedule J. See note under Schedule J for information to be submitted in case of expense deductions for development and exploration of mines, and oil and gas wells.

Do not deduct losses incurred in transactions which were neither connected with the corporation's trade or business nor entered into for profit.

No deduction is allowable for the amount of any item or part thereof allocable to a class of exempt income, other than interest. Items directly attributable to such exempt income shall be allocated thereto, and items directly attributable to any class of taxable income shall be allocated to such taxable income. If an item is indirectly attributable both to taxable income and exempt income, a reasonable proportion thereof, determined in the light of all the facts and circumstances in each case, shall be allocated to each. Apportionments must in all cases be reasonable. A taxpayer receiving any exempt income, other than interest, or holding any property or engaging in any activity the income from which is exempt, shall submit with its return as a part thereof an itemized statement, in detail, showing (1) the amount of each class of exempt income, and (2) the amount of expense items allocated to each such class (the amount allocated by apportionment being shown separately).

In the case of mutual savings banks, cooperative banks, and domestic building and loan associations, any amounts paid or credited to the accounts of depositors or holders of accounts as dividends on their deposits or withdrawable accounts, if such amounts may be withdrawn on demand subject only to customary notice of intention to withdraw, are allowable deductions in computing net income.

A special deduction in computing net income is allowed a mutual savings bank not having capital stock represented by shares, a domestic building and loan association, or a cooperative bank without capital stock organized and operated for mutual purposes and without profit, for repayment during the taxable year of loans made before September 1, 1951, by the United States or its wholly owned agencies, or by a mutual fund established under the authority of State law. (See section 3797 (a) for definition of the term "domestic building and loan association.")

33. Net operating loss deduction.—In determining the net operating loss deduction for any taxable year, the aggregate of the net operating loss carry-overs and carry-backs to such year is reduced by the excess of the net income for the year computed with the adjustments described in (a), (b), and (c), below, over the normal-tax net income computed without regard to the net operating loss deduction, without the credit for dividends paid on certain preferred stock of a public utility and without the credit allowable to Western Hemisphere trade corporations. The net operating loss deduction claimed on a return is computed without regard to carry-backs from succeeding years (a claim must be filed with respect to such carry-backs). Section 122 provides detailed rules for the computation of the net operating loss deduction.

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A net operating loss is the excess of the deductions allowed by chapter 1 over the gross income, taking into consideration the following adjustments:

- (a) The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the amount which would be allowed if computed without reference to discovery value or to percentage depletion under section 114 (b) (2), (3), or (4):
- (b) There shall be included in computing gross income the amount of interest received which is wholly exempt from the taxes imposed by chapter 1, decreased by the amount of interest paid or accrued which is not allowed as a deduction by section 23 (b), relating to interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry certain tax-exempt obligations; and
 - (c) No net operating loss deductions shall be allowed

If the taxable year in which the net operating loss is sustained begins on or after January 1, 1948, and before January 1, 1950, the net operating loss is carried back to the two preceding taxable years and carried over to the three succeeding taxable years. The net operating loss is carried back first to the earliest year to which it may be carried and to the extent that it exceeds the net income of such year is, in general, carried to the next earliest year, etc. If the taxable year in which the net operating loss is sustained begins on or after January 1, 1950, the net operating loss is carried back first to the preceding taxable year and to the extent that it exceeds the net income of such year is carried over to the five succeeding taxable years. If a corporation's first taxable year began in 1949 and ended in 1950, the net operating loss for that year may also be carried over to the five succeeding taxable years, but the amount of the carry-over to the fourth and fifth succeeding taxable years cannot exceed an amount which bears the same ratio to the net operating loss as the number of days in the loss year falling after December 31, 1949, is of the total number of days in the loss year. In other words, the amount of the carry-over to the fourth and fifth succeeding taxable years is limited to such part of the net operating loss as is properly allocable to 1950.

In determining the amount of net operating loss not used in an earlier year but available to be carried to another year, the set income of the earlier year is computed (1) with the adjustments described in (a) and (b), above, and (2) by determining the net operating loss deduction for such earlier year without regard to such net operating loss and without regard to the reduction described in the first paragraph of instruction 33. Only the portion of a net operating loss which is not used as a carry-back may be carried over. For example, a net operating loss stained in the calendar year 1950 must first be carried back to 1949. The portion unused as a carry-back to 1949 may be carried over to 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, and 1955.

Section 362 (b) provides that no net operating loss deduction shall be allowed in the case of a regulated investment company.

Every corporation claiming a net operating loss deduction for any taxable year shall file with its return for such year a detailed schedule showing the computation of the net operating loss deduction.

- If the corporation desires prompt payment for refund attributable to a net operating loss carry-back an application for a tentative adjustment should be filed on Form 1139 within 12 months after the close of the taxable year in which the net operating loss is sustained.
- 34. Net income.—Under the provisions of section 47 (c) (1), if a corporation changes its accounting period, the net income for the short period between the close of the old accounting period and the date designated as the close of the new period shall be placed on an annual basis by multiplying the amount thereof by 12 and dividing by the number of months in the short period. The tax shall be such part of the tax computed on such annual basis as the number of months in the short period is of 12 months. Section 47 (c) (2) provides, however, that a taxpayer may file an application to reduce the tax by establishing the amount of its actual net income for the period of 12 months beginning with the first day of the short period, computing the tax on such net income, and taking as the tax such part of the tax so computed as the income determined for the short period is of the income for the 12 months, or if a corporation prior to the end of the 12-month period distributed substantially all its assets, then, in order to determine in actual 12-month income experience, there shall be used the 12-month period ending with the last day of the short period may claim in its return the benefits of section 47 (c) (2), provided an application has been filed. The tax cannot be reduced below the amount of tax which would be due if the income for the short period was not placed on an annual basis.
- 36. Credit for taxes.—If, in accordance with section 131 (a), a credit is claimed by a domestic corporation in item 36, page 1, on account of income, war-profits and excess-profits taxes paid or accrued to a foreign country or a possession of the United States, Form 1118 should be submitted with the return, together with the receipt for each such tax payment. In case credit is sought for taxes accrued but not paid, the form must have attached to it a certified copy of the return on which each such accrued tax was based, and the Commissioner may require a bond on Form 1119 as a condition precedent to the allowance of a credit for such accrued taxes. Foreign corporations, domestic corporations entitled to the benefits of section 251, and corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, are not allowed this credit.

TAX COMPUTATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Normai-tax income.—The term "normal-tax net income" means the adjusted net income minus the sum of the following
- (a) The credit for dividends received provided in section 26 (b). The dividends-received credit is an amount equal to the sum of—
- (1) 85 percent of all dividends received from a domestic corporation subject to the income tax, other than dividends received on the preferred stock of a public utility;
- (2) 62 percent, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1952, and prior to April 1, 1954 (59 percent for taxable years beginning on or after April 1, 1954), of the amount received as dividends on the preferred stock of a public utility which is subject to the income tax; and
- (3) 85 percent of dividends received from certain foreign corporations. Section 26 (b) provides for a dividends received credit in the case of dividends received from a foreign corporation (other than a foreign personal holding company) which is subject to the income tax if, (1) for an uninterrupted period of not less than 36 months (or the entire period the foreign corporation was in existence if such period is less than 36 months) ending with the close of the foreign corporation's taxable year in which such dividends are paid, the foreign corporation has been engaged in trade or business within the United States, and (2) during such period, 50 percent or more of the gross income of the foreign corporation has been derived from sources within the United States. See section 26 (b) for certain limitations in the amount of this credit.

In no event is the total credit allowed by section 26 (b) to exceed 85 percent of the adjusted net income computed without regard to the net operating loss deduction provided in section 23 (s). For the purpose of computing the dividends-received credit, the whole or any part of a dividend received in property other than money will be considered as a dividend to the extent

- of the adjusted basis of such property in the hands of the distributing company at the time of distribution increased in the amount of gain or decreased in the amount of loss recognized to the distributing company by reason of such distribution, subject, however, to the applicable limitations provided in section 26 (b). The credit allowed by 26 (b) may not be allowed in respect of dividends received from a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, or from a corporation which under section 251 is taxable only on its gross income from sources within the United States by reason of its receiving a large percentage of its gross income from sources within a possession of the United States.
- (b) In the case of a public utility, the credit for dividends paid on its preferred stock provided in section 26 (h). The credit under section 26 (h) is an amount equal to 27 percent, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1952, and prior to April 1, 1954 (30 percent for taxable years beginning on or after April 1, 1954), of the lesser of (1) the amount of dividends paid on the preferred stock of a public utility company, or (2) the excess of the adjusted net income of the public utility company over its dividends-received credit provided in section 26 (b).
- (c) In the case of a Western Hemisphere trade corporation (as defined in section 109), the credit provided in section 26 (i). A credit is allowed equal to 27 percent, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1952, and prior to April 1, 1954 (30 percent for taxable years beginning on or after April 1, 1954), of the normal-tax net income of the Western Hemisphere trade corporation computed without regard to the credit provided in section 26 (i).
- 2. Rates on normal-tax net income.—Section 13 (b) provides a normal tax of 30 percent, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1952, and prior to April 1, 1954 (25 percent for taxable years beginning on or after April 1, 1954), upon the

normal-tax net income of every corporation (except (1) those expressly exempt from taxation; (2) insurance companies; (3) nonresident foreign corporations; and (4) regulated investment companies).

- 3. Surtax net income.—The term "corporation surtax net/income" means the net income minus the sum of the credits allowable against adjusted net income in computing the normal-tax net income (see paragraph 1 (a), (b), and (c) of this part of instructions).
- 4. Rates on surtax net income.—Section 15 (b) imposes a surtax of 22 percent upon the corporation surtax net income of every corporation (except (1) those expressly exempt from taxation; (2) insurance companies; (3) nonresident foreign corporations; and (4) regulated investment companies).

Section 141 provides that in any case in which a consolidated return is made or required to be made, the surtax imposed under section 15 shall be increased by 2 percent of the consolidated corporation surtax net income of the affiliated group of includible corporations. However, in the case of an affiliated group of corporations including one or more Western Hemisphere trade corporations filing a consolidated return, the 2 percent additional tax is applied on the amount by which the consolidated corporation surtax net income of the affiliated group exceeds the portion of the consolidated corporation surtax net income attributable to the Western Hemisphere trade corporations. If the consolidated corporation is less than zero, the 2 percent additional tax is applied against the consolidated corporation surtax net income of the entire affiliated group, including the Western Hemisphere trade corporations.

For disallowance of the \$25,000 exemption from surtax in cases in which the major purpose of the transfer of property was to obtain such exemption and the \$25,000 minimum excess profits credit, see General Instructions G-(3) and G-(4).

- 5. Insurance companies other than life or mutual.—All insurance companies (other than life or mutual insurance companies or foreign insurance companies not carrying on an insurance business within the United States), including mutual marine insurance companies, and mutual fire insurance companies issuing perpetual policies, are subject to the taxes imposed by section 204 (a) (1) at the rates specified in section 13 (b) and in section 15 (b). The net income of such insurance companies is defined in section 204 (b) (2), and differs from the net income of other corporations. For what constitutes normal-tax net income, see section 15 (a). In computing the normal-tax net income, see section 15 (a). In computing the normal-tax net income and corporation surtax net income, the credits provided in section 26 shall be allowed in the manner and to the extent provided in section 13 (a) and section 15 (a).
- 6. Life insurance departments of mutual savings banks.—A mutual savings bank authorized under State law to conduct a life insurance business and which conducts such business in a separate department the accounts of which are maintained separately from the other departments of the bank is taxable under section 110 provided the life insurance department would, if it were treated as a separate corporation, qualify as a life insurance company under section 201 (b).

The tax consists of the sum of—(1) a partial tax computed under sections 13 and 15 upon the net income of the bank determined without regard to any items of income or deductions properly allocable to the life insurance department; and (2) a partial tax upon the net income (computed as provided in section 201 (c)) of the life insurance department determined without regard to any items of income or deductions not properly allocable to such department at the rates and in the manner provided in Supplement G with respect to life insurance companies.

Tax computation.—A mutual savings bank for the purpose of computing the first partial tax should use Form 1120 filling in all applicable items (except items 38 and 39, page 1) and schedules. The first partial tax should be computed by using the Tax Computation schedule on page 3 of Form 1120. For the purpose of computing the second partial tax Form 1120L should be used and the tax so computed should be entered in item 38, page 1,

Form 1120, as the second partial tax by striking out the present wording of that item and inserting appropriate identification. The sum of items 37 and 38, page 1, Form 1120, will constitute the tax due. Form 1120L properly filled in should be attached to and made a part of Form 1120 and properly identified as an accompanying schedule. However, any Form 1120L so used need not be separately executed under the penalty of perjury.

7. Resident foreign corporations.—Section 231 (b) provides for a tax on foreign corporations engaged in trade or business within the United States computed at the rates provided in sections 13 (b) and 15 (b). See paragraphs 2 and 4 of this part of instructions.

TAX ON REGULATED INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Method of taxation.—An investment company satisfying the requirements of section 361, and filing with its return an election to be a regulated investment company, will be taxable under Supplement Q if it distributes during the taxable year to its shareholders as taxable dividends, other than capital gain dividends, an amount not less than 90 percent of its net income for the taxable year computed without regard to net long-term and net short-term capital gains, and complies for such year with prescribed rules and regulations for the purpose of ascertaining the actual ownership of its outstanding stock.

Supplement Q net income.—The term "Supplement Q net income" means the adjusted net income (computed by excluding the excess, if any, of the net long-term capital gain over the net short-term capital loss, and without the net operating loss deduction provided in section 23 (s)), minus the basic surtax credit (excluding capital gain dividends) computed under section 27 (b) without the application of paragraphs (2) and (3). For the purposes of this paragraph, the net income shall be computed without regard to section 47 (c) (relating to income placed on an annual basis).

Supplement Q surtax net income.—The term "Supplement Q surtax net income" means the net income (computed by excluding the excess, if any, of the net long-term capital gain over the net short-term capital loss, and without the net operating loss deduction provided in section 23 (s)), minus the dividends (other than capital gain dividends) paid during the taxable year increased by the consent dividends credit provided by section 28. For the purposes of this paragraph the amount of dividends paid shall be computed in the same manner as provided in subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (i) of section 27 for the purpose of the basic surtax credit provided in section 27; and the net income shall be computed without regard to section 47 (c) (relating to income placed on an annual basis).

Capital gain dividend.—Section 362 (b) (7) defines the term "Capital gain dividend" as any dividend or part thereof which is designated by the company as a capital gain dividend in a written notice mailed to its shareholders at any time prior to the expiration of 30 days after close of its taxable year. If the aggregate amount so designated with respect to a taxable year of the company is greater than the excess of the net long-term capital gain over the net short-term capital loss of the taxable year, the portion of each distribution which shall be a capital gain dividend shall be only that proportion of the amount so designated which such excess of the net long-term capital gain over the net short-term capital loss bears to the aggregate amount so designated. Submit a copy of written notice to stockholders.

When dividends are considered paid.—For the purposes of subsection (b) of section 362, any dividend or portion thereof which is declared after the close of the taxable year and prior to the time for the filing of the return for such taxable year (including the period of any extension of time granted for filing such return) shall, to the extent the company so elects in its return, be treated as having been paid during such taxable year provided that the distribution of such dividend (the entire dividend declared, and not merely the portion covered by the election) is actually made to its shareholders within the 12-month period following such taxable year and not later than the date of the first regular dividend payment made after such declaration.

FACSIMILES OF TAX RETURNS FOR 1953

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Tax computation.—A regulated investment company should	one shown below in lieu of the computation schedule on page 3 of Form 1120:
compute its tax by using a computation schedule similar to the	of Form 1120:

1. Adjusted net income computed under section 362 (b) (1) (item 32, page 1, less the sum of lines (a) and (b), column 3, Schedule C-1, and item 13 (b), page 1, Form 1120).	\$
2. Less: Basic surfax credit (excluding capital gain dividends) computed without regard to paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 27 (b)	
3. Supplement Q net income	16
4. Normal tax (percent of line 3) (see Note below)	\$
5. Net income computed under section 362 (b) (2) (item 32, page 1, less item 13 (b), page 1, Form 1120)	\$
6. Less: Dividends (other than capital gain dividends) paid, including consent dividends credit	i
7. Supplement Q surtax net income	e
8. Surtax (22 percent of the excess of line 7 over \$25,000).	\$
9. Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss (item 13 (b), page 1, Form 1120)	s
10. Less: Capital gain dividends paid	
11. Excess subject to tax	¢
12. Tax (25 percent of line 11)	\$
13. Total tax in lines 4, 8, and 12. (Enter as item 35, page 1, Form 1120)	\$

Note.—Thirty percent for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1952, and before April 1, 1954; 25 percent for taxable years beginning on or after April 1, 1954.

SCHEDULE D (Form 1120) U. S. Tressury Department Internal Revenue Service 1953

SCHEDULE OF GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF PROPERTY

For Calendar Year 1953

or fi	iscal year be	ginning		, 1953, and en	ding	, 1954	
Name and address							
Description of Property	2. Date Acquired	3. Date Sold	4. Gross Sales Price (Contract price)	5. Depreciation Allowed (or allowable) Since Acquisition or March 1, 1913 (Furnish	6. Cost or Other Basis and Cost of Improvements Sub- sequent to Acquisition of	7. Expense of Sale	8. Gain or Loss (Column 4 plus column 5 less the sum of columns 6 and 7)
	1	1 .	L GAINS AND LOSS	details) ES-ASSETS HELD FOI	march 1, 1919	1	
1			<u> </u>	<u>e</u>	c	 s	s
1			Ψ	Ψ	Ψ		Ψ
2. Unused net capital le	oss carry-o	ver from	five preceding tax	able years (attach s	tatement)		
3. Total of short-term	apital gai	ns or loss	es or difference be	tween short-term ca	pital gains and los	scs	\$
	LONG-	TERM CAI	PITAL GAINS AND LO	DSSES ASSETS HELD I	FOR MORE THAN 6 I	KONTHS	I_
4			\$	\$	\$	\$	 \$
			 		-		
		.	ļ				
5. Total of long-term c	apital gair	is or loss	es or difference bet	tween long-term cap	oital gains and loss	ics	· · Þ
			SUMMARY OF	CAPITAL GAINS AND	LOSSES		
		Class	ification			Gain or Loss To Be Tak	en Into Account (b) Loss
. N 1			1: 9				(0) LUSS
 Net short-term capit Net long-term capita 					\$	\$	
7. Net long-term capita 8. Net short-term capit	•				capital	Ψ-	
), page 1, Form 112			******
9. Net long-term capita	l gain (lir	nc 7, col.	(a)) reduced by	any net short-term	capital	ļ _	
loss (line 6, col. (D. Excess of losses over	b)). Ente	r here ar	id as item 13 (b) ,	page 1, Form 1120) \$		*******
O. EXCESS OF IOSSES OVER	gains in i	-		RNATIVE TAX FOR CA		<u> </u>	
		COM	PUINTION OF ALIE	RNATIVE TAX FOR CA	LENDAR YEAR 1553	Г	
1. Surtax net income (li	ine 5, page	3, Form	1120)*				 -
				et short-term capit			
 Surtax net income fo Combined normal tax 						·····	
				cent if a consolidat	ed return)		
Over \$25,000. C	ompute 52	percent o	of line 13 (54 per	cent if a consolidat	ted return). Subt	ract \$5,500 \$_	
Enter differen	ce						
				ot interest; enter 30			
and (0), 6. Partial tax	Column	, Schedul	e C-1, Form 1120	, but not in excess	or 30 percent of in		
7. 26 percent of line 12	2.,,,,						
8. Alternative tax (line	16 plus li					\$_	
9. Normal tax and surt						\$_	
0. Tax liability (line 18	or 19, wi			THER THAN CAP		U	
	2. Date	3. Date Sold				1	8, Gain or Loss (Column
1. Description of Property	Acquired Mo. Day Yea	Mo. Day Year	4. Gross Sales Price (Contract price)	5. Depreciation Allowed (or allowable) Since Acquisition or March 1, 1913 (Furnish details)	Cost of Improvements Sub sequent to Acquisition o March 1, 1913	7. Expense of Sale	plus column 5 less the sur of columns 6 and 7)
	_						
1			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

		ļ					

B					·		
2. Total net gain (or lo	oss). Ente	r here an	id as item 13 (c).	page 1, Form 1120.			S
							[4
State with respect t	o each ite						
		(2)	whether at time	of sale or exchange	(a) purchaser ow	ned directly or inc	lirectly more than 5
ercent in value of your nd 50 percent in value (outstandii	ng stock,	(o) where purcha	ectly or indirectly t	ion, more than 50	percent in value	of its capital stoc
urchaser was a corpora							
If	so, state n	ame and	address of purcha	ser			
*Where credits allowable und if the total net long-term capital g	er section 26 (ain or excess o	b), (h), and f total net lo	d (i) are limited to perce ong-term capital gain over	ntages of net income, such	credits must be based upo	on a net income which ha	s been reduced by the amou

INSTRUCTIONS

Companies taxable under section 204 and having losses from capital assets sold or exchanged in order to obtain funds to meet abnormal insurance losses, etc., shall attach a schedule corresponding to Schedule E, Form 1120M.

For companies taxable under section 204 or section 207 (a) (1) or (3), "net capital loss" means the amount by which the losses for the taxable year from sales or exchanges of capital assets exceed the sum of the gains from such sales or exchanges and the lesser of (1) the corporation sector are timeous (computed without regard to gains or losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets) or

Gains and losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets and other property.—Report sales or exchanges of capital assets and sales or exchanges of property other than capital assets in Schedule D on other side. Every sale or exchange of property, even though so gain or loss may be indicated, asset be reported in detail.

Losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets shall be allowed only to the extent of gains from such sales or exchanges. However, the amount of a net capital loss sustained in any taxable year may be carried over to each of the five succeeding taxable years and treated in each such succeeding taxable year as a short-term capital loss to the extent not allowed as a deduction against say net capital gains of any taxable year intervening between the taxable year in which the net capital loss was sustained and the taxable year to which carried.

Definition of capital assets.—The term "capital assets" means property held by the taxpayer (whether or not connected with his trade or business), but does not include (a) stock in trade of the taxable year or other property be included in the inventory of the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of his trade or business, or (a character which is subject to the allowance for dependent on the trade or business, or (a character which is subject to the allowance for dependent on provided in section 23 (1), or real property used in the trade or business, or (a character which is subject to the allowance for dependent on provided in section 23 (1), or real property used in the trade or business, or (a character which is subject to the allowance for dependent on provided in section 23 (1), or real property used in the trade or of the property of the property used in the trade or business, of a character which is subject to the allowance for dependent of capital section provided in section 23 (1), or real property used in the trade or business of the taxpayer; or (c) a copyright; a literary, musical, or artistic composition, or simi

held for 6 months or less, and the phrase "long-term" to the entergory of gains and losses arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for atore than 6 months.

Enter full description of each item of property sold or exchanged, even though no gain or loss may be indicated. Such description should include the following facts: (a) For real extate, location and description of land, description of improvements, details explaining depreciation; (b) for bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, name of issuing corporation, description of the particular issue, denomination, and amount; (c) for stocks, name of issuing corporation, class of stock, mamber of shares, and capital changes affecting basis (anotaxable stock dividends, other soutaxable distributions, stock rights, etc.).

The "basis" for the property is not subject to the same rule for reporting gains as for losses, if the property was acquired before March 1, 1913. If the property sold or exchanged was acquired prior to March 1, 1913, the basis of determining GAIN is the cost or the fair market value as of March 1, 1913, adjected as provided in section 113 (b), whichever is greater, but in determining LOSS the basis is cost so adjusted. If property was acquired after February 28, 1913, basis for both gain and loss is the cost of such property, except as otherwise provided by section 113. The exceptions arise chiefly where property was acquired by gift, bequest, tax-free exchange, involuntary conversion, or wash sale of stock; and in such cases section 113 provides the basis that shall be used. If the amount shown as the basis is other than actual cash cost of the property was doment shown as the basis is other than actual cash cost of the property was acquired by gift, bequest, tax-free exchange, involuntary conversion, or wash sale of stock; and in such cases section 113 provides the basis that shall be used. If the amount shown is the basis and shall be desired or acquired before that the temporary vas acquired before that date. For any period

or indirectly, more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding stock; or (except in the case of distributions in liquidation) between two corporations more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding stock of each of which is owned, directly or indirectly, by or for the same individual, if either one of such corporations, with respect to the taxable year of the corporation percoding the date of the sale or exchange was, under the laws applicable to such taxable year, (1) a personal holding company, as defined in section 351, or (2) a foreign percoant holding company, as defined in section 501, or (2) a foreign percoant holding company, as defined in section 351. (See paragraph (10) and (C) of section 24 (b).) (For the purpose of determining the ownership of stock, in applying this paragraph, see section 24 (b) (2).)

Gain on teles by a "controllad" corporation.—If (1) property is sold or exchanged after lday 3, 1951, by a corporation to one or more of its shareholders, and (2) the property in the hands of such shareholders is depreciable purporty, and (3) such shareholders, their spouses, and their minor children and minor grandchildren own more than 80 percent in value of the outstanding stock of the corporation, then any gain on such sale or exchange shall not be treated as gain from the sale or exchange of property which is a capital saset or of property which is described in section 117 (1).

Gains and lesses from involuntary conversion and from the sale or exchange

which is described in section 117 (j).

Gains and losses from involuntary conversion and from the sale or exchange of cartain property sand in the snale or business.—The term "property used in the trade or business as used in section 117 (j) means property used in the trade or business as used in section 117 (j) means property used in the trade or business, and concern that of mouths, and seal property used in the trade or business, held for more than 6 months, and seal property used in the trade or business, held for more than 6 months, and seal property used in the trade or business, held for more than 6 months, which is not (a) property of a bind which would properly be includible in the inventory of the taxpaper of an hand at the close of the taxpable year or (b) property held by the taxpaper primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of his trade or business. Such term also includes timber or coal with respect to which section 117 (j) (3) applies. Such term also includes livestock (that not pountry) held for darft, breeding, or dairy purposes and held for 12 months or more from the date of acquisition.

Sertion 117 (j) required respects transparent for the noise and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and because of the series and series and series are s

date of acquisition.

Section 117 (j) provides special treatment for the gains and losses upon the sale or exchange of depreciable property and of land, held for more than 6 months, and for the gains and losses upon the compulsory or involuntary conversion of such depreciable property and land and of capital assets held for more than 6 months.

The method prescribed in section 117 (j) (2) is to trent such gains and losses during the translet year as gains and losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for more than 6 months, if the aggregate of such gains exceeds the aggregate of such gains exceeds the aggregate of such losses. If, however, the aggregate of such gains does not exceed the aggregate of such losses, such gains and losses shall not be treated as gains and losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for more than 6 months.

to moneter. In determining whether gains do or do not exceed leases, it is necessary to include the gains and losses to the extent that they would be included if they were all ordinary gains and losses. The limitations of section 117 (d) on the deductibility of capital losses do not operate to exclude any such losses from the computation as to the excess of gains over losses, but all such losses are included in full.

For special treatment of gain or loss upon the cutting of timber, or up disposal of timber or coal under a contract by which the owner retains a nomic interest in such timber or coal, see section 117 (k).

nomic interest in such timber or coal, see section 117 (k).

Alternative tex.—If for any taxable year the set long-term capital gain exceeds the set short-term capital loss or in case of only a set long-term capital gain, section 117 (c) (1) imposes an alternative tex in tieu of the normal tex and surtax imposed upon set income, if any, only if such tax is less than the tax imposed by sections 13 and 15 (relating to normal tex and surtax on corporations), sections 204 and 207 (a) (1) or (3) (relating to normal tex and surtax on insurance companies, other than life insurance companies), section 421 (relating to taxation of business income of certain section 101 organizations), and section 500 (relating to surtax on personal holding companies). The alternative tax is the sam of (1) a partial tax, computed at the normal tex and surtax cases on the net income decreased by the amount of the excess of the set long-term capital gain over the set short-term capital loss, and (2) 26 percent of such excess.

over the net short-term capital loss, and (2) 26 percent of such excess.

In computing the alternative tax under section 117 (c) (1) in cases where the credits allowable under the provisious of subscotions (b), (b), and (i) of section 26 are limited to or are percentages of net income, lines 11 and 12 on other side should be disregarded. In lieu of these lines, a computation should be made first reducing net income by the amount of the total net long-term capital gain over excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss and then redetermining such section 26 credits on the basis of the resulting reduced net income to derive the amount of the surtax net income for purposes of alternative tax to be inserted on line 13 on other side.

Bonds, atc., losses of banks.—In the case of a bank, as defined in section 104, if the losses of the trashle year from sales or exchanges of bonds, debentures, notes, or certificates, or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof) with interest compones or in registered from, exceed the gains from much sales or exchanges, such excess shall be considered as an ordinary loss and deductible in full against other income.

Dudors in securities. Capital gains and ordinary losses.—Under the provisions

(a) The amount of depectionation, exhaustion, wear and text, otherwise, and depletion actually sentained prior to March 1, 1913, if the property was soquired before that date.

Subsequent improvements include expenditures for additions, improvements, and replacements made to restore the property or prolong its useful file. Do not deduct ordinary repairs, interest, or taxes in computing gains or loss.

Losse so securities becoming workless.—If any securities (as defined below) become worthless within the taxable year and are capital sates, the loss resulting therefrom shall, in the case of a taxapper other than a bank, as defined in section 104, be considered as a loss from the sale or exchange, on the last day of such taxable year, of capital assets.—As used for the purpose of determining capital losses under section 23 (k), (3) and (5).

Definition of securities.—As used for the purpose of determining capital losses under section 25 (k) (2).

Definition of securities.—As used for the purpose of determining capital losses under section 25 (k) (3) and (5).

Lastes or stocker stock in the trappers hall not be deemed capital assets.

See section 28 (k) (3) and (5).

Lastes as stocker of stock in a corporation affiliated with the taxappers), or rights to subscribe for or to receive such shares, become worthless during the taxable year, of capital sates, the loss resulting therefrom shall be considered as a loss from the sale or exchange, on the last day of such taxable year, of capital sates, the loss resulting therefrom the taxapper shall not be deemed capital assets.

Lastes are stocker stock in a corporation affiliated with the taxappers), or rights to subscribe for or to receive such shares, become worthless during the taxable year, of capital sates, the loss resulting therefrom shall be considered as a non-from the sale or exchange of a spin share account of the trappers shall not be deemed capital assets. (See section 23 (g) (2) and (4).)

Lastes or stocker stock in goal assets, the loss resulting therefore t against other income.

Duders in securities. Capital gains and ordinary losses.—Under the provisions of section 117 (a), gain by a dealer in securities from the sale or exchange of a security, as defined in section 117 (a) (3), shall in no event be considered as gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset unless (a) the security is, prior to the expiration of the thirtieth day after its acquisition or of the thirtieth day after its acquisition or of the thirtieth day after Cotober 20, 1951, whichever is later, clearly identified in the dealer's records as a security sheld for investment; and (b) the society is not, at any time after the expiration of such thirtieth day, held by the dealer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of teade or business. A loss from the sale or exchange of a security shall, if section 117 (i) is not applicable, be comisdered a capital loss if at any time after November 19, 1951, the socurity was clearly identified in the dealer's record as a socurity held for investment.

Value tales of cabital assets.—For specific rules relating to the tax consequences

FACSIMILES OF TAX RETURNS FOR 1953

SCHEDULE EP (Form 1120) U. S. Treassey Department Internal Revenue Service COMPUTATION OF U. S. CORPORATION EXCESS PROFITS TAX FOR CALL ENDAR VE AP 1953 FOR CALENDAR YEAR 1953

Page 1 1953

or fiscal year beginning	, 1953, and ending		, 1954	
or meet heat negativers	T FLAIRLY CORPORATION'S NAME AND ADDRESS			
(Name)		etal mas pumber)	(State)	
Schedule EP-1.—EJ	KCESS PROFITS NET INCOME AND TAX COM	IPUTATION		_
Excess	PROFITS NET INCOME			
 Net income before net operating loss deduction (iten (Taxnavers on installment or long-term contract 	n 32, page 1, Form 1120)	5)		
2. Adjustment for interest on borrowed capital				
3. Deductions on account of retirement or discharge of	of bonds, etc.			
4. Deductions attributable to a grant or loan by a go	vernmental agency to encourage mining of certain :	ninerala		
5. Deductions under reserve method for bad debts, in				
6. Federal income and excess profits taxes paid by les				
7. Deductions attributable to technical services rende				
8. Adjustment for interest on certain Government ob	digations (see instructions for election under section	440 (c))		
			\$	
9. Total of lines 1 to 8, inclusive 10. Partially tax exempt interest (sum of lines (a) and	(6) solven 3 Schedule C-1, Form 1120)			
10. Partially tax exempt interest (sum of lines (a) and	(a), cumin o, remains o 2, 1 and received in kind.	(b) dividends received		
11. Dividends received (item 7, page 1, Form 1120) I from foreign personal holding companies, and (o	c) dividends received on stock which is not a capit	al smot		
12. Net operating loss deduction for excess profits tax				
13. Net gain from sale or exchange of capital assets (s	sum of items 13 (a) and 13 (b), page 1, Form 1120).			
14. Income from retirement or discharge of bonds, etc.				
15. Refunds and interest on Agricultural Adjustment				
16. Income from recovery of certain bad debts.				
17. Nontaxable income of certain industries with dep	letable resources (attach statement)			
18. Federal income and excess profits taxes received !				
19. Debts which actually became worthless during th				
19. Debts which actually became with the stands of the sta				
20. Adjustment for blocked foreign income (assess as 21. Income attributable to a grant or forgiveness of a	loan by a governmental agency to encourage mini	ng of certain minerals		
21. Income attributable to a grant or long veness of a 22. Income attributable to technical services rendered	d to valuted foreign cornerations			
	to make in aga corporation		<u> </u>	
23. Total of lines 10 to 22, inclusive	1. 1. 1. 1	ies (line 9 minus line 23).	\$	
24. Excess profits net income computed without rega				<u> </u>
25. Deductions applicable to life insurance companies	t life incurance commenies)		8	<u> </u>
26. Excess profits net income (line 24, or line 24 min (If return is for less than 12 months, see instru	nus line 25 in case of his hadrance company		.]	
(II return a tor reac state 12	TAX COMPUTATION			
27. Excess profits credit (line 56, Schedule EP-2; lin			1	i .
Listanos in contine blo)			= 	İ
(If credit is determined by reference to section	434 (d), section 459, sections 461 through 465 or section 474, Part IV, substitute the amount so			
computed. Indicate section or sections	, and attach statement.)		1	
28. Unused excess profits credit adjustment (attach	statement)		-	
29. Enter total of lines 27 and 28, or \$25,000, which			\$	
80. Adjusted excess profits net income (line 26 minu	us line 29)			
31. 30 percent of line 30				
32. 18 percent of line 26 (if a consolidated return, s	ee instructions)		-	-
33. If return is for one of the first five taxable year	s, indicate which year, and see instruc	:10115. ***		
(a) Enter applicable percentage			-	1
(b) Line 26, not in excess of \$300,000, multip	olied by percentage on line (a)	\$	-	
(c) Line 26, in excess of \$300,000, multiplied		·	=	
(d) Total of lines (b) and (c)			\$	-
24 Line 21 32 or 33 (d), whichever is less	for months of tool		_ \$ <u></u>	_
(If taxable year ends after December 31, 195 35. If excess profits tax is computed under section 4 check applicable section, and attach statemer		nount of tax so computed		-
36. Credit for income taxes paid to a foreign country				= =
37. Line 34 or 35, whichever is applicable, minus l			- \$	-
38. Amount, if any, due to application of section 4	52 (adjustment in case of position inconsistent with p	erior income tax liability).		-
30 Excess profits tax due (line 37 plus line 38,	or line 37 minus line 38, whichever is applicable).	Enter as item 38, page 1	, s	
Form 1120				

		chedule EP-2	EXC	35 P	ROFITS C	REDI	T BASED O	N INCO	ME			Page
			TAXABLE YEARS ENDING AFTER MARCH 21, 1946, AND BEFORE DECEM			ECEMBI	BR 1, 1980					
		1. CALENDAR Y OR YEAR END		2.0	ALENDAR YE		S. CALENDAR OR		4. CALENDAR		S. FISCAL YEAR YEAR	OR SHOR
		1 348 4.40		1	YEAR ENDE		YEAR RE	DED 1948	YEAR EN	DED 1949	Begun	1949
Line No.			1	-[1940		1949	Ended	1950
 Normal-tax net Net operating 	loss deduction med in	\$		8			8		8		\$	
3. Net loss to wh	ich section 117 (4) t-											
4. Deductions on a	ecount of retirement or			.								1
	onds, etcer reserve method for											
				-								
under long-ter	m lease			1	***************************************							
Repayment of pr	ocessing tax to vendece.											
8. Dividenda receiv	ed creditnent deductions, etc.]	-								
								-				
criming with d	ditures for intangible evelopment costs (at-					1						
11. Abnormal casus	ltv demolition and	-		·		.						
12 Other shows a	ttach statement)	-		ļ		.						
statement)	assessments paid by ral Deposit Insurance											
banks to Fede Corporation	ral Deposit Insurance					1 [
14. Capitalisation of	expenditures for ad-					·		[]				
(attach stateme	comotion of good will ent)			l		1 1						
15. Deductions attri	butable to technical					ļ[****					
16. Adjustment for in	iterest		•-		••••••							
17. Adjustment for h	ase period losses from								·	•		
18. Adjustment for	deposits under Mer-						·					
chant Marine A	ct	<u></u>	<u></u>			<u></u>						1
 Total of lines 1 to 1 Dividends received 	d (excluding dividends	\$		\$			\$ <u></u>		8		\$	
from foreign p	ersonal holding com					i i		1 1				
	stock which is not a	8		\$			•					
21. Net gain from sale	or exchange of capital			•	*************		4		ð		5	
 Income from retire bonds, etc. 	ement or discharge of							-		-		
23. Federal income ta	xee received by leasor		1[-		-		
under long-term 24. Debts which actus	ally became worthless	***************************************	-[-	····].		-
during the year, 25. Income attributabl	in the case of banks		·					-				
26. Adjustment for ce		***************************************	-				•	-		-		
27. Total of lines 20 to	26 inclusive	\$		\$			e		•			
8. Excess profits net computed without	income (or deficit)			*****		*****	ø <u></u>		8 <u></u>		\$ <u></u>	
tions applicable	to life insurance com-		li	_	1	i				1 1		1
a. Deductions applica	able to life insurance	3		\$			8		\$		\$	
0. Excess profits net	income. Line 28, or	·····	·:					<u></u>				
insurance compa	ne 29 in case of life							1 1		1 1		_
for deficit in any	year)	8	<u> </u>	8		!	8		8	<u> </u>	\$	
Lines 31 and 32 for use C	ONLY by taxpayers with for highest amounts on lin	r full calendar yea	ırs 1 946 (through	h 1 949, or fat	e full 6	scal years the l	ast of which	h ende Jan. 31, i	Feb. 28, or	Mar. 31, 1960.	1
2. Average base perio	d net income—General	e 3U	l divida	nd hw	9\				······································		\$ <u></u>	
Lines 33 through 38 for u	see ONLY by taxpayers with	h focal years begin	ning in	1949 .	nd ending s	fter M	arch 31, 1960, Ia	comelete	base period ever	{	8	<u></u> -
		ether credit is con	puted f	(300 or (a) <u>t</u>	instructions ase period [i)]; or (b) alternative pe	riod of 48	months ending !	March 31	intort taxable y	mare.
 (a) Monthly average number of month 	e (line 30 divided by	•	П							T T		
(b) Weighted month	hly average (for use	<u></u>	1	•	<u></u> l,	•				: <u></u> \$	S <u></u>	<u></u>
only by fiscal y alternative perio	year taxpayers using	*****				_						
4. Number of months	in each teveble year		••	- 1		*	****	* *	x	* x \$	S	
the alternative p	a) base period, or (b)		.							1		
Number of months (a	total of 36) selected								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
5. Line 33 multiplied i	by line 35 (fiscal year alternative period, see				1	<u> </u>		T- -		·		
instructions)	····	8	<u> </u>	\$		8				١.		
7. Sum of amounts on										8		
Average base period	d net income—General	average (amoun	t on li	ne 37	divided by	3)				s		
Lines 39 through 48 for us	e ONLY by tamevers claim	ing awaren bees -										
Total assets at heri	railable only to a taxpay	er which comme	nced p	usines	s prior to t	ne end	of its base pe	- 1-				
Fill in line 40 (a), (i	b), and (c) only if line 3	19 is \$20 000 000	1 or less			7	***************************************					
,,,,	·, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		OL 108			- 1	1. TOTAL PATRO	ы <u>т</u>	2. GROSS RECEI	779		
). (a) Last half of bas	e period					8.		- -				
(b) First half of bas	e period					- 1		3.				
(c) Percentage which	th line (a) is of line (b).	***************************************				- 1		%		%		
test regarding pro	ugh 48 only if line 40 (ducts not generally ava	c), column 1, is	130 pe	rcent	or more, o	r colu	mn 2 is 150	percent o	or more, or if	the		
. Excess pronts net in	icome for last 24 month	is in base period	L									
Line 41 divided by	2							ا و				
. Excess profits net in	come for last 12 month	as in base period						آه ا				
Excess profits not in	tits net income for first	of 1040	50 (see	instr	ictions)			l e				
. Sum of lines 44 and	come for last 6 months	Of 1848 (866 IN	cruetio	na)								
. Average base period	net income Alternati	ve based on gro	wth (li	ne 42	43, or 46	whiche	ver is larger	<u>[\$.</u>	*		т	
. 65 percent of line 47										\$ <u>.</u> \$.		
. 53 percent of line 32	or 38, whichever is app	olicable								\$		
. 12 percent of base p	eriod capital addition (l	line 15. Schedule	EP-2	(A)).						<u></u>		
Line 48 or line 51. w	1 50 hichever is applicable						·			8 <u>.</u>		
. 12 percent of net cap	pital addition for the ta	xable vear (line	20. Sci	bedule	EP-2 (B)	١				\$		
. Total of lines 52 and	1 53									·		·····
12 percent of net car	oral reduction for the t	axable year (line	e 24. Se	chedul	e EP-2 (R	1)						
	based on income (line	54 minus line 55). Ent.	er on	line 27 Rat	hadula	FP_1			1		·

Schedule EP-2 (A).—BASE PERIOD CAPITAL ADDITION

uting excess profits credit based on income. This schedule not to be used if average base period not income is based on growth (section 435 (e)) or is computed under section 443, 444, 445, or 446. For use of this schedule in connection with sections 442 and 449, see instructions

	1. FIRST TAXABLE ENDING AFTER JUNE 30, 1950		2. FIRST PRECED TAXABLE YEAR	ING B	3. SECOND PRECE TAXABLE YEA	DING B
has Na. 1. Total assets at beginning of year.	8		\$			Γ
2. Total habilities at Deginning of year	.1		1		ſ	i
o. Equity capital at beginning of year (this I milling line 2)	1.85		i e			
4. 75 percent of borrowed capital at beginning of year	V		V			
O. I Com of mics o and 4	1 5		I e			
6. Adjustment for interest on borrowed capital.	\$		6		P	
7. 75 percent of line 6	\$		6	******	*	
8. 75 percent of loans to members of controlled groups at beginning of year	•		4		0	
9. Inadmissible assets held at beginning of year reduced by 25 percent of the excess, if					l i	
o. Total of files 1, 5, and 9, but not more than amount on line 5	1 %		•			
1. Yearly base period capital (line 5 minus line 10)	\$	*****	\$		¢	
2. Excess, if any, of column 1, line 11, over the higher of: (a) column 2, line 11; or (b)	column 3. line 11		V		ę	
3. 50 percent of excess, if any, of (a) column 1, line 11, or (b) column 2, line 11, which	ever is lower over	r col	ımn 3 line 11		P	
4. Base period capital addition (sum of lines 12 and 13)		- 501	0, 1110 11		•	
5. 12 percent of line 14. Enter on line 50, Schedule EP-2.					•	

Schedule EP-2 (B).—TAXABLE YEAR CAPITAL ADDITION OR REDUCTION

_	accompanied by an increase in operating assets (section 435 (g)), see in	structions		occess in insamissi	NO 8.250
Line	No. Equity capital at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950:				T
	(a) Total assets	\$		ľ	1
,	(b) Less: Total liabilities Equity capital at beginning of the taxable year:	***************************************		\$ <u></u>	
-		1			
	(a) Total assets	8			1
3	(b) Less: Total liabilities		<u> </u>	\$ <u></u>	
4.	Borrowed capital at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950			8	
5.	Average daily amount of money and property paid in during the taxable year for stock, or as paid- bution to capital (attach statement).				
6.	Excess, if any, of line 2 over line 1			<i>9</i>	·
7.	75 percent of excess, if any, of line 4 over line 3	***************************************			
8.	Average daily capital addition (sum of lines 5, 6, and 7)			•	
9.	Average daily amount of distributions during the taxable year not out of earnings and profits of such Excess, if any, of line 1 over line 2	vest (sttech statem	antl		
11.	75 percent of excess, if any, of line 3 over line 4.	•••	•	r	-
12.	Average daily amount of increase in certain inadmissible assets held by member of controlled group.				·
13.	75 percent of average daily amount of increase in loans to member of controlled group.		•••••		
14.	Average daily capital reduction (sum of lines 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13)				
15	Total inadminible seeds at helping of Colonial			\$	
16	Total inadmissible assets at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950			\$ <u></u>	
17.	Average daily amount of inadmissible assets for the taxable year (attach statement)			\$ <u></u>	
•••	Excess, if any, of line 8 over line 14.			\$	
18.	(a) Excess, if any, of line 16 over the sum of lines 12 and 15 (see instructions)				
	(c) Excess, if any, of line (a) over line (b)	\$			ł
	(d) 25 percent of line (c)	\$			
	(e) Line (a) minus line (d)				
19.	Net capital addition for the taxable year (line 17 minus line 18 (s))			•	
20.	12 percent of line 19. Enter on line 53, Schedule EP-2			•	
21.	Excess, if any, of line 14 over line 8			8	
22.	(a) Excess, if any, of line 15 over line 16	\$			
	(b) Line 21 minus sum of lines 11 and 13				
	(c) Excess, it any, of line (a) over line (b)	\$			
	(a) 25 percent of line (c)	\$			
	(e) Line (a) minus line (d)				
23.	Net capital reduction for the taxable year (line 21 minus line 22 (e))		. 1		
24.	12 percent of line 23. Enter on line 55, Schedule EP-2			8	
			,		

Schedule EP-3.—ALTERNATIVE EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT OF REGULATED PUBLIC UTILITIES (Section 448)

Line	Ne.		-
1.	Equity capital at beginning of the taxable year: (a) Total assets		
	(b) Less: Total liabilities.	l.	
	Average daily amount of money and property paid in during the taxable year for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital (attach statement).		
3.	Recent loss adjustment (attach statement)		
4.	Total of lines 1, 2, and 3	•	
5.	Average daily amount of distributions during the taxable year not out of earnings and profits of such year (attach statement)	*	
6.	Line 4 minus line 5	a	
7.	Adjusted invested capital based upon prescribed uniform system of accounts:		
	(a) Average outstanding capital stock for the taxable year (attach statement)		
	(b) Add: Capital surplus and earned surplus at beginning of the taxable year.	ا و	
8.	Average daily amount of borrowed capital for the taxable year (attach statement)	<u></u>	
9.	Sum of line 6 or line 7, whichever is applicable, and line 8	•	
10.	Applicable rate under section 448.	Ø <u></u> 1.	~
11.	Line 9 multiplied by percentage on line 10	•	
12.	Reduction for interest on borrowed capital for the taxable year (attach statement)	•	
13.	Line 11 minus line 12		
14.	Average daily amount of inadmissible assets for the taxable year.	·	
15	Average daily amount of total assets for the taxable year (attach statement).	ŀ	
16	Parantage which lie 14 in of lie 15		
17	Percentage which line 14 is of line 15		
10	Line 13 multiplied by percentage on line 16		
10	Line 13 minus line 17	\$	
79.	Federal income tax (item 35, page 1, Form 1120)		····
<u></u>	Excess profits credit (line 18 plus line 19). Enter on line 27, Schedule EP-1	8	

	Solodado EP-4EXCESS PROPTIS CREDIT BASED ON INVESTED CAPITA	ı.	P	4
- !	Library I through M for temperary uning "mast" mathed. Equity capital at logimning of the temple year:			
•	(a) Total sessits			
	(b) Less: Total liabilities. Average daily amount of money and property paid in during the taxable year for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as			
X	tion to capital (attach statement)			
8.	(a) Average daily amount of borrowed capital for the taxable year (attach statement)			
4	(b) 75 percent of line 3 (s)			
5.	Total of lines 1, 2, 3 (b), and 4		8	
	Average daily amount of distributions during the tausble year not out of earnings and profits of such year (attach sta	dement)		
7.	Line 5 minus line 6. Lines 5 though 27 for use only 2 assessment on line 7 is over \$1,000,000.		-	
8.	Equity espital at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 30, 1956:			
	(a) Total assets.		1	
	Excluded capital paid in after beginning of first teamble year ending after June 30, 1960, and prior to the teamble	year	4	
	Burrowed capital at beginning of first tanable year ending after June 30, 1960		•	
	Excluded borrowed capital at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 20, 1980 (see instructions)		8	
	Average daily amount of excluded capital paid in during the tamble year (attach statement)			
14.	Excess, if any, of line 2 over line 18		\$	
15.	(a) Excess, if any, of line 1 over line 8.			
	(b) Excess, if any, of line 15 (a) over line 8.			
	(a) Excess, if any, of line 2 (a) over line 10. (b) Excess, if any, of line 12 over line 11. 8.			
	(c) 75 percent of excess, if any, of line 16 (a) over line 16 (b)			
	Average daily new capital addition (sum of lines 14, 15 (b), and 16 (c)).		-	=
	Average daily amount of distribution shown on line 6 above.		•	
19.	(a) Line 8 plus line 9			
	75 percent of excess, if any, of line 10 over line 8 (a)			
	Average daily new capital reduction (sum of lines 18, 19 (b), and 20)		-	=
	Total inadmissible assets at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 20, 1980			ļ
	Execut, if any, of line 17 over line 21 (see instructions)		8	<u> </u>
	(a) Excess, if any, of line 23 over line 22			
	(b) Excess, if any, of line 24 over line 16 (c)			
	(c) Sum of line 30 and line 24. (d) 25 percent of excess, if any, of line (a) over line (b) or line (c), whichever is applicable			
	(a) Line (a) minus line (d)		<u></u>	
	Not new capital addition (excess, if any, of line 24 over line 25 (e))		\$	
27 .	Line 7 minut line 26.			
	Equity Invested Capital at the Beginning of the Tazable Year		١.	
	Money paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital. Property paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital.		*	
	Distributions of earnings and profits in stock of the corporation			
21 .				
	(b) Adjustment for transferor's deficit under section 458 (f) (4) \$			l
	(d) Accumulated earnings and profits (line 31 (e) as adjusted by line 31 (b) and (c))			
	Increase on account of intercorporate liquidation under section 472 (d) (2)			
	Deficit in earnings and profits of another corporation under section 456 (d) (5) Total of lines 28 to 38.			
84. 85.	Less: Distributions made prior to the taxable year not out of assumulated sarnings and profits.		1	
86.	Earnings and profits of another corporation required to be deducted by section 456 (c) (3)		-	•
37 .	Decrease on account of intercorporate liquidation under section 472 (d) (2) Deficit included in invested capital of another corporation (section 456 (e) (4))		1	1
36. 39.	Total of lines 85 to 86		8	<u></u>
40.	Equity invested capital at beginning of the taxable year (line 84 minus line 89)			
41	Average Addition to Equity Invested Capital During the Taxable Year Money paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital		1	1
42	Property paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital		-	
43.	Distributions of earnings and profits (other than earnings and profits of the teasible year) in stock of the corporation (see line 49, below)		-	
44.	Increase on account of intercorporate liquidation under section 472 (d) (2)		-	1
	Deficit in earnings and profits of another corporation under section 458 (d) (5)			1
45 .				=
	Average Reduction in Equity Invested Capital During the Taxable Year		-	1
48	Distributions not out of earnings and profits of the taxable year]	
	Decrease on account of intercorporate liquidation under section 473 (d) (3)]	ł
51	. Deficit in earnings and profits included in invested capital of another corporation (section 458 (c) (4)).		=	1
52	Total reductions in lines 46 to 51 Equity invested capital (line 47 minus line 83)			+==
	. Equity invested capital (me 47 minus inc 64).			
55	Average invested capital (line 58 plus line 54)		<u>. s</u>	
	Line 7 or line 37, whichever is applicable (or line 55 if the tampayer elects the "historical" method) Description of line 56 and over 55 000 000 Explor 13		1	
	Portion of line 56 not over \$5,000,000		-	
	Portion of line 56 over \$10,000,000	erecut	·	·
60			= ♣	
61 en	. Average daily amount of inadminsible essets for the tensible year			ł
61	Percentage which line 61 is of line 68.	%		
64	. Reduction on account of inadminsible sancts (line 60 multiplied by percentage on line 62)		8	
-	. Line 68 minus line 64. . If line 7 is more than \$5,600,600, enter 12 percent of line 26 (applicable only to "asset" method)			
67	. Essens profits credit based on invested capital (line 65 plus line 60). Sinter on line 27, Schedule 327-1		. 8	

FACSIMILES OF TAX RETURNS FOR 1953

Page 5 and 6 to be detached unless application is being made for the boundts of section 443, 444, 485, er 444.

AVERAGE BASE PERIOD NET INCOME COMPUTED ON BASIS OF INDUSTRY RATE OF RETURN Schedule EP-5 (A).—NEW CORPORATIONS (Section 445)

		-NEW CORPORATIO						
Schedule EP-5 (A) may be used by any taxps of section 445 to a taxpayer which commenc (a) Attach statement setting forth in det (b) On what date did taxpayer commence	ail all grounds upon the business?	he basis of which this				or application		
(c) List each prior taxable year for which	required to file incom	. 19•		19				
Year ended								
described in section 445 (g)? (Anti- taxable year or in one of the two in business before the beginning of the	swer "yes" or "no") . nmedistely preceding	taxable years, fill in lin	wer is "no," and if the					
71. S.								
Total assets at end of last taxable year or Net capital addition for current taxable y	nding prior to July 1,	1950			0			
3. Total of lines 1 and 2	CELL (SEE INSSECTION)				\$			
4. Net capital reduction for current taxable	year (see instructions)			<u></u>			
5. Line 3 minus line 4					\$ <u></u>	······/%		
 Taxpayer's industry classification (see ins Line 5 multiplied by the percentage on line 	tructions)		; Dane perio	d rate of return	8			
8. Reduction for interest (see instructions)					<u></u>			
9. Average base period net income (line 7 m	inus line 8)				. S			
10. 83 percent of line 9. Enter on line 56, Sc	shedule EP-2	1050	1 4 L) Li-k	in later	. <u>\$</u>			
11. Total assets at end of last taxable year en 12. Taxpayer's industry classification (see ins	iding prior to July 1, . denotions)	1950, or at end of thire	: Base perio	od rate of return				
13. Line 11 multiplied by the percentage on 1	ine 12				\$			
14. Reduction for interest (see instructions) .					-			
15. Average base period net income (line 13 :					- \$ <u></u>			
16. 83 percent of line 15. Enter on line 51, So	E FR-5 (R)ARNO	RMALITIES DURING	BASE PERIOD (S	ection 442)	- 0			
This achedule should b	e meet only by a temperer	which commenced busin	es on or before the first o	fay of its bess period.	440			
(c) Attach statement setting forth in de (b) If normal production, output, or openied taxable year, of events unn the time of their occurrence; indica indicate the taxable years in the be by reason of such events. (c) If the business of the taxpayer was the taxpayer, individe in such esta- the excess profits net income of w (d) If eligibility is claimed under section duction, or output, or operation, a	sual and peculiar in the taxable years in the taxable years in use period the excess p depressed in a base perment a description of high was reduced (or of 442 (h), include in su and indicate the time	ne experience of the ta- the base period during rofits net income of wi- eriod taxable year bec- such events and the ti- leficit in excess profits ich statement a descri of their occurrence.	which production, our hich was reduced (or cause of temporary en me of their occurrence net income increased ption of the events w	tout, or operation deficit in excess promomic circumstar; indicate the taxa by reason of suc which interrupted	was adverse, ofits net inconces unusua ble years in th events. or diminish	ly affected; and some increased) I in the case of the base period ed normal pro-		
	TAXAE	LE YEARS ENDING AF	TER MARCH 31, 1946, A	ND BEFORE DECE	MBER 1, 199	3		
	1. CALENDAR YEAR 1946	2. CALENDAR YEAR 1947 GR	S. CALERDAR YEAR 1948 OR	4. CALENDAR YEAR OR	1949 5. Frac	AL YEAR OR SHORT		
	YEAR EXDED	YEAR ENDED	YRAR ENDED	YEAR EXDED	BROU 1949 Exps			
The Ma	1946		1970					
1. Excess profits net income or deficit (line 28, Schedule EP-2)			s		\$			
2. Monthly average (line 1 divided by number of months in taxable year)								
Number of months after Dec. 31, 1945, and before Jan. 1, 1950, in each tarable year (fiscal years ending Jan., Feb., and Mar., 1950, see instructions). Enter from 3 above, the highest 35 consecutive months or the 35 months remaining.	-		-					
after eliminating lowest 12 consecutive months (see instructions as to deficial) 5. Number of months on line 4 in a tex- able year the excess profits net income of which was adversely affected by an				-				
shnormality 6. If eligibility is claimed under section 442 (h), enter 12 months subject to adjustment.								
If total number of months extend on line 5 is 12	or has, fill in lines 7 the	rough 17; W more than 12 42 (h), fill in lines 7 throu	months, fill in lines 22 t	brough 29, and line 3	If applicable	e. If eligibility is		
7. Total ameta at end of each taxable year	1	1	1 1	1				
for which an entry is made on line 5 or 6 (see instructions)	·	<u> </u>	\$ <u></u>		<u> </u> s			
instructions) Base period yearly rate of return for each taxable year for which an entry is made on line 7	-	,		z	ø _{/0}	9		
1. Line 7 multiplied by the percentage on	,	· · · · · ·	T	•				
line 8 10. Reduction for interest (see instructions)		*	-		•			
11. Line 9 minus line 10	\$	<u> </u>	. \$	<u> </u>	<u></u> \$			
12. Line 11 divided by 12	- \$ <u></u>	. \$. \$ <u></u>	<u></u> \$	<u> </u> \$			
12. 110 percent of line 2 (substituting zero for any definit)	-I 5	. \$. 8	S	8 <u></u>			
14. Hine 12 exceeds line 13, enter amount of substitute excess profits net income line 12 multiplied by line 5)		8	8		8			
15. Line 2 (substituting zero for any deficit) multiplied by line 4 but where an amount appears on line 14, enter such								
amount	- <u> </u>		. •	Ф				
 Aggregate of amounts on line 15 divided 17. 83 percent of line 16. Enter on line 49. 								
18. Line 12 multiplied by line 6.	s	8		\$	8			
19. Line 2 (substituting zero for any deficit) multiplied by the excess of line 4 over line 6.	8	8	8	8	s			
20. Aggregate of amounts on lines 18 and 1	9 divided by 3 but no	t in excess of 50 percer	nt of aggregate of amo	ounts on line 19	S			
21. 83 percent of line 20. Enter on line 49,	Schedule EP-2				8			
22. Total assets at end of each taxable year ending before July 1, 1950	\$		8	S	S			
23. Interest paid or accrued for each taxable year for which an entry is made on								
line 22	-[\$	_ \$. \$	_ 8	-l 8			
24. Average of amounts on line 22			_ P		\$ <u></u>			
 Taxpayer's industry classification (see i Line 24 multiplied by percentage on lin 	e 25			period rate of ret	\$			
27. Interest adjustment (aggregate of amou which entries are made on line 22)	nts on line 23 multipli	ed by 12 and divided by	y total number of mon	ths in taxable year	rs for			
28. Line 26 minus line 27					S			
29. 110 percent of line 32, or line 38, Sched	hile EP-2, whichever	s applicable	51 Sehedula EP-9		\$			

FACSIMILES OF TAX RETURNS FOR 1953

VERAGE BASE PERIOD NET INCOME COMPLITED ON BASIS OF INDUSTRY DATE OF RETURN

Schedule EP-8 (C).—CHANGE IN PRODUCTS O	OR SERVICES (Sec	tion 443)	
 (a) Attach statement setting forth in detail all grounds upon the basis of which this (b) Include in such statement full details concerning the nature and effect of the chang application is based, 	ge or changes in the	taxpayer's products or	services upon which
(c) Indicate the date upon which the taxpayer's gross receipts first reflected such cha(d) List the three taxable years immediately preceding the year with respect to which	nge or changes		
in which substantial change in products or services furnished by the taxpayer	first occurred:	qualineation under sec	tion 443, and check
Beginning Ending	••••••		
	•••	-	
Na. (a) Designate the taxable year with respect to which taxpayer claims qualification under section 443 (a):	1. TOTAL FOR YEAR	2. Amount Due to New Products on Services	3. COLUMN 2 AS A PERCENTAGE OF COLUMN 1
Beginning and ending	8		OF COLUMN 1
(c) Net income	8	\$	
Fill in lines 2, 3, and 4 only if column 3, line 1 (b) is more than 40 percent, or if colu	mn 3, line 1 (c) is a	nore than 33 percent.	
Exaces profits not income for taxable year designated on line 1 (a). (See instructions)	1, AMOUNT	2. NUMBER OF MORTE	S. MONTHLY AVER
Excess profits net income for taxable year designated on line 1 (a). (See instructions)			
125 percent of column 8, line 8			
Fill in lines 5 through 10 only if column 3, line 2, exceeds line 4.			
Total assets at end of taxable year designated on line 1 (a), or at end of last taxable year is later			\$
Taxpayer's industry classification (see instructions)		e period rate of return.	
iteduction for interest (see instructions)			
Average base period net income (line 7 minus line 8)			\$ <u></u>
Schedule EP-6 (D).—INCREASE IN CAPACITY FOR PRODUC			
 (e) Attach statement setting forth in detail all grounds upon the basis of which this (b) If application is based upon increase in capacity for production or operation resulting or upon such an increase in capacity in conjunction with an increase in the 444 (b) (2)), include in such statement a detailed description of the method u month period involved and a schedule showing the adjusted basis of facilities he end of such period. (c) If application is based upon increase in capacity for production or operation evidence. 	ng from replacemen ggregate adjusted ! used in determining ald at the beginning idenced by an incr	t of or addition to facili pasis of total facilities capacity at the begin and the adjusted basis	ties (section 444 (b)) of the taxpayer (sec ning and end of the of facilities held at
(b) If application is based upon increase in capacity for production or operation resulting or upon such an increase in capacity in conjunction with an increase in the age 444 (b) (2)), include in such statement a detailed description of the method upon month period involved and a schedule showing the adjusted basis of facilities he end of such period. (c) If application is based upon increase in capacity for production or operation evidentially facilities of the taxpayer (section 444 (b) (3)), include in such statement a schedular and the unadjusted basis of facilities held at the end of the 36-month period in	ng from replacemen ggregate adjusted i used in determining aid at the beginning idenced by an incrule showing the uns- volved.	t of or addition to facili- nais of total facilities; capacity at the begin and the adjusted basis base in the aggregate u djusted basis of faciliti	ties (section 444 (b)) of the taxpayer (sec ning and end of the of facilities held at
 (b) If application is based upon increase in capacity for production or operation resulting or upon such an increase in capacity in conjunction with an increase in the as 444 (b) (2)), include in such statement a detailed description of the method upon the period involved and a schedule showing the adjusted basis of facilities he end of such period. (c) If application is based upon increase in capacity for production or operation evidentities of the taxpayer (section 444 (b) (3)), include in such statement a scheduland the unadjusted basis of facilities held at the end of the 36-month period in 	ng from replacemen ggregate adjusted ! used in determining ald at the beginning idenced by an increase ule showing the uns	t of or addition to facili- nais of total facilities; capacity at the begin and the adjusted basis base in the aggregate u djusted basis of faciliti	ties (section 444 (b)) of the taxpayer (sec ning and end of the of facilities held at anadjusted basis of ies held at the begin
(b) If application is based upon increase in capacity for production or operation resulting or upon such an increase in capacity in conjunction with an increase in the age 444 (b) (2)), include in such statement a detailed description of the method u month period involved and a schedule showing the adjusted basis of facilities he end of such period. (c) If application is based upon increase in capacity for production or operation evifacilities of the taxpayer (section 444 (b) (3)), include in such statement a schedular and the unadjusted basis of facilities held at the end of the 36-month period in the unadjusted basis of facilities held at the end of the 36-month period in Capacity for production or operation. (Do not include in column 2 any increase)	ng from replacemen ggregate adjusted i seed in determining aid at the beginning idenced by an incru ulue showing the uns volved. 1. Last Day or Twitz Monte Bass.	t of or addition to facilities asis of total facilities c capacity at the begin and the adjusted basis case in the aggregate to djusted basis of facilities TE 2 Last Dat or Forty BESTER MOYTE OF	ties (section 444 (b)) of the taxpayer (see ming and end of the of facilities held at an adjusted basis of the held at the begin at the held at the begin at the held at the h
 (b) If application is based upon increase in capacity for production or operation resultin or upon such an increase in capacity in conjunction with an increase in the ay 444 (b) (2)), include in such statement a detailed description of the method u month period involved and a schedule showing the adjusted basis of facilities he end of such period. (c) If application is based upon increase in capacity for production or operation evi facilities of the taxpayer (section 444 (b) (3)), include in such statement a scheduland the unadjusted basis of facilities held at the end of the 36-month period in 	ng from replacemen ggregate adjusted i seed in determining aid at the beginning idenced by an incru ulue showing the uns volved. 1. Last Day or Twitz Monte Bass.	t of or addition to facilities asis of total facilities c capacity at the begin and the adjusted basis case in the aggregate to djusted basis of facilities TE 2 Last Dat or Forty BESTER MOYTE OF	ties (section 444 (b)) of the taxpayer (see ming and end of the of facilities held at an adjusted basis of the held at the begin at the held at the begin at the held at the h
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References are to the Internal Revenue Code, unless otherwise indicated. PAGE 1

U.S. Corporation Excess Profits Tax on Schedule EP (Form 1120)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. GENERAL STATEMENT.—The excess profits tax is imposed on corporations and is applicable to taxable years ending after June 30, 1950. The normal tax, surtax, and excess profits tax on corporations are to be reported on the corporation income tax return (Form 1120) and are treated as one tax for all purposes, including assessment, collection, payment, period of limitations, and the consolidated return privilege.

A corporation with excess profits net income of \$25,000 or less, is, in general, not liable for an excess profits tax although it may be required to file Schedule EP (Form 1120), which is provided for the computation of excess profits net income and excess profits tax. Schedule K on Form 1120 provides a test by which a corporation may determine whether it is required to file Schedule EP (Form 1120) for the tayeble year. In the event that such test

poration may determine whether it is required to file Schedule EP (Form 1120) for the taxable year. In the event that such test discloses that a corporation is required to file, Schedule EP (Form 1120) shall be filed with, and as a part of, its return on Form 1120.

B. CORPORATIONS WHICH MUST FILE SCHEDULE EP (FORM 1120).—(1) General rule.—Every corporation (except an exempt corporation described in (2), below) required by section 52 to make an income tax return must file with, and as a part of, such return a Schedule EP (Form 1120) unless the amount shown on line 8, Schedule K on Form 1120, is \$25,000 or less. However, see specific instruction 29 and 30, Schedule EP-1, for cases in which the filing of Schedule EP (Form 1120) may be required even though the amount on line 8, Schedule K, on Form 1120 is \$25,000 or less.

on Form 1120 is \$25,000 or less.

(2) Exempt corporations.—The following corporations, except as otherwise provided with respect to members of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated return under section 141, are exempt from the excess-profits tax:

(a) Corporations exempt from tax under section 101 (whether or not subject to tax under Supplement U);
(b) Foreign personal holding companies as defined in section

(c) Regulated investment companies as defined in section 361 without the application of section 361 (b) (4);

(d) Personal holding companies as defined in section 501; (e) Foreign corporations not engaged in trade or business within the United States;
(f) Domestic corporations satisfying the following conditions:

(1) 95 percent or more of the gross income of such domestic corporation for the 3-year period immediately preceding the close of the taxable year (or for such part of such period during which the corporation was in existence) was derived from sources other than sources within the United States, and

(2) 50 percent or more of its gross income for such period or such part thereof was derived from the active conduct

of a trade or business:

(g) Any corporation subject to the provisions of Title IV of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938 in the gross income of which, for the taxable year for which the return is being filed, there is includible compensation received from the United States for the transportation of mail by aircraft if, after excluding from its gross income such compensation, its adjusted excess profits net income for such year is zero or less.

A corporation which claims exemption from excess profits tax under paragraphs (b), (c), or (e), above, shall file with its return a statement setting forth the facts upon which it relies.

a statement setting forth the facts upon which it relies.

A corporation which claims exemption from excess profits tax under paragraph (f), above, shall attach to its return a statement showing for the 3-year period immediately preceding the close of the taxable year (or for such part thereof during which the corporation was in existence) (1) its total gross income from all sources, (2) the amount thereof derived from the active conduct of a trade or business, (3) a description of such trade or business and the facts upon which the corporation relies to establish that such trade or business was actively conducted by it, and (4) the amount of its gross income from sources within the United States.

The gross income from sources within the United States shall be determined as provided in section 119 and the provisions of the

regulations relating thereto.

A corporation which claims exemption from excess profits tax under paragraph (g), above, shall attach to its return a statement showing (1) that it is subject to the provisions of Title IV of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, (2) the amount of the compensation included in the gross income of the corporation that consists of compensation provided from the IV is a compensation. of compensation received from the United States for the transportation of mail by aircraft, and (3) the amount of its gross income, net income, excess profits net income, and adjusted excess profits net income, after excluding from its gross income the amount of such compensation. Such exclusion from gross income for such year shall also be made in computing the unused excess profits credit adjustment for any other taxable year, but only for the purpose of determining whether the corporation is exempted by section 454 from excess profits tax for such other taxable year.

(h) Any mutual savings bank not having capital stock represented by shares; any domestic building and loan association, domestic saving and loan association, or Federal savings and loan association, substantially all the business of which is confined to making loans to members; and any cooperative bank without capital stock organized and operated for mutual purposes and without

C. CONSOLIDATED RETURNS.—(1) Privilege to file consolidated income tax (including excess profits tax) return.—Section 141 gives to an affiliated group of corporations the privilege of making a consolidated return in lieu of separate returns. See

1953 instructions for Form 1120.

Paragraphs (7) and (8) of section 141 (e) relate to the definition of "includible corporation." Paragraph (7) excludes from the definition of "includible corporation" a personal service corporation, a personal holding company, certain domestic corporations deriving 95 percent or more of their gross income from sources without the United States, and certain corporations transporting mail by aircraft, unless such corporation has filed a consent to be treated as an includible corporation. Paragraph (8) ex-cludes from the definition of "includible corporation" a regulated public utility entitled to compute its excess profits credit under section 448, unless such public utility has filed a consent to compute its excess profits credit without regard to section 448.

An affiliated group of corporations, all the members of which

are regulated public utilities, may nevertheless file a consolidated return, provided that each such utility has made and filed a consent to compute its excess profits credit under section 448 only.

D. PERSONAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS.—(1) Taxation

D. PERSONAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS.—(1) Taxation of personal service corporations.—A personal service corporation is subject to the excess profits tax the same as any other domestic corporation unless it elects not to be subject to such tax. A new election must be made for each taxable year and may be made only in its return for such year. Such an election may not be exercised by a corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated return. If a corporation is exempt by reason of the exercise of such an election, the provisions of Supplement S (sections 391 through 396) shall apply to the shareholders who were shareholders on the last day of the taxable shareholders who were shareholders on the last day of the taxable year of the corporation. Accordingly, the undistributed Supplement S net income is required to be included in the gross income of the persons who were shareholders on such last day. The amount of the undistributed Supplement S net income shall be considered as paid in to the corporation as of the close of the taxable year as paid-in surplus or as a contribution to capital, and the amount of accumulated earnings and profits as of the close of the year shall be correspondingly reduced if such amount or any portion thereof is required to be included as a dividend in the

gross income of the shareholder.

(2) Definition of personal service corporation.—The term "personal service corporation" means a domestic corporation in which capital is not a material income-producing factor and the

PAGE 2

income of which is to be ascribed primarily to the activities of shareholders who (a) are regularly engaged in the active conduct of the affairs of the corporation and (b) are the owners, throughout the entire taxable year, of at least 70 percent in value of each class of stock of the corporation. If stock is owned by the spouse or minor child of an individual or owned by the guardian or trustee of such spouse or child, such stock is treated as being owned by

If 50 percent or more of the gross income of a corporation consists of gains, profits, or income derived from trading as a principal, such corporation cannot be considered to be a personal service corporation. As to corporations in which less than 50 percent of the ross income is derived from trading as a principal, see instructions for Schedule PS (Form 1120).

(3) Returns.—A personal service corporation should obtain Schedule PS (Form 1120) from the director and file it with, and

as a part of Form 1120.

SPECIAL METHODS FOR COMPUTING INCOME.—(1) Installment basis taxpayers.—Section 455 provides that a corporation which reports income on the installment basis, or whose principal business consists of purchasing installment sales obliga-tions, may elect in its return for the purpose of excess profits tax to compute its income from installment sales, or installment sales obligations, on the basis of the taxable period for which such in-come is accrued. The election shall be made by a statement come is accrued. The election shall be made by a statement attached to the return or by the use of figures on the return which clearly reflect the election. The election is irrevocable and applies to all taxable years to which the excess profits tax is applicable. If the corporation so elects, the income from installment sales, or installment sales obligations, for each taxable year subject to the excess profits tax will, for the purpose of computing the excess profits tax for all taxable years (including prior taxable years), be adjusted to conform to such election. No amount will be included, however in computing excess profits not income for any excess however, in computing excess profits net income for any excess nowever, in computing excess profits net income for any excess profits tax taxable year on account of installment sales made in a taxable year ending before July 1, 1950. For conforming adjustments to income for taxable years in the base period, see section 433 (b) (7); for adjustment in determining invested capital, the net new capital addition, the base period capital addition, and the net capital addition or reduction see section 441 (b) net capital addition or reduction, see section 441 (h).

(2) Corporations with income from long-term contracts. corporation computing income from contracts the performance of which requires more than 12 months may elect in its return for the taxable year, for the purpose of the excess profits tax, to compute such income upon the percentage of completion method of accounting. The election shall be made by a statement attached to the return or by the use of figures on the return which clearly reflect the election. The election is irrevocable and applies to all taxable years to which the excess profits tax is applicable. If the corporations of the excess profits tax is applicable. tion so elects, the income from long-term contracts for each year subject to the excess profits tax will, for the purpose of computing the excess profits tax for all taxable years (including prior taxable years), be adjusted to conform to such election. For conforming adjustments to income for taxable years in the base period, see section 433 (b) (8); for adjustment in determining invested capital, the net new capital addition, the base period capital addition, and the net capital addition or reduction, see section 441 (h).

BELATERS IN CONFERENCE SECTIONS FOR THE SECTION OF THE

F. DEALERS IN CERTAIN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. Section 440 (c) provides, in general, that dealers in Government securities which are wholly or partially exempt from tax, may elect to include the interest on such securities in excess profits net income and to treat such Government obligations as admissible assets rather than inadmissible assets for the purpose of computing the

invested capital credit and for computing the amounts of capital additions or reductions. Such election may be made for any taxable year by a statement attached to the return for such year or by the use of figures on the return which clearly reflect the

G. EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT.—There are three different credits available for computing the excess profits tax: (a) The credit based on income (including the provisions of sections 442 through 446 and section 459; (b) the credit based on invested capital; and (c) in the case of certain regulated public utilities, the credit provided in section 448. The taxpayer is to use that credit which regulates the lowest access profits the Force and the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the force and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital and the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital areas are access to the capital and the capital an

the credit provided in section 448. The taxpayer is to use that credit which produces the lowest excess profits tax. For computation of (a) the credit based on income, see Schedule EP-2; (b) the credit based on invested capital, see Schedule EP-4; and (c) the credit provided in section 448, see Schedule EP-3.

H. RULES FOR DETERMINING CREDIT IN CASE OF CERTAIN REORGANIZATIONS, LIQUIDATIONS, AND TAXABLE ACQUISITIONS.—(a) Credit based on Income.—(1) Reorganizations and certain tax-free liquidations.—Sections 461 through 465 provide rules for determining the credit based on income in the case of a corporation (other than a foreign corporation) which during or subsequent to the base period was a party ration) which during or subsequent to the base period was a party to any of the transactions described in section 461 (a), relating to certain tax-free exchanges. In general, it is provided that such a corporation shall, if a component corporation as defined in seca corporation man, if a component corporation as unined in section 461 (b), compute its average base period net income under the rules laid down in section 461 (c) and (d). If, however, such a corporation is an acquiring corporation as defined in section 461 (a), the rules for determining average base period net and the come, and the conditions under which sections 435 (e), 442, 443, 444, 445, and 446 may be available to the corporation are set forth in sections 461 and 462. In the case of certain of these transactions, the application to the acquiring corporation of the provisions relating to capital changes subsequent to the base period and capital changes in the base period is determined by reference to sections 463 and 464. For the effect of the above rules where stock of the component corporation was acquired for other than stock of the component corporation was acquired for other than stock of the acquiring corporation, see section 462 (j). The circumstances under which transactions involving partnerships and sole proprietorships are subject to these provisions are set forth in sections 461 (b) (5) and (6), 461 (f), and 462 (k).

(2) Taxable acquisitions.—Section 474 provides rules for determining the credit based on income in the case of a corporation which before December 1, 1950, purchased substantially all of the assets of another corporation or partnership or substantially all the assets of a business of another corporation, partnership, or sole proprietorship. In general, it is provided that such a corporation, if a purchasing corporation as defined in section 474 (a), may compute its average base period net income under the method prescribed in section 435 (d) with reference to the excess profits and income of the corporation. Partnership or business comped by net income of the corporation, partnership, or business owned by a sole proprietorship which was purchased. Section 474 also provides limitations on the availability of the benefits of the section, and provides for regulations for the determination of capital changes, for the elimination of duplication, and for other computations consistent with the principles of sections 461 through 465-

tions consistent with the principles of sections 701 through 403inclusive, wherever appropriate.

(b) Invested capital.—For the purposes of computing invested
capital (other than historical invested capital), section 470 provides rules to be used in determining the adjusted basis of assets
acquired in an intercorporate liquidation. Adjustments with respect to historical invested capital in the case of certain such assets. spect to historical invested capital, in the case of certain exchanges and liquidations, are contained in sections 471 and 472.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

The following instructions are numbered to correspond with line numbers on each schedule SCHEDULE EP-1-EXCESS PROFITS NET INCOME AND TAX COMPUTATION

EXCESS PROFITS NET INCOME

- 1. Net income before net operating loss deduction.—Enter the amount which appears in item 32, page 1, Form 1120. In the case of a corporation electing to report income from installment sales, or installment sales obligations on the accrual method, or income from long-term contracts on the percentage of completion method, recompute net income accordingly and enter such amount on line 1. For explanation of the adjustment necessary, see general instruction E (1) and (2).
- 2. Adjustment for interest on horrowed capital.—The adjustment on line 2 adds back the amount computed under (a) or (b) below, whichever is appropriate upon the basis of the excess profits credit applicable to the taxable year. No adjustment is required on this line by a regulated public utility computing its excess profits credit under section 448.
- (a) Income credit.—In general, section 433 (a) (1) (O) adds back an amount which bears the same ratio to the total interest on borrowed capital as 75 percent of the net increase in borrowed capital bears to the average borrowed capital for the taxable year. This computation may be made by multiplying the total amount of interest on borrowed capital for the taxable year by the excess of the amount on line 7 of Schedule EP-2 (B) over the amount on line 13, Schedule EP-2 (B), and dividing the result by the amount on line 4, Schedule EP-2 (B).
- (b) Invested capital credit.—Section 433 (a) (1) (N) adds back an amount which is 75 percent of the interest on borrowed capital.
- 3. Deductions on account of retirement or discharge of bonds, etc .- If during the taxable year the taxpayer retires or discharge any bond, debenture, note, or certificate, or other evidence of in-

debtedness, if the obligation of the taxpayer has been outstanding for more than 6 months, the following deductions for such taxable year shall not be allowed:

(a) The deduction allowable under section 23 (a) for expenses paid or incurred in connection with such retirement or discharge; (b) The deduction for losses allowable by reason of such retire-

ment or discharge; and
(c) In case the issuance was at a discount, the amount deductible for such year solely because of such retirement or discharge.

In making this adjustment, the deduction allowable for any

premium paid on bonds when called for redemption shall be disallowed, but the deduction allowable for any discount amortized up to the date of the retirement or discharge shall not be disallowed. Expenses incurred in issuing bonds which are amortized shall be treated in the same manner as discounts.

4. Deductions attributable to a grant or loan by a governmental agency to encourage mining of certain minerals.—The adjustment on line 4 is the sum of any expenditures described below deducted in arriving at the amount on line 1. The adjustment on line 21 is the amount of any income described below included

in computing line 1.

Section 433 (a) (1) (P) provides that an amount paid to a taxpayer by the United States (or any agency or instrumentality thereof), whether by grant or loan and whether or not repayable, for the encouragement of exploration, development, or mining of critical and strategic minerals or metals pursuant to or in connection with any undertaking approved by the United States (or any of its agencies or instrumentalities) and for which an accounting is made or required to be made to an appropriate governmental is made or required to be made to an appropriate governmental agency, and the forgiveness or discharge of any such amount, shall be excluded in computing excess profits net income; and any expenditures (other than expenditures made after the repayment of such grant or loan) attributable to such grant or loan shall not be deductible by the taxpayer as an expense and shall not increase the basis of the taxpayer's property either for determining gain or loss on sale, exchange, or other disposition or for computing depletion or depreciation, but when the repayment of any portion depletion or depreciation, but upon the repayment of any portion of such grant or loan which has been expended in accordance with the terms thereof such deductions and such increase in basis shall to the extent of such repayment be allowed as if made at the time of such repayment.

. Deductions under reserve method for bad debts, in the case of banks.—The adjustment on line 5 is the addition to the bad debt reserve deducted in arriving at the amount on line 1. The adjustment on line 19 is the amount of those debts which actually

Section 433 (a) (1) (L) provides that in the case of a bank (as defined in section 104) using the reserve method of accounting for bad debts, there shall be allowed, in lieu of the amount allowable under the reserve method for bad debts, a deduction for debts which became worthless within the taxable year, in whole or in part, within the meaning of section 23 (k).

6. Federal income and excess profits taxes paid by lessee under long-term lease.—The adjustment on line 6 is to disallow the deduction by a lessee of an amount of Federal income taxes paid on behalf of a lessor. The adjustment on line 18 is to exclude

this amount from income in the case of a lessor.

If under a lease for a term of more than 20 years, entered into prior to December 1, 1950, the lessee is required to pay any portion of the tax imposed by chapter 1 upon the lessor with respect to the rentals derived by such lessor from such lessee, or is obligated to reimburse the lessor for any portion of the tax imposed by chapter I upon the lessor with respect to the rentals derived by such lessor from such lessee, such payment or reimbursement of the tax imposed by chapter 1 shall be excluded by the lessor and a deduction therefor shall not be allowed to the lessee. For treatment of certain leases of railroad properties containing renewal clauses, see section 433 (a) (1) (K).

. Deductions attributable to technical services rendered to related foreign corporations.—The adjustment on line 7 is the sum of any expenditures described below deducted in arriving at the amount on line 1. The adjustment on line 22 is the amount of any income described below included in computing line 1.

Section 433 (a) (1) (R) provides that in the case of a domestic corporation which renders to a related foreign corporation technical assistance, engineering services, scientific assistance, or similar services (such services or assistance being related to the production or improvement of products of the type manufactured by such domestic corporation), there shall be excluded the remuneration for such services or assistance if such remuneration constitutes income derived from sources without the United States. Any deductions in connection with or properly allocable to the rendering of such services or assistance shall not be allowed. For this purpose, a foreign corporation shall be considered a "related foreign corporation" if 10 percent or more of its outstanding stock is owned by the domestic corporation.

8. Adjustment for interest on certain Government obligations. Section 433 (a) (1) (S) provides that, in the case of a dealer in certain Government obligations which makes the election provided by section 440 (c), the excess profits het income shall be increased by the excess of the amount of interest received or accordance with the section of the sect crued on ach obligations during the taxable year over the sum of (a) the amount of interest paid or accrued during such year which is not allowed as a deduction under section 23 (b), and (b) the amount of the adjustments required for the taxable year under section 22 (o) (relating to the adjustment for certain bond premiums) but not in excess of the amount of interest received or accrued during the taxable year on Government obligations to which such section is applicable. For this purpose, the term "Government obligations" means obligations described in section 22 (b) (4) any part of the interest from which is excludible from gross income or allowable as a credit against net income; but such term shall include only such obligations as in the hands of the taxpayer are property described in section 117 (a) (1) (A).

10. Partially tax-exempt interest.—Enter on this line the sum

of the amounts reported on lines (a) and (b), column 3, Schedule -1, Form 1120. The purpose of this adjustment is to exclude from excess profits net income interest on certain obligations of the

11. Dividends received.—The purpose of this adjustment is to exclude dividends, except dividends (actual or constructive) on stock of foreign personal holding companies and dividends on stock which is not a capital asset. In the case of a dividend in kind, the amount to be excluded shall not exceed the adjusted basis of the property so distributed in the hands of the distributing corporation at the time of the distribution, increased in the amount of gain or decreased in the amount of loss recognized to the distributing corporation by reason of such distribution

12. Net operating loss deduction for excess profits tax purposes.—The amount to be entered on line 12, is the amount of the net operating loss deduction otherwise prescribed in sections 23 (s) and 122, computed in accordance with the following modifications as provided in section 433 (a) (1) (J):

(a) In computing the net operating loss for any taxable year under section 122 (a) and the net income for any taxable year under section 122 (b), the deduction for interest shall be reduced by the amount of any reduction and restrict the amount of any reduction and reduction and reduction and restrict the amount of any reduction and reduction by the amount of any reduction under section 433 (a) (1) (N) or (O) (relating to interest adjustment with respect to borrowed capital), whichever is applicable upon the basis of the excess profits

credit for such taxable year; and
(b) In lieu of the reduction provided in section 122 (c), such reduction shall be in the amount by which the excess profits net income computed with the exceptions and limitations specified in section 122 (d) (1), (2), (3), and (4), and computed without regard to section 433 (a) (1) (C) (relating to gains and losses from sale or exchange of capital assets), without regard to any credit for dividends received, and without regard to any credit for interest received provided in section 26 (a) (relating to interest on obligations of the United States and its instrumentalities), exceeds the excess profits net income (computed without the net operating loss deduction); and

(c) If the taxpayer for its first taxable year ending after June 1950, computed its excess profits credit under section 435 (relating to the excess profits credit based on income) or section 436 (a) by use of the historical invested capital determined under 436 (a) by use of the historical invested capital determined under section 458, and elected in its return (by a statement attached thereto) for such taxable year to compute its net operating loss deduction for the purposes of section 433 (a) (1) (J) for all taxable years by treating an amount equal to the base period loss adjustment (as defined in clause (d)) as a net operating loss carry-over from the last taxable year ending before July 1, 1950, then the net income computed under section 122 (b) for any taxable year ending before July 1, 1950, shall be determined without regard to such carry-over: without regard to such carry-over;

(d) For the purposes of clause (c), the base period loss adjustment shall be the amount of the recent loss adjustment determined ment shall be the amount of the recent loss adjustment determined under section 437 (f), using the base period as the recent loss period, and computed by limiting the amount of the net operating loss for any taxable year beginning before January 1, 1948, to an amount equal to the net operating loss carry-over from such taxable year to the taxable year immediately succeeding such taxable

(e) If the taxpayer has made the election described in clause), the net operating loss deduction for the purposes of section (c), the net operating loss deduction for the purposes of section 433 (a) (1) (J) for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1950 (whether or not the credit for such taxable year is computed under section 435), shall be computed without regard to the net operating loss for any taxable year ending before July 1, 1950, and the net operating loss carry-over specified in clause (c) shall not be allowed as a net operating loss carry-over to any taxable year for which the excess profits credit is not computed under section 435 (relating to the excess profits credit based on income) and is not computed under section 436 (a) by use of the historical invested capital determined under section 458.

13. Net gain from sale or exchange of capital assets.—Section 433 (a) (1) (C) provides for the exclusion of gains and losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets. Accordingly, the amount to be entered on line 13 is the sum of items 13 (a) and 13 (b), page 1, Form 1120.

14. Income from retirement or discharge of bonds, etc.-Section 433 (a) (1) (D) provides for the exclusion of income derived from the retirement or discharge by the taxpayer of any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, if the obligation of the taxpayer has been outstanding for more than 6 months, including, in case the issuance was at a premium, the amount includible in income for the taxable year solely because of such retirement or discharge. Do not exclude the accrued amortization of bond premium for that portion of the year preceding

such retirement or discharge.

15. Refunds and interest on Agricultural Adjustment Act taxes.—Section 433 (a) (1) (E) provides for the exclusion of income attributable to a refund of tax paid under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as amended, and interest upon any such

16. Income from recovery of certain bad debts.—Section 433 (a) (1) (G) provides for the exclusion of income attributable to the recovery of a bad debt if the deduction of such debt was allowable from gross income for any taxable year beginning before January 1, 1940, or for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1945, and ending before July 1, 1950, or if such debt was properly charged to a reserve for bad debts during any such tax-

17. Nontaxable income of certain industries with depletable resources.—Sections 433 (a) (1) (I) and 453 provide that in the case of a producer of minerals, or a producer of logs or lumber from a timber block, or a lessor of mineral property, or if a timber block, there shall be excluded nontaxable income from exempt excess output of mines and timber blocks; in the case of a natural gas company, there shall be excluded nontaxable income from exempt excess output; and, in the case of a producer of minerals or a producer of logs or lumber from a timber block, there shall be excluded nontaxable bonus income. A corporation described in section 453 (c) (2) shall be deemed a producer of minerals with respect to nontaxable bonus income.

The election under section 453 (d) made by a taxpayer receiving income attributable to bonus payments (section 453 (c)) shall be indicated in the supporting statement attached to the return.

18. Federal income and excess profits taxes received by lessor under long-term lease.—See instruction 6.

19. Debts which actually became worthless during the year, in

case of banks.—See instruction 5.
20. Adjustment for blocked foreign income.—Section 433 (a) (1) (M) provides for the exclusion of income derived from sources within any foreign country to the extent that such income would, within any foreign country to the extent that such income would, but for monetary, exchange, or other restrictions imposed by such foreign country, have been includible in the gross income of the taxpayer for any taxable year which preceded its first taxable year ended after June 30, 1950. Where such income is includible (without regard to section 433 (a) (1) (M)) in a taxable year succeeding the first taxable year ended after June 30, 1950, and, but for such restrictions, would have been includible in the gross. but for such restrictions, would have been includible in the gross income of the taxpayer for its first taxable year ended after June 30, 1950, the exclusion provided in case such first taxable year began prior to July 1, 1950, shall be reduced to an amount which is the same proportion of the blocked income as the number of days in such taxable year prior to July 1, 1950, is of the total number of days in such taxable year. Deductions properly chargeable and allocable to such income shall not be allowed.

21. Income attributable to a grant or forgiveness of a loan by a governmental agency to encourage mining of certain minerals.—

22. Income attributable to technical services rendered to related

22. Income attributable to technical services rendered to related foreign corporations.—See instruction 7.

25. Deductions applicable to life insurance companies.—Section 433 (a) (1) (H) provides that, in the case of a life insurance company computing its excess profits credit under section 435 (based on income), there shall be deducted from the normal-tax net income the excess of (a) the product of (1) the figure 0.87 and (2) the excess profits net income computed without regard to section 433 (a) (1) (H) over (b) the adjustment for certain reserves provided in section 202 (c). If the excess profits credit is computed under section 436 (based on invested capital), there shall be deducted from the normal-tax net income only 50 percent shall be deducted from the normal-tax net income only 50 percent of the amount determined under the preceding sentence.

26. Excess profits net income—short taxable years.—Section 433 (a) (2) provides that, in lieu of the provisions of section 47 (c), if the taxable year is a period of less than 12 months, the excess profits net income for such taxable year (referred to in this

paragraph as the "short taxable year") will be placed on an annual basis by multiplying the amount thereof by the number of days in the 12 months ending with the close of the short taxable year and dividing by the number of days in the short taxable year. The excess profits tax will be such part of the tax computed on such annual basis as the number of days in the short taxable year is of the number of days in the 12 months ending with the close of the short taxable year. (See also section 433 (a) (2) (B).)

TAX COMPUTATION

27. Excess profits credit.-

(a) In general.—In the case of a domestic corporation, the excess profits credit for any taxable year is the amount determined under section 435 (relating to excess profits credit based on income) or the amount determined under section 436 (relating to excess profits credit based on invested capital) whichever amount results in the lesser excess profits tax for the taxable year. For computation of excess profits credit based on income, see Schedule EP-2 and instructions. For computation of credit based on invested capital, see Schedule EP-4 and instructions. For computations tion of alternative credit in case of certain regulated public utilities, see Schedule EP-3 and instructions.

(b) Railroad lessor-lessee corporations.—If substantially all

the railroad properties of a railroad corporation subject to Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act have been leased for a term of more than 20 years to another such railroad corporation pursuant to an agreement or agreements entered into prior to December 1, 1950, which agreement or agreements require the lessee or lessees to pay the taxes of the lessor, the aggregate of the excess profits credit and the unused excess profits credit adjustment of each such corporation may be equitably apportioned by agreement, if approved in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, among the lessor and each of the lessee corporations so required to pay the taxes of the lessor. The term of a lease of railroad properties entered into prior to December 1, 1950, shall include the years for which such release may be renewed or continued. See section 434 (d)

(c) Section 459. Miscellaneous provisions.—In general.—Section 459 provides special computations of average base period net income in the case of taxpayers meeting certain eligibility reincome in the case of taxpayers meeting certain eligibility requirements with respect to (1) transition from war production and increase in peacetime capacity, (2) base period catastrophe, (3) consolidation of newspaper operations, (4) television broadcasting companies, and (5) preserving defense capacity and increasing capacity for manufacturing peacetime products from certain strategic and critical metals. There is no separate schedule provided for computation of average base period net income under section 459. A taxpayer computing average base period net income section 459. A taxpayer computing average base period net income under any provision of this section shall attach to its return a schedule showing the computation of such average base period net income and in the case of a taxpayer computing a credit by net income and in the case of a taxpayer computing a credit by reference to section 459 (d) any adjustments to the capital additions or reductions required under that section. The taxpayer shall also submit with its return a full and complete statement showing the basis upon which each requirement of the particular subsection of section 459 is satisfied and all the facts upon which the taxpayer relies. For definition of adjusted basis and unadjusted basis as used in section 459, see section 459 (e).

(1) Transition from war production and increase in peacetime capacity.—Section 459 (a) provides for computation of an alternative average base period net income in the case of a taxpayer engaged primarily in manufacturing and which commenced business before January 1, 1940. In general, the taxpayer must

establish that

(i) the adjusted basis of its facilities at the beginning of its base period (including the facilities of all members of the taxpayer's affiliated group) did not exceed \$10,000,000;

(ii) the unadjusted basis of its facilities at the end of its base period was 250 percent or more of the unadjusted basis of its facili-

ties at the beginning of its base period;
(iii) the taxpayer's gross income derived from certain contracts with the United States and related subcontracts constituted (A) at least 70 percent for certain years during World War II, (B) less than 20 percent for certain years ending after 1945;

(iv) the average monthly excess profits net income for taxable years ending in the last half of its base period and for the taxable year immediately preceding the base period are each 300 percent or more of the average monthly excess profits net income for the taxable years ending in the first half of the base period.

If section 459 (a) is applicable, the taxpaver may compute its

average base period net income under section 435 (e) (2) (G) (i) and (ii) using lines 44 through 48 and lines 52 through 56 of Schedule EP-2 as a guide but substituting the excess profits net income of the last 6 months of 1948 in lieu of the excess profits net income for the last 6 months of 1949 on line 45. If the average base period net income is computed under section 459 (a), no

base period capital addition is allowed.

(2) Base period catastrophe.—Section 459 (b) provides two alternative methods of computing the average base period net income which are, in general, available to a taxpayer, engaged primarily in manufacturing, which suffered a catastrophe by fire, storm, explosion, or other casualty during the last 36 months of its base period which destroyed or rendered inoperative a production facility constituting a complete plant or plants having an adjusted basis equal to 15 percent or more of the adjusted basis of all the taxpayer's production facilities. The taxpayer's normal production or operation must have been interrupted for a period of more than 12 consecutive months as a result of such catastrophe, and such production facility replaced prior to the end of its base period.

If section 459 (b) is applicable, the taxpayer may compute its average base period net income using whichever of the following methods results in the lesser excess profits tax:

(i) the average base period net income may be computed under section 435 (d) (relating to the general average method) by substituting for the excess profits net income for each month in the taxable year in which the catastrophe occurred an amount equal to the aggregate, divided by the number of months in the base period preceding such taxable year, of the excess profits net income for each month (computed under section 435 (d) (1)) in the base period preceding such taxable year. A taxpayer computing its average base period net income in this manner should use lines 33 through 38 and lines 49 through 56 of Schedule EP-2, and should enter on line 33 (a) of Schedule EP-2 for the year in which the catastrophe occurred an amount computed by aggregating the excess profits net income as shown on line 33 (a) for each month in the base period preceding such taxable year and dividing such aggregate by the number of months in the base period preceding such taxable year.

(ii) the taxpayer may compute its average base period net income under section 435 (e) (2) (G) (i) and (ii) using lines 44 through 48 and lines 52 through 56 of Schedule EP-2 as a guide but substituting on line 45 of Schedule EP-2 the excess profits net income for the last 6 months of 1948 in lieu of the excess profits net income for the last 6 months of 1949.

If the average base period net income is computed under (ii),

no base period capital addition is allowed.

(3) Consolidation of newspaper operations.—Section 459 (c) provides, in general, for a special computation of the average base period net income of a taxpayer engaged primarily in the newsperiod net income of a taxpayer engaged net paper publishing business which, after the first half of its base period and prior to July 1, 1950, consolidated its mechanical, cir-culation, advertising, and accounting operations with such operations of another newspaper in the same area, and such consolida-

The taxpayer must establish that for the period ending with the close of the first taxable year beginning after the consolidation, the consolidation resulted in substantial reductions in expenses paid or incurred in connection with its mechanical, circulation advanting and accounting articles. (i) the deductions of the taxpayer under section 23 for its first

taxable year beginning after the consolidation, computed without regard to the net operating loss deduction and without regard to certain circulation expenditures, were not in excess of 80 percent of the average of such deductions for the two taxable years pre-ceding the taxable year of consolidation, or (ii) the excess profits net income of the taxpayer, computed

under section 433 (b), for the first taxable year beginning after the consolidation was 125 percent or more of the average base period net income computed under section 435 (d).

If section 459 (c) is applicable, the taxpayer may compute an average base period net income by ascertaining the amount under section 435 (d) (line 32 or line 38, EP-2, whichever is applicable) and by adding thereto an amount equal to the excess of the average expenses paid or incurred in the conduct of the newspaper operations during the two taxable years immediately preceding the year of consolidation over the total of such expenses during the first taxable year after the consolidation. In making this determination proper adjustment shall be made for increases in the cost of labor and newsprint (due to wage and price increases) following such consolidation. Proper adjustment shall also be made for any case in which any taxable year used in the computation of the average base period net income is a period of less than 12 months.

The amount computed under this section should be used in lieu of the amount on line 32 or 38 in determining the amount to be entered on line 49 of Schedule EP-2. Lines 53 through 56 should

then be completed.

(4) Television broadcasting companies.—Section 459 (d) provides an alternative method of computing the income credit in the case of a taxpayer engaged in television broadcasting throughout

a period beginning before January 1, 1951, and ending with the close of the taxable year. Under this provision, the average base period net income consists, in general, of the sum of

(i) an average base period net income, determined under the general average method, for any business of the taxpayer other

than the television broadcasting business, and

(ii) an average base period net income for the television broadcasting business determined by applying to the adjusted basis of television assets at the end of the base period either the base period rate of return for the industry classification which includes radio broadcasting or, if the taxpayer was engaged in radio broadcasting during the base period, an "individual rate of return" based on the taxpayer's actual radio broadcasting experience during the base period, whichever rate of return produces the lesser tax.

Special rules are provided for a taxpayer which acquired its television broadcasting business after the close of its base period and before January 1, 1951, for the computation of the base period capital addition and the net capital addition or reduction, and

for the avoidance of duplication.

A taxpayer computing its income credit by reference to section 459 (d) should, if it was engaged in any business other than television broadcasting during its base period, determine an average base period net income for such non-television business, using Schedule EP-2 (lines 1 through 38) as a guide. In making this determination, there should be excluded from each item on lines I through 30 any income, deductions, losses, or other items attributable to the television broadcasting business. In the case of items such as administrative expenses, depreciation, or other items which may be attributable in part both to the television and nontelevision business, proper allocation of the item should be made in accordance with regulations.

If the taxpayer was not engaged in the radio broadcasting business during the base period but was engaged in the television broadcasting business during such period, the average base period net income for the television business shall be determined by multiplying the adjusted basis of such portion of its assets, determined as of the last day of the base period, as was attributable to television broadcasting, by the base period rate of return prescribed under section 447 (c) for the industry classification which includes radio broadcasting. The amount thus determined is reduced by radio broadcasting. The amount thus determined is reduced by such portion of the interest paid or incurred by the taxpayer, for the period of 12 months following the close of the base period, as

attributable to the television broadcasting business.

If the taxpayer was engaged in both the radio and television broadcasting business during the base period, the average base period net income for the television business may be determined either by use of the base period rate of return as described in the preceding paragraph, or by multiplying the adjusted basis of such portion of its assets, determined as of the last day of the base period, as was attributable to television broadcasting, by the taxpayer's individual rate of return. The individual rate of return is computed under section 459 (d) (4), in general, by determining the average of the taxpayer's assets attributable to the radio broadcasting business for the last day of each month in the base period, by ascertaining the average yearly excess profits net income attributable to the radio broadcasting business, and by dividing the average amount of such assets by such excess profits net

If the taxpayer acquired its television broadcasting business after the close of its base period and prior to January 1, 1951, the average base period net income for the television business is computed by reference to the adjusted basis of its television properties as of the last day of the calendar month in which it first engaged in such business. If such a taxpayer uses the industry rate of return in lieu of the individual rate of return, the adjustment for interest paid or incurred is made with respect to interest for the 12 months following the month in which it first engaged in the television broadcasting business.

If the average base period net income is determined under section 459 (d), the base period capital addition is available only with respect to the non-television business. Such base period capital addition may be computed using Schedule EP-2 (A) as a guide, but excluding from the entries on that schedule such items as are determined under regulations to be attributable to the

television broadcasting business

A taxpayer using section 459 (d) should compute its net capital addition or reduction on Schedule EP-2 (B), making such adjust-

ments in the computation as may be required by regulations.

If any assets of the taxpayer used in computing the television portion of the credit under section 459 (d) were acquired, directly or indirectly through the use of assets attributable at any time during the base period to the non-television business of the taxpayer, the average base period net income determined for the non-television business shall be properly adjusted by eliminating from the excess profits net income for each month prior to such acquisition, such portion thereof as is attributable to the assets

used for such acquisition. For this purpose, the excess profits net income for any month shall be attributed to such assets on the basis of the ratio, as of the beginning of the day of such acquisition, of such assets to the total non-television assets of the taxpayer.

For application of Part II in the computation of a credit under section 459 (d), see regulations.

For definition of "assets" see instruction 7, Schedule EP-5.

(5) Companies preserving defense capacity and increasing capacity for manufacturing peacetime products from certain strategic and critical metals.—Section 459 (f) provides for the computation of an alternative average base period net income in the case of certain taxpayers which commenced business on or before January 1, 1936, and since such date have been primarily engaged in manufacturing. In general, a taxpayer must establish that-

(i) the percentage of its purchases of raw strategic and critical metals was 80 percent or more for each of the taxable years begin-

ning with or within its base period;
(ii) its average monthly excess profits net income, computed as provided in section 443 (e), for the period comprising all taxable years ending with or within the first 24 months of its base period was 250 percent or more of its average monthly excess profits net income, computed as provided in section 443 (e), for the period comprising all taxable years ending with or within the last 24 months of its base period;

(iii) the adjusted basis of its total facilities at the beginning of its base period (including the facilities of all members of the tax-payer's affiliated group) did not exceed \$10,000,000; and

(iv) the adjusted basis of its total facilities on the last day of its base period was 180 percent or more of the adjusted basis of its total facilities on the first day of its base period.

For the purpose of section 459 (f), the term "strategic and critical metals" means copper and zinc (including scrap containing

If section 459 (f) is applicable, the taxpayer may compute its average base period net income under section 435 (e) (2) (E) and (F) using lines 44 through 48 and lines 52 through 56 of Schedule EP-2 as a guide but substituting for the excess profits net income for the last six months of 1949 (line 45) an amount computed by multiplying the excess profits net income for the last six months of 1946 by the percent determined by dividing the adjusted basis of its total facilities on December 31, 1948, by the adjusted basis of its total facilities on the first day of its base period. The average base period net income as so computed is limited, however, to an amount which is not in excess of 80 percent of the excess profits tax net income for its first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950.

If the average base period net income is computed under section 459 (f), no base period capital addition is allowed.

(d) Corporations which were parties to certain reorganizations, exchanges, and liquidations and acquisitions.—Rules are provided for the computation of the excess profits credit based on income in the case of certain reorganizations, exchanges, and liquidations. See sections 461 through 465. Sections 470 through 472 contain rules with respect to the computation of the excess profits credit based on invested capital in case of certain reorganizations, exchanges, and liquidations. Section 474 provides rules with respect to the computation of a credit for purposes of section 435 (d) in the case of certain taxable acquisitions occurring before December 1, 1950.

(e) Foreign corporations.—A foreign corporation engaged in trade or business within the United States which was in existence on January 1, 1946, may compute its excess profits tax using either the income method or the invested capital method if such corporation's first excess profits tax taxable year began on or before July 1, 1950, and if it was engaged in trade or business within the United States at some time during each taxable year which began or ended in the base period. If a foreign corporation does not meet the foregoing requirements, the excess profits credit for any taxable year must be computed under the invested capital method. See sections 435 and 436 for special rules with respect to the excess profits credit of a foreign corporation.

(f) Corporations entitled to the benefits of section 251.corporation entitled to the benefits of section 251 may compute its excess profits credit by using either the income method under section 435 or the invested capital method under section 436 (b).

28. Unused excess profits credit adjustment.—Section 432 provides that the unused excess profits credit for any taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, is the excess of the corporation's excess profits credit for such taxable year over its excess profits net income for such year computed without regard to the net operating loss deduction. If the taxable year is less than 12 months, the unused excess profits credit will be that portion of the unused excess profits credit determined under the general rules as the number of days in the taxable year is of the number of days in the 12-month period ending with the close of the taxable year. If the taxable year began before July 1, 1950, and ended after June 30, 1950, the unused excess profits credit will be an amount which is such portion of the unused excess profits credit determined under the general rule as the number of days in the taxable year after June 30, 1950, is of the total number of days in such taxable year. If the taxable year begins before January 1, 1954, and ends after December 31, 1953, the unused excess profits credit will be an amount which is such portion of the unused excess profits credit determined under the general rule as the number of days in the taxable year before January 1, 1954, is of the total number of days in such taxable year. There shall be no unused excess profits credit for any taxable year for which the taxpayer is exempt under section 454.

The unused excess profits credit determined under section 432 (b) will first be carried back to the first preceding taxable year as an unused excess profits credit carry-back. The balance of the unused credit may then be carried over to the five succeeding taxable years as an unused excess profits credit carry-over. The unused excess profits credit carry-over to the first succeeding taxable year will be the excess of the unused credit over the adjusted excess profits net income of the preceding taxable year. The adjusted excess profits net income for such preceding taxable year will be determined by computing the unused excess profits credit adjustment for such preceding taxable year without regard to the unused credit carry-back and without regard to the last sentence of section 431 providing for a minimum excess profits credit plus unused excess profits credit adjustment of \$25,000.

If the preceding taxable year began prior to July 1, 1950, and ended after June 30, 1950, the amount by which the unused credit is reduced for the purpose of computing the carry-over is an amount which is such part of the reduction, or such part of the unused excess profits credit carry-back for such preceding taxable year, whichever is the lesser, as the number of days in such taxable year after June 30, 1950, is of the total number of days in such taxable year.

In determining the unused excess profits credit carry-over to the second, third, fourth, and fifth taxable years, the unused excess profits credit is reduced by the adjusted excess profits net income for each of the intervening taxable years. For such purpose, the adjusted excess profits net income for any intervening taxable year is determined (1) by computing the unused excess profits credit adjustment for such intervening year without regard to such unused credit and without regard to any unused excess profits credit for any year subsequent to the year of such unused credit, and (2) by disregarding the last sentence of section 431 providing for a minimum excess profits credit plus unused excess profits credit adjustment of \$25,000.

For the purpose of computing the unused excess profits credit carry-over, an unused excess profits credit will not be decreased by reference to any taxable year ending prior to July 1, 1950. Furthermore, there will be no unused excess profits credit carry-back to any taxable year ended prior to July 1, 1950. For computation of unused excess profits credit for year of liquidation, see section 432 (e)

29 and 30. Adjusted excess profits net income.—The term "adjusted excess profits net income" is defined by section 431 as the excess profits net income computed under section 433 (a) minus the sum of (a) the amount of the excess profits credit allowed under section 434 and (b) the unused excess profits credit adjustment computed under section 432. If the sum of the excess profits credit and the unused excess profits credit adjustment is less than \$25,000, such sum is increased to \$25,000.

Under certain circumstances described in section 15 (c) the minimum excess profits credit of \$25,000 is not allowed or may be reduced to a lesser figure.

Section 15 (c) provides that if a corporation on or after January 1, 1951, transfer all or part of its property (other than money) to another corporation which was created for the pur-pose of acquiring such property or which was not actively engaged in business at the time of such acquisition and if after such transfer the transferor corporation or its stockholders, or both, are in control of such transferee corporation during any part of the taxable year of such transferee corporation, the transferee corporation shall not for such taxable year be allowed either the \$25,000 exemption from surtax or the \$25,000 minimum excess profits credit provided in the last sentence of section 431, unless such transferee corporation shall establish by a clear preponderance of the evidence that the securing of such exemption or credit was not a major purpose of such transfer. For this purpose, control means the ownership of stock possessing at least 80 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or at least 80 percent of the total value of shares of all classes of stock of the corporation. Rules are provided for the determination of the ownership of stock for the purposes of the section. For allocation of the surtax exemption and minimum excess profits credit in certain cases, see section 129 (b).

31 and 32. Computation—General rule.—Section 430 provides that the excess profits tax shall be the lesser of the following

(a) 30 percent of the adjusted excess profits net income, or
(b) 18 percent of the excess profits net income.

In the case of an affiliated group of includible corporations making or required to make a consolidated return for the taxable year under section 141, the amount to be entered on line 32 shall be reduced by an amount which bears the same ratio (but not in excess of 100 percent) to the increase of 2 percent in the surtax imposed by reason of section 141 (c) as the amount of the consolidated excess profits net income bears to the amount of the consolidated corporation surtax net income.

33. Maximum tax for new corporations.—Section 430 (e) provides an additional alternative computation of the excess profits tax in the case of certain taxpayers which commenced business tax in the case of certain taxpayers which commenced business after July 1, 1945, and whose fifth taxable year ends after June 30, 1950. Under section 430 (e) the maximum tax is computed as follows: (a) by applying a special rate, depending on the taxable year of the corporation, to the first \$300,000 of excess profits net income, and (b) by adding to the amount thus determined 18 percent of the excess over \$300,000. For the first five taxable years of the corporation, counting as the first year the year of commencement of business, the special rates on the first \$300,000 of mencement of business, the special rates on the first \$300,000 of excess profits net income are as follows:

Third taxable year.... Fourth taxable year 11%

of its first five taxable years the return is being filed and shall insert on line 33 (a) the percentage rate applicable to such year. The amount of excess profits tax computed on the excess profits the answer of \$200,000 shall be excessed on line. net income not in excess of \$300,000 shall be entered on line

net income not in excess of \$300,000 shall be entered on line 33 (b). Enter on line 33 (c) the amount of excess profits net income in excess of \$300,000 multiplied by 18 percent.

The alternative computation of the maximum excess profits tax for new corporations is not available to a taxpayer which derives more than 50 percent of its gross income (determined without regard to dividends and without regard to gains from sale or exchange of capital assets) for the taxable year from contracts and subcontracts to which the provisions of Title I of the Renegotiation Act of 1951 (or the provisions of any prior renegotiation are applicable. act) are applicable.

In determining the taxable year of the taxpayer for the purpose of the maximum tax on new corporations, the taxpayer shall be considered to have commenced business as of the date of commencement of business of certain related corporations described in

mencement of pusiness of certain related corporations described in section 430 (e) (2) (B).

34. Proration of tax.—In the case of a taxable year beginning before January 1, 1954, and ending after December 31, 1953, the excess profits tax will be an amount equal to that portion of a tentative tax determined under section 430 (a) as the number of days in such year prior to January 1, 1954, bears to the total numbers of days in such year. ber of days in such year.

35. (a) Mutual insurance companies—Section 430 (d).—In the case of a mutual insurance company other than life or marine, if the gross amount received from interest, dividends, rents, and premiums (including deposits and assessments) is over \$75,000 but less than \$125,000, the excess profits tax will be an amount which bears the same proportion to the amount otherwise ascertained under section 430 as the excess over \$75,000 of such gross amount

bears to \$50,000. (b) Corporations engaged in mining of strategic minerals—Section 450.—In the case of any domestic corporation engaged in the mining of a strategic mineral, named in section 450 (b) (1) or certified by proper authority, the portion of the adjusted excess profits net income attributable to such mining in the United States will be exempt from the excess profits tax. The tax on the remaining portion of the adjusted excess profits net income is an amount which bears the same ratio to the tax computed without regard to section 450 as such remaining portion bears to the entire adjusted excess profits net income.

In determining the portion of the adjusted excess profits net income which is attributable to the mining of a mineral which is a strategic mineral by reason of a certification made during the taxable year by proper authority, such portion is an amount which bears the same ratio to the portion of the adjusted excess profits net income, determined without regard to section 450, attributable to such mining during the entire taxable year as the number of days for which the corporation held the mineral property during the taxable year and after the date of the making of the certification bears to the number of days for which the corporation held the property during such taxable year.

(c) Abnormalities in income in taxable period—Section 456.—

The Act provides an adjustment for certain abnormalities in

income for the taxable year but only to the extent that the "net abnormal income" is attributable to other taxable years. Income includible in the gross income for the taxable year is treated as "abnormal income" if it is abnormal for the corporation to derive income of a particular class, or if the taxpayer normally derives income of a particular class but the amount includible in gross income for the taxable year is in excess of 115 percent of the average amount of gross income of the same class for the four previous taxable years, or so much of the four previous taxable years during which the corporation was in existence.

Abnormal income is to be determined by considering classes

of income and not merely particular items.

Separate classes of income are defined in section 456 (a) (2) as follows:

(1) Income arising out of a claim, award, judgment, or decree, or interest on any of the foregoing;
(2) Income resulting from exploration, discovery, or prospecting, or any combination thereof, extending over a period of more than 12 months;

(3) Income from sale of patents, formula, or processes, or any combination thereof, developed over a period of more than 12

months; and
(4) Income includible in gross income for the taxable year, rather than for a different taxable year by reason of a change in

the corporation's method of accounting Classification of income not included in the separately defined

classes is subject to regulations.

Section 456 is to be applied only for the purpose of computing the excess profits tax for the current taxable year (including such amount of excess profits tax resulting from attributing the net abnormal income to a prior excess profits tax taxable year) or for a future taxable year. The computation of base period net income a future taxable year. The computation o and the excess profits credit is not affected.

(d) Contracts under Merchant Marine Act—Section 457 (a).— The law provides for an alternative tax in the case of a corporation which has been certified by the Federal Maritime Board to the Secretary as having completed within the taxable year any contracts or subcontracts subject to the provisions of section 505 (b) of the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, as amended.

The alternative tax is in lieu of the excess profits tax computed under section 430 but only if such alternative tax is less than the tax under such section. Such alternative tax (computed as provided in section 457 (b)) is the excess of (1) a tentative tax computed under section 430 with the normal-tax net income increased by the amount of any payments made, or to be made, to the Board with respect to contracts or subcontracts the completion of which during the taxable year has been certified to the Secretary by the Board over (2) the amount of such payments.

A corporation claiming the benefit of the alternative tax provided under section 457 (a) shall attach to its return (1) a certificate of the Board showing each contract or subcontract subject to the provisions of section 505 (b) of the Merchant Marine Act which the corporation has completed within the taxable year, and (2) a statement showing the amount of payments made, or to be

made, to the Board with respect to such contracts or subcontracts.

36. Foreign tax credit.—If a credit for income taxes paid to a foreign country or United States possession is allowed against the corporation normal tax and surtax, the portion of such foreign tax not used as a credit against the normal tax and surtax by reason of the limitations of section 131 (b) will be available for credit against the excess profits tax. The amount thus made available as a credit against the excess profits tax is subject to further limitations provided in section 131 (j).

38. Position inconsistent with prior income tax liability—(a) In general.—Section 452 authorizes an adjustment to the excess profits tax in certain cases in which the treatment of an item or transaction for excess profits tax purposes is inconsistent with prior erroneous treatment of such item or transaction for income tax purposes and correction of the error is prevented by some provision or rule of law such as the statute of limitations or res

judicata

(b) Circumstances of adjustment.—Generally, an adjustment with respect to a position inconsistent with prior income tax liability is made if (1) in determining at any time the excess profits tax of the corporation an item affecting the excess profits credit is treated in a manner inconsistent with the treatment accorded such item in the determination of the income tax liability of such such item in the determination of the income tax liability of such corporation or a predecessor for a taxable year or years ending before July 1, 1950; and (2) the treatment of such item in the prior taxable year or years consistently with the determination for the purposes of the excess profits tax would effect an increase or decrease in the amount of the income taxes determined for the prior taxable year or years; and (3) on the date of such determination of the excess profits tax, correction of the effect of the inconsistent treatment in any one or more of the prior taxable years is prevented (except for the provisions of section 3801) by years is prevented (except for the provisions of section 3801) by

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the operation of any law or rule of law (other than section 3761,

relating to compromises)

In case the net effect of the adjustment would be a decrease in the income taxes previously determined for such year or years, the adjustment will be made only if there is adopted in the determination a position maintained by the Secretary. In case the net effect of the adjustment would be an increase in the income taxes previously determined for such year or years, the adjustment will be made only if there is adopted in the determination a position maintained by the taxpayer with respect to whom the determination is made. However, either position must be inconsistent with

the treatment accorded such item in the prior taxable year or

years which was not correct under the law applicable to such year.

(c) Method and effect of adjustment.—The amount of adjustment authorized under the provisions of section 452 is to be ascertained as provided in section 452 (d). In general, the difference between the aggregate of the increases, plus the interest attributable to each, and the aggregate of the decreases, plus the interest attributable to each, will be the increase or decrease, as the case may be, which is added to, or subtracted from the excess profits the constitution of the teachly against the profits. tax otherwise computed for the taxable year with respect to which the inconsistent position is adopted.

SCHEDULE EP-2.—EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT—BASED ON INCOME

In general, the excess profits credit based on income for a domestic corporation is the sum of the following:

(a) 83 percent of the average base period net income;
(b) 12 percent of the amount of the base period capital addition, computed under section 435 (f), if the average base period net income is the amount determined under section 435 (d) (relating to the general average) or, in certain cases under section 442 (relating to abnormalities in base period); and

(c) 12 percent of the net capital addition for the taxable year, as defined in section 435 (g) (1).

From the sum so determined there is subtracted 12 percent of the net capital reduction for the taxable year, as defined in section

The average base period net income may be determined under section 435 (d), and in such case is the average of the taxpayer's excess profits net income for the three best years in the base period. For certain fiscal year corporations the average base period net income under section 435 (d) may be computed by reference to the 48 months ending March 31, 1950.

Section 435 (e) provides alternative methods of computing the average base period net income of a corporation whose growth

Section 435 (e) provides alternative methods of computing the average base period net income of a corporation whose growth and the base period is demonstrated primarily by increased gross receipts or payroll during the last half of the base period. These

Section 435 (e) provides alternative methods of computing the average base period net income of a corporation whose growth during the base period is demonstrated primarily by increased gross receipts or payroll during the last half of the base period. These alternative methods are also available to corporations meeting certain tests with respect to sales of a product, or class of products, of a lin certain cases the average base period net income may be computed under section 442 (relating to abnormalities in the base period), section 443 (relating to changes in products or services), section 444 (relating to increase in capacity), section 445 (relating to new corporations), or section 446 (relating to depressed industry subgroups. For computation under these sections, see Schedule EP-5. Section 459 contains miscellaneous provisions providing for computation of average base period net income applicable to certain Section 459 contains miscellaneous provisions providing for computation of average base period net income applicable to certain

Classes of taxpayers. (See instruction 27 (c), Schedule EP-1.)

The base period is the period January 1, 1946, through December 31, 1949, except in the case of a taxpayer whose first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, was preceded by a taxable year which began before January 1, 1950, and ended January 31, February 28, or March 31, 1950. In the latter cases the base period is the 48 consecutive months ending with the close of January, February, or

March, 1950.

Schedule EP-2 has, for convenience, been drawn up in columnar form and provides five columns. If necessary, appropriate changes should be made in the column headings. If additional columns are required, attach a separate schedule.

Section 433 (b) provides that for the purposes of computing the average base period net income, the excess profits net income for any taxable year shall be the normal-tax net income, as defined in section 13 (a) (2) as in effect for such taxable year, increased or

In the case of a corporation which has been a party to a transaction described in section 461 (a), the credit should be computed with reference to sections 461 through 465. For rules applicable in the determination of the credit under section 435 (d) in the case of certain taxable acquisitions, see section 474.

In the case of a foreign corporation, the excess profits credit based on income is 83 percent of the average base period net income without any adjustment for capital changes.

1. Normal-tax net income.—The normal-tax net income for I. Normal-tax net income.—The normal-tax net income for each taxable year to be entered on line 1 for the purpose of computing the average base period net income should be the amount shown in item 35, page 1, Form 1120, for 1946 and 1947, and on line 5, page 3, Form 1120, for 1948 and 1949, taking into consideration any subsequent adjustments. If for a taxable year beginning in 1945 a credit for income subject to excess profits tax has been deducted in computing the normal-tax net income the has been deducted in computing the normal-tax net income, the amount to be entered on line 1 should be computed without the deduction of such credit.

In the case of a corporation electing to report income from installment sales or installment sales obligations on the accrual method, or income from long-term contracts on the percentage of method, or income from long-term contracts on the percentage of completion method, recompute base period net income accordingly and enter such amount on line 1. For detailed explanation of the adjustments necessary, see general instruction E (1) and (2).

2. Net operating loss deduction.—Section 433 (b) (1) provides

that the net operating loss deduction provided by section 23 (s) shall not be allowed in determining the excess profits net income for any taxable year in the base period. Enter on line 2 any net operating loss deduction used in computing the amount on line 1

3. Net loss to which section 117 (j) is applicable.—Section 433 (b) (2) provides that there shall be excluded gains and losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets and gains and losses to which section 117 (j) is applicable. A net loss to which section 117 (j) is applicable (the excess of all section 117 (j) losses over all section 117 (j) gains) should be entered on line 3. No variable to the excessive since such incompanions and such processes we since such that the section of the excessive since such that the excessive since such th justment for a net capital loss sustained is necessary since such a loss was not allowable in computing normal-tax net income. Provision for the subtraction of a net gain from the sale or exchange of capital assets, including a net gain from the sale or ex-117 (j) is applicable (the excess of all section 117 (j) gains over all section 117 (j) losses), is made on line 21.

4. Deductions on account of retirement or discharge of bonds, etc.—If during the taxable year the taxpayer retires or discharges any bond, debenture, note, or certificate, or other evidence of

indebtedness, if the obligation of the taxpayer has been outstanding for more than 6 months, the following deductions for the taxable year shall not be allowed:

(a) The deduction allowable under section 23 (a) for expenses

paid or incurred in connection with such retirement or discharge;
(b) The deduction for losses allowable by reason of such retirement or discharge; and

(c) In case the issuance was at a discount, the amount deductible for such year solely because of such retirement or discharge.

In making the adjustments provided in section 433 (b) (4), the deduction allowable for any premium paid on bonds when called for redemption shall be disallowed, but the deduction allowable for any discount amortized up to the date of retirement or discharge shall not be disallowed. Expenses incurred in issuing bonds which are amortized shall be treated in the same manner as discounts.

- 5. Deductions under reserve method for bad debts, in case of banks.—In the case of banks using the reserve method of accounting for bad debts, there shall be allowed, in lieu of the amount allowable under the reserve method for bad debts, a deduction for debts which became worthless within the taxable year, in whole or in part, within the meaning of section 23 (k). A bank using the reserve method of accounting for bad debts will enter on line 5 the amount of the deduction used in computing line 1. The amount of the debts which actually became worth-less during the taxable year should be entered on line 24.
- 6. Federal income taxes paid by lessee under long-term lease.— The adjustment on line 6 is to disallow the deduction by a lessee of an amount of Federal income taxes paid on behalf of a lessor. The adjustment on line 23 is to exclude this amount from income in the case of a lessor.

If under a lease for a term of more than 20 years, entered into prior to December 1, 1950, the lessee is required to pay any portion of the tax imposed by chapter 1 upon the lessor with respect to the rentals derived by such lessor from such lessee, or is obligated to reimburse the lessor for any portion of the tax imposed

by chapter 1 upon the lessor with respect to the rentals derived by such lessor from such lessee, such payment or reimbursement shall be excluded by the lessor and a deduction therefor shall not be allowed to the lessee. For treatment of certain leases of railroad properties containing renewal clauses, see section 433 (b) (11).

7. Repayment of processing tax to vendees.—The deduction under section 23 (a), for any taxable year, for expenses shall be decreased by an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount deductible on account of any repayment or credit by the corporation to the same ratio. tion to its vendee of any amount attributable to any tax under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as amended, as the excess of the aggregate of the amounts so deductible in the base period over the aggregate of the amounts attributable to taxes under such Act collected from its vendees, which were includible in the corporation's gross income in the base period and which were not paid, bears to the aggregate of the amounts so deductible

8. Dividends received credit.—Section 26 (b) provides for the allowance of a dividends received credit to the extent indicated in the various sections imposing tax, while section 433 (b) (6) provides that the credit for dividends received shall apply without limitation (except the limitation relating to dividends in kind) to all dividends on stock of all corporations, except that no credit for dividends received shall be allowed with respect to dividends (actual or constructive) on stock of foreign personal holding companies or dividends on stock which is not a capital asset. The panies or dividends on stock which is not a capital asset. Ine dividends received credit used in computing the amount entered on line 1 should be entered on line 8. Provision for the subtraction of the amount of the dividends received is made on line 20. As indicated above in this paragraph, the dividends received do not, for the purpose of the adjustment on line 20, include dividends received on stock of a personal holding company or dividends on stock which is not a capital asset and the amount is dends on stock which is not a capital asset and the amount is subject to the limitation to dividends in kind.

9 through 12. Abnormal deductions.—In general, sections 433

(b) (9) and (10) provide that if for any targets and the sections 433

(b) (9) and (10) provide that if for any taxable year within or beginning or ending within, the base period, any class of deductions for the taxable year exceeded 115 percent of the average amount of deductions of such class for the four previous taxable years, the deductions of such class shall be disallowed in an amount equal to such excess. If a single extraordinary event gives rise to deductions of the same class for more than one taxable year, then, in determining whether the deductions of such class arising from such extraordinary event exceed 115 percent of the average deductions of that class for the four previous taxable years, such average shall be computed without reference to any deductions attributable

to the particular extraordinary event.

Each of the following groups of deductions shall constitute a

class of deductions: (a) Deductions attributable to claims, awards, judgments, and

decrees against the taxpayer, and interest on the foregoing.

(b) Deductions attributable to intangible drilling and development costs paid or incurred in or for drilling of wells or the preparation of wells for the production of oil or gas, and for development costs in the case of mines.

(c) Deductions under section 23 (f) for losses arising from fires, storms, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft, or arising from demolition, abandonment, or loss of useful value of property, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise. This class of deductions does not include losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets or losses to which section 117 (j) is applicable.

Classification of deductions not included in the separately defended to t

fined classes is subject to regulations.

Deductions of any class for any taxable year shall not be dis-

(a) The amount of deductions of such class to be disallowed for such year exceeds 5 percent of the average excess profits net income for the taxable years within, or beginning or ending within, the base period (computed without the disallowance of any such

class of deductions), and
(b) The taxpayer establishes that the increase in such deductions is not a cause or a consequence of an increase in the gross income of the taxpayer in its base period or a decrease in the amount of some other deduction in its base period, which increase or decrease is substantial in relation to the amount of the increase in the deductions of such class, and

(c) The taxpayer establishes that the increase in such deductions is not a consequence of a change at any time in the type, manner of operation, size, or condition of the business engaged in

by the taxpayer.

The amount of deductions of any class to be disallowed with respect to any taxable year in the base period shall not exceed the amount by which the deductions of such class for such taxable year exceed the deductions of such class for the taxable year for which excess profits tax is being computed.

If in computing excess profits net income for any taxable year in the base period, the taxpayer claims the disallowance under section 433 (b) (9) and (10) of any amount previously allowed as a deduction, there shall be submitted a full and complete statement showing the computation of the amount to be disallowed, the basis upon which each requirement of section 433 (b) (9) and (10) is satisfied, and all the facts upon which the taxpayer relies.

13. Adjustment of assessments paid by banks to Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.—In the case of a bank, the deduction for the assessment by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation for any taxable year in the base period shall be reduced to an amount which is such part thereof as the net assessment (after credits applicable thereto) for the taxable year for which excess profits tax is being computed is of the gross assessment for the taxable year for which excess profits tax is being computed.

14. Capitalization of expenditures for advertising or promotion of good will.—Under the provisions of section 451 any taxpayer may elect, in a statement attached to its return or filed within 6 months after the date prescribed by law for filing its return for its first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, to charge to capital account deductions based upon expenditures for taxable years in its base period on account of advertising or the promotion of good will, to the extent that such expenditures may be regarded as capital investments. The election is applicable only with respect to expenditures to establish, maintain, or increase the circulation of a payspaper magazine or other periodical lation of a newspaper, magazine, or other periodical.

15. Deductions attributable to technical services.—The adjustment on line 15 is the sum of any deductions described below deducted in arriving at the amount on line 1. The adjustment on line 25 is the amount of any income described below included

in computing line 1.

Section 433 (b) (16) provides that in the case of a domestic corporation which renders to a related corporation technical assistcorporation which renders to a related corporation technical assistance, engineering services, scientific assistance, or similar services (such services or assistance being related to the production or improvement of products of the type manufactured by such domestic corporation), there shall be excluded the remuneration for such services or assistance if such remuneration constitutes income derived from sources without the United States. Any deductions in connection with or proposity ellegable to read discourse. ductions in connection with or properly allocable to rendering of such services or assistance shall not be allowed. For this purpose, a foreign corporation shall be considered a "related foreign corporation" if 10 percent or more of its outstanding stock is owned

by the domestic corporation. 16. Adjustment for interest.—Section 433 (b) (17) provides that, in the case of a dealer in certain Government obligations which makes the election provided by section 440 (c), the excess profits net income shall be increased by the excess of the amount of interest received or accrued on such obligations during each taxable year in the base period reduced (but not below zero by the amount of interest paid or accrued during such year which is not allowed as a deduction under section 23 (b). In the case of a taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, such interest shall further be reduced by the amount of the adjustment required under section 22 (o) (relating to the adjustment for certain bond premiums) but not by an amount greater than the amount of interest received or accrued during the taxable year on Government obligations to which such section is applicable. For this purpose the term "Government obligation" means obligations described in section 22 (b) (4) any part of the interest from which is excludible from gross income or allowable as a credit against net income; but such term shall include only such obligations as in the hands of the taxpayer are property described in section

117 (a) (1) (A). 17. Adjustment for base period losses from branch operations.— Section 433 (b) (18) provides that, in certain cases, the excess profits net income, otherwise determined, for each year in the base period may be increased with respect to losses sustained in the base period arising from branch operations by the taxpayer. adjustment is authorized only if-

(a) the branch is located at a separate place from the taxpayer's

other business activities;

(b) the branch was operated at a loss during two or more taxable years in the base period;

(c) the character of the products or services produced by the branch differs substantially from the other business of the tax-payer, i. e., the branch is of a type classifiable by the Standard Industrial Classification Manual in a different major industry

Industrial Classification Manual in a different major industry group or in a different subgroup of the taxpayer's major group; and (a) the aggregate net losses of the branch during the base period exceed 15 percent of the aggregate excess profits net income of the taxpayer during the base period. The term "aggregate excess profits net income" means the sum of the excess profits net income for all years in the base period, increased by the sum of the net losses of such branch during the base period.

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If section 433 (b) (18) is applicable, the excess profits net income for any taxable year beginning or ending in the base period shall be increased by the amount of the excess of (i) the loss sustained in the operation of the branch in such year over (ii) the loss, if any, incurred by such branch during the taxable year for which excess profits tax is being computed. If section 433 (b) (18) is applicable, submit statement of pertinent facts and schedule of computation.

18. Adjustment for deposits under Merchant Marine Act.—Section 457 (c) provides that the excess profits net income for any base period year shall be increased by an amount equal to the excess of (1) the tax deferred deposits of earnings, made in or accrued to reserve funds under section 607 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, with respect to such base period year, over (2) the amount of such deposits of earnings for the taxable year for which excess profits tax is being computed. Proper adjustment shall be made of deposits made in or accrued to the reserve funds for any taxable year so as to exclude therefrom any amounts payable for such year as reimbursement of operating-differential subsidy. If section 457 (c) is applicable, submit statement of pertinent facts and schedule of computation.

20. Dividends received.—See instruction 8.

21. Net gain from sale or exchange of capital assets.—See instruction 3.

22. Income from retirement or discharge of bonds, etc.-There shall be excluded in the case of any taxpayer, income derived from the retirement or discharge by the taxpayer of any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, if the obligation of the taxpayer has been outstanding for more than 6 months, including, in case the issuance was at a premium. the amount includible in income for such year solely because of such retirement or discharge.

23. Federal income taxes received by lessor under long-term See instruction 6.

24. Debts which actually became worthless during the year, in the case of banks.—See instruction 5.

25. Income attributable to technical services.—See instruction

26. Adjustment for certain coal royalties.—Section 433 (d) provides that the excess profits net income for taxable years in the base period shall be computed as if the provisions relating to the disposal of coal contained in section 117 (j) and section 117 (k) (2) were a part of the law applicable to the taxable year in the base period for which an excess profits net income is being computed. Enter on this line the excess of—

(a) the difference between amounts received upon the disposal of coal in the taxable year and the adjusted depletion basis

thereof, over

(b) the excess of the allowance for percentage depletion provided for in section 114 (b) (4) with respect to such coal for such

year over the amount allowable for cost depletion.

29. Deductions applicable to life insurance companies.—In the case of a life insurance company there shall be deducted from the normal-tax net income the excess of (a) the product of (1) the figure determined and proclaimed under section 202 (b) and (2) the excess profits net income computed without regard to this deduction, over (b) the adjustment for certain reserves provided in section 202 (c).

31 through 38. Average base period net income—General average.—(a) Lines 31 and 32 provide a computation which is applicable only to a taxpayer whose base period, as defined in general instructions for this schedule, consists of four 12-month taxable years which are either the calendar years 1946 through 1949 or fiscal years ending on the last day of January, February, or March, 1947, through 1950. The aggregate excess profits net income for

the three highest years, as shown on line 30, is divided by 3 to obtain the average base period net income.

(b) Lines 33 through 38 are for the use of all other taxpayers. A taxpayer which had a taxable year beginning in 1949 and ending after March 31, 1950, may compute an average base period net income under the general average method either for (1) its base period as defined in general instructions for this schedule, or (2) an alternative period consisting of 48 consecutive months ending March 31, 1950, whichever produces the lesser excess profits tax. Lines 33 through 38 are adapted for computation of average base period net income for either period. A taxpayer with a taxable year beginning in 1949 and ending after March 31, 1950, should indicate immediately preceding line 33 which period

is used in the computation of the average base period net income.

33. (a). For purposes of line 33 (a) the amounts of excess ofits net income as shown on line 30 are divided by the number of full calendar months in the respective taxable years. If a tax-payer was not in existence throughout the entire 48 months of its base period, its excess profits net income for any month during no part of which it was in existence shall be zero.

33. (b). This line is to be used in computing an average base

period net income by a taxpayer electing the alternative period described above in lieu of its base period. Such a taxpayer should enter in column 5 on this line the same amount appearing in column 5, line 33 (a) if the taxable year in this column ended after March 31, 1950, and before July 1, 1950; 90 percent of such amount if such taxable year ended after June 30, 1950, and before October 1, 1950; or 80 percent of such amount if such taxable year ended after September 30, 1950, and before December 31, 1950.

34. Enter in each column of line 34 the number of months

during any part of which the taxpayer was in existence which fall within its base period, or within the alternative period if the taxpayer is computing an average base period net income

by reference to the alternative period.

35. The number of months to be entered on line 35 should total 36 and should be the 36 months which produce the highest aggregate excess profits net income determined in either of the following ways: (a) the 12 consecutive months with the lowest aggregate excess profits net income may be eliminated, or (b) the 36 consecutive months which produce the highest aggregate excess profits net income may be retained.

If the alternative period is used in lieu of the base period, then in determining the 36 months to be entered on this line the average monthly excess profits net income for the months of January, February, and March, 1950, included in the total number of months shown in column 5, line 34, will be the weighted monthly average on line 33 (b), and the average monthly excess profits net

income for the preceding months in such taxable year will be the monthly average shown in column 5, line 33 (a).

36. Enter in each column of line 36 the respective products of lines 33 (a) and 35 except that if the alternative period is used, the amount on line 33 (b) should be substituted for the amount on line 33 (a) with respect to the months of January, February, and March, 1950, if such months are included in the number of months entered on line 35.

39 through 48. Average base period net income—Alternative based on growth.—A taxpayer which commenced business prior to the end of its base period, if it meets certain requirements, is entitled to an alternative average base period net income computed, in general, upon the basis of the average income of the last 12 months of the base period, or the last 24 months of the base period, or an adjusted average for the 12 months ended June 30, 1050 which we have a second or the 12 months and 1050 which we have a second or the 12 months and 1050 which we have a second or the 12 months and 1050 which we have a second or the 12 months and 1050 which we have a second or the 12 months and 1050 which we have a second or the 12 months and 1050 which we have a second or the 12 months are the 1050 which we have a second or the 12 months are the 1050 which we have a second or the 1050 which we h period, or an adjusted aver 1950, whichever is highest.

A taxpayer computing average base period net income by using an alternative based on growth shall submit with its return a full and complete statement showing the basis upon which each requirement of section 435 (e) is satisfied and all the facts upon

which the taxpayer relies.

(a) Eligibility requirements—General rule.—Eligibility is established if total assets on the first day of the base period (including the assets of all members of taxpayer's affiliated group) did not exceed \$20,000,000, and either

(1) The total payroll for the last half of the base period is 130 percent or more of the total payroll for the first half of the base

period; or
(2) The gross receipts for the last half of the base period are 150 percent or more gross receipts for the first half of the base

(b) Eligibility requirements—Products not generally available prior to 1946.—A taxpayer is also entitled to use as its average base period net income the alternative based on growth if it commenced business before the end of its base period and if it meets the following tests:

(1) The amount of the taxpayer's net sales for the period be ginning January 1, 1950, and ending June 30, 1950, when multi-plied by 2, equals or exceeds 150 percent of its average net sales for the calendar years 1946 and 1947; and

(2) 40 percent or more of the taxpayer's net sales for the calendar year 1950 is attributable to a product, or class of products (including any article in which such product or class of products is the principal component and including any article which is a component of such product or class of products), of a kind not generally available to the public at any time prior to January 1, 1946, and

(3) The amount of the taxpayer's net sales which is attributable to such product or class of similar products for the calendar year 1946 is 5 percent or less of the amount of its net sales so attributable for the calendar year 1949.

A product which is a modification of an old product, such as an improvement or change in style, is not a product of the type referred to. A product which was generally available prior to 1946, although not available at all times prior thereto is also not

For the purposes of these tests, the term "net sales" with respect to any period means the total amount received or accrued during such period from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of stock in trade of the taxpayer or other property of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of its trade or business; reduced by the amount of discounts, returns, and allowances paid or incurred for such period.

39. Total assets as of first day of base period.—Enter on this

line total assets as of first day of the first day of its base period computed by aggregating the cash and property other than cash held by the taxpayer on such day for the purpose of the business. Property shall be included for the purpose of the business. Property shall be included for the purpose of this computation in an amount equal to its adjusted basis for determining gain upon sale or exchange. If the taxpayer is a member of an affiliated group which has the privilege under section 141 of filing a consolidated return for its first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, there shall also be included the total assets of the affiliated group whether or not a consolidated return is filed, and such total assets shall be determined in a manner consistent with the principles applicable with respect to consolidated returns.

40. Total payroll and gross receipts.—For the purpose of determining the amount to be entered on lines 40 (a) and (b), the term "total payroll" means the sum of the salaries, wages, commissions, and other compensation paid or incurred by the taxpayer during such period for personal entires actually randored by an during such period for personal services actually rendered by employees, excluding the amount thereof which is allowable as a deduction under section 23 (p) and excluding any compensation

paid in any medium other than cash.

The term "gross receipts" means the sum of—

(a) The total amount received or accrued during such period from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of stock in trade of

the taxpayer or other property of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of its trade or business, and

(b) The gross income, attributable to a trade or business regularly carried on by the taxpayer, received or accrued during such

period excluding therefrom—
Gross income derived from the sale, exchange, or other disposi-

tion of property;

Gross income derived from discharge of indebtedness of the

Dividends on stocks of corporations; and

Income attributable to recovery of bad debts.

In the event that a taxable year falls partly within the period, there shall be allocated to the portion of the year within the period, an amount of the total payroll, or total gross receipts, for such year in the same proportion as the number of months in the year within the period bears to the total number of months in the year.

41 and 43. Excess profits net income.—The excess profits net 41 and 43. Excess pronts net income.—The excess profits net income for each of the months to be included in the aggregates to be entered on the lines 41 and 43 is the excess profits net income for the taxable year in which such month falls divided by the number of full calendar months in such year but in no case shall the excess profits net income for any month be less than zero.

44. Weighted excess profits net income.—The weighted excess profits net income for any month after December 1949 shall be the "weighted excess profits net income" for the taxable year in which the month falls divided by the number of full calendar months in such year, but in no case shall the weighted excess profits net income for any month be less than zero. The weighted excess profits net income for any taxable year beginning before July 1, 1950, shall be-

(a) 100 percent of the excess profits net income for any taxable year ending before July 1, 1950;

year ending before July 1, 1930;
(b) 90 percent of the excess profits net income for any taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, and before October 1, 1950;
(c) 80 percent of the excess profits net income for any taxable year ending after September 30, 1950, and before April 1, 1951; and

(d) 70 percent of the excess profits net income for any taxable year ending after March 31, 1951.

The aggregate of the weighted excess profits net income for each of the 6 months, January through June 1950, should be entered on line 44.

45. Excess profits net income for last 6 months of 1949.—If the taxpayer is entitled to the benefits of section 435 (e), the aggregate of the excess profits net income for each of the 6 months

aggregate of the excess profits net income for each of the 6 months July through December 1949, should be entered on line 45.

If the taxpayer meets the eligibility requirements with respect to products not generally available prior to 1946, and if its excess profits net income for the calendar year 1949 is not more than 25 percent of its excess profits net income for the calendar year 1948, the aggregate of the excess profits net income for each of the 6 months, July through December 1948, should, if higher, be substituted for the aggregate of the excess profits net income for each of the last 6 months of 1949 on line 45 and the substitution indicated. indicated.

50. Base period capital addition.—If the average base period net income is the general average (line 32 or line 38) or, in certain cases, is determined with reference to abnormalities in the base period (section 442) or with reference to section 459, the excess profits credit based on income includes 12 percent of the base period capital addition as computed on Schedule EP-2 (A).

53 and 55. Adjustment on account of the net capital addition or reduction for the taxable year.—In determining the excess profits credit based on income under section 435 it is necessary to make adjustments for capital changes after the beginning of the first taxable year. No capital adjustments are permitted or required in the case of a foreign corporation. If the average base period net income is determined under section 443 or section 445, the net capital addition or reduction is the amount computed after giving effect to the provisions of section 443 (d) or section 445 (e). For capital additions and reductions in case of certain exchanges, see part II of the excess profits tax law (sections 461 through 465), and in the case of certain taxable acquisitions, see part IV (section 474).

SCHEDULE EP-2 (A)-BASE PERIOD CAPITAL ADDITION

In general, section 435 (a) (1) (B) provides that, if the average base period net income of the taxpayer is determined under the general average method, there shall be included as part of the excess profits credit 12 percent of the amount of the base period capital addition, computed under section 435 (f). No adjustment to reflect a net decrease in base period capital is required.

If the average base period net income is based on growth (lines 39 through 48, Schedule EP-2); or is computed under provisions of the law relating to new corporations (Schedule EP-5 (A)); change in products or services (Schedule EP-5 (C)); increase in capacity for production or operation (Schedule EP-5 (D)); or depressed industry subgroups (Schedule EP-5 (E)); then no base period capital addition is allowed. If average base period net income is computed under provisions of law relating to abnormalities during base period (Schedule EP-5 (B)), see instructions for that schedule. If the average base period net income is computed by reference to section 459, see instruction 27 (c), Schedule EP-1.

In the case of installment basis taxpayers and taxpayers with income from long-term contracts electing under section 455 see gen-

In the case of installment basis taxpayers and taxpayers with income from long-term contracts electing under section 455, see general instructions E (1) and (2).

The base period capital addition is, in general, the sum of the net addition to capital for the taxpayer's last taxable year ending Inc passe period capital addition is, in general, the sum of the net addition to capital for the taxpayer's last taxable year ending before July 1, 1950, plus one-half the net addition to capital for the immediately preceding taxable year. In determining the net addition to capital, the full increase in equity capital and 75 percent of the increase in borrowed capital are taken into account, subject to adjustments for interest on borrowed capital for increases or decreases in inadmissible assets, and for increases or decreases in loans to members of a controlled group of which the taxpayer is a member.

1 and 2. Total assets and liabilities at beginning of taxable year.—The amount of assets to be entered on line 1 is the sum of the cash and other property, held by the taxpayer in good faith for the purposes of the business, at the beginning of the first day of each taxable year. Property shall be included in an amount equal to its adjusted basis for determining gain upon sale or exchange, except that the adjusted basis of secret processes and formulas, good will, trade-marks, trade brands, franchises, and other like property shall be determined without regard to value as of March 1, 1913. In determining the sum of cash and other property, so much of the distributions to shareholders made during the first 60 days of any taxable year (other than the first taxable

year ending after June 30, 1950) as does not exceed the accumulated earnings and profits at the beginning thereof shall be considered to have been made on the last day of the preceding taxable year (see section 441 (e)). In the case of an insurance company (other than mutual and other than life or marine), 50 percent of (other than mutual and other than lite or marine), 50 percent of its reserves required by law (other than reserves used in computing borrowed capital under section 439 (b) (2)), as well as its organization expenses, shall be included in assets. For special rule in the case of improvements by a lessee to properties of a lessor railroad corporation, see section 441 (j).

See section 470 for rules applicable in determining the adjusted basis of assets acquired in an intercorporate liquidation.

basis of assets acquired in an intercorporate liquidation.

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The amount of liabilities on line 2 shall include all liabilities of the corporation which are absolute and not contingent. In the case of assets subject to a mortgage or other lien, the amount of the indebtedness secured by such mortgage or lien shall be considered as a liability of the taxpayer whether or not the taxpayer assumed or agreed to pay such indebtedness. In the case of a bank (as defined in section 104) its reserves for bad debts shall not (a) reduce assets, or (b) be treated as liabilities.

4. 75 percent of borrowed capital at beginning of year.—Borrowed capital at the beginning of any year shall be determined as of the first day of the year. Borrowed capital as of any day shall be determined as of the beginning of such day and shall be the amount of the outstanding indebtedness (not including interest) of the taxpayer, incurred in good faith for the purposes of the business, which indebtedness is evidenced by a bond, note, bill of exchange, debenture, certificate of indebtedness, mortgage, deed of trust, bank-loan agreement, or conditional sales contract. In the case of property of the taxpayer subject to a mortgage or other lien, the amount of indebtedness secured by such mortgage or lien shall be considered as an indebtedness of the taxpayer whether or not the taxpayer assumed or agreed to pay such indebtedness. Insurance companies and face-amount certificate companies, see section 439 (b) (2), (3), and (4).

6. Adjustment for interest on borrowed capital.—The amount to be entered on line 6 is determined by (a) multiplying any indebtedness of the taxpayer which constitutes borrowed capital for the first day of the taxable year by the annual rate of interest payable upon such indebtedness during such taxable year, and (b) multiplying the total of the amounts so ascertained by 100 and dividing the product by 12.

8. Adjustment for loans to members of controlled groups at beginning of year.—Controlled group means one or more chains of corporations connected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation if (a) more than 50 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote, or more than 50 percent of the total value of shares of all classes of stock, of each of the corporations (except the common parent corporation) is owned directly by one or more of the other corporations and (b) the common parent corporation owns directly more than 50 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote, or more than 50 percent of the

total value of shares of all classes of stock, of at least one of the other corporations.

If on the first day of any taxable year the taxpayer was a member of a controlled group, enter 75 percent of the amount of the indebtedness to the taxpayer of any other members of the controlled group. For this purpose, the term "indebtedness" means indebtedness which constitutes borrowed capital, defined in section 439 (b) (1), of such other member of the controlled group for such day

9. Inadmissible assets adjustment.—The term "inadmissible assets" includes

(a) Stock in corporations, except stock in a foreign personal holding company, and except stock which is not a capital asset; (b) Obligations described in section 22 (b) (4) any part of the interest from which is excludible from gross income or allowable

as a credit against net income; and
(c) In the computation of the tax for a taxable year ending
after December 31, 1950, the economic interest referred to in the
provisions of section 117 (k) (2) relating to coal if the taxpayer
is subject to such provisions with respect to the income from such

In the case of dealers in Government securities, certain taxexempt and partially tax-exempt securities may be treated as admissible assets if an election is made under section 440 (c) to include the interest thereon in excess profits net income. General Instruction F.

In the computation of the tax for a taxable year beginning on or after October 20, 1951, the adjustment for inadmissible assets in the case of banks must be made under section 435 (f) (6) which provides a proportionate adjustment with respect to inadmissible assets. Under this provision the amount to be entered on line 9 is an amount which bears the same ratio to the excess of the amount on line 5 over the sum of amounts on lines 7 and 8 as the amount of the inadmissible assets held at the beginning of such year bears to the total of admissible and inadmissible assets as of such date. If the taxpayer elects by a statement attached to its return, the adjustment for inadmissible assets under section 435 (f) (6) may be made applicable in the computation of the tax for all taxable years beginning before October 20, 1951. A taxpayer using the adjustment for inadmissible assets provided in section 435 (f) (6) should so indicate on the return and should submit a schedule showing computation.

SCHEDULE EP-2 (B)—TAXABLE YEAR CAPITAL ADDITION OR REDUCTION

In general, section 435 (a) provides that the excess profits credit based on income shall be increased by 12 percent of the net capital

In general, section 433 (a) provides that the excess profits credit based on income shall be increased by 12 percent of the net capital addition for the taxable year or reduced by 12 percent of the net capital reduction for the taxable year.

The net capital addition (or reduction), in general, consists of the net increase (or decrease) in equity and borrowed capital determined by comparing the equity and borrowed capital for the taxable year with the equity and borrowed capital at the close of the last taxable year ending before July 1, 1950. For this purpose borrowed capital is taken into account at 75 percent. Under certain circumstances an adjustment is made with respect to inadmissible assets and loans to members of a controlled group of corporations of

which the taxpayer is a member.

A net capital addition may be allowed, or the amount otherwise determined may be increased, in certain cases described in section 435 (g) (9) where a decrease in inadmissible assets (in excess of the capital reduction, if any) is accompanied by a corresponding increase in operating assets. For this purpose an increase in operating assets is taken into account only to the extent that it exceeds the net capital addition as adjusted under section 435 (g) (9). The term "operating assets," in general, includes depreciable property and land used in the taxpayer's trade or business, as well as stock in trade or property held primarily for sale to customers, but does not include cash, securities, or intangible property. If section 435 (g) (9) is applicable to the taxpayer, the net capital addition may be determined (1) by computing a tentative net capital addition or reduction using Schedule EP-2 (B) as a guide but disregarding the adjustment for inadmissible assets on line 22, and (2) by making the following additional computations:

(a) Fill in line 22, whether or not an amount appears on line 21, limiting the amount on line 22 (d) to an amount not greater than 25 percent of the amount by which (i) the excess of line 14 over line 8 (disregarding for this purpose the 75-percent limitation appearing on lines 11 and 13), exceeds (ii) the amount on line 22 (b). The amount of the decrease in inadmissible assets (in excess of the capital reduction, if any) is the excess of the amount thus computed on line 22 (e) over the amount, if any, on line 21. In the case of a bank, the amount of the decrease in inadmissible assets to be taken into account is computed by reference to section 435 (g)

case of a bank, the amount of the decrease in inadmissible assets to be taken into account is computed by reference to section 435 (g)

(b) Compute the excess of the average daily amount of operating assets for the taxable year over the amount of operating assets as of the first day of the first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950. For this purpose the adjusted basis of operating assets shall be used.
(c) Recompute the amount on line 19, disregarding for this purpose the 75-percent limitation appearing on lines 7, 11, and 13.
(d) Add to the tentative net capital addition, if any, whichever of the following amounts is the lesser: (i) the amount computed under (a), or (ii) the excess of the amount computed under (b) over the amount computed under (c). The amount to be added to the tentative net capital addition, if any, may also be subject to adjustment to the extent that an increase in operating assets is determined to be a result of an increase in indebtedness other than borrowed capital.

A taxpayer computing a net capital addition by reference to section 435 (g) (9) should attach a schedule showing computation and

include a detailed statement of operating assets.

If average base period net income is computed under the provisions relating to change in products or services (Schedule EP-5 (C)), or new corporations (Schedule EP-5 (A)), see instructions for those schedules. If average base period net income is computed under section 459, see instruction 27 (c), Schedule EP-1.

In the case of installment basis taxpayers and taxpayers with income from long-term contracts electing under section 455, see general instructions F (1) and (2)

eral instructions E (1) and (2).

and 2. Equity capital.—See instructions 1 and 2, Schedule

3. Borrowed capital at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950.—The amount to be entered on line 3 is the total amount of borrowed capital at the beginning of the first tax-

able year ending after June 30, 1950. See instruction 4, Schedule EP-2(A).

4. Average daily amount of borrowed capital for the taxable ear.—The average daily amount of borrowed capital for the. taxable year is the aggregate of the borrowed capital as of the

beginning of each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in the taxable year. See instruction 4, Schedule EP-2 (A).

5. Average daily amount of money and property paid in during

the taxable year for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital.—For each day of the taxable year, the daily amount of money and property paid in during the taxable year for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital, is the total amount of money and property so paid in during such year and prior to such day. The average daily amount of money and property paid in is the aggregate of the daily amount for each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in the taxable year.

For the purpose of determining the amount of property paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital, such property shall be included in an amount equal to its basis (unadjusted) for determining gain upon sale or exchange. In the case of intangible property, the basis (unadjusted) and the adjusted basis for determining gain upon sale or exchange shall be determined without regard to the value as of March 1, 1913. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "intangible property" means secret processes and formulas, good will, trade-marks, trade brands, franchises, and other like property. If the unadjusted basis of the property is a substituted basis, such basis shall be adjusted, with respect to the period before the property was paid in, by an amount equal to the adjustments proper under section 113 (b) (2)

For the purpose of determining the amount of money and property paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital, there shall be included only money and property paid in good faith for the purposes of the taxpayer's business.

A distribution by a corporation of its stock or rights to acquire

- A distribution by a corporation of its stock or rights to acquire its stock shall not be regarded as money or property paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital.

 For the purpose of determining the amount of property paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital—

 (a) If the basis (unadjusted) of the property for determining gain upon a sale or exchange is determined by reference to the basis of the property in the hands of the transferor, proper adjustment shall be made for the amount of any liability of the transferor assumed upon the exchange and of any liability subject to which such property was so received, for the amount of any other liability of the taxpayer constituting consideration for the other liability of the taxpayer constituting consideration for the property so received, and for the aggregate of the amount of money and the fair market value of other property (other than such stock and other than such liabilities) transferred to the transferor.
- (b) If an indebtedness of the taxpayer is canceled or released in exchange for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital, the amount paid in shall be considered equal to the amount of the indebtedness.
- (c) For special rule in the case of improvements by a lessee to the properties of a lessor railroad corporation, see section
- 9. Average daily amount of distributions during the taxable year not out of earnings and profits of such year.—For each day of the taxable year, the daily amount of distributions not out of earnings and profits is the total amount of such distributions made during the year and prior to such day. The average daily amount of such distributions is the aggregate of the daily amount for each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in the taxable year. A distribution by a corporation of its stock or rights to acquire its stock shall not be considered as a distribution

rights to acquire its stock shall not be considered as a distribution.

In determining whether a distribution is out of the earnings and profits of any taxable year, such earnings and profits shall be computed as of the close of such taxable year without diminution by reason of any distribution made during such taxable year or by reason of the tax under chapter 1 for such year and the determination shall be made without regard to the amount of earnings and profits at the time the distribution was made.

So much of the distributions to shareholders made during the first 60 days of any taxable year (other than the first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950) as does not exceed the accumulated earnings and profits at the beginning thereof shall be considered to have been made on the last day of the preceding taxable year. See section 441 (e).

12. Average daily amount of increase in certain inadmissible

12. Average daily amount of increase in certain inadmissible assets held by member of controlled group.—For definition of controlled group, see instruction 8, Schedule EP-2 (A).

The amount required to be included in the daily capital reduction, under section 435 (g) (4) (D), for any day of the taxable year, on account of an increase in certain inadmissible assets held by a member of a controlled group, shall be the amount determined under (a) or (b) below, whichever is the lesser:

(a) The excess of the aggregate of the adjusted basis (for determining gain upon sale or exchange) of stock in such other

determining gain upon sale or exchange) of stock in such other corporation (or if more than one, in such other corporations) held by the taxpayer at the beginning of such day over the aggregate of the adjusted basis (for determining gain upon sale or exchange) of stock in such other corporation (or if more than one, in such other corporations) held by the taxpayer at the beginning

m such other corporations) held by the taxpayer at the beginning of its first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950.

(b) The excess of the aggregate of the adjusted basis (for determining gain upon sale or exchange) of inadmissible assets held by the taxpayer at the beginning of such day, over the aggregate of the adjusted basis (for determining gain upon sale or exchange) of inadmissible assets held by the taxpayer at the beginning of its first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950.

The amount to be entered on line 12 is the aggregate of the amount determined for each day of the taxable year divided by

amount determined for each day of the taxable year, divided by

the number of days in the taxable year.

13. 75 percent of average daily amount of increase in loans to member of controlled group.—The daily amount of increase in loans to a member of a controlled group on any day of the taxable year shall be the excess of the amount of the indebtedness of such other corporation (or if more than one, such other corporations) to the taxpayer at the beginning of such day over the amount of the indebtedness of such other corporation (or if more than one, such other corporations) to the taxpayer at the beginning of its first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950. See instruction 4, Schedule EP-2 (A), for definition of indebtedness.

The average daily amount of such increase is the aggregate of such increase for each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in the taxable year.

15. Total inadmissible assets at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950.—See instruction 9, Schedule EP-2 (A), for definition of inadmissible assets.

16. Average daily amount of inadmissible assets for the taxable year.—The average daily amount of inadmissible assets for the taxable year is the aggregate of the total inadmissible assets for each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in the taxable year.

17. Excess, if any, of average daily capital addition over average daily capital reduction.—If the average daily capital addition (line 8) exceeds the average daily capital reduction (line 14), the excess of line 8 over line 14 should be entered on line 17. This is the amount of the net capital addition before adjustment for any increase in inadmissible assets. If an amount is entered on line 17, lines 18, 19, and 20 should be completed but no entry should be made on lines 21 through 24.

18. Adjustment for increase in inadmissible assets.—This line provides for computation of the adjustment for any increase in inadmissible assets required by section 435 (g) (1) in determining the net capital addition. The increase in inadmissible assets (the excess, if any, of line 16 over line 15) is reduced on line 18 (a) for any increase in the daily capital reduction (line 12) attributable to an increase in certain inadmissible assets held by a member of a controlled group. (Section 435 (g) (4) and (6).) Lines 18 (b), (c), and (d) provide an adjustment which is required where the adjusted increase in inadmissible assets exceeds that part of the amount of the net capital addition which is attributable to an

increase in equity capital.

An alternative computation of the adjustment for inadmissible assets is provided under section 435 (g) (8) (A) in the case of a bank which has an increase in total assets for the taxable year in excess of the amount on line 17. Under this provision the amount of the adjustment for inadmissible assets on line 18 (e) may not be greater than an amount which bears the same ratio to the increase in inadmissible assets for the taxable year (excess of line 16 over line 15) as the amount on line 17 bears to the increase in total assets for the taxable year. The increase in total assets is determined by computing the excess of the average total assets for the taxable year over the total assets of the taxpayer for the first day of the first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950. If the taxpayer uses the alternative adjustment for inadmissible assets, enter the amount so determined on line 18 (e), indicate that such substitution has been made, and submit schedule showing computation.

21. Excess, if any, of average daily capital reduction over average daily capital addition.—If the average daily capital reduction (line 14) exceeds the average daily capital addition (line 8), the excess of line 14 over line 8 should be entered on line 21. This is the amount of the net capital reduction before adjustment for any

decrease in inadmissible assets.

22. Adjustment for decrease in inadmissible assets.—This line provides for the computation of the adjustment for any decrease in inadmissible assets required by section 435 (g) (2) in deterin inadmissible assets required by section 455 (g) (2) in determining the net capital reduction. The decrease in inadmissible assets (the excess, if any, of line 15 over line 16) is entered on line 22 (a). Lines 22 (b), (c), and (d) provide an adjustment which is required where the decrease in inadmissible assets exceeds that part of the amount of the net capital reduction which is attributable to a decrease in equity capital able to a decrease in equity capital.

An alternative computation of the adjustment for inadmissible

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assets is provided under section 435 (g) (8) (B) in the case of a bank which has a decrease in total assets for the taxable year in excess of the amount on line 21. Under this provision the amount of the adjustment for inadmissible assets on line 22 (e) may not be greater than an amount which bears the same ratio to the decrease in inadmissible assets (excess of line 15 over line 16) as the amount on line 21 bears to the decrease in total assets. The decrease in total assets is determined by computing the excess of the total assets of the taxpayer for the first day of the first taxable year of the taxpayer ending after June 30, 1950, over the average total assets for the taxable year. If the taxpayer uses the alternative adjustment for inadmissible assets, enter the amount so determined on line 22 (e), indicate that such substitution has been made, and submit schedule showing computation.

SCHEDULE EP-3.-ALTERNATIVE EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT OF REGULATED PUBLIC UTILITIES (Section 448)

Section 448 provides an alternative excess profits credit for certain regulated public utilities. This credit, in general, consists of the amount of the corporation's normal tax and surtax plus an amount determined as follows:

(a) By computing 6 percent or 7 percent (depending upon the type of utility) of the sum of the adjusted invested capital and the

average borrowed capital for the taxable year;

(b) By reducing the amount determined under (a) by the amount of interest on indebtedness included in borrowed capital. The amount computed under (a), as reduced by (b), is subject to an adjustment for inadmissible assets.

For the purpose of this credit, adjusted invested capital for any year includes generally the sum of (1) the excess of assets over liabilities at the beginning of the year, (2) the average amount of money and property paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital during the taxable year, and (3) the recent loss adjustment; reduced by the average amount of distributions made during the taxable year not out of current earnings and profits. In the case of certain public utilities specified in section 448 (c) (1) (A) and (B), (c) (2), and (c) (4), however, the adjusted invested capital is the sum of the average outstanding common and preferred capital stock accounts for the taxable year and the capital surplus and earned surplus accounts at the beginning of the taxable year as recorded on corporate books of account if such books are maintained in accordance with specified systems of accounts.

The use of the alternative credit is limited to corporations deriving 80 percent or more of their gross income (computed without

regard to dividends and capital gains and losses) from certain regulated sources.

If an affiliated group filing a consolidated return includes any corporation which is not a regulated public utility, the alternative credit provided by section 448 may not be used. An affiliated group consisting only of regulated public utilities may file a consolidated return using the alternative credit.

Equity capital at beginning of the taxable year.—See instructions 1 and 2, Schedule EP-2 (A).
 Average daily amount of money and property paid in during

the taxable year for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribu-tion to capital.—See instruction 5, Schedule EP-2 (B).

3. Recent loss adjustment.—Section 437 (f) provides that the recent loss adjustment for any taxable year shall be the excess of the aggregate of the net operating loss for each taxable year in the recent loss period over the aggregate of the net income for each taxable year in such period. For this purpose, the term "recent loss period" means either the base period or the period beginning January 1, 1940, and ending December 31, 1949, whichever results in a higher recent loss adjustment. The net operating loss for any taxable year means the net operating loss as defined in section 122 (a), determined under the law applicable to such taxable year, and the net income for any taxable year means the net income computed with the exceptions, additions, and limitations provided in section 122 (d) (other than paragraph (6) of section 122 (d)), under the law applicable to such taxable year.

See section 437 (f) (3) for special rules in case only part of a taxable year is included in the recent loss period and in the case of recent losses of a component corporation as defined in section

5. Average daily amount of distributions during the taxable year not out of earnings and profits for such year.—See instruction 9, Schedule EP-2 (B).

7. Adjusted invested capital based upon prescribed uniform system of accounts.—If, in the case of a corporation described in section 448 (c) (1) (A), (c) (1) (B), (c) (2), or (c) (4) (see instruction 10), the corporate books of account are maintained in accordance with a system of accounts prescribed by an appropriate regulatory body (or, if not so prescribed, are maintained in accordance with the uniform systems of accounts prescribed by the Federal Power Commission or the National Association of Railway and Utility Commissioners), the adjusted invested capital for such year shall be the sum of the average outstanding common and preferred capital stock accounts for such taxable year and the capital surplus and earned surplus accounts at the beginning of such taxable year as properly recorded on such corporate books of account.

A statement shall be attached setting out all facts relied on in qualifying under this method of computing adjusted invested

(a) Average outstanding capital stock for the taxable year.— The average outstanding capital stock for the taxable year is the aggregate of the outstanding common and preferred stock accounts for each day of the year, divided by the number of days in the

(b) Capital surplus and earned surplus at beginning of the taxable year.—Enter the total amount of the capital surplus and earned surplus accounts as recorded on the corporate books of

account as of the beginning of the first day of the taxable year.

8. Average daily amount of borrowed capital for the taxable —See instruction 4, Schedule EP-2 (B).

10. Applicable rate under section 448.—Section 448 (c) provides that the applicable rate shall be:

(1) 6 percent in the case of a corporation engaged in the furnishing or sale of-

(A) Electric energy, gas, water, or sewerage disposal services, or (B) Transportation (not included in paragraph (3)) on an intrastate, suburban, municipal, or interurban electric railroad, on an intrastate, municipal, or suburban trackless trolley system, or on a municipal or suburban bus system, or
(C) Transportation (not included in subparagraph (B)) by

motor vehicle-

if the rates for such furnishing or sale, as the case may be, have been established or approved by a State or political subdivision thereof, by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, or by a public service or public utility commission or other similar body of the District of Columbia or of any State or political subdivision thereof;

(2) 6 percent in the case of a corporation engaged as a common carrier in the furnishing or sale of transportation of gas by pipeline, if subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Power Com-

(3) 6 percent in the case of a corporation engaged as a common carrier (A) in the furnishing or sale of transportation by railroad, if subject to the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission, or (B) in the furnishing or sale of transportation of oil or other petroleum products (including shale oil) by pipeline, if subject to the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission or if the rates for such furnishing or sale are subject to the jurisdiction of a public service or public utility commission or other similar body of the District of Columbia or of any State;

7 percent in the case of a corporation engaged in the furnishing or sale of telephone or telegraph service, if the rates for (5) 7 percent in the case of a corporation engaged in the

- furnishing or sale of transportation as a common carrier by air, subject to the jurisdiction of the Civil Aeronautics Board; and
- (6) 6 percent in the case of a corporation engaged in the furnishing or sale of transportation by common carrier by water, subject to the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission under Part III of the Interstate Commerce Act, or subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Maritime Board under the Intercoastal Shipping Act, 1933.

12. Reduction for interest on borrowed capital for the taxable year.—Enter on line 12 the amount of the deduction allowable for the taxable year with respect to interest on indebtedness included in the borrowed capital used in computing the average daily amount of borrowed capital on line 8.

14. Average daily amount of inadmissible assets for the taxable year.—Enter on line 14 the average inadmissible assets for the taxable year determined in the manner set out in instruction 16, Schedule EP-2 (B). In the case of a corporation which has computed its adjusted invested capital on line 7 of this schedule, the amount attributable to inadmissible assets shall be determined

according to the corporate books of account.

15. Average daily amount of total assets for the taxable year.-The total assets to be entered on line 15 is the aggregate of all assets for each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in the taxable year. In the case of a corporation which has computed its adjusted invested capital on line 7 of this schedule, the amount attributable to each asset shall be determined according to the corporate books of account.

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SCHEDULE EP-4.—EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT—BASED ON INVESTED CAPITAL

The excess profits credit based on invested capital is, in general, an amount equal to the sum of—

12 percent of the first \$5,000,000 of invested capital, 10 percent of the next \$5,000,000 of invested capital, and 8 percent of additional amounts of invested capital.

Invested capital for any year determined under the "asset" method consists generally of the sum of (1) the excess at the beginning of the year of total assets over total liabilities, (2) 75 percent of the average amount of borrowed capital for the year, and (3) the recent loss adjustment. The sum thus determined is increased by the average amount of money and property paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital during the taxable year and is reduced by distributions made during the year, which are not out of earnings and profits of the current year. An adjustment is made in the case of a corporation having an invested capital of more than \$5,000,000 in order that capital added after the beginning of its first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, will be included in invested capital at the 12-percent rate. No such adjustment is necessary where the invested capital does not exceed \$5,000,000 since the 12-percent rate is applied to the entire invested capital.

The "historical" method for determining invested capital is similar to the method used in the invested capital credit under the World War II excess profits tax law. The historical method, in substance, includes in invested capital money and property previously paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital, plus the accumulated earnings and profits of the corporation as of the beginning of the taxable year.

A taxpayer is required to use the asset method in determining its invested capital credit unless it elects the historical method in its return for the taxable year. The election once made is irrevocable with respect to the taxable year for which made. If the historical method is used on the return in determining excess profits tax liability, the taxpayer will be deemed to have elected the historical method. A taxpayer which computes its excess profits tax on its return on the basis of a credit other than the invested capital credit may nevertheless elect the historical method for such year, in the event that the invested capital credit should subsequently become significant in the determination of its excess profits tax liability for such year, by attaching a statement to its return for the taxable year electing the historical method.

1. Equity capital at beginning of the taxable year. The equity capital at the beginning of the taxable year is the total of the assets held by a taxpayer at the beginning of the first day of the taxable year reduced by the total of its liabilities at that time. For determination of amounts to be included in total assets and total liabilities, see instructions 1 and 2, Schedule EP-2 (A).

2. Average daily amount of money and property paid in during the taxable year for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital.—See instruction 5, Schedule EP-2 (B).

3. Average daily amount of borrowed capital for the taxable year.—The average daily amount of borrowed capital for the taxable year is the aggregate of the borrowed capital as of the beginning of each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in the taxable year. See instruction 4, Schedule EP-2 (A), for definition of borrowed capital.

4. Recent loss adjustment.—Section 437 (f) provides that the recent loss adjustment for any taxable year shall be the excess of the aggregate of the net operating loss for each taxable year in the

the aggregate of the net operating loss for each taxable year in the recent loss period over the aggregate of the net income for each taxable year in such period. For this purpose, the term "recent loss period" means either the base period or the period beginning January 1, 1940, and ending December 31, 1949, whichever results in a higher recent loss adjustment. The net operating loss for any taxable year means the net operating loss as defined in section 122 (a), determined under the law applicable to such taxable year, and the net income for any taxable year means the net income computed with the exceptions, additions, and limitations provided in section 122 (d) (other than paragraph (6) of section 122 (d)), under the law applicable to such taxable year.

under the law applicable to such taxable year.

See section 437 (f) (3) for special rules in case only part of the taxable year is included in the recent loss period and in the case of recent losses of a component corporation as defined in section

6. Average daily amount of distributions during the taxable year not out of earnings and profits of such year.—See instruction 9, Schedule EP-2 (B).

8. Equity capital at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950.—For determination of amounts to be included in total assets and total liabilities, see instructions 1 and 2, Schedule EP-2(A).

9. Excluded capital paid in after beginning of first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, and prior to the taxable year.— Section 438 (e) defines "excluded equity capital" as the amount of money or property paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital, to the taxpayer—

(a) By a corporation in an exchange to which section 112 (b) (3), (4), (5), or (10), or so much of section 112 (c), (d), or (e) as refers to section 112 (b) (3), (4), (5), or (10), is applicable (or would be applicable except for section 371 (g)), or would have been applicable if the term "control" had been defined in section 112 (h) to mean the ownership of stock possessing more than 50 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or more than 50 percent of the total value of shares of all classes of stock;

(b) By a transferor corporation if immediately after such transaction the transferor and the taxpayer are members of the same controlled group. For definition of controlled group, see instruction 8, Schedule EP-2 (A). 10. Borrowed capital at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950.—For definition of borrowed capital, see instruction 4, Schedule EP-2 (A).

11. Excluded borrowed capital at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950.—Section 438 (f) provides that the "excluded borrowed capital" for any day of any taxable year shall be so much of the daily borrowed capital for such day as consists of outstanding indebtedness to a member of a controlled group which includes the taxpayer. For definition of borrowed capital, see instruction 4, Schedule EP-2 (A). For definition of controlled group, see instruction 8, Schedule EP-2 (A).

12. Average daily amount of excluded borrowed capital for the

taxable year.—The average daily amount of excluded borrowed capital for the taxable year is the aggregate of the excluded borrowed capital at the beginning of each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in the taxable year. See instruction 11 for definition of excluded borrowed capital

13. Average daily amount of excluded capital paid in during the taxable year.—The average daily amount of excluded equity capital paid in during the taxable year is the aggregate of the excluded equity capital at the beginning of each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in the taxable year. See instruction 9 for definition of excluded equity capital.

22. Total inadmissible assets at beginning of first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950.—See instruction 9, Schedule EP-2 (A), for definition of inadmissible assets.

(A), for definition of inadmissible assets.

23. Average daily amount of inadmissible assets for the taxable year.—The average daily amount of inadmissible assets for the taxable year is the aggregate of the total inadmissible assets for each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in such year. For definition of inadmissible assets, see instruction 9, Schedule EP-2 (A).

24 and 25.—An alternative computation of the adjustment for inadmissible assets is provided under section 438 (g) in the case of

inadmissible assets is provided under section 438 (g) in the case of a bank which has an increase in total assets for the taxable year in excess of the amount on line 24. Under this provision the amount of the adjustment for inadmissible assets on line 25 (e) may not be greater than an amount which bears the same ratio to the increase in inadmissible assets for the taxable year (excess of line 23 over line 22) as the amount on line 24 bears to the increase in total assets for the taxable year. The increase in total assets is determined by computing the excess of the average total assets for the taxable year over the total assets of the taxpayer for the first day of the first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950. If the taxpayer uses the alternative adjustment for inadmissible assets, enter the amount so determined on line 25 (e), indicate that such substitution has been made, and submit schedule showing com-

INSTRUCTIONS 28 THROUGH 55 APPLY ONLY TO THE HISTORICAL METHOD

28. Money paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital.—The amount to be entered on line 28 is the total amount of money paid in prior to the beginning of the the total amount of money paid in prior to the beginning of the taxable year. The fact that the money paid in has been lost, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of shall not reduce the invested capital, except as such facts are reflected in the earnings and profits as of the beginning of the taxable year. The term "money paid in" does not include amounts received as premiums by an

insurance company subject to taxation under section 204.

29. Property paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital.—The amount to be entered on line 29 is the total amount of property paid in prior to the taxable year. The amount of any property paid in is the unadjusted basis to the taxpayer for determining loss upon sale or exchange under the law applicable to the taxable year for which the invested capital is being computed. If the property was disposed of after February 28, 1913, and before such taxable year, such unadjusted basis shall be determined under the law applicable to the year of disposition, but without regard to the value of the property as of March 1, 1913. If the property was disposed of before March 1, 1913, its unadjusted basis shall be considered to be its fair market value at the time paid in.

If the basis to the taxpayer is cost and stock was issued for the property, the cost is the fair market value of such stock at the time of its issuance. If the stock had no established market value at the time of the exchange, the fair market value of the assets of the company at that time should be determined and the liabilities deducted. The resulting net worth will be deemed to represent the total value of the outstanding stock. In determining net worth for the purpose of fixing the fair market value of the stock at the time of the exchange, the property paid in for such stock shall be included in the assets at its fair market value at that time.

If stock having no established market value is issued for intangi-

ble property, and it is necessary to determine the fair market value of such property, the following factors, among others, may be taken into consideration in determining such value: (a) The earnings attributable to such intangible assets while in the hands of the predecessor owner; and (b) any cash offers for the purchase of the business, including the intangible property, at or about the time of its acquisition. A corporation claiming a value for intangible property paid in for stock shall file with its return a full statement of the facts relating to such valuation.

If the property was acquired after December 31, 1920, by a corporation from a shareholder as paid-in surplus or from any person as a contribution to capital, then the basis shall be the same as it would have been in the hands of the transferor if the transfer had not been made. See section 113 (a) (8). If so acquired prior to January 1, 1921, the basis is the fair market value of the property at the time it was paid in. Where the basis is the transferor's basis, those adjustments shall be made to such basis with respect to the period before the property was paid in as are proper under section 115 (1) for determining earnings and profits.

The fact that the property paid in has been lost, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of, shall not reduce the invested capital, except as such facts are reflected in the earnings and profits as of the beginning of the taxable year.

The term "property paid in" does not include amounts received as premiums by an insurance company subject to taxation under section 204.

The fair value of additions and betterments made by the lessee to the physical properties of a lessor railroad corporation which have become the property of the lessor corporation by rejection of its lease (such fair value being determined as of the date such additions and betterments became the property of the lessor) shall be considered as a contribution to capital. Where the value of be considered as a contribution to capital. such improvements cannot be accurately determined by the old records thereof, because lost, incomplete, or inaccurate, the value of such improvements determined by the Interstate Commerce Commission for rate-making purposes shall be used in lieu of such

30. Distributions of earnings and profits in stock of the corporation.—The amount of distributions in stock of the taxpayer or in rights to acquire stock of the taxpayer made prior to the beginning of the taxable year, to the extent to which such distribeginning of the catalog very to the extra to who follows are considered to be out of earnings and profits, should be entered on line 30. In determining whether such a distribution is out of the earnings and profits of any taxable year, so much of the distributions (taken in the order of time) made during the first 60 days of the year as does not exceed the accumulated earnings and profits at the beginning of the year (computed without regard to this rule) shall be considered to have been made on the last day of the preceding taxable year. This rule shall not apply with respect to distributions made during the first 60 days of the taxpayer's first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950. In determining whether a distribution is out of the earnings and profits of any taxable year, such earnings and profits shall be computed as of the close of such taxable year without diminution by reason of any distribution made during such taxable year or by reason of the tax imposed by chapter 1 for such year and the determination shall be made without regard to the amount of earnings and profits at the time the distribution was made. If a stock dividend is paid out of capital and not out of earnings and profits, or is of such a character as not to be subject to tax in the hands of a distributee

because exempt as a stock dividend either by statute or otherwise, it is not deemed to constitute a distribution and does not reduce the earnings and profits account. See section 115 (h)

31. (a) Accumulated earnings and profits.—The accumulated 31. (a) Accumulated earnings and profits.—The accumulated earnings and profits as of the beginning of the taxable year should be entered on line 31 (a). In general, the concept of accumulated earnings and profits for the purpose of the invested capital credit under the historical method is the same as for all other purposes of chapter 1. See, for example, section 115 and the regulations prescribed thereunder. In computing accumulated earnings and profits as of the beginning of the taxable year, a taxpayer keeping its books and making its income tax returns on the accural basis. ts books and making its income tax returns on the accrual basis shall subtract the income taxes for the preceding taxable year. If there is a deficit in the accumulated earnings and profits as of the beginning of the taxable year, such deficit shall not be taken into account and the earnings and profits as of the beginning of the taxable year shall be considered to be zero, but subsequent earnings and profits shall be applied against such deficit. Unrealized appreciation in value of property is not a factor in determining earnings and profits. For rules governing the determination of the source of distributions, see instruction 30.

31. (b) Adjustment for transferor's deficit under section 458

-If a corporation (hereinafter called "transferor") transfers substantially all its property to another corporation formed to acquire such property (hereinafter called "transferee"), and if—

(1) the sole consideration for the transfer of such property is the transfer to the transferor or its shareholders of all the stock of all classes (except qualifying shares) of the transferee (in determining whether the transfer is solely for stock, the assumption by the transferee of a liability of the transferor or the fact that the property acquired is subject to a liability shall be disregarded); and

(2) the basis of the property in the hands of the transferee for the purposes of this subsection is determined by reference to the basis of the property in the hands of the transferor; and

(3) the transferor is forthwith completely liquidated in pursuance of the plan under which the acquisition of the property is

4) immediately after the liquidation the shareholders of the transferor own all such stock

then for the purposes of this paragraph, in computing the equity invested capital for any day after the date of the acquisition of the property, the earnings and profits or deficit in earnings and profits of the transferee and the transferor shall be computed as if, immediately before the beginning of the taxable year in which such transfer occurs, the transferee had been in existence and sustained a recognized loss, and the transferor had realized a recognized gain, equal to the portion of the deficit in earnings and profits of the transferor attributable to such property.

31. (c) Increase or decrease under section 472 (d) (1) on account of intercorporate liquidation.—Where property is received by the transferee in an intercorporate liquidation, section 472 (d) (1) provides that in computing the equity invested capital of the transferee for any day following the completion of such intercorporate liquidation with respect to any share of stock in the transferor having in the hands of the transferee, immediately prior to the receipt of any property in such intercorporate liquidation, a basis determined to be a cost basis, the earnings and profits or deficit in earnings and profits of the transferee shall be computed as if on the day following the completion of such intercorporate liquidation the transferee had realized a recognized gain equal to the amount of the plus adjustment in respect of such share, or had sustained a recognized loss equal to the amount of the minus adjustment in respect of such share.

For the purpose of such adjustment, an intercorporate liquida-tion is defined by section 472 (a) as the receipt (whether or not after June 30, 1950) by a corporation of property in complete

liquidation of another corporation to which—

(1) the provisions of section 112 (b) (6) or the corresponding provisions of a prior revenue law is applicable; or

(2) a provision of law is applicable prescribing the nonrecognition of gain or loss in whole or in part upon such receipt (including a provision of the regulations applicable to a consolidated income and excess profits tax return, but not including section 112 (b) (7), (9), or (10) or a corresponding provision of a prior revenue law), but only if none of such property so received is a stock or a security in a corporation the stock or securities of which are specified in the law applicable to the receipt of such property as stock or securities permitted to be received (or which would be permitted to be received if they were the sole consideration) with-out the recognition of gain. The amount of any plus or minus adjustment resulting from an intercorporate liquidation occurring prior to the taxable year should be entered on line 31 (c). For definition of "plus adjustment" and "minus adjustment," see section 472 (b)

32. Increase on account of intercorporate liquidation under section 472 (d) (2).—Where property is received by the trans-

feree in an intercorporate liquidation, section 472 (d) (2) provides that in computing the equity invested capital of the transferee for any day following the completion of such intercorporate liquidation with respect to any share of stock in the transferor having in the hands of the transferee, immediately prior to the receipt of any property in such intercorporate liquidation, a basis determined to be a basis other than a cost basis, there shall be treated as an amount includible in equity invested capital the amount of the plus adjustment with respect to such share, or equity invested capital shall be reduced by the amount of the minus adjustment with respect to such share. The amount of such a plus adjustment resulting from an intercorporate liquidation occurring prior to the taxable year should be entered on line 32. See instruction 31 (c).

33. Deficit in earnings and profits of another corporation under section 458 (d) (5).—In the case of a transferee, as defined in instruction 31 (b), there shall be included in equity invested capital an amount, determined as indicated in such instruction, equal to the portion of the deficit in earnings and profits of a transferor attributable to property received.

35. Distributions made prior to the taxable year not out of property in such intercorporate liquidation, a basis determined to

35. Distributions made prior to the taxable year not out of accumulated earnings and profits.—Section 458 (e) (1) provides that the equity invested capital shall be reduced for distributions made prior to the taxable year not out of accumulated earnings and profits. For rules governing the determination of the source of distributions, see instruction 30.

36. Earnings and profits of another corporation required to be deducted by section 458 (e) (3).—Equity invested capital shall be reduced by the amount of the earnings and profits of another be reduced by the amount of the earnings and profits of another corporation which at any prior date were included in accumulated earnings and profits by reason of a transaction described in section 112 (b) through (e), or in the corresponding provisions of a prior revenue law, or by reason of the transfer by such other corporation to the taxpayer of property the basis of which in the hands of the taxpayer is or was determined with reference to its basis in the hands of such other corporation or would have been so determined if the property had been other than money if the property had been other than money.

37. Decrease on account of intercorporate liquidation under section 472 (d) (2).—The amount of any minus adjustment resulting from an intercorporate liquidation occurring prior to the beginning of the taxable year should be entered on line 37. See instructions 31 (c) and 32.

38. Deficit included in invested capital of another corporation (section 458 (e) (4)).—In the case of a transferor, as defined in instruction 31 (b), equity invested capital shall be reduced by an amount, determined as indicated in such instruction, equal to the portion of the deficit in earnings and profits of the transferor attributable to property transferred. Any such amount resulting from a transfer occurring prior to the taxable year should be entered

on line 38.

41. Money paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a con-41. Money paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital.—The amount to be entered on line 41 is the average daily amount of money paid in during the year. The average daily amount for the taxable year is the aggregate of money paid in as of the beginning of each day of the year, divided by the number of days in such year. See instruction 28.

42. Property paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital.—The amount to be entered on line 42 is the average daily amount of property paid in during the year.

The average daily amount for the taxable year is the aggregate of the property paid in as of the beginning of each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in such year. See instruc-

43. Distributions of earnings and profits (other than earnings and profits of the taxable year) in stock of the corporation.—The amount to be entered on line 43 is the average daily amount of distributions of the corporation of the state o tributions made during the taxable year of earnings and profits (other than earnings and profits of the taxable year) in stock of the daily amount is the aggregate of the distributions as of the beginning of each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in such year. For rules governing the determination of the

ginning of each day of the taxable year, divided by the number of days in such year. For rules governing the determination of the source of distributions, see instruction 30.

44. Increase on account of intercorporate liquidation under section 472 (d) (2).—The average daily amount of any plus adjustment under section 472 (d) (2) resulting from an intercorporate liquidation occurring during the taxable year should be entered on line 44. See instructions 31 (c) and 32.

45. Deficit in earnings and profits of another corporation under section 458 (d) (5).—In the case of a transferee, as defined in instruction 31 (b), there should be entered on line 45 the average daily amount of the portion of the deficit in earnings and profits of the transferor attributable to the property received in a transfer described in section 458 (f) (4) occurring during the taxable year. See instructions 31 (b) and 33.

48. Distributions not out of earnings and profits of the taxable year.—Section 458 (e) (2) provides that the equity invested capital for any day in the taxable year shall be reduced for distributions previously made during such taxable year which are not out of the earnings and profits of such taxable year. For the purposes of Schedule EP-4, the average daily reduction is derived by aggregating the reduction for each day of the taxable year. For rules governing the determination of the source of distributions, see instruction 30.

49. Stock distributions from accumulated earnings and profits tions, see instruction 30.

49. Stock distributions from accumulated earnings and profits

at beginning of year.—See instruction 43.

50. Decrease on account of intercorporate liquidation under

50. Decrease on account of intercorporate liquidation under section 472 (d) (2).—The average daily amount of any minus adjustment under section 472 (d) (2) resulting from an intercorporate liquidation occurring during the taxable year should be entered on line 50. See instructions 31 (c) and 32.

51. Deficit in earnings and profits included in invested capital of another corporation (section 458 (e) (4)).—The average daily amount of the portion of the deficit in earnings and profits of the transferor, as defined in instruction 31 (b), attributable to property transferred during the taxable year should be entered on line 51. See instruction 38.

51. See instruction 38.
54. 75 percent of average borrowed capital.—See instruction 3.
61. Average daily amount of inadmissible assets for the taxable year:—See instruction 9, Schedule EP-2 (A), for definition of inadmissible assets and instruction 16, Schedule EP-2 (B), for method of computing average daily amount of inadmissible assets.
62. Average daily amount of total assets for the taxable year.—The amount to be entered on line 62 is the average daily amount of total assets for the taxable year. For rules governing the assets to be taken into account, see instruction 1, Schedule EP-2 (A).

SCHEDULE EP-5

Consisting of parts (A), (B), (C), (D), and (E).

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. In general.—Sections 442 through 446 provide for the determination of an average base period net income computed, in general, on the basis of an industry rate of return, in lieu of the taxpayer's own experience, in certain cases which may be characterized as follows:

(a) A corporation commencing business after the beginning of its base period;

(b) A corporation experiencing certain types of abnormalities during its base period;
(c) A corporation making a substantial change in products or

services during the last 3 years of its base period;
(d) A corporation making a substantial increase in its capacity for production or operation during the last 3 years of its base period; and

(e) A corporation which for its base period was a member of a depressed industry subgroup.

2. Application required.—Section 447 (e) provides that the excess profits tax for any taxable year shall be determined without regard to section 442, 443, 444, 445, or 446, unless an application for the benefits of such section, setting forth the grounds for the application of such section in such detail and in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe, is filed by the taxpayer—

with its return for the taxable year, or

(a) with its return for the taxable year, or
(b) within the period of time prescribed by section 322
(as extended under sections 446 (h) and 447 (d) in cases where a tentative rate of return or a tentative adjusted rate of return has been used and the use of a final rate of return results in a redetermination) for filing claim for credit or refund, and in such case the application of section 442, 443, 444, 445, or 446 shall be subject to the limitations as to the amount of credit or refund prescribed in section 322, or
(c) after the period described in (b) above, if within the period of limitations for the assessment of a deficiency (as extended under sections 446 (h) and 447 (d) in cases where a tentative rate of return or a tentative adjusted rate of return has been used and the use of a final rate of return re-

turn has been used and the use of a final rate of return results in a redetermination) in the tax imposed by chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year, and in such case the application of section 442, 443, 444, 445, or 446 shall not reduce the tax by an amount greater than the deficiency determined without regard to the application of such section,

except that if a petition is filed with the Tax Court for the redetermination of the tax under chapter 1 for the taxable year, the application shall be effective only if filed not later than the date on which the original petition is filed.

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Section 447 (e) also provides that section 442, 443, 444, 445, or 446 shall not be applied upon the basis of any grounds other than those set forth in an application filed within the period prescribed in section 447 (e

The application shall be made on Schedule EP-5 and, if made with the original return, shall be filed with and as a part of Form 1120 for the taxable year. If the application is not filed with the original return, it shall be filed with and as a part of an amended

return, or where appropriate, with Form 843.

3. Industry classification.—For the purposes of sections 442 through 446, the industry groups and subgroups are defined in accordance with the specifications shown in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual prepared by the Division of Statistical Standards, Bureau of the Budget.

Standards, Bureau of the Budget.

4. Industry rates of return.—For the purposes of sections 442 through 445, there are provided two types of industry rates of return. The first, for use when 12 or fewer months are to be adjusted under section 442, is designated as the base period yearly rate of return, and the second, for use in all other cases where section 442, 443, 444, or 445 is applicable, is described as the base period rate of return. For purposes of section 446, relating to depressed industry subgroups, an adjusted rate of return is provided.

pressed industry subgroups, an adjusted rate of return is provided.

5. Use of industry rates of return.—Base period yearly rates of return and base period rates of return proclaimed by the Secretary on June 3, 1952, are set forth for each industry classificaretary on June 3, 1952, are set forth for each industry classification in Appendix A. The adjusted rates of return proclaimed by the Secretary on June 3, 1952, for depressed industry subgroups are set forth in the instructions for Schedule EP-5 (E). The base period yearly rates of return, the base period rates of return, and the adjusted rates of return, proclaimed by the Secretary on June 3, 1952, relate back as though they had been in effect in place of the tentative rates previously proclaimed by the Secretary. Any application of section 442, 443, 444, 445, or 446 made in accordance with a tentative rate shall be redetermined in accordance ance with a tentative rate shall be redetermined in accordance with the final rate proclaimed, except that no redetermination is necessary in any case in which the final rate of return is the same as the tentative rate which was previously proclaimed and effective. The periods of limitation prescribed under section 322 and sections 275 and 276 with respect to overpayments or deficiencies in tax caused by such redetermination shall not begin to run prior to such time as the base period yearly rates of return, the base period rates of return, or the adjusted rates of return, as the case may be, are determined and proclaimed except that, if no redetermination is necessary, such periods of limitation are not extended since no every such periods. tion are not extended, since no overpayment or deficiency in tax results from the determination of the final rates of return

6. Average base period net income determined with reference to industry rates of return.—In general, where average base period net income (or a substitute excess profits net income for a period let income (or a substitute excess profits let income (or a s

and the resulting amount is reduced by an adjustment for interest paid or incurred by the taxpayer. Similarly, where average base period net income is determined under section 446 in the case of a member of a depressed industry subgroup, the taxpayer's total assets are multiplied by the adjusted rate of return for the taxpayer's depressed industry subgroup and the resulting amount is adjusted for interest paid or incurred.

7. Definition of total assets.—For purposes of sections 442 through 446, the term "total assets" for any day means the sum of through 446, the term "total assets" for any day means the sum of the cash and other property (other than inadmissible assets and loans to members of a controlled group as defined in section 435 (f) (4) held by the taxpayer at the end of such day in good faith for purposes of the business. The amount thus computed shall be reduced (but not below zero) by the amount of any indebtedness (other than borrowed capital) to a member of a controlled group which includes the taxpayer. For definition of "inadmissible assets," see instruction 9, Schedule EP-2 (A). For definition of "controlled group," see instruction 8, Schedule EP-2 (A). Property shall be included in an amount equal to its adjusted basis for determining gain upon sale or exchange, except that the adjusted basis of secret processes and formulas, good will, tradejusted basis of secret processes and formulas, good will, trademarks, trade brands, franchises, and other like property shall be determined without regard to value as of March 1, 1913. In determined without regard to value as of March 1, 1913. In determining total assets, so much of the distributions to shareholders made during the first 60 days of any taxable year (other than the taxpayer's first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950) as does not exceed the accumulated earnings and profits at the beginning of the year shall be considered to have been made on the last day of the preceding taxable year. For special rule in the case of improvements by a lessee to properties of a lessor railroad corporation, see section 441 (j).

In the case of a taxpayer electing to compute income from installment sales or installment sales obligations on the accrual method of accounting, or income from long-term contracts on the percentage of completion method of accounting, see section

8. Definition of base period.—For purposes of sections 442 through 446, the "base period" is the base period defined in section 435 (b) and is the period January 1, 1946, through December 31, 1949, except in the case of a taxpayer whose first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, was preceded by a taxable year which began before January 1, 1950, and ended January 31, February 28, or March 31, 1950. In the latter cases the base period is the 48 consecutive months ending with the close of January, February, or March 1950. In the case of a corporation which is an acquiring corporation within the meaning of section 461 (a), such corporation is considered to have been in existence and to have had taxable years for any period during which it or any of its component cor-porations was in existence, and it is considered to have commenced business on the earliest date on which it or any of its component corporations commenced business. See section 461 (d).

SCHEDULE EP-5 (A)—NEW CORPORATIONS (Section 445)

A taxpayer which commenced business after the first day of its base period and which is not an ineligible corporation, is considered to be a new corporation and may apply for the benefits of section 445. For rules governing an application, see general instruction 2, Schedule EP-5. For definition of "base period," see general instruction 8, Schedule EP-5.

For special rules governing the application of section 445 in the case of an acquiring corporation, see section 462 (g), and in the

case of a component corporation, see section 461 (c).

Case of a component corporation, see section 461 (c).

If a taxpayer, on or after December 1, 1950, and prior to the end of its third taxable year, acquires any properties in any of the transactions described in paragraphs (a), (b), or (c), below, it shall be deemed an "ineligible corporation" and it shall not, for the taxable year in which such acquisition occurs or for succeeding taxable years, be entitled to the benefits of section 445 except under the circumstances and subject to the limitations provided in section 462 (g). The transactions to which this paragraph applies are—

(a) The acquisition by the taxpayer from another corporation of properties the basis of which in its hands is determined by reference to the basis of such properties to the transferor; or

(b) The acquisition by the taxpayer of a substantial part of its assets from another corporation, or of a substantial part of the properties of another corporation, if 50 percent or more in value of the outstanding stock or outstanding voting stock of the transferor; or

(c) The acquisition by the taxpayer of a substantial part of the properties distributed on or after December 1, 1950, by another corporation, if such properties constituted a substantial part of the business assets of such other corporation, and if 50 percent or more in value of the outstanding stock or outstanding voting stock of the taxpayer is owned directly or indirectly by individuals who at the time of such distribution owned directly or indirectly 50 percent or more in value of the outstanding stock or outstanding voting stock of the taxpayer is owned directly or indirectly by individuals who at the time of such distribution owned directly or indirectly 50 percent or more in value of the outstanding stock or outstanding voting stock of such other corporation. of such other corporation.

For the purposes of (b) and (c) above, the provisions of section 503 are applicable in determining the ownership of stock.

The base period capital addition is not available to a taxpayer computing average base period net income under section 445;

The base period capital addition is not available to a taxpayer computing average base period net income under section 445; accordingly, no entry should be made on line 50, Schedule EP-2. The net capital addition or reduction as computed under section 435 (g) is, however, applicable to such a taxpayer in accordance with the following modifications:

(a) In the case of a taxpayer computing its average base period net income under section 445 for any of its first three taxable years, lines 1 through 10 of Schedule EP-5 (A) are applicable and the net capital addition or reduction, as computed on line 19 or 23 of Schedule EP-2 (B), should be entered on line 2 or 4 of Schedule EP-5 (A), whichever is applicable. In such case no entry should be made on line 53 or 55 of Schedule EP-2.

(b) In the case of a taxpayer computing its average base period net income under section 445 for its fourth taxable year, or for any taxable year subsequent thereto, lines 11 through 16 of Schedule EP-5 (A) are applicable. If the day following the close of the

taxpayer's third taxable year is later than the first day of its first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, then the date used for determining the amount of equity capital on line 1, borrowed capital on line 3, and inadmissible assets on line 15 of Schedule EP-2 (B) is such later day. The same day should be used in lieu of the day otherwise specified in instructions 12 and 13 of Schedule EP-2 (B) in determining the amount to be entered on lines 12 and 13 of that schedule and in lieu of the day specified in the instructions for Schedule EP-2 (B), relating to an increase in the capital additions under section 435 (g) (9). Schedule EP-2 (B) should be altered accordingly and the amount so determined on line 20 or 24 of that schedule should be entered on line 53 or 55, whichever is applicable, of Schedule EP-2.

1. Total assets at end of last taxable year ending prior to July 1, 1950.—The total assets held by the taxpayer at the end of its last taxable year ending prior to July 1, 1950, should be entered on line 1. If the taxpayer's first taxable year ended after June 30, 1950, do not make an entry on this line. For definition of "total" see general instruction 7, Schedule EP-5.

2. Net capital addition for current taxable year.—For the purpose of line 2, the net capital addition may be computed using Schedule EP-2 (B) as a guide but with the following changes:
(a) disregard the 75 percent limitation appearing on lines 7, 11, and 13, and (b) enter on line 19 the excess of line 17 over line 18 (a). The amount so computed on line 19 of Schedule EP-2 (B) should be entered on line 2 of this schedule. In certain cases the net capital addition may be further increased under the provisions of section 435 (g) (9) relating to a decrease in inadmissible assets. See general instructions for this schedule and instructions for Schedule EP-2 (B).

4. Net capital reduction for current taxable year.—For the purpose of line 4, the net capital reduction may be computed by using Schedule EP-2 (B) as a guide but with the following changes: (a) disregard the 75-percent limitation appearing on line 7, 11, or 13, and (b) enter on line 23 the excess of line 21 over line 22 (a). The amount entered on line 23 of Schedule EP-2 (B) should be entered on line 4 of this schedule. See general instructions for this schedule and instructions for Schedule EP-2 (B).

6. Taxpayer's industry classification and base period rate of return.—Enter on this line the industry classification to which is attributable the largest amount of the taxpayer's gross receipts for the taxable year. See Appendix A for list of industry classifications. For definitions of "gross receipts," see instruction 40, Schedule EP-2. Also enter on line 6 the applicable base period rate of return for the taxpayer's industry classification.

8. Reduction for interest.—The amount to be entered on line 8 is the total interest paid or incurred by the taxpayer for the 12 months ending with the last day of the taxable year for which the return is filed. Such amount should include interest on all indebtedness, irrespective of whether it constitutes borrowed capital within the meaning of section 439 (b).

11. Total assets at end of last taxable year ending prior to July 1, 1950, or at end of taxpayer's third taxable year, whichever is later.—The total assets held by the taxpayer at the end of its last taxable year ending prior to July 1, 1950—or if the taxpayer's third taxable year ended on a later date, the total assets held by the taxpayer at the end of its third taxable year—should be entered on this line. For definition of "total assets," see general instruc-

tion 7, Schedule EP-5.

12. Taxpayer's industry classification and base period rate of return.—Enter on this line the industry classification to which is attributable the largest amount of the taxpayer's gross receipts for the taxpayer's third taxable year. See Appendix A for list of industry classifications. For definition of "gross receipts," see instruction 40, Schedule EP-2. Also enter on line 12 the base period rate of return for the industry classification applicable to the taxpayer for its third taxable year.

14. Reduction for interest.—The amount to be entered on line 14 is the total interest paid or incurred by the taxpayer for the 12 months ending with the day for which the taxpayer's total assets are computed for purposes of line 11. Such amount shall include interest on all indebtedness, irrespective of whether it constitutes borrowed capital within the meaning of section 439 (b).

SCHEDULE EP-5 (B).—ABNORMALITIES DURING BASE PERIOD (Section 442)

A taxpayer which commenced business on or before the first day of its base period may apply for the benefits of section 442 if it establishes that, for any taxable year within, or beginning or ending within, its base period—

(a) Normal production, output, or operation was interrupted or diminished because of the occurrence, either immediately prior to or during such taxable year, of events unusual and peculiar in its experience, or

(b) The business of the taxpayer was depressed because of temporary economic circumstances unusual in the case of such taxpayer. In general, if the excess profits net income of 12 or fewer of the 36 months selected in the base period is affected by an abnormality, a substitute excess profits net income computed on the basis of the industry rate of return may, under the conditions specified in section 442 (c), be used in lieu of the actual excess profits net income of such 12 or fewer months. If the excess profits net income of more 442 (c), be used in lieu of the actual excess profits net income of such 12 or fewer months. If the excess profits net income of more than 12 of the 36 months is affected by an abnormality, an average base period net income computed on the basis of the industry base period rate of return may, under the conditions specified in section 442 (d), be substituted for the taxpayer's entire base period net income. Section 442 (h) provides, as an alternative to section 442 (c) or (d), that a substitute excess profits net income may be used for any 12 months of the 36 months selected in the base period, if such 12 months are preceded by an abnormality and if the excess profits net income of such 12 months is less than 35 percent of one half the aggregate excess profits net income for the remaining 24 months of the 36 selected. For rules governing an application, see general instruction 2, Schedule EP-5. For definition of "base period," see general instruction 8, Schedule EP-5.

For special rules governing the application of section 442 in the case of an acquiring corporation, see section 462 (d), and in the case of a component corporation, see section 461 (c).

For purposes of section 442, activities comprised within the meaning of production, output, or operation include the rendering of services if the taxpayer renders service rather than manufactures or markets tangible products. Normal production, output, or operation, means the level of production, output, or operation, customary for the taxpayer. The interruption or diminution must be a direct result of events unusual and peculiar in the experience of the taxpayer, such events occurring in or immediately prior to such taxable

Only those economic circumstances which were temporary in the sense that they had little perceptible long-range effect on the taxpayer's business, and which affected the taxpayer unusually, as distinguished from those economic events which were of a chronic or continuing character, are within the scope of section 442.

The base period capital addition, in the case of a taxpayer computing its average base period net income under section 442, is subject to the following rules:

(a) If more than 12 of the 36 months in the period subject to adjustment (more than 12 of the months entered on line 4, Schedule EP-5 (B)) fall within taxable years the excess profits net income of which was adversely affected by an abnormality, the base period capital addition is zero.

(b) If 12 or fewer of the 36 months in the period subject to adjustment (12 or fewer of the months entered on line 4, Schedule EP-5 (B)) fall within a taxable year or years the excess profits net income of which was adversely affected by an abnormality, and

- (1) If a substitute excess profits net income (in excess of 110 percent of excess profits net income) is computed for any part of the taxpayer's first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, or for any part of the immediately preceding taxable year, the base period capital addition is zero;
- (2) If a substitute excess profits net income (in excess of 110 percent of excess profits net income) is computed for any part of the earlier of the taxpayer's two taxable years immediately preceding its first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, the base period capital addition shall be the excess of the amount in column 1, line 11, Schedule EP-2 (A) over the amount in column 2, line 11, of that schedule. Twelve percent of such amount should be entered on line 50, Schedule EP-2.
 - (3) If neither (1) nor (2) applies, the base period capital addition is the amount determined on line 14, Schedule EP-2 (A).
- (c) If the taxpayer computes an average base period net income by reference to section 442 (h), the rules stated in (b) (1), (2), and (3), above, without regard to the 110 percent qualification therein, shall be applicable in determining the base period capital

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The net capital addition or reduction, computed under section 435 (g) in Schedule EP-2 (B), is applicable to a taxpayer computing its average base period net income under section 442, and the amount so determined on line 20 or 24 of that schedule should be entered on line 53 or 55, whichever is applicable, of Schedule EP-2.

1. Excess profits net income or deficit.—The amount to be en tered on line 1 is the amount of excess profits net income, or deficit in excess profits net income, shown on line 28, Schedule EP-2, for each taxable year within, or beginning or ending within, the taxpayer's base period.

2. Monthly average.—The monthly average to be entered is the excess profits net income (or deficit in excess profits net income) for each taxable year for which an entry is made on line 1, divided

by the number of months in such taxable year.

- 3. Number of months after December 31, 1945, and before January 1, 1950, in each taxable year.—Where the base period consists of the 48 months beginning January 1, 1946, and ending December 31, 1949, the number of months to be entered on line 3 is the number of months within such 48-month period falling within each taxable year for which an entry is made on line 1. In a case where the base period is the 48-month period ending January 31, February 28, or March 31, 1950, the number of months to be entered in line 3 is the number of months, within the applicable 48-month period, falling within each of the taxable years for which an entry is made on line 1. For definition
- of "base period," see general instruction 8, Schedule EP-5.

 4. Enter from 3 the highest 36 consecutive months or the 36 months remaining after eliminating lowest 12 consecutive months. The number of months to be entered on line 4 should total 36 and should consist of either (a) the 36 consecutive months entered on line 3 the retention of which will produce the highest aggregate excess profits net income (or the lowest aggregate deficit in excess profits net income), or (b) the 36 months remaining after eliminating from the months entered on line 3 the 12 consecutive months the elimination of which will produce the highest aggregate excess profits net income (or the lowest aggregate deficit in excess profits net income). For the purpose of determining the number of months in each taxable year to be entered on this line, deficits in excess profits net income should not be increased to zero.
- 5. Number of months on line 4 in a taxable year the excess profits net income of which was adversely affected by an abnormality.—The number of months to be entered on line 5 should be those months entered on line 4 which fall within a taxable year the excess profits net income of which was reduced (or the deficit in excess profits net income of which was increased) by an event or circumstance included in the grounds upon which the application for the benefits of section 442 is based. If the total number of months entered on line 5 is 12 or less, the taxpayer should complete lines 7 through 17. If the total number of months entered on line 5 is more than 12, the taxpayer should complete lines 22 through 29.

6. Eligibility to use section 442 (h).—A taxpayer may determine eligibility to use section 442 (h) by selecting a period of 12 months, as shown in (a) below, and by ascertaining whether the requirements set forth in (b) below are met.

(a) The 12 months for the purposes of section 442 (h) may be

- determined by selecting from the months appearing on line 4, either the 12 consecutive months the elimination of which produces the highest aggregate excess profits net income (or lowest aggregate deficit in excess profits net income) or the 12 months which remain after eliminating the 24 months with the highest aggregate excess profits net income or lowest aggregate deficit. For the purpose of making this selection only, the 36 months on line 4 shall be considered a period of 36 consecutive months.

 (b) In order to qualify for the benefits of section 442 (h), it
- must be shown that the aggregate excess profits net income for the 12 months thus selected is less than 35 percent of one-half of the aggregate excess profits net income for the 24 months remaining after such selection. It must also be shown that normal production, output, or operation was interrupted or diminished because of the occurrence of events unusual or peculiar in the experience of the taxpayer, within 12 months preceding either-
- (i) the first day of the 12 month period selected, or
- (ii) if the 12 months selected are not consecutive, the first day of any period of 6 or more of such months which are consecutive.
- If the taxpayer is eligible for application of section 442 (h), enter on line 6 the 12 months selected as shown above.
- 7. Total assets at end of each taxable year for which an entry is made on line 5 or 6.—The total assets held by the taxpayer at the end of the taxable year or years for which a number (other than zero) was entered on line 5 or 6, whichever is applicable, should be entered in the appropriate column on line 7, except that if an entry was made on line 5 or 6 for a number of months in a taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, the date for which the taxpayer's total assets should be ascertained with respect to such number of months is the last day of its last taxable year ending before July 1, 1950.

or definition of "total assets," see general instruction 7, Schedule

8. Taxpayer's industry classification and base period yearly rate of return for each taxable year for which an entry is made on -Enter on this line the industry classification to which is attributable the largest amount of the taxpayer's gross receipts for the taxable year within which falls the last month for which a substitute excess profits net income is determined. See Appendix A for list of industry classifications. For definition of "gross receipts" see instruction 40, Schedule EP-2. Also enter on line 8 the applicable base period yearly rate of return for the taxpayer's industry classification. In the case of a taxable year beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946, the base period rate of return for 1946 shall be used. In the case of a taxable year beginning in 1949 and ending in 1950, the base period rate of return for 1949 shall be used .- In the case of any other taxable year of the taxpayer, the base period rate of return for the year in which falls the greater number of days in such taxable year of the taxpayer

10. Reduction for interest.—For each amount entered on line 9 there should be entered on line 10 an amount equal to the total interest paid or incurred by the taxpayer for the 12 months beginning with the first day of the taxable year within which fall the months entered on line 5 or 6, whichever is applicable. Such amount should include interest on all indebtedness, irrespective of whether it constitutes borrowed capital within the meaning of section 439 (b).

13. 110 percent of line 2.—The amount to be entered on line 13 is an amount equal to 110 percent of the amount of monthly average excess profits net income shown on line 2 (only for year's for which an entry is made on line 5). In the event that the applicable amount on line 2 is a deficit in excess profits net income such deficit should be increased to zero.

14. Substitute excess profits net income.—For any taxable year

with respect to which an entry has been made on line 5 and the amount shown on line 12 exceeds the amount shown on line 13, the substitute excess profits net income may be used in lieu of the actual excess profits net income. The substitute excess profits net income is derived in any such case by multiplying the amount shown on line 12 for such taxable year by the number of months entered for that year on line 5.

18 through 21. Alternative average base period net income under section 442 (h).—Lines 18 through 21 are for the use of a taxpayer computing an alternative average base period net income under section 442 (h). See instruction 6.

Enter on line 18 the substitute excess profits net income for the 12 months selected for adjustment and entered on line 6. This

amount is the product of line 12 multiplied by line 6.

Enter on line 19 the product of line 2 (substituting zero for any deficit) multiplied by the excess of line 4 over line 6. This amount is the excess profits net income for the 24 months remaining after selection of the 12 months entered on line 6.

Enter on line 20 the aggregate of the amounts on lines 18 and 19 divided by three. The amount on line 20 shall not be in excess of 50 percent of the aggregate of the amounts entered on line 19.

- 22. Total assets at end of each taxable year ending before July 1, 1950.—The amount to be entered on line 22 is the total assets held by the taxpayer on the last day of each of its taxable years ending after the beginning of its base period and prior to the first day of its first taxable year ending after June 30, 1950. For definition of total assets," see general instruction 7, Schedule EP-5
- 23. Interest paid or accrued for each taxable year for which an entry is made on line 22.—The amount to be entered on line 23 is the total interest paid or incurred by the taxpayer for each of the taxable years for which an amount of total assets was entered on line 22. Such amount should include interest on all indebtedness, irrespective of whether such indebtedness constitutes borrowed capital within the meaning of section 439 (b)
- 24. Average of total assets.—Enter the aggregate of the amounts on line 22, divided by the number of such amounts.
- 25. Taxpayer's industry classification and base period rate of return.—Enter on this line the industry classification to which is attributable the largest amount of the taxpayer's gross receipts for its last taxable year beginning within its base period. See Appendix A for list of industry classifications. For definition of "gross receipts," see instruction 40, Schedule EP-2. Also enter on line 25 the applicable base period rate of return for the taxpayer's industry classification.
- 27. Interest adjustment.—The amount to be entered on line 27 is the average yearly amount of interest paid or incurred by the taxpayer for all taxable years for which the taxpayer's total assets

were determined on line 22. The average yearly amount of interest is computed by aggregating the amounts entered on line 23, dividing by the total number of months in the taxable years

involved, and multiplying the quotient by 12.

29. 110 percent of average base period net income computed under section 435 (d).—Section 442 (d) shall have no applica-

tion unless the amount of the average base period net income determined under section 442 (d) is in excess of 110 percent of the taxpayer's average base period net income computed under the general average method. If line 28 exceeds line 29, the taxpayer's average base period net income is the amount on line 28.

SCHEDULE EP-5 (C)—CHANGE IN PRODUCTS OR SERVICES (Section 443)

A taxpayer which commenced business on or before the first day of its base period and which establishes with respect to any taxable vear that-

(a) during so much of its three immediately preceding taxable years as falls within the 36-month period ending on the last day of its base period, there was a substantial change in the products or services furnished by the taxpayer, and

(b) more than 40 percent of its gross income or more than 33 percent of its net income for such taxable year is attributable to one or more of the new products or services, and

(c) its average monthly excess profits net income for such taxable year exceeds 125 percent of its average monthly excess profits net income for the taxable years ending within its base period and prior to the taxable year in which occurred the first change to which gross income or net income is attributed for the purpose of the requirements stated in (b), may, for the earliest taxable year with respect to which the foregoing requirements are satisfied (and for subsequent taxable years), apply for the benefits of section 443. For rules governing such an application, see general instruction 2, Schedule EP-5. For definition of "base period," see general instruction 8, Schedule EP-5. If a change in products or services is considered to have occurred on the last day of the base period by reason of a commitment described in section 443 (f) (2), include in statement submitted with respect to application of section 443 full details concerning facilities constructed for the production of the new product and a copy of the contract evidencing the commitment.

For special rules governing the application of section 443 in the case of an acquiring corporation, see section 462 (e), and in the case of a component corporation, see section 461 (c)

Requirements (a), (b), and (c), above, must all be met with respect to a single taxable year.

For purposes of requirement (a), the change in products or services must be substantial. It must take the form of a product or a service which is new to the taxpayer and not a mere improvement or change in style. The discontinuance of a product or service previously furnished by the taxpayer is not a change in products or services for purposes of section 443.

For purposes of requirement (b), if more than one substantial change in products or services occurred during the prescribed period, the gross income or net income attributable to new products or services may be aggregated in determining whether the amount attributable to new products or services meets the stated percentages of total gross income or total net income, as the case may be.

For purposes of requirement (c), the average monthly excess profits net income for any year shall be computed by making the adjustments provided in section 433 (b) as though section 433 (b) were applicable to all taxable years, and by dividing by the number of months in the year. The average monthly excess profits net income for any period of two or more taxable years is the aggregate of the excess profits net income (computed by making the adjustments provided in section 433 (b) as though section 433 (b) were applicable to all taxable years) for all taxable years within the period, less the amount of any deficits in excess profits net income (similarly computed) for all taxable years within the period, divided by the number of months in the taxable years in the period. The average monthly excess profits net income determined for any period shall in no case be less than zero.

The base period capital addition is not available to a taxpayer computing average base period net income under section 443; accordingly, no entry should be made on line 50, Schedule EP-2. The net capital addition or reduction as computed under section 435 (g), however, is applicable to such a taxpayer in accordance with the following modifications:

(1) If the taxable year in which the taxpayer first meets requirements (a), (b), and (c), above, is a year ending after June 30, 1950, no net capital addition or reduction will be applicable in computing the excess profits credit based on income for that taxable year. Accordingly, no entry is to be made on line 53 or, 55 of Schedule EP-2.

year. Accordingly, no entry is to be made on line 53 or, 55 of Schedule EP-2.

(2) In determining the net capital addition or reduction under section 435 (g) for a taxable year subsequent to the year in which the taxpayer first met requirements (a), (b), and (c), above, the date used for determining the amount of equity capital, on line 1, borrowed capital on line 3, and inadmissible assets on line 15, of Schedule EP-2 (B) should be the first day of the taxable year immediately following such year in which the requirements were first met, or the first day of the taxable year ending after June 30, 1950, whichever is later. The same day should be used in lieu of the day otherwise specified in instructions 12 and 13, Schedule EP-2 (B), in determining the amount to be entered on lines 12 and 13 of that schedule and in lieu of the day specified in the instructions for Schedule EP-2 (B) relating to an increase in the capital addition under section 435 (g) (9). Schedule EP-2 (B) should be altered accordingly and the amount so determined on lines 20 or 24 of that schedule should be entered on line 53 or 55, whichever is applicable, of Schedule EP-2.

1. Allocation of gross income and net income for the taxable year with respect to which taxpayer claims qualification under section 443 (a).—The taxable year with respect to which the taxpayer claims qualification should be designated on line 1 (a). This year must be the earliest year with respect to which the taxpayer meets the requirements of section 443 (a) with respect to gross income or net income attributable to a substantial change in products or services which occurred within one or more of its three immediately preceding taxable years and within the last 36 months of the base period. Such year must also reflect a 25 percent increase in average monthly excess profits net income over the average monthly excess profits net income of the taxable years ending within the base period but prior to the year in which occurred the first change in products or services upon which the taxpayer relies. The amount to be entered in column 1 of line 1 (b) is the total amount of gross income for the taxable year without adjustment under section 433 (a). The amount allegated to the pour products of the section 433 (b). located to the new products or services should be similarly determined and the allocation should be made in conformity with good accounting practice. The amount to be entered in column 1 of line 1 (c) is the net income for the year determined under section 21. In column 2 of line 1 (c) there should be entered the amount of net income for the taxable year attributable to the new products or services, such allocation also being made in conformity with

good accounting practice.

2 through 4. Increase in average monthly excess profits net in-The amount of the taxpayer's excess profits net income for the taxable year with respect to which qualification under

section 443 (a) is claimed should be entered on line 2 and the monthly average thereof computed and entered in column 3 of that line. The monthly average excess profits net income for the taxable years ending within the base period and prior to the taxable year or years in which occurred the first change in products or services upon which the taxpayer relies, should be entered on line 3 and the monthly average thereof computed and entered in column 3 of that line.

5. Total assets at end of taxable year designated on line 1 (a) or at end of last taxable year ending prior to July 1, 1950, whichever is later.—For definition of "total assets," see general instruction 7, Schedule EP-5.

6. Taxpayer's industry classification and base period rate of return.—Enter on this line the industry classification to which is attributable the largest amount of the taxpayer's gross receipts for the taxable year which includes the day for which the amount of the taxable year which includes the day for which the amount of the taxpayer's total assets were determined on line 5. See Appendix A for list of industry classifications. For definition of "gross receipts," see instruction 40; Schedule EP-2. Also enter on line 6 the base period rate of return for the taxpayer's industry classification.

8. Reduction for interest.—The amount to be entered on line 8 is the total interest paid or incurred by the taxpayer for the 12 months ending with the day for which the taxpayer's total assets were determined for purposes of line 5. Such amounts should include interest on all indebtedness, irrespective of whether it constitutes borrowed capital within the meaning of section

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SCHEDULE EP-5 (D)-INCREASE IN CAPACITY FOR PRODUCTION OR OPERATION (Section 444)

A taxpayer which commenced business on or before the first day of its base period and which establishes that during the 36-month period ending on the last day of its base period there was an increase in its capacity for production or operation, as defined in section 444 (b), may apply for the benefits of section 444. For rules governing an application, see general instruction 2, Schedule EP-5. For definition of "base period," see general instruction 8, Schedule EP-5.

For special rules governing the application of section 444 in the case of an acquiring corporation, see section 462 (f), and in the

case of a component corporation, see section 461 (c).

For the purposes of section 444, an increase in capacity for production or operation is deemed to have occurred if the taxpayer establishes that it made an addition (or additions) to its facilities or replaced all (or a part of) its existing facilities, and that—

(a) As a result of such additions or replacements, its capacity for production or operation on the last day of its base period was 200 percent or more of its capacity for production on operation on the last day of the twelfth month of its base period, or

(b) (1) As a result of such additions or replacements, its capacity for production or operation on the last day of its base period was 150 percent or more of its capacity for production or operation on the last day of the twelfth month of its base period, and (2) the adjusted basis for determining gain upon sale or exchange of its total facilities on the last day of its base period was 150 percent or more of the adjusted basis for determining gain upon sale or exchange of its total facilities on the last day of the twelfth month of its base

(c) The basis (unadjusted) for determining gain upon sale or exchange of its total facilities on the last day of its base period was 200 percent or more of the basis (unadjusted) for determining gain upon sale or exchange of its total facilities on the last day of the

twelfth month of its base period.

The term "facilities" mean means real property and depreciable tangible property held by the taxpayer in good faith for the purposes of the business.

For the purposes of (a) and (b), above, the term "capacity for production or operation" means the capacity to produce or to oper-

ate rather than the level of production or operation actually achieved. For the purposes of (b) and (c), above, the adjusted basis or the unadjusted basis of all "facilities" is to be included, both at the beginning and at the end of the 36-month period, irrespective of whether the facility is one directly involved in any determination of

capacity for production or operation. If an increase in capacity is considered to have occurred on the last day of the base period by reason of a commitment described in section 444 (f) (2), include in the statement submitted with respect to the application of section 444 full details with respect to the

facilities completed after the last day of the base period and during the first excess profits tax year, and circumstances evidencing the

The base period capital addition determined under section 435 (f) is not available to a taxpayer computing its average base period net income under section 444. Accordingly, no entry should be made on line 50, Schedule EP-2. The net capital addition or reduction computed on Schedule EP-2 (B), however, is applicable to such a taxpayer and the amount so determined on line 20 or 24 of that schedule should be entered on line 53 or 55, whichever is applicable, of Schedule EP-2.

1. Capacity for production or operation.—Enter in columns 1 and 2 of line 1 the total capacity for production or operation as of the last day of the twelfth month in the base period and as of the last day of the base period. Use the same unit of measurement

(tons, gallons, yards, etc.) in computing capacity for each date.

2 and 3. Basis of total facilities.—For definition of the term
"facilities," see general instructions for this schedule.

4. Total assets at end of last taxable year ending prior to July 1, 1950.—The amount to be entered on line 4 is the total amount of the assets held by the taxpayer at the close of its last taxable year ending prior to July 1, 1950. For definition of "total assets," see general instruction 7, Schedule EP-5.

5. Taxpayer's industry classification and base period rate of

return.—Enter on this line the industry classification to which return.—Enter on this line the industry classification to which is attributable the largest amount of the taxpayer's gross receipts for its last taxable year ending before July 1, 1950. See Appendix A for list of industry classifications. For definition of "gross receipts," see instruction 40, Schedule EP-2. Also enter on line 5 the base period rate of return for the taxpayer's industry classifi-

7. Reduction for interest.—The amount to be entered on line 7 is the total interest paid or incurred by the taxpayer for the twelve months ending with the last day of the taxpayer's last taxable year ending before July 1, 1950. Such amount should include interest on all indebtedness, irrespective of whether it constitutes borrowed capital within the meaning of section 439 (b).

SCHEDULE EP-5 (E)-DEPRESSED INDUSTRY SUBGROUPS (Section 446)

A taxpayer which commenced business on or before the first day of its base period and which is a member of a depressed industry subgroup may apply for the benefits of section 446. For rules governing an application, see general instruction 2, Schedule EP-5. For definition of "base period," see general instruction 8, Schedule EP-5.

For special rules governing the application of section 446 in the case of an acquiring corporation, see section 462 (h), and in the case of a component corporation, see section 461 (c). For purposes of section 446, a taxpayer is a member of a depressed industry subgroup if more than 50 percent of the aggregate of its gross receipts for the taxable years beginning with or within its base period is attributable to such subgroup. attributable to such subgroup.

The base period capital addition determined under section 435 (f) is not available to a taxpayer computing its average base period net income under section 446 and no entry should be made on line 50, Schedule EP-2. The net capital addition or reduction computed on Schedule EP-2 (B), however, is applicable to such a taxpayer and the amount so determined on line 20 or 24 of that schedule should be entered on line 53 or 55, whichever is applicable, of Schedule EP-2.

The depressed industry subgroups and the final adjusted rates of return are

Aircraft and parts—Standard Industrial Classification groups 3721, 3722, 3723, and 3729.—(1) Manufacturing or assembling complete aircraft such as airplanes, gliders, dirigibles, and balloons; (2) manufacturing aircraft engines and engine parts such as engine mount parts, air scoops, turbo superchargers, lubricating systems, cooling systems, exhaust systems, nonelectric starters, and aircraft engine pumps; (3) manufacturing aircraft propellers and propeller parts; (4) manufacturing aircraft parts such as air frame assemblies, wing assemblies, flaps and dive brakes, elevators, fins, rudders, other empennage assemblies, and alighting assemblies; and (5) manufacturing auxiliary equipment, such as desiring equipment, bomb racks, turrets, and turret such as de-icing equipment, bomb racks, turrets and turret drives, parachutes, targets, link trainers, and other auxiliary equipment specifically adapted for aircraft. This industry subgroup does not include manufacturing aeronautical instruments

or manufacturing aeronautical electrical equipment.

The adjusted rate of return for this industry subgroup is 11.3 percent.

Engines and turbines, except automotive, aircraft, and railway-Standard Industrial Classification groups 3511 and 3519.—Manufacturing steam engines (except locomotives), steam turbines, water wheels, and water turbines; and manufacturing Diesel or semi-Diesel engines, or other internal combustion engines, except aircraft engines and automobile engine

The adjusted rate of return for this industry subgroup is

12.8 percent.

Metalworking machinery, including machine tools-Standard Industrial Classification groups 3541, 3542, and 3543.—(1) Manufacturing power-driven machine tools that shape metal by grinding or progressively cutting away chips (such as boring, broaching, drilling, gear-cutting and finishing, grinding, milling and planing machines; lathes, shapers, and slotters; honing and lapping, polishing and buffing, sawing and cutting-off, contoursawing and filing, tapping, threading, and rifling machines, and replacement and repair parts for machine tools); (2) rebuilding of machine tools; (3) manufacturing machinery for shaping, pressing, forging, or bending metal where the shaping action of such machines is not dependent upon a cutting tool (such as

bending machines: can forming and soldering, and other sheetmetal working machinery; die-casting machines; forging machines, such as drop hammers (impression die), forging hammers (flat die), forging presses, bulldozers, and upsetters; portable power-driven metalworking tools, and flexible-shaft machines; presses (forming, stamping, and punch); riveting machines (not portable); rod and wire forming and fabricating machines; rolling mill machinery and equipment; shears; spring winding and forming machines; acetylene welding and cutting apparatus; wire-drawing machines; and replacement and repair parts); and (4) manufacturing attachments and accessories for machine tools and other metalworking machinery. This industry subgroup does not include manufacturing hand tools (except power-driven) or manufacturing electric welding apparatus.

The adjusted rate of return for this industry subgroup is 16.8

Ship and boat building and repairing—Standard Industrial Classification groups 3731 and 3732.—Building and repairing all types of ships, barges, canal boats, lighters, motorboats, sailboats, rowboats, lifeboats, and canoes. This industry subgroup does not include fabricating structural assemblies or components for ships, or subcontractors engaged in ship painting, joinery, car-pentry work, electrical wiring installations, etc.

The adjusted rate of return for this industry subgroup is 10.4

Wines—Standard Industrial Classification group 2084.—Manufacturing both dry and sweet wines. This industry subgroup does not include bottling purchased wines.

The adjusted rate of return for this industry subgroup is 7.8

Photographic studios, including commercial photography—Standard Industrial Classification groups 7231 and 7232.—Portrait photography for the general public; and photography for advertising agencies, publishers, and other industrial users. This industry subgroup does not include film developing or print processing for the trade or for the general public, or motion that the state of the state o picture film processing.

The adjusted rate of return for this industry subgroup is 8.6

Telegraph communication (wire and radio)—Standard Industrial Classification group 4821.—Furnishing telegraphic communication service by transmitting nonvocal record communications intended for receipt by designated persons.

The adjusted rate of return for this industry subgroup is 1.5

Transportation by air—Standard Industrial Classification groups 4512, 4513, 4521, 4582, and 4583.—Carriers; operation and maintenance of airports and flying fields; and furnishing coordinated handling services for air freight or passengers at airports. The adjusted rate of return for this industry subgroup is 3.0

- 1. Total assets at end of each taxable year ending after the beginning of the base period and before July 1, 1950.—For defition of "total assets," see general instruction 7, Schedule EP-5.
- 2. Interest paid or accrued for each taxable year for which an entry is made on line 1.—The amount to be entered on line 2 for each taxable year is the total amount of interest paid or incurred by the taxpayer for such year. Such amount should include interest on all indebtedness, irrespective of whether such indebtedness constitutes borrowed capital within the meaning of section 439 (b).
- 3. Average of total assets.—Enter the aggregate of the amounts of line 1, divided by the number of such amounts.
- 4. Taxpayer's industry subgroup and adjusted rate of return.— Enter on this line the industry subgroup, to which is attributable more than 50 percent of the aggregate of the taxpayer's gross receipts for the taxable years beginning with or within the taxpayer's base period. For definition of "gross receipts," see instruction 40, Schedule EP-2. Also enter on line 4 the adjusted rate of return for the industry subgroup of which the taxpayer is a member
- 6. Interest adjustment.—The amount to be entered on line 6 is the average yearly amount of interest paid or incurred by the taxpayer for all taxable years for which its total assets were determined on line 1. The average yearly amount of interest is computed by aggregating the amounts entered on line 2, dividing such aggregate by the total number of months in the taxable years involved, and multiplying the quotient by 12.

FACSIMILES OF TAX RETURNS FOR 1953

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APPENDIX A

Final rates of return

Standard Industrial Classification number	Industry classifications	Final base period yearly rate of return (percent)				Final base period rate of
Grassingation number		1946	1947	1946	1949	Legata (becsent)
11 1 07	AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERIES					
1 and 07	Farms and agricultural services, hunting, trapping	12.5	12.8	12. 7	9. 9	11.9
9	Forestry	6. 1	8. 2	9. 2	6. 2	7.4
·>	MINING	9.1	2. 1	4. 5	2. 2	4.2
0	Metal mining	5. 2	11.8	13.8	77	
1		6. 4	5.8	8.0	7. 7 4. 0	9.9
2	Bituminous coal and lignite mining	6. 3	14.6	15. 4	5.8	10.
3	Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction.	5. 1	9. 7	11.8	8. 8	9. 3
4 <u></u>	Nonmetallic minerals except fuels	11.9	14. 2	15.0	13. 2	13. 7
	CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION			1		
5 and 16	General contractors	8. 6	10. 5	13. 7	12. 3	11. 6
7	Special trade contractors	12.6	15.2	15. 1	9. 9	13. 1
) 	Food and kindred products	10.4	15 0	10.4	44.7	
/	Tobacco manufactures.	18.4	15. 2 9. 8	12. 4 11. 1	11.7	14. 2
)	Textile mill products	24.0	23. 2	20. 6	11.7 9.5	10.6
3	Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics	21.8	16.7	10.4	6. 2	19. 0 13. 3
\	Lumber and wood products	16.0	23. 0	19. 6	10. 2	17. 1
,)	Furniture and fixtures	16.4	16. 4	14.6	10. 5	14.5
)	Paper and allied products	17.8	23. 2	18. 1	12. 7	17. 8
	Printing, publishing, and allied industries	18.6	15. 7	13. 8	11. 8	14.8
	Chemicals and allied products	17. 3	17. 6	16. 2	15.0	16.5
	Products of petrolcum and coal	6. 1	8. 7	11. 3	6. 4	8. 2
) <u></u>	Rubber products	18.6	12. 4	13. 4	8. 7	13. 1
	Leather and leather products	19.3	15. 9	10. 2	7.3	13. (
 	Stone, clay, and glass products	15.4	16. 3	17. 2	16.0	16. 3
and 34	Primary metal industries and fabricated metal products (except				10.0	10. 5
	ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment)	9.8	15. 4	16. 4	12. 1	13. 6
	Ordnance and accessories	4. 5	11.6	14. 8	6.7	9. 4
	Machinery (except electrical)	9.4	16.0	17. 2	13. 4	14. 3
	Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	4. 2	14.5	15.6	12. 4	12. 0
		1.4	13.5	18.6	20. 9	14, 4
and 39	Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; photographic			1		
	and optical goods; watches and clocks; including miscellaneous			- 1		
	manufacturing industries	11.9	13.8	13.5	10. 4	12. 4
	TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION, AND OTHER PUBLIC	1		f		
	UTILITIES		_			
)	Railroads	2. 1	3.9	5. 3	3. 7	3. 8
	Local and interurban railways and bus lines	4. 1	*	2. 2	1.9	1. 5
	Trucking and warehousing	11.4	12. 2	14.0	11.7	12. 4
	Highway transportation not elsewhere classified.	24. 1	15. 1	12. 1	9. 2	14. 9
	Water transportation	9.1	9.9	8. 1	7.8	8.7
	Transportation by air		*	1.3	3. 9	*
	Pipeline transportation	11. 1	10.5	10.5	8. 9	10.0
	Services incidental to transportation	8. 1	10.0	7. 1	6. 5	7. 9
}	Telecommunications	6.1	4. 1	4.9	5.0	5. 0
	Utilities and sanitary services	7.0	6. 3	6. 1	6. 2	6. 4
and 51	WHOLESALE TRADE Wholesale trade	16 5	15 2	10.6	ا م م ا	40.0
and Ji	RETAIL TRADE	16. 5	15. 3	12. 6	8. 2	12. 8
	Building materials and farm equipment	15. 3	16. 3	15 2	ا م م ا	12.0
	General merchandise	20. 9	17. 4	15. 3 16. 7	9. 2 12. 4	13. 8
·	Food	15. 8	13. 9	12. 9	12. 4	16. 6
	Automotive dealers and gasoline service stations.	27. 5	33, 0	27. 3		14. 0
	Apparel and accessories	19.4	14. 4	11.6	15. 8 6. 5	24. 9 12. 6
	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment	16. 9	12. 4	9. 1	5.6	12. 6
	Eating and drinking places	12. 6	6. 6	5. 7	4. 9	10. 3 7. 2
	Miscellaneous retail stores	14. 3	10. 7	9. 1	6. 2	
	FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	1 " 7	10. /	· · ·	V. Z	9. 7
	BankingBanking	0.9	0. 7	0.8	0.9	0. 8
	Credit agencies other than banks.	3. 3	3. 7	4.8	5. 2	0. 8 4. 4
	Security and commodity brokers, dealers, exchanges, and services	2. 8	1.5	1.5	2. 3	2. 1
	Insurance carriers	2. 4	2. 4	2. 8	3. 2	2. 7
	Insurance agents, brokers, and service	8. 3	9. 5	10.0	7. 7	8. 9
	Real estate.	5. 1	5. 2	5. 3	5. 1	5. 2
	Holding and other investment companies	5. 9	5. 6	6.0	5. 7	5. 8
	SERVICES	1				2. 0
	Hotels, rooming houses, camps, and other lodging places	9.6	8. 6	8. 1	6.9	8. 2
	Personal services.	11.7	11.1	9. 1	8. 4	9. 9
S	Miscellaneous business services	12. 8	13. 1	13. 0	11. 2	12. 5
	Automobile repair services and garages	14. 8	13.7	12. 5	9. 2	12. 2
	Miscellaneous repair services	10.4	13. 4	13. 3	9.0	11.5
	Radio broadcasting, including facsimile broadcasting, and tele-	1		J	-	
	vision	24. 9	18.8	12. 5	9. 2	15. 4
	Motion pictures.	19.4	14. 6	9. 2	8. 4	12. 9
	Amusement and recreation services except motion pictures	21. 3	13. 6	11.9	8. 5	13. 4
), 81, 82, 84,	· · ·	1	1	1	l	
86, and 89	Other services	8.8	9.7	10. 3	8.6	9. 4

^{*}Negative rate of return.

FORM 1120 L U. S. Treasury Department

U. S. LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY INCOME TAX RETURN

1953

FOR CALENDAR YEAR 1953				Do Not Write In These Spaces		
PRINT PLAINLY COM	PANY'S NAME AND ADDRESS	•	File Code Serial			
			Numb Distric			
	(Name)			(Cashier's Stamp)		
(Stree	t and number)					
(City or town, postal 2	one number)	(State)	Cash	Check M. O. Cert. of Ind (First Payment)		
(Date incorporated)	(State	or country)	\$	1		
Item and Instruction No. GROSS INCOME 1. Interest on:	1. Interest Received	2. Accrual of Discount	3. Amertization of Premium	4. Total (In Case of Item 1, Column 1 Plus Column 2 Less Column 3)		
(c) Wholly exempt obligations. (Submit detailed schedule)	\$	s	\$	\$		
reported in line (a) above) issued prior to March 1, 1941. (d) Treasury Notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof. (Submit schedule).						
(e) Loans, notes, mortgages, bank deposits, etc.						
Totals	\$	<u> </u> \$	is	_ \$		
2. Dividends on stock of: (a) Domestic corporations subject to taxation under Chapter 1 of the Inter (b) Public utility corporations subject to taxation under Chapter 1 of the In (c) Foreign corporations	nternal Revenue Code					
3. Rents. (Attach schedule)						
4. Total income in items 1 to 3				_ \$		
5. Interest wholly exempt from tax (item 1 (a), column 4)		\$				
6. Investment expenses. (Attach schedule)						
7. Taxes						
8. Real estate expenses						
10. Total deductions in items 5 to 9						
11. Net income (item 4 minus item 10)				\$		
COMPUTATION OF TAX		1		1		
12. Net income (item 11)						
13. Less: Interest partially exempt from tax (item 1 (b) and (c		1.		-		
14. Adjusted net income	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$				
15. Less: Dividends received credit—	•	1				
(a) Enter 85 percent of item 2 (a)	· · · Þ					
(b) Enter 62 percent of item 2 (b)						
corporations						
(d) Total dividends received credit. Enter sum of (a), (b), and (
of item 14				-		
 Adjustment for certain non-life insurance reserves (applicable than life insurance or annuity contracts)— (a) 3½ percent of mean of uncarned premiums and unpaid losses on such ot 	only to contracts	other -		·-		
contracts at beginning and end of year						
(b) 314 percent of 25 percent of net premiums on such other contracts write during year	sen \$					
(e) 3½ percent of mean of unpaid losses on such other contracts at beginni and end of year.	ng					
(d) Item (b) plus item (e)						
(a) Item (a) or (d), whichever is greater						
(f) Item (e) multiplied by 8				-		
19. Less: Reserve interest credit (from line 6, Schedule C)		φ		_		
20. 1953 adjusted normal tax net income						
21. Tax. If amount in item 20 is: Not over \$200,000, enter 3% percent of item 20			***************************************	_		
Over \$200,000, enter \$7,500 plus 6½ percent of excess over Less: Credit for income taxes paid to a foreign country of corporation. (Attach Form 1118)	\$200,000 or United States po	ssession allow	ed a domestic	} \$:		
corporation. (Attach Form 1118)			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
23. Balance of income tax due. 24. Excess profits tax due (line 39, page 1, Schedule EP (Form 1120)			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. \$		
25. Total income and excess profits tax due (item 23 plus item 24).				\$		
	i (See Instruction	E)	-	g officer) of the corporation for d statements) has been examined stated, pursuant to the Internal		
(President or other principal officer) (State title) (Date)	(Treasurer, Assistant Treas	urer, or Chief Account	nting Officer) (State	CORPORATE SEAL		
	I (See Instruction	E)				
(Name of firm or employer, if any) (Signature of person preparing th	e return) (Date	e) (Signatu	re of person prepari	ng the return) (Date)		

FACSIMILES OF TAX RETURNS FOR 1953

OTHER POLICY LIABILITY CREDIT FOR THE SUCCEEDING TAXABLE YEAR (See Instru 1. Nature of Reserve (Life, Annuity, Etc.) 8. Column (3) Tim 6. Average rate of interest assumed in computing life insurance reserves (total of column 8 above divided by total of column 7 above).... 7. 35 percent of line 6..... 8. 2.1125 percent (65 percent of 31/4 percent)..... 9. Reserve earnings rate (line 7 above plus line 8 above).... 10. Total of column 7 multiplied by line 9 above..... 11. 2 percent of the reserve held for deferred dividends..... 12. Interest paid..... Total of lines 10, 11, and 12 above..... 16. Adjustment for unearned premiums and unpaid losses on non-life insurance reserves (item 17 (s), page 1)...... *In the case of reserves computed on a preliminary term basis, 107% of the amount of the reserve Schedule B.-INVESTED ASSETS BOOK VALUES (See 1. Real estate..... 2. Mortgage loans.... Collateral loans.... 4. Policy loans, including premium notes..... 5. Bonds of domestic corporations..... 6. Stocks of domestic corporations. 7. Government obligations, etc. (Submit detailed schedule)..... 8. Bank deposits bearing interest.... 9. Other interest-bearing assets (attach statement). 11. Total of columns 1 and 2, line 10..... 12. Mean of the invested assets for the taxable year (one-half of line 11)..... 13. One-fourth of 1 percent of the mean of the invested assets..... 14. Income base (item 4, page 1, minus the sum of items 7, 8, and 9, page 1) 15. 334 percent of line 12..... 16. Excess (if any) of line 14 over line 15..... 17. One-fourth of line 16..... 18. Limit on deduction for investment expenses (line 13 plus line 17).

Schoolule C.—RESERVE INVERREST CREDIT (See Instruction 19) 1. Net income computed without deduction for wholly tax-exempt interest (sum of items 5 and 11, page 1).... 2. 50 percent of item 17 (s), page 1..... 3. Adjusted net income for purpose of reserve interest credit (line 1 minus line 2)..... 4. Required interest— (a) Total of column 8, (line 5), Schedule A (b) 2 percent of reserve for deferred dividends..... (e) Interest paid (d) Sum of lines (a), (b), and (c)..... 5. Line 3 divided by line 4 (d). Enter percentage 6. Reserve interest credit—If percentage on line 5 is: 105 or more, enter zero. 100 or less, enter 50 percent of item 16, page 1...... *Multiply by 10 the difference between 105 percent and percentage on line 5 and enter percentage thus obtained Schoolule D.-COMPUTATION TO DETERMINE NECESSITY FOR FILING EXCESS PROFITS TAX SCHEDUL 1. Net income (item 11, page 1)...... Less: Partially tax-exempt interest from item 13, page 1.

Dividends received (total of item 2, page 1, less (a) adjustment for dividends received in kind, (b) dividends received from foreign personal holding companies, and (c) dividends received on stock which is not a capital asset)..... 4 Line 1 minus sum of lines 2 and 3.

If Sine 4 is \$33,000 or loss, Schedule EP (Form 1120) need not be Med with this return. If line 4 is over \$25,000, Schedule EP (Form 1120) must be filed 1. Was a return filed under the same name for the preceding taxable year? 5. Did the company make a return of information on Forms 1096 and 1099 or Form W-2a for the calendar year 1953 (see General Instruction H)? Yes ☐ No ☐ 2. State amount of deferred dividend funds at end of taxable year, exclusive of any 6. Did the company at any time during the taxable year own directly or indirectly amount held for payments in following taxable year: \$..... any stock of a foreign corporation? (If answer is "yes," attach statemen 3. Is this a consolidated return? (If so, procure from the district director of internal revenue for your district Form 851, Affiliations Schedule, which shall be required by General Instruction J.) 7. Did the company file with the district director of internal revenue a copy of the filled in and filed as a part of this return.) 4. If this is not a consolidated return (a) did the company at any time during the annual statement for the preceding year as required by General Instruction K? ... (Answer "yes" or "no.") If answer is "yes," state district director's office in which taxable year own 50 percent or more of the voting stock of another corporation either domestic or foreign?; (b) did any corporation, individual, partgratement was filed 8. If a copy of the annual statement required by General Instruction K does not nership, trust, or association at any time during the taxable year own 50 percent or accompany this return, state reason why the statement is not attached ______ more of your voting stock? (If either answer is "yes," attach separate schedule showing: (1) Name and address; (2) percentage of stock owned; (3) date stock was acquired; and (4) the district director's office in which the income 9. If the company is a burial or funeral benefit insurance company, state whether it is engaged directly in the manufacture of funeral supplies or in the performance of tax return of such corporation, individual, partnership, trust, or association for the funeral services last taxable year was filed.)

1953

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1120 L

U. S. LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY INCOME TAX RETURN

1953

(References are to the Internal Revenue Code, unless otherwise noted)

Taxpayers will find it helpful to read the General Instructions A to L before commencing to fill in their returns

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Companies required to file a return.—Every domestic life insurance company and every foreign life insurance company carrying on an insurance business within the United States (if with respect to its United States business it would qualify as a life insurance company), which is engaged in the business of issuing life insurance and annuity contracts (either separately or combined with health and accident insurance) or noncancellable contracts of health and accident insurance and of which the life insurance reserves they presented premiums and useful leaves. noncancellable contracts of health and accident insurance and of which the life insurance reserves, plus unearned premiums and unpaid losses on noncancellable life, health, or accident policies not included in life insurance reserves, comprise more than 50 percent of its total reserves, shall file a return on this form. (See section 201.)

shall file a return on this form. (See section 201.)

Receivers, trustees in dissolution, trustees in bankruptcy, and assignees, operating the property or business of corporations, must make returns of income for such corporations. If a receiver has full custody of and control over the business or property of a corporation, he shall be deemed to be operating such business or property, whether he is engaged in carrying on the business for which the corporation was organized or only in marshaling, selling, and disposing of its assets for purposes of liquidation.

B. Period covered.—The return shall be for the calendar year ended December 31, 1953, and the net income computed on the calendar year basis in accordance with the State laws regulating insurance companies.

C. Basis of return.—A return on this form shall be rendered on a cash receipts and disbursements basis or the accrual basis whichever conforms with the annual statement made to the State Insurance Department.

D. Time and place for filing.—The return must be sent to the district director of internal revenue for the district in which the company's principal place of business or principal office or agency is located, so as to reach the district director's office on or before March 15, 1954.

E. Declaration.—The return must be signed by the president, vice president, or other principal officer, and by the treasurer, assistant treasurer, or chief accounting officer.

Where the return is actually prepared by some person or persons other than officers or employees of the company, such person or persons must have in the closely first the company.

also sign the declaration at the foot of page 1.

F. Payment of tax.—The tax should be paid by sending with the return a check or money order drawn to the order of "District Director of Internal Revenue." Do not send cash by mail, nor pay it in person except at the district director's office.

at the district director's office.

The tax must be paid in full when the return is filed, or in four installments, as follows: The first installment equal to 45 percent of the tax shall be paid on or before March 15, 1954; the second installment equal to 45 percent of the tax on or before June 15, 1954; the third installment equal to 5 percent of the tax on or before September 15, 1954; and the fourth installment equal to 5 percent of the tax on or before December 15, 1954;

If any installment is not paid on or before the date fixed for its payment the whole amount of the tax unpaid shall be paid upon notice and demand by the district director.

G. Penalties.-For failure to make and file a return on time.-Five percent to 25 percent of the amount of the tax, unless such failure is due to reasonable cause, and, in addition, where failure is willful, a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both,

Not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, of both, together with the costs of prosecution.

For willfully attempting to evade or defeat payment of the tax.—

Not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment for not more than 5 years, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.

For deficiency due to negligence or fraud.—Five percent of the amount of the deficiency if due to negligence or intentional disregard of

rules and regulations without intent to defraud, or 50 percent of the amount of the deficiency if due to fraud.

amount of the deficiency if due to fraud.

H. Information at source.—Every insurance company shall make a return on Forms 1096 and 1099 with respect to amounts paid, credited, or distributed during the calendar year 1953 as (a) salaries or other compensation for personal services, totaling \$600 or more in the case of a citizen or resident, or (b) interest, rent, premiums, annuities, or other fixed or determinable income totaling \$600 or more to a fiduciary, a learned to a service to a total service or resident. A report on fixed or determinable income totaling \$600 or more to a inductary, a domestic or resident partnership, or a citizen or resident. A report on Form 1099 is not required with respect to wage payments included on Form W-2, provided copies of withholding statements on Form W-2a are furnished. If a portion of such wage payments was reported on a Withholding Statement (Form W-2), only the remainder must be reported on Form 1099. The return on Forms 1096 and 1099 shall also include dividend payments amounting to \$10 or more during the calendar year to each shareholder who is an individual (citizen or resident of the United States), a resident fiduciary, or a resident partnership any member of which is a citizen or resident.

of which is a citizen or resident.

I. Information by corporations.—1. Contemplated dissolution or liquidation.—Every corporation shall, within 30 days after the adoption by the corporation of a resolution or plan for the dissolution of the corporation or for the liquidation of the whole or any part of its capital stock, render a correct return on Form 966, setting forth the terms of such resolution or plan. (See section 148 (d).)

2. Distributions in liquidation.—Every corporation shall, when required by the Commissioner, render a correct return of its distributions in liquidation, stating the name and address of each shareholder, the number and class of shares owned by him, and the amount paid to him or, if the distribution is in property other than money, the fair market

or, if the distribution is in property other than money, the fair market value (as of the date the distribution is made) of the property distributed

him. (See section 148 (e).)

J. Stock ownership in foreign corporations.—If the company owned any stock ownership in foreign corporation.—It the company owner any stock of a foreign corporation (including less than 5 percent of the stock of a foreign personal holding company), it should attach to its return a statement setting forth the name and address of each cust company and the total number of shares of each class of outstanding stock owned by it during the taxable year. This statement should be furnished in addition to the schedule required by Specific Instruction 2. If the in addition to the schedule required by Specific Instruction 2. If the company owned stock at any time during the taxable year in a foreign personal holding company, as defined in section 331, it must include in its return as a dividend the amount required to be included in its gross income by section 337. If the company owned 5 percent or more in value of the outstanding stock of such foreign personal holding company, it should set forth in an attached statement in complete detail the information required by section 337 (d).

K. Annual statement.—A copy of the annual statement for life insurance companies advanted by the National Convention of Insurance Companies advanted by the

K. Annual statement.—A copy of the annual statement for life insurance companies adopted by the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners for the year 1953, as filed with the Insurance Department of the State, Territory, or District of Columbia, which shows the reserves used in computing the net income reported on the return, together with copies of Schedule A (real estate) and Schedule D (bonds and stocks), must accompany the return. Similar copies for the preceding year must also be furnished, if not filed for such year. In the case of a foreign life insurance company carrying on a life insurance business within the United States, the copies submitted shall be those relating to the United States

business of the company.

L. List of attached schedules.—Attach a list of the schedules accompanying the return, giving for each a brief title and the schedule number. Place name and address of company on each schedule.

with item numbers on the first page of the return

- 1. Interest.—Enter interest received from all sources during the taxable year. Interest on bonds is considered income when due and payable.
- The gross amount of interest received from an sources during the taxable year. Interest on bonds is considered income when due and payable. The gross amount of interest reported as gross income shall be decreased by the amortization of premium and increased by the accrual of discount attributable to the taxable year on bonds, notes, debentures, or other evidences of indebtedness, determined (1) in accordance with the method regularly employed, if reasonable, or (2) in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary. (Attach statement showing method and computation.)

 2. Dividends.—Enter as item 2 (a) the amount received as dividends from a domestic corporation which is subject to taxation under Chapter 1, except dividends on certain preferred stock of a public utility, dividends received from a corporation entitled to the benefits of section 251 and from a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922. Enter as item 2 (b) dividends received on certain preferred stock of a public utility which is subject to taxation under Chapter 1. Enter as item 2 (c) dividends from foreign corporations. Enter as item 2 (d) dividends from all other corporations, including dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued on or after March 28, 1942. Enter in item 1 (c) dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and rederal savings and loan associations issued on or after march 28, 1942. Enter in item 1 (c) dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942. Submit schedule, itemizing all dividends received during the year, stating the names and addresses of the corporations declaring the dividends and amounts received from each.
- 3. Rents.—Enter rents received from tenants.
- 5. Interest wholly exempt from tax.—Enter the amount of interest which is wholly exempt from taxation under the provisions of section
- 6. Investment expenses.—Enter expenses paid which are properly 6. Investment expenses.—Enter expenses paid which are properly chargeable to investment expenses, the total amount of which, if there be any allocation of general expenses to investment expenses, should not exceed one-fourth of 1 percent of the mean of the invested assets reported on line 12, Schedule B, plus, in cases where the net income computed without any deduction for (1) investment expenses and (2) tax-free interest, exceeds 3¾ percent of the book value of such mean of the invested assets, one-fourth of such excess. Submit a schedule showing the nature and amount of the items included herein, the minor items being
- the nature and amount of the items included herein, the minor items being grouped in one amount. (See section 201 (c) (7) (B).)

 7. Taxes.—Enter taxes paid exclusively upon real estate owned by the company and taxes assessed against individual shareholders and paid by the company without reimbursement as provided in section 201 (c) (7) (C). Do not include taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed, as for paving, sewers, etc. (For limitation on deduction, see Instruction 10 (b).)
- 8. Real estate expenses.—Enter all ordinary and necessary building expenses, such as fire insurance, heat, light, labor, etc., and the cost of incidental repairs which neither materially add to the value of the property

nor appreciably prolong its life, but keep it in an ordinarily efficient operating condition. Do not include any amount paid out for new buildings or for permanent improvements or betterments made to increase the value of any property or any amount expended on foreclosed property before such property is held forth for rental purposes. (For limitation on deduction, see Instruction 10 (b).)

9. Depreciation.—The amount deductible on account of depreciation ount reasonably measuring the portion of the investment in depreciable property which, by reason of exhaustion, wear and tear, or obso-lescence, is properly chargeable against the operations of the year. In any event the deduction is limited to the depreciation on the property that is event the deduction is limited to the depreciation on the property that is used, and to the extent used, for the purpose of producing the income specified in section 201 (c) (1). If the property was acquired by purchase on or after March 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation should be determined upon the basis of the original cost (not replacement cost) of the property, and the probable number of years remaining of its expected useful life. In case the property was purchased prior to March 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation will be determined in the same manner, except that it will be computed on its expectations. that it will be computed on its original cost, less depreciation sustained prior to March 1, 1913, or its fair market value as of that date, whichever prior to March 1, 1913, or its fair market value as of that date, whichever is greater. If the property was acquired in any other manner than by purchase, see section 114. The capital sum to be recovered should be charged off ratably over the useful life of the property. Whatever plan or method of apportionment is adopted must be reasonable, must have due regard to operating conditions during the taxable year, and should be described in the area. described in the return

described in the return.

If a deduction is claimed on account of depreciation, a schedule should be filed with the return showing: (1) Kind of property; (2) date acquired; (3) cost or other basis; (4) depreciation allowed (or allowable) in prior years; (5) remaining cost or other basis to be recovered; (6) estimated life used in accumulating depreciation; (7) estimated remaining life from beginning of year; and (8) depreciation allowable for the taxable year. In case obsolescence is included, state separately amount claimed and basis upon which it is computed. Cost or value of land must not be included in the schedule, and where land and buildings were nurchased for a lump sum the cost of the buildings subject to depreciation. purchased for a lump sum the cost of the buildings subject to depreciation must be established

The adjusted property accounts and the accumulated depreciation shown in the schedule should be reconciled with those accounts as reflected on the books of the taxpayer.

Stocks, bonds, and like securities are not subject to depreciation within the meaning of the law. (See sections 23(1), 114, and 201(c)(7)(D).)

For limitation on deduction, see Instruction 10 (b) below.

- 10. Total deductions.—(a) Enter the total of items 5 to 9, inclusive
- 10. Total deductions.—(a) Enter the total of items 5 to 9, inclusive.

 (b) Limitation on deductions relating to real estate owned and occupied.—The deduction included in items 7 to 9 on account of real estate owned and occupied in whole or in part by the company shall be limited to an amount which bears the same ratio to such deduction (companed without regard to subsection (d) of section 201) as the rental value of the space of t
- 12 through 23. Computation of tax.—In general.—All life insur-12 through 23. Computation of tax.—In general.—All lite insurance companies (including foreign life insurance companies carrying on a life insurance business within the United States) are subject to the tax imposed by section 201 (a) (1), as amended. For taxable years beginning in 1953, section 201 (a) (1), as amended, provides for a tax equal to 3½ percent of the first \$200,000 of 1953 adjusted normal tax net income and 6½ percent of the amount in excess of \$200,000. No consideration is to be given in the computation of the tax to any amount of sideration is to be given in the computation of the tax to any amount of the reserve and other policy liability credit provided in section 203 (b). The term "1953 adjusted normal tax net income" is defined as the norrate term 1935 adjusted normal tax net income is defined as the normal tax net income plus eight times the amount of the adjustment for certain non-life insurance reserves provided in section 202 (c) and minus the reserve interest credit, if any, as defined in section 203A (b). The normal tax net income of a foreign life insurance company carrying on a life insurance business within the United States consists of that portion of its net income from the United States business (shown on the form appropried for life insurance company to the Notice 14 August 14 Company 19 Company 1 approved for life insurance companies by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners) computed under the provisions of section 201.
- 15. Dividends received credit.—The dividends received credit is the sum of: (a) 85 percent of dividends received from certain domestic corporations subject to the income tax, other than dividends received on cerporations subject to the income tax, other than dividends received on certain preferred stock of a public utility; (b) 62 percent of the amount received as dividends on rettain preferred stock of a public utility which is subject to the income ux; and (c) 85 percent of dividends received from certain foreign corporations subject to the income tax. For the purpose of this credit, dividends received from a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, or from a corporation entitled to the benefits of section 251, should be entered in item 2 (d).

 Section 26 (h) provides for a dividend received and it is the according to the content of the corporation of the

Section 26 (b), provides for a dividends received credit in the case of dividends received from a foreign corporation (other than a foreign personal holding company) which is subject to the income tax if, (1) for an uninterrupted period of not less than 36 months (or the entire period the foreign corporation was in existence if such period is less than 36 months) with the close of the foreign corporation's taxable year in which such dividends are paid, the foreign corporation has been engaged in trade or business within the United States, and (2) during such period, 50 percent or more of the gross income of the foreign corporation has been derived from sources within the United States.

In such a case the amount of the allowable credit is 85 percent of the amount received as dividends from (a) earnings and profits of the taxable year (computed as of the close of the taxable year without diminuable year (computed as of the close of the taxable year without diminution by reason of any distribution made during the taxable year), without regard to the amount of the earnings and profits at the time the distribution was made or (b) that portion of earnings and profits accumulated after February 28, 1913, which represents earnings and profits accumulated after the beginning of the portion of the uninterrupted period ending at the beginning of the taxable year. However, the amount of the credit allowed under clause (a) is limited to an amount which bears the earnings and profits as the gross income of the foreign corporation for the taxable year from sources within the United States bears to the gross income from all sources for the taxable year. Under clause (b) the amount of the credit is limited to an amount which bears the same ratio to 85 percent of the amount received as dividends from such accumulated earnings and profits as the gross income from sources in the United States for the portion of the uninterrupted period bears to the gross income from all sources for the portion of the uninterrupted period.

In no event is the total dividends received credit allowed by section 26 (b) to exceed 85 percent of the adjusted net income.

- 17. Adjustment for certain non-life insurance reserves.—For companies writing contracts other than life insurance or annuity contracts (either separately or combined with noncancellable health and accident insurance), add to the normal-tax net income 3½ percent of the unearned premiums and unpaid losses on such other contracts which are not included pre-initials and unpaid losses on such other contracts which are not included in life insurance reserves, but not less than 3½ percent of unpaid losses plus 3½ percent of 25 percent of the net premiums written during the taxable year on such other contracts. Section 203A (a) provides that there shall be added to normal-tax net income an amount equal to eight times the amount of the adjustment for certain reserves provided in section 202 (c).
- 19. Reserve interest credit.—Schedule C on page 2 should be used to compute the amount of the reserve interest credit. The reserve interest credit is allowed in instances in which the relationship between adjusted net income and required interest is such that the adjusted net income is less than 105 percent of the required interest. The term "adjusted net income" is defined as the net income computed without any deduction for tax-free interest minus 50 percent of the amount of the adjustment for certain non-life insurance reserves. The term "required interest" means
- The sum of amounts obtained by multiplying (a) each rate of interest assumed in omputing the life insurance reserves by (b) the means of the amounts of the adjusted reserves omputed at that rate at the beginning and end of the taxable year.
 Two percent of the reserve for deferred dividends, and
 Interest paid.

If the adjusted net income is 105 percent or more of the required interest, the reserve interest credit is stated as zero. If the adjusted net income is 100 percent or less of the required interest, the reserve interest receit is determined as an amount equal to 50 percent of the normal-tax net income. If the adjusted net income is more than 100 percent but less than 105 percent of the required interest, the reserve interest credit is computed by multiplying the normal-tax net income by ten times the difference between 105 percent and the actual percentage established. The percentage established by comparing adjusted net income to the required interest should be carried to at least the nearest one-tenth of a percentage point with the result that the multiplication. percentage point with the result that the multiplication by ten of the difference between 105 percent and such percentage will be productive of a more accurately graduated figure than would be possible were no such fractional percentage. fractional percentage to be allowed.

22. Credit for income taxes paid to a foreign country or United 22. Credit for income taxes paid to a roreign country or United States possession.—If, in accordance with section 131 (a), a credit is claimed by a domestic corporation in item 22, on account of income, warprofits and excess-profits taxes paid or accrued to a foreign country or a possession of the United States, Form 1118 should be submitted with the return, together with the receipt for each such tax payment. In case credit is sought for taxes accrued but not paid, the form must have attached to it a certified copy of the return on which each such accrued tax was based, and the Commissioner may require a bond on Form 1119 as a condition precedent to the allowance of a credit for such accrued taxes. A foreign company is not entitled to claim this credit.

SCHEDULE A.—DATA FOR RESERVE AND OTHER POLICY LIABILITY CREDIT FOR THE SUCCEEDING TAXABLE YEAR

Data for succeeding taxable year.—The following data shall be fur-

Data for succeeding taxable year.—The following data shall be furnished in Schedule A by every life insurance company for the computation of the figure, for the succeeding year, to be proclaimed by the Secretary to determine the reserve and other policy liability credit:

(1) Reserves (lines 1 to 5, inclusive).—List data pertaining to life insurance reserves. Describe fully the nature of the reserve, the method of computation, the interest rate used, and the amount of each such reserve at the beginning and end of the taxable year. Include mortality and morbidity reserves on noncancellable life, health, or accident contracts. Do not contracts. For reserves computed may a unpaid losse on cancellable accident and health contracts. For reserves computed may a life insurance reserves, see section 201 and the regulations thereunder.) (For reserves computed on a modified basis, see section 201 and the regulations thereunder.) (For reserves computed on a modified basis, see section 201 and the regulations thereunder.)

(2) Reserve searnings rate.—Reserve earnings rate means a rate computed by adding 2.1122 percent (5) percent of 3½ percent) and 35 percent of the average rate of interest assumed in computing life insurance reserves. Enter as line 9.

(3) Reserve for deserved dividends,—Enter in line 11 an amount equal to 2 percent of the reserve health of the taxable year for deferred dividends the payment of which is deferred for a period of not less than 5 years from the date of the policy contract. Do not include in such reserve dividends payable during the following taxable year on the company's indebenders, except on indebenders incurred or continued to purchase or carry the company's indebenders, except on indebenders incurred or continued to purchase or carry the company's indebenders, except on indebenders incurred or continued to purchase or carry the company's indebenders, except on indebenders incurred or continued to purchase or carry the company in the company of the company in the company of the company in

FORM 1120 M U. S. Treasury Department Internal Revenue Service

U. S. MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY INCOME TAX RETURN

1953

For	Mutual Insurance Companie or Fire Insurance	s Other Than Life of Companies Issuing P		mpanies	(Do N	ot Write in Th	ese Spaces)
	For C	Calendar Year 1	.953		Code		
Fil	le This Return With the District Director (PRINT PLAIN	of Internal Revenue for Yo		15, 1954	Serial Number		
					District	(Cashier's sta	mp)
		(Name)		!			
		(Street and number)			Cash Cl	ack M.O.	Cert. of Ind.
	(City or town, postal		(State)		e c	(First payme	ent)
Item and GROSS IN onstruction No. (Under Section 207 (co.)	te incorporated ICOME a) (1) and (3))	1. Amount Received or Accrued	2, Accrual of Discount	3. Amor	tization of		n case of item 1, 1, 2 minus col. 3)
1. Interest on: (a) Obligations of a State, Territory, or (b) Obligations of Colombia and I	political subdivision thereof,	<u> </u>	s	<u> </u>		\$	
or the District of Columbia, or U (b) Obligations of Federal land banks,	, joint stock land banks, and	Ψ	Ψ	4		•	
Federal intermediate credit banks (c) Obligations of the United States iss			-				
1917. (d) Treasury Notes issued prior to Dec and Treasury Certificates of Indeb 1, 1941.	tember 1, 1940, Treasury Bills otedness issued prior to March						
(e) United States Savings Bonds and 7 principal amount of \$5,000 or less	Treasury Bonds owned in the issued prior to March 1, 1941.						
(f) United States Savings Bonds and Troof the principal amount of \$5,000 (2) Obligations of instrumentalities of obligations to be reported in line.	reasury Bonds owned in excess issued prior to March 1, 1941. the United States (other than		-	-			
(b) Treasury Notes issued on or after I	December 1, 1940, and obliga-		-				
tions issued on or after March 1, any agency or instrumentality th	1941, by the United States of		-				•
(i) Loans, notes, mortgages, bank depo	osit s, ct C	· ·		ļ			
Totals		\$	_ \$	- \$		\$	
(a) Domestic corporations subject to to (b) Public utility corporations subject (c) Foreign corporations	to taxation under Chapter 1 of	the Internal Revenue	Code.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
4. Net gain from sale or exchange5. Total income in items 1						\$	
6. Interest wholly exempt from tax	DEDUCTI x (item 1 (a), (b), (c), (a)	l), and (e), colum	n 4)			\$	
7. Investment expenses (Attach sci 8. Taxes							
9. Real estate expenses							
11. Interest							
12. Other capital losses (from Scheol 13. Total deductions in ite	мѕ 6 то 12						
 Net income (item 5 minus item Less: Interest partially exem 	13)	and (g), column 4				\$	
16. Adjusted net income			··············		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	
 Less: Dividends received credit- (a) Enter 85 percent of item 	 2 (a)		\$				
(b) Enter 62 percent of item:	2 (b) dends received from certain for					-	
	credit. Enter sum of (a), (b),	and (c), above, but n	ot to exceed 85 percent	of item 16.			
	TOTAL '	TAY				1	
19. Balance of income tax due (from 20. Excess profits tax due (line 39, 21. Total income and excess profits	Schedule EP (Form 1120))				.	
	DECLARATION	(See General	Instruction F)				<u>.</u>
We, the undersigned, president (or vice p this return is made, each for himself declares and is, to the best of his knowledge and belief the regulations issued thereunder.	oresident, or other principal offi under the penalties of perjury the f, a true, correct, and complete	cer) and treasurer (or hat this return (includ return, made in good f	assistant treasurer, or cling any accompanying saith, for the taxable yea	hief accoun schedules ar ar stated, po	ting officer) Id statement Irsuant to th	of the corpor s) has been e se Internal Re	
(President or other principal officer) (Sta	te title) (Date)	(Treasurer, Assista	int Treasurer, or Chief Acc	counting Offi	cer) (State ti	le) (Date)	CORPORATE SEAL
I/we declare under the penalties of perjustatements) is a true, correct, and complete s		Vi. (See General curn for the person na in respecting the tax li		e return (in r whom thi	cluding any s return has	accompanyis been prepare	ng schedules and d of which I/we
have any knowledge.		-	,			-	
(Signature of person preparing the return)	(Date) (Signature	of person preparing the r	eturn) (Date)	(1	Name of firm	or employer, i	fany)

Page 2

COMPUTATION OF TAX ON NET INCOME (Section 207 (a) (1) and (3))

Line	NORMAL TAX COMPUTATION Companies (except interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters) with normal-tax not incomes of over \$2,000		
No.	Normal-tax net income (item 18, page 1)		
	Normal tax (60 percent of excess of line 1 over \$3,000)		s
_	Companies (except interinsurers and reciprecal underwriters) with normal-tax net incomes of over \$6,000		
3.	Normal-tax net income (item 18, page 1)		
4.	Normal tax (30 percent of line 3)		\$
	Interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters with normal-tax not incomes of over \$50,000 and not over \$120,000		· · ·
5.	Normal-tax net income (item 18, page 1)		
6.	Normal tax (60 percent of excess of line 5 over \$50,000)		\$
	Interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters with normal-tax net incomes of over \$100,000		
7.	Normal-tax net income (item 18, page 1)		
8.	Normal tax (30 percent of line 7)		\$_ <u></u>
	SURTAX COMPUTATION	-	
9.	Net income (item 14, page 1)\$		
10.	Less: Dividends received credit from item 17 (d), page 1		
11.	Surtax net income		\$
	Componies (except interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters)		
12.	Surtax net income (line 11)\$		
13.	Surtax (22 percent of excess of line 12 over \$25,000).		S
	Interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters with surtax net incomes of over \$50,000 and net over \$100,000		
14.	Surtax net income (line 11)		
15.	Surtax (33 percent of excess of line 14 over \$50,000).		\$
	Interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters with surtax not incomes of over \$100,000		
16.	Surtax net income (line 11)		
<u>17.</u>	Surtax (22 percent of excess of line 16 over \$25,000).		\$
18.	Total normal tax and surtax under section 207 (a) (1) or (3)		\$
_	GROSS AMOUNT OF INCOME (under section 207 (a) (2))		
19.	Total gross income in items 1 to 3, inclusive, page 1		\$
	Net premiums. Total gross amount of income from interest, dividends, rents, and net premiums (line 19 p.		<u> </u>
	Total gross amount of income from meeters, dividends, fello, and net premium (time 1) p.	145 1110 20)	
22. 23.	Less: Dividends to policyholders		
	Gross amount of income (line 21 minus the sum of lines 22 and 23)		\$
	COMPUTATION OF TAX ON GROSS AMOUNT OF INCOME (Section of the control of the contr	ion 207 (a) (2)) ters)	
	Companies with grees amount of income of over \$75,000 and not over \$150,000		
25.	Gross amount of income (line 24)		
26.	Tax (2 percent of excess of line 25 over \$75,000).		\$
	Companies with grees amount of income of over \$150,000		
27.	Gross amount of income (line 24)		
28.	Tax (1 percent of line 27)	••••••	\$
<u> 29.</u>	Tax under section 207 (a) (2) (line 26 or 28, whichever is applicable)		\$
	Tax under section 267 (a) (1), (2) ,er (3)	_	-
30.	Line 18 for interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters: line 18 or 29, whichever is greater, for	or others	s

. ISSITATION	OF TAY	UNDER	SECTION	207	(a)	(4)

	200 201 Annual Property Control of the Control of t	
Line Companies	with gross amount received from interest, dividends, rents, and promiums of over \$75,000 and less than \$125,000	
1. Interest,	lividends, and rents (line 19, page 2)	
	miums received	
4. Limitatio	ines 1 and 2 ns under section 207 (a) (4) (line 30, page 2, multiplied by the ratio which the excess of line 3 above, 5,000 bears to \$50,000).	\$
5. Alternati	5,000 bears to \$30,000)	<u>\$</u>
6. Total in	ome tax (line 30, page 2, or line 4 or 5 above, whichever is applicable)	<u> </u>
	TOTAL TAX	
8. Less:	S	-

Schedule A.—INVESTED ASSETS BOOK VALUES. (See Instruction 7) (Schedule A need not be filled in if no deduction is claimed for any general expenses that are allocated to investment income

		t .
1. Real estate\$		P
. m st. 1		***************************************
= T 1 (1		
Bonds of domestic corporations. Stocks of domestic corporations		
7. Government obligations, etc.:		
District of Columbia on United		
(a) Obligations of a State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or Onical States possessions.		
	1	
(b) Obligations of Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks issued prior to March 1, 1941.		
(c) Obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917		
(d) Treasury Notes issued prior to December 1, 1940, Treasury Bills and Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, issued prior to March 1, 1941.		
(d) Treasury Notes issued prior to December 1, 1940, Iteasury Bills and Iteasury Contain		
(a) United States Savings Bonds and Treasury Bonds owned in the principal amount of \$5,000 or less, issued prior to March 1, 1941.		
		<u> </u>
(f) United States Savings Bonds and Treasury Bonds owned in excess of the principal amount of \$5,000, issued prior to March 1, 1941.		
(2) Obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (other than obligations to be reported in line (8) above) issued prior to March 1, 1941.		
(b) Treasury Notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof.		
0. De-1. Jamonico hagging interest		
a O 1 Learning aggets (attach statement)		
10. Totals of lines 1 to 9		\$
12. Mean of the invested assets for the taxable year (one-half of line 11)		\$
13. One-fourth of 1 percent of the mean of the invested assets		\$
13. One-touted of 1 percent of the most of		
14. Income base (item 5, page 1, minus items 8 to 12, inclusive, page 1)		· \$
15. 33/4 percent of line 12		
15. 3% percent of file 12		
16. Excess (if any) of line 14 over line 15		. \$
10. Excess (If any) of fine 14 over fine 25.		1
17. One-fourth of line 16		. \$
		į.
18. Limit on deduction for investment expenses (line 13 plus line 17)		. \$
18. Limit on deduction for investment expenses (the 13 personal for the 13 personal fo	les and anahammas of	conital assets and filed

Schedule D.—Separate Schedule D (Form 1120) should be secured and used in reporting sales and exchanges of capital assets and filed with and as a part of this return.

Page 4

Schedule E.—OTHER	CAPITAL LOSSES.	(See Instruction 12)

2. Losses paid		o policyholders			s	
2 Eumanaan maid				••••••		
 Expenses paid		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · <u> · </u>	
5. Less: Interest received (ite	m 1, column 4, p	age 1. adjusted to c	ash hasis if on accer	nal basis) \$	······································	
Dividends received ((item 2, page 1, a	idjusted to cash bas	is if on accrual ha	(sist		
/. Kents received (item	n 3, page 1, adju	sted to cash basis i	f on accrual basis)		
8. Net premiums receives. Excess (if any) of line 4 of	ved (line 20, pag	ge 2, adjusted to cas	h basis if on accru	al basis).		
(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	The same of times	J, 0, 7, and 0	T			
Description of Capital Asset	2. Date Acquired	3. Gross Sales Price (Contract Price)	4. Cost or Other Basis and Cost of Improvements Subsequent to Acquisi- tion or March 1, 1913	5. Expense of Sale	Depreciation Allowed (or Allowable) Since Acquisition or March 1, 1913 (Furnish De- tails)	7. Loss (Column 3 plus Co umn 6 minus the sum Columns 4 and 5)
		\$	\$	\$	e .	e
						φ

,						
. Total		\$	\$	\$	s	
	MPUTATION TO		ECESSITY FOR		PROFITS SCHE	DULE
 Net income (item 14, page Adjustment for interest (it Deductions on account of 14. Total of lines 1 to 3 Interest partially exempt f Dividends received (item 2 (b) dividends received for received on stock which Total of lines 5 and 6. Line 4 minus line 7. 	mputation to 1) tem 11, page 1) retirement or disc rom tax (item 1: , page 1, less (a) rom foreign pers is not a capital	charge of bonds, etc., page 1)	vidends received in the panies, and (e) di	n kind, vidends	\$	DULE
Net income (item 14, page Adjustment for interest (it Deductions on account of a Total of lines 1 to 3 Interest partially exempt f. Dividends received (item 2 (b) dividends received for received on stock which Total of lines 5 and 6.	mputation to 1) tem 11, page 1) retirement or disc rom tax (item 1: , page 1, less (a) rom foreign pers is not a capital	charge of bonds, etc., page 1)	vidends received in the panies, and (e) di	n kind, vidends	\$	DULE
Net income (item 14, page Adjustment for interest (it Deductions on account of a Total of lines 1 to 3 Interest partially exempt f. Dividends received (item 2 (b) dividends received for received on stock which Total of lines 5 and 6	mputation to 1) tem 11, page 1) retirement or disc rom tax (item 1: , page 1, less (a) rom foreign pers is not a capital	charge of bonds, etc., page 1). adjustment for dional holding compasset).	vidends received in panies, and (c) di	n kind, vidends	\$	DULE
Net income (item 14, page Adjustment for interest (it. Deductions on account of a Total of lines 1 to 3 Interest partially exempt for Dividends received (item 2 (b) dividends received for received on stock which Total of lines 5 and 6. Line 4 minus line 7 If Line 8 is \$25,000 or less, Schedul	turn under the	charge of bonds, etc. charge of bonds, etc.	ecessity for a vidends received in the parties, and (e) discounting the parties of the parties o	n kind, vidends 000, Schedule EP (Form 1) or indirectly any st	\$\$\$	EDOTATION?
Net income (item 14, page Adjustment for interest (it. Deductions on account of a Total of lines 1 to 3 Interest partially exempt f. Dividends received (item 2 (b) dividends received for received on stock which Total of lines 5 and 6. Line 4 minus line 7	turn under the	charge of bonds, etc. charge of bonds, etc.	ecessity for a vidends received in the parties, and (e) discounting the parties of the parties o	n kind, vidends 000, Schedule EP (Form 1	\$\$\$	EDOTATION?
Net income (item 14, page Adjustment for interest (it. Deductions on account of it. Total of lines 1 to 3 Interest partially exempt f. Dividends received (item 2 (b) dividends received freceived on stock which. Total of lines 5 and 6 Line 4 minus line 7 If Line 8 is \$25,000 or less, Schedul.	tem 11, page 1). retirement or disc rom tax (item 1', page 1, less (a) rom foreign pers is not a capital turn under the	charge of bonds, etc. 5, page 1)	vidends received i panies, and (e) di If line 8 is over \$25,0 STIONS (Answer ment req 5. Did the con a copy of	n kind, vidends 000, Schedule EP (Form 1 or indirectly any si "yes" or "no." uired by General npany file with th	\$\$\$	rporation?
Net income (item 14, page. Adjustment for interest (it. Deductions on account of a Total of lines 1 to 3 Interest partially exempt f. Dividends received (item 2 (b) dividends received freceived on stock which. Total of lines 5 and 6 Line 4 minus line 7	turn under the during the taoting stock of an area of a stock of an area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of area of a stock of	charge of bonds, et charge of bonds, et charge of bonds, et consistent for di onal holding compasset)	vidends received in panies, and (e) distributed in the state of the st	n kind, vidends or indirectly any si "yes" or "no." uired by General npany file with the annual statem ral Instruction K If answer is "ye atement was filed the annual statem	\$\$\$\$	rporation? es," attach state- of internal revenue g year as required unswer "yes" or director's office in
Net income (item 14, page Adjustment for interest (it. Deductions on account of a Total of lines 1 to 3 Interest partially exempt for Dividends received (item 2 (b) dividends received for received on stock which the Total of lines 5 and 6. Line 4 minus line 7	turn under the during the tao ting stock of an are during to the tax (2) percent ired; and (4) the tax return of sifiled.	charge of bonds, et charge of bonds, et charge of bonds, et co., page 1)	vidends received i panies, and (c) di directly of (Answer ment req 5. Did the con a copy of by Gene "no.") which still the copy of K does in	n kind, vidends or indirectly any st yes or 'no.'' uired by General npany file with th the annual statem ral Instruction K If answer is 'ye atement was filed the annual statem not accompany t	tock of a foreign co If answer is "y Instruction J. e district director of the preceding	rporation? es," attach state- of internal revenue g year as required unswer "yes" or lirector's office in eneral Instruction reason why the
Net income (item 14, page 2. Adjustment for interest (it) Deductions on account of 15. Deductions on account of 16. Total of lines 1 to 3 Interest partially exempt for Dividends received (item 2 (b) dividends received (item 2 (b) dividends received on stock which a company for the stock which are to the stock which are to the stock which are to the stock which are to the stock which are to the stock which are to the stock which are to the stock was acquired to the stock	turn under the during the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting stock of an eduring the tao ting the eduring the tao ting the eduring the tao ting the eduring the tao ting the eduring the tao ting the eduring the ed	charge of bonds, et charge of bonds, et charge of bonds, et charge of bonds, et charge of bonds holding compasset)	vidends received in panies, and (e) dispanies, and	n kind, vidends or indirectly any si "yes" or "no." uired by General npany file with the annual statem ral Instruction K If answer is "ye atement was filed the annual statem not accompany t is not attached rn made on the	s	rporation? es," attach state- of internal revenue g year as required inswer "yes" or lirector's office in eneral Instruction reason why the
1. Net income (item 14, page 2. Adjustment for interest (it 3. Deductions on account of 14. Total of lines 1 to 3 5. Interest partially exempt f. 6. Dividends received (item 2 (b) dividends received for received on stock which Total of lines 5 and 6. 8. Line 4 minus line 7 It line 8 is \$25,000 or less, Schedul Did the company file a repreceding taxable year? Did the company at any tipercent or more of the verification.") If the answer is showing: (1) Name and ad (3) date stock was acquired office in which the incompant he last taxable year was bid the company make a reference of the c	turn under the draing stock of an extraction at the tax return of single stock of an extraction at the tax return of informat for the calenda	charge of bonds, et adjustment for di onal holding compasset)	vidends received i vanies, and (c) di vanies, and (c) di vanies, and (c) di vanies, and (c) di vanies, and (c) di vanies, and (c) di vanies, and (c) di vanies, and (c) di vanies vanies di vanies van	n kind, vidends or indirectly any si "yes" or "no." uired by General npany file with the annual statem ral Instruction K If answer is "ye atement was filed the annual statem not accompany t is not attached rn made on the	\$	rporation?

1953

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1120 M

U. S. MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY INCOME TAX RETURN

1953

(References are to the Internal Revenue Code, unless otherwise noted)

Taxpayers will find it helpful to read the General Instructions A to L before commencing to fill in their returns

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Companies Required To File a Return.—Every mutual insurance company other than a life or marine insurance company and other than a fire insurance company subject to the tax imposed by section 204 except a foreign mutual insurance company other than a life or marine insurance company or a fire insurance company subject to the tax imposed by section 204—not carrying on an insurance business within the United States) with gross amount received from interest, dividends, rents, and premiums (including deposits and assessments), in excess of \$75,000 shall file a return on this form. (See section 101 (11).)

Receivers, trustees in dissolution, trustees in bankruptcy, and assignees, operating the property or business of corporations, must make returns of income for such corporations. If a receiver has full custody of and control over the business or property of a corporation, he shall be deemed to be operating such business or property, whether he is engaged in carrying on the business for which the corporation was organized or only in marshaling, selling, and disposing of its assets organized of only in managing, sening, and disposing of his desired for purposes of liquidation.

B. Period Covered.—The return shall be for the calendar year

ended December 31, 1953, and the net income computed on the calendar year basis in accordance with the State laws regulating insurance

companies.

C. Basis of Return.—A return on this form shall be rendered on a cash receipts and disbursements basis or the accrual basis whichever conforms with the annual statement made to the State Insurance

Department.

D. Time and Place for Filing.—The return must be sent to the district director of internal revenue for the district in which the company's principal place of business or principal office or agency is located, so as to reach the district director's office on or before March 15,

E. Declaration.—The return must be signed by the president, vice president, or other principal officer, and by the treasurer, assistant

president, or other principal officer, and by the treasurer, assistant treasurer, or chief accounting officer.

Where the return is actually prepared by some person or persons other than officers or employees of the company, such person or persons must sign the declaration at the foot of page 1.

F. Payment of Tax.—The tax should be paid by sending with the return a check or money order drawn to the order of "District Director of Internal Revenue." Do not send cash by mail, nor pay it in person except at the district director's office.

The tax must be paid in full when the return is filed or in four install.

except at the district director's office.

The tax must be paid in full when the return is filed, or in four installments, as follows: The first installment equal to 45 percent of the tax shall be paid on or before March 15, 1954; the second installment equal to 45 percent of the tax on or before June 15, 1954; the third installment equal to 5 percent of the tax on or before September 15, 1954; and the fourth installment equal to 5 percent of the tax on or before December 15, 1954.

1954; and the fourth installment equal to 5 percent of the tax on or before December 15, 1954.

If any installment is not paid on or before the date fixed for its payment, the whole amount of the tax unpaid shall be paid upon notice and demand by the district director.

G. Penalties.—For failure to make and file a return on time.—Five percent to 25 percent of the amount of the tax, unless such failure is due to reasonable cause, and, in addition, where failure is willful, a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both trogether with the corts of prosecution.

or both, together with the costs of prosecution.

For willfully attempting to evade or defeat payment of the tax.—A

fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment for not more than 5

For describing the than \$10,000, or imprisonment for not more than \$5 years, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.

For describing due to negligence or straud.—Five percent of the amount of the describing without intend to describing and regulations without intend to describing or 50 percent of the amount of the describing if due to fraud.

H. Information at Source.—Every insurance company shall make a return on Forms 1096 and 1099 with respect to amounts paid, credited, or distributed during the calendar year (a) as salaries or other compensation for personal services, totaling \$600 or more in the case of a citizen or resident, or (b) as interest, rent, premiums, annuities, or other fixed or determinable income totaling \$600 or more to a fiduciary, a domestic or resident partnership, or a citizen or resident. A report on Form 1099 is not required with respect to wage payments, included on Form W-2, provided copies of withholding statements on Form W-2a are furnished. If a portion of such salary or wage payments was reported on a Withholding Statement (Form W-2), only the remainder must be reported on Form 1099.

I. Information by Corporations.—1. Contemplated dissolution or liquidation.—Every corporation shall, within 30 days after the adoption by the corporation of a resolution or plan for the dissolution of the corporation or for the liquidation of the whole or any part of its capital stock, render a correct return on Form 966, setting forth the terms of such resolution or plan (See section 148 (d)) such resolution or plan. (See section 148 (d).)

2. Distributions in liquidation.—Every corporation shall, when equired by the Commissioner, render a correct return of its distributions in liquidation, stating the name and address of each shareholder, the number and class of shares owned by him, and the amount paid to him or, if the distribution is in property other than money, the fair market value (as of the date the distribution is made) of the property distributed to him. (See section 148 (e).)

J. Stock Ownership in Foreign Corporations.—If the company owned any stock of a foreign corporation (including less than 5 percent of the stock of a foreign personal holding company), it should attach to its return a statement setting forth the name and address of each such to its return a statement setting forth the name and address of each such company and the total number of shares of each class of outstanding stock owned by it during the taxable year. This statement should be furnished in addition to the schedule required by Specific Instruction 2. If the company owned stock at any time during the taxable year in a foreign personal holding company, as defined in section 331, it must include in its return as a dividend the amount required to be included in its gross income by section 337. If the company owned 5 percent or more in value of the outstanding stock of such foreign personal holding company, it should set forth in an attached statement in complete detail the information required by section 337 (d).

K. Annual Statement.—A copy of the annual statement for mutual insurance companies adopted by the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners for the year 1953, as filed with the Insurance Department of the State, Territory, or District of Columbia, together with copies of Schedule A (real estate) and Schedule D (bonds and stocks), must accompany the return. Similar copies for the preceding year must also be furnished, if not filed for such year.

L. List of Attached Schedules.—Attach a list of the schedules accom-

panying the return, giving for each a brief title and the schedule number. Place name and address of company on each schedule.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

The following Instructions are numbered to correspond with item numbers on page 1 of the return unless otherwise indicated

- 1. Interest.—Enter interest received or accrued from all sources during the taxable year. Interest on bonds is considered income when due and payable. The gross amount of interest reported as gross income shall be decreased by the amortization of premiums and increased by the accrual of discount attributable to the taxable year on bonds, notes, debentures or other evidences of indebtedness, determined (1) in accordance with the method regularly employed, if reasonable, or (2) in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary. (Attach statement showing method and computation.)

 2. Dividends.—Enter as item 2 (a) the amount received or accrued
- 2. Dividends,—Enter as item 2 (a) the amount received or accrued as dividends from a domestic corporation which is subject to taxation under Chapter 1, except dividends on certain preferred stock of a public utility corporation, and dividends received from a corporation entitled to the benefits of section 251 and from a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922. Enter as item 2 (b) dividends received on certain preferred stock of a public utility which is subject to tax under Chapter 1. Enter as item 2 (c) dividends from foreign corporations. Enter as item 2 (d) dividends from all other corporations including dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations. dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued on or after March 28, 1942. Enter in item 1 (g) dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942. Submit schedule, itemizing all dividends received during the year, stating the names and addresses of the corporations declaring the dividends and amounts received from each.

 3. Rents.—Enter rents received or accrued from tenants.

4. Gains and Losses From Sales or Exchanges of Capital Assets.-Report sales or exchanges of capital assets in separate Schedule D (Form 1120) (but see Schedule E, page 4). Every sale or exchange of a capital asset, even though no gain or loss may be indicated, must be reported

Losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets (except losses from capital assets sold c. exchanged in order to obtain funds to meet abnorcapital assets sold or exchanged in order to obtain funds to meet abnormal insurance losses and to provide for the payment of dividends and similar distributions to policyholders) shall be allowed to the extent of gains from such sales or exchanges, with respect to companies taxable under section 207 (a) (1) or (3). The net capital loss for such companies shall be the amount by which losses for such year from sales or exchanges of capital assets exceed the sum of the gains from such sales or exchanges and (1) the corporation surtax net income (computed without regard to gains or losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets) or (2) losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets sold or exchanged to obtain funds to meet abnormal insurance losses and to provide for the payment of dividends and similar distributions to policyholders, whichever is the lesser. However, the amount of a net capital loss sustained in any taxable year may be carried over to each of the five succeeding taxable years and treated in each such succeeding taxable year as a short-term capital loss to the extent not allowed as a deduction against any net capital gains of any taxable year intervening between against any net capital gains of any taxable year intervening between the taxable year in which the net capital loss was sustained and the taxable year to which carried.

For further information relating to gains and losses from sales or exchanges of property, see instructions on back of separate Schedule D (Form 1120)

6. Interest Wholly Exempt From Tax.—Enter the amount of interest which is wholly exempt from taxation under the provisions of section 22 (b) (4).

See Specific Instruction 15 with respect to partially tax-exempt interes

which is allowed as a credit against net income.

7. Investment Expenses.—Enter expenses paid or accrued which are 7. Investment expenses,—Enter expenses paid or accrued which are properly chargeable to investment expenses, the total amount of which, if there be any allocation of general expenses to investment expenses, should not exceed one-fourth of 1 percent of the mean of the invested assets reported on line 12, Schedule Λ , plus, in cases where the net assets reported on line 12, Schedule A, piles, in cases where the liet income computed without any deduction for (1) investment expenses and (2) tax-free interest exceeds 3½ percent of the book value of such mean of the invested assets, one-fourth of such excess. Submit a schedule showing the nature and amount of the items included herein, the minor items being grouped in one amount. (See section 207 (b) (4) (B).)

8. Taxes.—Enter taxes paid or accrued exclusively upon real estate owned by the company and taxes assessed against individual shareholders and paid by the company without reimbursement as provided in section 207 (b) (4) (C). Do not include taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed, as for paving, sewers, etc. For limitation on deduction, see Instruction 13 (b) below.

 Real Estate Expenses.—Enter all ordinary and necessary building expenses, paid or accrued, such as fire insurance, heat, light, labor, etc... and the cost of incidental repairs which neither materially add to the value of the property nor appreciably prolong its life, but keep it in an ordinarily efficient operating condition. Do not include any amount paid out for new buildings or for permanent improvements or betterments. made to increase the value of any property or any amount expended on foreclosed property before such property is held forth for rental purposes. For limitation on deduction, see Instruction 13 (b) below.

10. Depreciation.—The amount deductible on account of deprecia-10. Depreciation.—The amount deductible on account of depreciation is an amount reasonably measuring the portion of the investment in depreciable property by reason of exhaustion, wear and tear, or obsolescence, which is properly chargeable against the operations of the year. In any event the deduction is limited to the depreciation on the property that is used, and to the extent used, for the purpose of producing the income specified in section 207 (b) (1). If the property was acquired by purchase on or after March 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation should be determined upon the basis of the original cost (not replacement cost) of the property, and the probable number of years remaining of its expected useful life. In case the property was purchased prior to March 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation will be determined in the same manner, except that it will be computed on its original cost, prior to March 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation will be determined in the same manner, except that it will be computed on its original cost, less depreciation sustained prior to March 1, 1913, or its fair market value as of that date, whichever is greater. If the property was acquired in any other manner than by purchase, see section 114. The capital sum to be recovered should be charged off ratably over the useful life of the property. Whatever plan or method of apportionment is adopted must be reasonable, must have due regard to operating conditions during the taxable year, and should be described in the return.

taxable year, and should be described in the return.

If a deduction is claimed on account of depreciation, a schedule should be filed with the return showing: (1) Kind of property; (2) date acquired; (3) cost or other basis; (4) depreciation allowed (or allowable) in prior years; (5) remaining cost or other basis to be recovered; (6) estimated life used in accumulating depreciation; (7) estimated remaining life from beginning of year; and (8) depreciation allowable for the taxable year. In case obsolescence is included, state separately amount claimed and basis upon which it is computed. Cost or value of land must not be included in the schedule, and where land and buildings were purchased for a lump sum the cost of the building subject to were purchased for a lump sum the cost of the building subject to depreciation must be established.

The adjusted property accounts and the accumulated depreciation shown in the schedule should be reconciled with those accounts as reflected on the books of the taxpayer.

Stocks, bonds, and like securities are not subject to deprecia-tion within the meaning of the law. (See sections 23 (1), 114,

and 207 (b) (4) (D).)

For limitation on deduction, see Instruction 13 (b) below.

11. Interest.—Enter the amount of interest paid or accrued during the taxable year on the company's indebtedness, except on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations (other than obligations of the United States issued after September 24, 1917, and originally subscribed for by the taxpayer) the interest upon which is wholly exempt from taxation.

12. Other Capital Losses.—Enter as item 12 losses from capital assets sold or exchanged to provide funds to meet abnormal insurance losses and to provide for the payment of dividends and similar distributions to policyholders. Capital assets shall be considered as sold or exchanged to provide for such funds or payments to the extent that the gross receipts from their sale or exchange are not greater than the excess, if any, for the taxable year of the sum of dividends and similar distributions paid to policyholders and losses and expenses paid, over the sum of interest, dividends, rents, and net premiums received. (See Schedule E.)

13. Total Deductions.—(a) Enter the total of items 6 to 12,

(b) Limitation on deductions relating to real estate owned and occupied.—The deduction included in items 8 to 10 on account of real estate owned and occupied in whole or in part by the company shall be limited to an amount which hears the same ratio to such deduction (computed without regard to subsection (c) of section 207) as the rental value of the space not so occupied bears to the rental value of the entire property. (Submit detailed schedule.)

(c) Items not deductible.—No deduction is allowable for the amount of any item or part thereof allocable to a class of exempt income, other than interest. Items directly attributable to such exempt income shall be allocated thereto, and items directly attributable to any class of taxable income shall be allocated to such taxable income. If an item is indirectly attributable to both taxable income and exempt income, a reasonable proportion thereof, determined in the light of all the facts and circumtances in each case, shall be allocated to each. Apportionments must in all cases be reasonable. A taxpayer receiving any exempt income, other than interest, or holding any property or engaging in any activity the income from which is exempt shall submit with its return as a part thereof an itemized statement, in detail, showing (1) the amount of each class of exempt income, and (2) the amount of items allocated to each such class (the amount allocated by apportionment being shown separately).

15. Interest Partially Exempt From Tax.—Enter as item 15 the amount of interest included in gross income which is partially exempt from taxation and for which a credit is allowed under the provisions of

section 26 (a)

section 26 (a).

17. Dividends Received Credit.—Enter as item 17, the sum of (a) 85 percent of dividends received from certain domestic corporations subject to the income tax (other than dividends received on certain preferred stock of a public utility); (b) 62 percent of the amount received as dividends on certain preferred stock of a public utility corporation which is subject to the income tax; and (c) 85 percent of dividends received from certain foreign corporations subject to the income tax. For the purpose of this credit, dividends received from a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, or from a corporation entitled to the benefits of section 251, should be entered in item 2 (d).

entitled to the benefits of section 251, should be entered in item 2 (d).

Section 26 (b) provides for a dividends received credit in the case of dividends received from a foreign corporation (other than a foreign personal holding company) which is subject to the income tax if, (1) for an uninterrupted period of not less than 36 months (or the entire period the foreign corporation was in existence if such period is less than 36 months) ending with the close of the foreign corporation's taxable year in which such dividends are paid, the foreign corporation has been engaged in trade or business within the United States, and (2) during such period 50 percent or more of the gross income of the foreign corporation has been derived from sources within the United

The amount of the allowable credit is 85 percent of the amount recredit is 8) percent of the amount of the amount of the amount of the close of the taxable year (computed as of the close of the taxable year without diminution by reason of any distribution made during the taxable year), without regard to the amount of the earnings and profits at the time the distribution was made or (b) that portion of earnings and profits accumulated after February 28, 1913, which represents earnings and profits accumulated after the beginning of the register of the profits of accumulated after the beginning of the portion of the uninterrupted period ending at the beginning of the taxable year. However, the amount of the credit allowed under clause (a) is limited to an amount which bears the same ratio to 85 percent of the amount received as dividends from such earnings and profits as the gross income of the foreign cor-poration for the taxable year from sources within the United States bears to the gross income from all sources for the taxable year. Under clause (b) the amount of the credit is limited to an amount which bears the same ratio to 85 percent as the amount received as dividends from such accumulated earnings and profits as the gross income from sources in the United States for the portion of the uninterrupted period bears to the gross income from all sources for the portion of the uninterrupted period.

In no event is the total credit allowed by section 26 (b) to exceed 85 percent of the adjusted net income.

Page 2-20. Net Premiums.—Enter as sine 20 the amount of gross premiums (including deposits and assessments) written or received on insurance contracts during the taxable year, less return premiums and premiums paid or incurred for reinsurance. Amounts returned where the amount is not fixed in the insurance contract but depends upon the experience of the company or the discretion of the management are not experience of the company of the discretion of the management are not to be included in return premiums but are to be treated as dividends to policyholders and included in line 22. (See section 207 (b) (2).)

Page 2-22. Dividends to Policyholders.—Enter as line 22 dividends and similar distributions paid or declared (depending upon the method of accounting regularly employed) to policyholders. (See section

207 (b) (3).)

Page 3-8. Credit for Income Taxes Paid to a Foreign Country or United States Possession.—If, in accordance with section 131 (a), a credit is claimed by a domestic corporation in line 8, on account of income, war profits, and excess profits taxes paid or accrued to a foreign country or a possession of the United States, Form 1118 should be submitted with the return, together with the receipt for each such tax payment. In case credit is sought for taxes accrued but not paid, the form must have attached to it a certified copy of the return on which each such accrued tax was based, and the Commissioner may require a bond on Form 1119 as a condition precedent to the allowance of a credit for such accrued taxes. A foreign company is not entitled to claim this credit.

FORM 1118—Revised Oct. 185 U. S. Treasury Department Statement in Support of

CREDIT CLAIMED BY DOMESTIC CORPORATION FOR TAXES PAID OR ACCRUED

to a Foreign Country or a Possession of the United States

For Calendar Year 19.....

Or fiscal year beginning	, 19	., and ending	, 19	
Name of Corporation				
Address			,	
(Street and number)	(City or town, postal zon	number)	(State)
Claim for credit is made by the domestic corporation nar	med above, bas	d Against Income Ta sed on income	(Received or accrued)	for the taxable year
beginning, 19, and ending		, 19, for	taxes(Paid or accrued)	¹ , as follows:
I. Normal-tax net income from all sources (computed with	out deduction	for any income, wa	r-profits, and excess-profits	
taxes paid or accrued to foreign countries or possession II. Total United States income tax (before credit for foreign	as of the Unite	d States)		\$
Taxes Paid or Accrued During the Taxable \				
Name of foreign country or possession imposing tax	country or p	ossession (exclusi	ve of dividends received) pals in dollars (reported in dividends from a foreign	\$
corporation, to the extent in excess of 100/85ths tion 26 (b) ²⁰	of the amou	unt of the cred	it allowable under Sec- ted at an exchange rate of	
 Total normal-tax net income from sources in this foreign income and profits taxes imposed by any foreign country income tax return on line	country or po	ssession, computed of the United Stat	without deduction for any es (reported in corporation	\$
 Amount of tax paid or accrued with respect to Item 1 (which (converted at an exchange rate of Amount of tax paid or accrued with respect to Item 2 by 	s) equals in de withholding a	ollars	enced by attached receipt or	\$.
return) which (converted in dollars	ed at an excha	ange rate of Item 2 (Item 12, Se		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8. Ratio of normal-tax net income from sources in this for all sources (Item 3 divided by Item I)	oreign country	or possession to n	ormal-tax net income from	1
9. Amount of tax which may be claimed as credit under Item 8, unless Item 7 is less than such amount, in which	limitation of	Section 131 (b) ((Item II, multiplied by 	•
10. Statute imposing tax entered under Item 4	(Tc	be named fully and clea	rly so as to be easily identified)	
11. Statute imposing tax entered under Item 5	(Te	be named fully and cle	arly so as to be easily identified)	
SUMMARY OF INCOME RECEIV Name of country Column or possession Income				Column B
Schedule A, Item 3			em 9	
Schedule A, Item 3			em 9	
Schedule A, Item 3			em 9 ter as Item 13 below)	
Total (enter as Item 12 below)\$	nited States (to ossessions of	otal of Column A United States as s)eparately limited (total of	.' \$ f
Column B)	I) United States	s to normal-tax n	et income from all source	\$s
(Item 12 divided by Item 14)	em II)			. \$
17. Amount of tax which may be claimed as a credit on 15, or Item 13, whichever amount is the smaller)	corporation in	come tax return (tem 10 muniphed by item	. \$

		Against Excess Profits Tax		Page :
Claim for credit is made by the domestic co	rporation named above,	based on excess profits net	income	for the
. 11			(Received or	
taxable year beginning	, and ending	, 19,	for taxes(Paid or accru	
I. Excess profits net income from all sources (co.	mputed without deduction	on for any income war-profi		
taxes paid or accrued to foreign countries of	or possessions of the U	nited States)	so, and excess-profits	
II. Total United States excess profits tax (befor	e credit for foreign taxe	es)		
Taxes Paid or Accrued During ti				
Name of foreign country or possession imposing				reaces .
1. Excess profits net income from sources in t	his foreign country or i	possession (computed witho	ut deduction for any	
income and profits taxes imposed by any f	oreign country or posse	ession of the United States)	de deduction for any	
2. Total of taxes paid or accrued to such for	reign country or posses	ssion (Item 7 Schedule A	for such country or	,======================================
possession)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····		
3. Amount of tax claimed as credit (Item 9,	Schedule A, for such co	ountry or possession, dimin	ished ratably under	
Section 131 (b) (2), where applicable)	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
4. Amount of tax to be considered for credit s	which to limitations of	Section 131 (i) (Item 2 les	re Itom 2)	
5. Ratio of excess profits net income from sou	rces in this foreign cour	ntry or possession to excess	s nen 5)	
from all sources (Item 1 divided by Item I).	tees in this foreign cour	intry of possession to excess	prones net income	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
6. Limitation on amount of tax credit under Se	ection 131 (j) (1) (Ite	em II multiplied by Item 5)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · \$	
7. Amount allowable as credit under Section 1	31 (j) (1) (Item 4 or	Item 6 whichever is smalle	r) ¹⁸ \$	
SUMMARY OF INCOM	E RECEIVED AND TA	AXES PAID, AS SHOWN	IN SCHEDULE B	
Name of country or possession	Column A		Name of country	Column B
Schedule B, Item 1		Cohadula D. Itam 7	or possession	Taxes
Schedule B, Item 1			\$	
Schedule B, Item 1	***************************************			***************************************
Total (enter as Item 8 below)	\$	Total (enter as Its	=m 9 below) \$	
8. Total excess profits net income from sources	without the United Sta	etes (total of Column A)	چ چ چ	***************************************
9. Total taxes paid or accrued to foreign co	untries or possessions	of United States as separate	·lv limited (total of	***************************************
Column B)	1			
10. Excess profits net income from all sources (same as Item I, Schedu	ıle B)		
11. Ratio of excess profits net income from sour	ces without United Stat	tes to excess profits net inco	me from all sources	
(Item 8 divided by Item 10)				
12. Total United States excess profits tax on It	em 10 (same as Item I	II, Schedule B)		***************************************
Amount of tax which may be claimed as a	credit against United St	ates excess profits tax (Iter	n 12 multiplied by	
Item 11, or Item 9, whichever amount is the	smaller)	······································	<u></u> \$	
	FOOTN	OTES		
¹ If the income tax return is based on income "accru- elects under Section 131 (d) to claim credit for taxes at in the space provided. (See Section 131 (d) and Instr ² State this amount in the currency of the foreign coun	ccrued, write "accrued" ructions on page 4.)	¹¹ The amount to be shown be the profits from all source tax), from which, after ded dividends may be deemed to	uction of the foreign tax	ot subjected to foreign shown in Item 7. the

a State this amount in the currency of the foreign country or possession of the United States (e. g., pounds, francs, marks).

* Give rate of exchange used and attach a statement describing in reasonable detail why and how this particular rate was determined.

* Where payments were of taxes accrued for only 1 year, give dates or beginning and ending of such year in first column. Where the payments were of taxes accrued for more than 1 year, give in separate columns the dates of each annual period during which any part of the tax payments accrued.

* Enter in each column for the annual period named at the top, the amount of the tax payment which accrued with respect to income of such period.

* Where there is more than one foreign country or possession of the United States to which taxes are paid by the domestic corporation, or more than one related foreign corporation, or more than one foreign country or possession of the United States to which taxes are paid on behalf of a related foreign corporation, additional schedules should be attached, and the amount of the income and the credit shown on each such schedule should be included in the summary.

The term "foreign corporation" as used in Schedule C includes a domestic corporation entitled to the benefits of Section 251 or 262. (See Section 131 (g) on page 4.)

corporation entitled to the benefits of Section 251 or 262. (See Section 131 (g) on page 4.)

If losses were sustained in any foreign country or possession of the United States, state the amount of such loss for each country or possession.

A schedule is required to be prepared for each foreign country or possession of the United States from which net income is received or in which a net loss is sustained whether or not tax is paid to such foreign country or possession.

If dividends received during the taxable year from a related foreign corporation must be considered under the statute to be paid out of the income of such corporation for a period of more than 3 years, a separate schedule containing the information required in Items 4 to 11, inclusive, of Schedule C, shall be submitted covering all years involved. The total of the amounts entered in Item 4 must agree with the amount shown in Item 1 of Schedule C.

dividends may be deemed to have been paid by the foreign corporation.

The sum of amounts shown in Item 9, Schdeule A, from various foreign countries or possessions is subject to the limitation of Section 131 (b) (2), as computed in the summary.

If the required ownership of at least 10 percent of the voting stock was attained or relinquished during the year by the domestic corporation claiming credit, state the date when such change took place.

Conversion to be made at same exchange rate as that used for dividends in Item 1 of Schedule C.

Each column relates to that part of total dividends paid from accumulated profits shown therein.

in Item 1 of Schedule C.

** Each column relates to that part of total dividends paid from accumulated profits shown therein.

** Include any dividends received from a foreign subsidiary of the related foreign corporation.

** The portion of the taxes paid by the foreign subsidiary of the related foreign corporation, which is deemed to have been paid by the related foreign corporation, which is deemed to have been paid by the related foreign corporation, will be computed by the same method employed in computing the portion of the tax paid by the related foreign corporation, which is deemed to have been paid by the domestic corporation.

** The sum of amounts shown in Schedule B, Item 7, from various foreign countries or possessions is subject to the limitation of Section 131 (j) (2), as computed in the summary.

** For purposes of this form, a foreign corporation is considered a "related foreign corporation" if the domestic corporation owns at least 10 percent of the voting stock of a foreign corporation from which it receives dividends. Effective for dividends received in taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 1950.

** For the purpose of Section 131 dividends received from a foreign corporation shall be treated as income from sources without the United States only to the extent such dividends exceed the amount which is one hundred eighty-fifths of the amount of the credit allowable under Section 26 (b) (3) in respect of such dividends. (See Section 119 (a) (2) (B).)

Page 3

SCHEDULE C.—Taxes Paid or Accrued to a Foreign Count	y or a Possessian of the United States by (1)	a Related Foreign Corporation o	r (2) a Related Domestic
Corne	etion Entitled to the Benefits of Section 251 or	262 7 13 19	

Address (Country) (Country to twen) (Country) (Count		Name								
Statutes imposing tax Capital stock Amount received during the taxable year as dividends from such related foreign corporation of allowable under Section 26 (b) ²⁰ 1. Amount received during the taxable year as dividends from such related foreign corporation of allowable under Section 26 (b) ²⁰ 1. Amount received during the taxable year as dividends from such related foreign corporation less 100/85ths of the amount of the credit allowable under Section 26 (b) ²⁰ 1. Amount received during the taxable year as dividends from such related foreign corporation less 100/85ths of the amount of the credit allowable under Section 26 (b) ²⁰ 1. Amount received during the taxable year as dividends from such related foreign corporation less 100/85ths of the amount of the credit allowable under Section 26 (b) ²⁰ 1. Amount received during the taxable year as dividends from such related foreign corporation less 100/85ths of the amount of the credit allowable under Section 26 (b) ²⁰ 1. Amount received during the taxable year as dividends from such related foreign corporation some tax return (same as Item II, Schedule A, page 1) 2. Normal-tax net income of domestic corporation (same as Item II, Schedule A, page 1) 3. Total tax due United States on corporation income tax return (same as Item II, Schedule A, page 1) 4. Dividends segregated according to years when profits from which they were paid were accumulated 2. 5. Total profits of related foreign corporation before tax was deducted thereform 11 11 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		Address								
Name of foreign country or possession of United States imposing tax Capital stock Capital		11001000		(City or town)		((country)			
Name of foreign country or possession of United States imposing tax Capital stock Capital stock Character of tax Chara	or corporation	(Number of shares outstanding			••••••				
Name of foreign country or possession of United States imposing tax	benefits of Sec. 251	Capital stock Number of shares owned by domestic corporation								
Name of foreign country or possession of United States imposing tax (To be asseed fully and desaily to as to be easily identified) 1. Amount received during the taxable year as dividends from such related foreign corporation *1 less 100/85ths of the amount of the credit allowable under Section 26 (b)** (Saleani computation or reference to item and line mambers on corporation income tax return) Date and amount of each dividend payment 2. Normal-tax net income of domestic corporation income tax return (same as Item II, Schedule A, page 1) 3. Total tax due United States on corporation income tax return (same as Item II, Schedule A, page 1) 4. Dividends segregated according to years when profits from which they were paid were accumulated *1* 5. Total profits of related foreign corporation before tax was deducted therefrom *1 *1 *10* 6. Accumulated profits (total profits less tax thereon) out of which dividends were paid which, converted at an exchange rate of *1* 7. Amount of taxes paid by the related foreign corporation or deemed to have been paid by it' under Section \$131 (f) (based upon attached tax receipts *3) or taxes accumulated profits to total profits (Item 6 divided by Item 5) 9. Tax paid on or with respect to accumulated profits (Item 6 divided by Item 5) 10. Ratio of amount of dividends received to accumulated profits (Item 7 multiplied by Item 6) 11. Amount of tax payments deemed to have been paid on profits distributed as dividends (Item 9 multiplied by Item 10). 12. Total of tax payments deemed to have been paid on profits distributed as dividends (Item 9 multiplied by Item 10). 12. Total of tax payments deemed to have been paid on profits distributed as dividends (Item 9 multiplied by Item 10). 13. Total received the content of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the profits of the p	or 262.		•							
Statutes imposing tax (To be named fully and dearly so as to be easily identified) 1. Amount received during the taxable year as dividends from such related foreign corporation 1 less 100/85ths of the amount of the credit allowable under Section 26 (b)20 (to foreign moser) of	Į	Date taxable ye	ar began, 19, and en	ded	***************************************		, 19			
Statutes imposing tax (To be assend fully and deathy to as to be easily identified) 1. Amount received during the taxable year as dividends from such related foreign corporation * less 100/85ths of the amount of the credit allowable under Section 26 (b)*** of										
1. Amount received during the taxable year as dividends from such related foreign corporation * less 100/85ths of the amount of the credit allowable under Section 26 (b) 20						(Income, war-pro	fits, or excess-profits)			
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SEC. 131. (a) Allowance of Credit.—If the taxpayer chooses to have the benefits of this section, the tax imposed by this chapter, except the tax imposed under section 102, and except the additional tax imposed for the taxable year under the provisions of section 127 (c) (3) * * * and except, with respect to the tax imposed under subchapter D, only to the

extent provided in subsection (j), shall be credited with:
(1) Citizens and domestic corporations.—In the case of a citizen of the United States and of a domestic corporation, the amount of any income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes paid or accrued during the taxable year to any foreign country or to any possession of the United

Such choice may be made or changed at any time prior to the expira-tion of the period prescribed for making a claim for credit or refund of the tax imposed by this chapter.

(b) Limit on Credit.—The amount of the credit taken under this section shall be subject to each of the following limitations:

(1) The amount of the credit in respect of the tax paid or accrued to

any country shall not exceed, in the case of a taxpayer other than a corporation, the same proportion of the tax against which such credit is taken, which the taxpayer's net income from sources within such country bears to his entire net income for the same taxable year, or in the case of a corporation, the same proportion of the tax against which such credit is taken, which the taxpayer's normal-tax net income from sources within such country bears to its entire normal-tax net income for the same taxable year: and

(2) The total amount of the credit shall not exceed, in the case of a taxpayer other than a corporation, the same proportion of the tax against which such credit is taken, which the taxpayer's net income from sources without the United States bears to his entire net income for the same taxable year, or, in the case of a corporation, the same proportion of the tax against which such credit is taken, which the taxpayer's normal-tax net income from sources without the United States bears to its entire

normal-tax net income for the same taxable year; and

(c) Adjustments on Payment of Accrued Taxes.—If accrued taxes when paid differ from the amounts claimed as credits by the taxpayer, or if any tax paid is refunded in whole or in part, the taxpayer shall notify the Commissioner, who shall redetermine the amount of the tax for the year or years affected, and the amount of tax due upon such redetermination, if any, shall be paid by the taxpayer upon notice and demand by the collector, or the amount of tax overpaid, if any, shall be credited or refunded to the taxpayer in accordance with the provisions of section 322. In the case of such a tax accrued but not paid, the Commissioner as a condition precedent to the allowance of this credit may require the taxpayer to give a bond with sureties satisfactory to and to be approved by the Commissioner in such sum as the Commissioner may require, conditioned upon the payment by the taxpayer of any amount of tax found due upon any such redetermination; and the bond herein prescribed shall contain such further conditions as the Commissioner may require. In such redetermination by the Commissioner of the amount of tax due from the taxpayer for the year or years affected by a refund, the amount of the taxes refunded for which credit has been allowed under this section shall be reduced by the amount of any tax described in subsection (a) imposed by the foreign country or possession of the United States with respect to such refund; but no credit under this section, and no deduction under section 23, shall be allowed for any taxable year with respect to such tax imposed on the refund. No interest shall be assessed or collected on any amount of tax due upon any redetermination by the Commissioner, resulting from a refund to the taxpayer, for any period prior to the receipt of such refund, except to the

extent interest was paid by the foreign country or possession of the United States on such refund for such period.

(d) Year in Which Credit Taken.—The credits provided for in this section may, at the option of the taxpayer and irrespective of the method of accounting employed in keeping his books, be taken in the year in which the taxes of the foreign country or the possession of the United States accrued, subject, however, to the conditions prescribed in subsection (c) of this section. If the taxpayer elects to take such credits in the year in which the taxes of the foreign country or the possession of the United States accrued, the credits for all subsequent years shall be taken upon the same basis, and no portion of any such taxes shall be allowed as a deduction in the same or any succeeding year.

(e) Proof of Credits.—The credits provided in this section shall be

allowed only if the taxpayer establishes to the satisfaction of the Com-

missioner (1) the total amount of income derived from sources without the United States, determined as provided in section 119, (2) the amount of income derived from each country, the tax paid or accrued to which is claimed as a credit under this section, such amount to be determined under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, and (3) all other information necessary for the verification and computation of such credits.

(f) Taxes of Foreign Corporation.

- (1) Treatment of taxes paid by foreign corporation.—For the purposes of this section, a domestic corporation which owns at least 10 per centum of the voting stock of a foreign corporation from which it receives dividends in any taxable year shall be deemed to have paid the same proportion of any income, war-profits, or excess-profits taxes paid or deemed to be paid by such foreign corporation to any foreign country or to any possession of the United States, upon or with respect to the accumulated profits of such foreign corporation from which such dividends were paid, which the amount of such dividends bears to the amount of such accumulated profits. The term "accumulated profits" when used in this subsection in reference to a foreign corporation, means the amount of its gains, profits, or income in excess of the income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes imposed upon or with respect to such profits or income; and the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary shall have full power to determine from the accumulated profits of what year or years such dividends were paid; treating dividends paid in the first sixty days of any year as having been paid from the accumulated profits of the preceding year or years (unless to his satisfaction shown otherwise), and in other respects treating dividends as having been paid from the most recently accumulated gains, profits, or earnings. In the case of a foreign corporation, the income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes of which are determined on the basis of an accounting period of less than one year, the word "year" as used in this subsection shall be construed to mean such accounting period.
- (2) Foreign subsidiary of foreign corporation.—If such foreign corporation owns 50 per centum or more of the voting stock of another foreign corporation from which it receives dividends in any taxable year it shall be deemed to have paid the same proportion of any income, warprofits, or excess-profits taxes paid by such other foreign corporation to any foreign country or to any possession of the United States, upon or with respect to the accumulated profits of the corporation from which such dividends were paid, which the amount of such dividends bears to the amount of such accumulated profits.
- (g) Corporations Treated as Foreign.—For the purposes of this section the following corporations shall be treated as foreign corporations:
- (1) A corporation entitled to the benefits of section 251, by reason of receiving a large percentage of its gross income from sources within a possession of the United States;
- (2) A corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, 42 Stat. 849 (U. S. C., Title 15, c. 4), and entitled to the credit provided for in section 262.
- (h) Credit for Taxes in Lieu of Income, Etc., Taxes.—For the purposes of this section and section 23 (c) (1), the term "income, warprofits, and excess-profits taxes" shall not be a tax paid in lieu of a tax upon income, war-profits, or excess-profits otherwise generally imposed by any foreign country or by any possession of the United States.
- (j) Tax Imposed by Subchapter D.—This section shall be applicable for purposes of the tax imposed by subchapter D, but the tax paid or accrued to any country shall be deemed to be the amount of such tax reduced by the amount of the credit allowed under this section with respect to such tax against the tax imposed by this chapter without regard to subchapter D. The amount of the credit taken under this subsection shall be subject to each of the following conditions:
- (1) The amount of the credit in respect of the tax paid or accrued to any country shall not exceed the same proportion of the tax against which such credit is taken, which the taxpayer's excess profits net income from sources within such country bears to its entire excess profits net income for the same taxable year; and
- (2) The total amount of the credit shall not exceed the same proportion of the tax against which such credit is taken, which the taxpayer's excess profits net income from sources without the United States bears to its entire excess profits net income for the same taxable year.

WHEN CREDIT FOR TAXES MAY BE TAKEN.—The credit for taxes provided by section 131 (a) may ordinarily be taken either in the return for the year in which the taxes accrued or in which the taxes were paid, dependent upon whether the accounts of the taxpayer are kept and its returns filed upon the accrual basis or upon the cash receipts and dis-bursements basis. Where a taxpayer keeps its books of account on the accrual basis, a credit for taxes paid to a foreign country must also be

taken on that basis and the time of payment of the taxes has in such case nothing to do with the time of credit. A taxpayer whose books of account are kept on the cash receipts and disbursements basis has the privilege of taking the credit for foreign taxes on an accrual basis, but if it elects to do so, the credit for foreign taxes with respect to all subsequent years must be taken upon the same basis.

(For data by industrial divisions, major groups, and minor groups, see "Industrial divisions and groups.")

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For ease of locating major sections of the book, black indicators have been placed in line with the arrows. Fanning the pages brings the indicators into easy view.

- Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws
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